"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Showers today; Thursday, fair; moderate temperature; fresh south and west winds.
The weather report see next to last page.

VOL. LXIX...No. 22,803 NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 30, 1920. TWO CENTS In Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

M'ADOO'S FOES ORGANIZE, MARSHALL AND DAVIS TALK GROWS; CONVENTION APPROVES OUSTING OF REED, BREAKS UNIT RULE; IRISH AND WET PLANK PLEAS; NOMINATING SPEECHES TODAY

STORM DARKENS AND FLOODS BRONX AND STATEN ISLAND

Woman Fatally Hurt and Loss of Hundreds of Thousands of Dollars Caused.

BUNGALOWS BLOWN DOWN

Ships Swept from Moorings at Midland and South Beaches —City Island Flooded.

LIGHTNING STRIKES CHURCH

Lights in Mt. Kisco Extinguished—City Morgue Hit by Bolt—Gospel Tent Blown Down.

Electrical storms which swept the city in three places yesterday afternoon and late night caused the death of one person, the serious injury of another, and caused damage by water, wind and lightning estimated at several hundred thousand dollars. Staten Island suffered worst. There were floods in several places and parts of the city were in darkness last night.

Mrs. Adeline Henderson, 45, of 6 East Eighty-fifth Street, was struck by an automobile at Park Avenue and Seventy-third Street in the height of the storm. According to the chauffeur, Helmer Jansen of 33 Manhattan Street, she became confused and stepped into the path of the car. She was picked up by Jansen and taken to Lenox Hill Hospital, where she died of a fracture of the skull. The automobile was owned by Oscar Sperling of 812 West 115th Street.

Mercantile Cellars Flooded.

Staten Island was thrown into darkness by the derangement of the electric lighting system, due to the storm, and damage estimated at $200,000 to $300,000 was caused by wind and the flooding of merchants' cellars.

The storm struck the island about 6:30 last evening, coming from the northwest. It swept over Stapleton, Tompkinsville, Rosebank, Fort Wadsworth, South Beach, Midland Beach, Dongan Hills, Grant City and New Dorp. It began with a heavy hailstorm and a tornado-like wind. The hail turned to rain. Within a few minutes the streets of all the towns were deep with water, which the overtaxed sewers could not carry off.

In Stapleton and Tompkinsville the water flooded many cellars, including business houses, where merchandise worth thousands of dollars was stored. The water was knee deep at the Municipal ferry house in St. George. Several washouts on the island's trolley lines compelled a temporary suspension of trolley service.

The wind was most severe at South and Midland Beaches, where several bungalows were blown down and roofs blown off many others. Ships anchored in the bay, from Tompkinsville to Stapleton, were blown out toward the Brooklyn shore. Wires and poles of the light and power corporation were blown down, and this, with the blowing out of fuses due to the electrical disturbance, caused a suspension of the lighting system.

Lightning struck a powder house of the Paine Fireworks Company on Southfield Boulevard, Dongan Hills. The New Dorp Fire Department prevented flames from spreading. Damage estimated at $5,000 was caused in the two and a half story home of Edward Smith, a broker, on the Fingerboard Road, Fort Wadsworth. The blaze was caused by the electrical storm.

Boy Hurt Seriously by Auto.

Anthony Hall, a thirteen-year-old school boy, was hurt seriously when he was run down during the storm at Van Duzer and Ross Streets, Stapleton, by an automobile owned and driven by Mrs. May Garvey of 68 Hamilton Avenue, New Brighton. The boy was with his parents, who live on Serpentine Road, Stapleton, and was running to cross the street. Mrs. Garvey swerved but could not avoid hitting him. The car ran into a telegraph pole. The boy was taken to the Staten Island Hospital with a crushed left leg, fractures of the thighs, concussion of the brain and probable internal injuries.

There were three separate periods of the storm which struck Manhattan and the Bronx, within a period of four hours. The last one occurred at about 8 o'clock, and marooned thousands of theatregoers in subway exits, stores and buildings in the vicinity of Times Square. A total rainfall of forty-seven hundredths of an inch was reported by the Weather Bureau, which also said that the storm had caused a drop of 12 degrees in temperature.

The Bronx felt the effects of the storm more than any of the other city districts except Staten Island. The lights in the Wakefield district of the Bronx were out for several hours. A large tree on East 187th Street, between Hicks and Melrose Avenues, was struck by lightning and shattered. Camps at City Island and Edgewater and a

Continued on Page Thirteen.

INDIGESTION—SIX (6) BELL-ANS is a little MOT Water, quick relief.—Advt.

Lowden Declines to Run Again; Out of Politics for Present

CHICAGO, June 29. — Governor Frank O. Lowden will not be a candidate for renomination at the September primary election. He announced his retirement from politics, for the present at least, in a formal statement issued at Springfield tonight.

Governor Lowden's statement was as follows:

"I have always had a strong conviction regarding a second term for a Chief Executive officer. While I was in Congress, in each session I served, I introduced a resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States which should restrict the President to one term.

"The same principle applies to the Governorship, and I have advocated the insertion of a limitation of this character in a new Constitution for the State of Illinois.

"Unfortunately the idea seems to be in the air that a Chief Executive must be given a second term as an indorsement of his first. The result is that human nature asserts itself. Each act of the Executive is scanned with the ever-present thought, 'What effect will this have upon my chances for renomination and re-election?' The inevitable outcome is lowering of the standard of efficiency and the weakening of the moral strength of the official.

"These views and similar ones I have declared again and again, in private conversation with friends, in correspondence with many of my fellow-citizens, in newspaper interviews and in public addresses.

"Notwithstanding the tremendous pressure brought to bear upon me, I cannot persuade myself to do this. Therefore I am not a candidate for renomination."

ENJOIN 80-CENT GAS; FIX RATE AT $1

Federal Judges Grant Preliminary Injunction to Consolidated and Subsidiaries.

KINGS COUNTY INCLUDED

New Rate, Pending Supreme Court Decision, Adds $7,000,000 to Manhattan Bills.

Beginning July 1, the upwards of one million customers of the Consolidated Gas Company and six of its subsidiaries will have to pay $1 a thousand cubic feet for gas instead of the statutory rate of 80 cents. Federal Judges Knox and Grubb and Circuit Court Judge Ward fixed this limit to the charge in granting the companies a preliminary injunction yesterday restraining the State, city and other authorities from attempting to enforce the statutory rate. Another order permits the Kings County Lighting Company to charge the $1 rate.

These increases are to run only until the final determination of suits instituted by the companies to have the 80-cent law declared unconstitutional because confiscatory. The orders provide that the amount between the 80-cent and the $1 rate shall be turned over on the fifteenth of each month to Richard Welling, named as Special Master, and that he shall deposit the money with the New York Trust, the United States Mortgage and Trust and the Title Guarantee and Trust companies. If the United States Supreme Court should decide against the companies, the excess will be repaid to the consumers.

In the suit of the Consolidated Company in 1906, instituted for a similar purpose, and under similar conditions concerning the rebate, the surplus fund amounted to about $12,000,000 in two years in Manhattan and the Bronx. Justice Burr, of the Supreme Court, who represented the city in that litigation as Corporation Counsel, said yesterday that the winning of the suit saved the consumers on this side of the East River, $12,000,000, saved Brooklyn people about $5,000,000, and the city more than $150,000 for its supply of gas.

Increased Cost to Consumers.

It was pointed out yesterday that the Consolidated Company sells a great deal more gas now than it did during the first suit, and that the increased rate will cost the consumers between $7,000,000 and $8,000,000 a year.

Of the $12,000,000 retained by the Consolidated Company all except about $400,000 was paid back, some of the checks being for only a few cents. The money still remaining in the hands of the company, it was pointed out, is still subject to claims.

Robert M. Livingston, of the Consolidated Company, yesterday said:

"The Consolidated Gas Company, during 1919, lost about $2,000,000 on its gas business through the high cost of labor and materials. During the last few months the daily financial loss has amounted to $22,000. In order to cover the cost of production and distribution, and allow a return on the investment,

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FALL MALL MOUNDS, famous cigarettes, sound in shape—pleasing smoke.—Advt.

M'ADOO OR A DARK HORSE?

Many Observers Think That Will Be Outcome of Nomination Fight.

TO OFFER McADOO'S NAME

But Foes Are Uniting Under Illinois Leader to Prevent His Nomination.

DAVIS MUCH TALKED OF

Marshall Also Is Enjoying a Boom—Homer Cummings Brought Forward.

Latest on Candidates and Platform.

By Direct Telephone to The Times at 2:45 A. M. Today.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 29, 10:45 P. M. (2:45 A. M., New York time). —The situation at this hour is that McAdoo still seems to be the leading candidate.

But the Cox boom is showing signs of new life. Mississippi held a caucus tonight and desperate efforts were made to swing the delegation to McAdoo. The caucus decided to be bound by the unit rule and cast its vote for Cox. The Cox managers are confident at this hour and are laying odds on their candidate.

The Palmer boom is showing no similar signs of revival.

Everywhere the attitude of President Wilson is causing the greatest concern. The delegates are quivering with curiosity to know his position.

At this hour the Sub-Committee on Resolutions is drafting the platform. It is still in secret session at the Palace Hotel, with two husky Sergeants-at-Arms guarding the doors and allowing no one to approach.

The latest information from the committee room, on the best authority, is that the sub-committee has agreed that the prohibition plank will offer no comfort to the wets. It has decided, it is said, on a law and order plank.

If the whole committee ratifies that position, it is believed that the wets will have little chance on the convention floor itself.

McAdoo or a Dark Horse.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 29.—"McAdoo or a dark horse," was the way prominent Democrats tonight sized up the situation as to the Presidential nomination.

Talk of a dark horse is confined to the names of Vice President Thomas R. Marshall of Indiana, John W. Davis of West Virginia, Ambassador to Great Britain, and Homer S. Cummings of Connecticut, Chairman of the National Committee.

Among the supporters of William G. McAdoo, jubilant over the progress of their favorite's boom, the talk was all of McAdoo or a dark horse, with Ambassador Davis the best bet as the dark horse winner.

An effort is being made by organization leaders to pledge delegates to vote for Marshall if a deadlock should eliminate Cox, Palmer and McAdoo.

The Marshall cause had a bit of a setback when he was quoted as saying that he was being put forward by the Indiana delegation in an effort to help candidates for office in that State and not with any real purpose of making him the Presidential candidate. These statements, attributed to the Vice President, caused anger among some of his supporters, particularly in the Indiana delegation.

With many delegates Davis is a favorite. This tendency is strongest among the delegates who are for McAdoo, but he is acceptable to others without regard to present preferences. His strength lies in his record for ability, his high character and the absence of enmity toward him. William J. Bryan is making inquiries about the public record of Davis.

The boom for Cummings is somewhat nebulous. He is popular with Democratic politicians generally and there is an impression in the convention that he would be acceptable to President Wilson. The movement for him seems to have its inception in the California delegation, which favors him partly because of his effort to have San Francisco chosen as the convention city.

McAdoo Makes More Gains.

William G. McAdoo made further inroads today into the strength of other aspirants for the Democratic nomination for the Presidency, but they may

Continued on Page Two.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS is a little MOT Water for INDIGESTION. Quick relief.—Advt.

McAdoo Has Nothing to Say, And Goes to Bed Early

HUNTINGTON, L. I., June 29.—William G. McAdoo, at his Summer home here this evening would make no statement regarding the announcement from the convention that it had definitely decided to place his name in nomination for President "at the first opportunity."

Mr. McAdoo went to bed early and refused to see newspaper men tonight. He sent out word by one of his guests that he would have nothing to say. Mr. McAdoo plans to be in his office in New York tomorrow.

IRISH PLANK ROW DISRUPTS HEARING

Statement That $10,000,000 Has Been Taken from Servant Girls Here Provokes Tumult.

CHICAGO PLANK PRESENTED

Spokesman for de Valera Demands 'Full Recognition'—Opposition Says It Means War.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 29. — Scenes of greater disorder than were ever witnessed at a similar convention hearing in recent years were enacted today at the hearing of the Committee on Resolutions on the proposed Irish plank. Hisses, groans and interruptions by advocates of an Irish plank greeted speeches of Demarest Lloyd, President of the Loyal Coalition, and Randolph Wilford Smith, its Vice President, who opposed the adoption of any plank recognizing or favoring the independence of the Irish Republic, on the ground that the continuance of a policy of such resolutions would eventually mean war with England.

The Irish plank, submitted by Frank P. Walsh, as a representative of Eamon de Valera, was identical with that rejected by the Republican National Convention at Chicago. Both Mr. Lloyd and Mr. Smith said that the Irish question was purely a domestic matter for Great Britain, and one with which the Democratic Party or the United States had no concern.

The greatest disorder was caused by a remark of Mr. Smith, who said that there should be no difficulty in carrying on freedom-for-Ireland propaganda in this country, as its sponsors had "collected $10,000,000 from the pockets of American servant girls." There were about a hundred Irish sympathizers present, nearly half of them women, and this statement caused an immediate outburst of indignation.

"Take that back!" called the woman.

"Slanderer!" cried another.

Various other epithets followed, and Senator Carter Glass, Chairman of the committee, rapped vainly for order and at last directed the Sergeants at Arms to quiet the disturbers and, if necessary, expel them from the room.

One woman was particularly obstreperous; she was approached by a Sergeant at Arms, but not ejected.

"I will not tolerate that insult," she shouted, and a delegate rose and asked why Mr. Smith had seen fit to bring in the servant girls. The latter made no direct answer, but said:

"Wholesome truths seem to trouble their digestive organs."

This caused another outbreak, and Mr. Smith continued:

"I know that they have raised a large amount of money. They have published the fact that they have raised $10,000,000 in this country."

Cheers for Big Irish Fund.

A long burst of cheers followed, and this rapid change in the method of attack on the part of the Irish sympathizers puzzled Mr. Smith until he realized that they were cheering the raising of the fund.

"They raised this fund by the chicanery and trickery of one De Valera," he continued. "I read in the papers that the Irish bond issue was authorized by the Treasury Department and telegraphed the Secretary of the Treasury. Within five hours I received a reply that the report was without foundation."

"It was the Treasury Department of the Irish Republic, ye omadhaun," called out an Irishman, and there was great laughter.

Mr. Smith ended by saying that the only good thing the "aggregation of mountebanks and clowns at Chicago" did was to leave an Irish plank out of their platform and urged that the Democratic Convention do the same.

Mr. Walsh, in presenting his plank, which was identical with that offered to the Resolutions Committee of the Republican Convention at Chicago, warned the committee that the time for expressions of sympathy had passed, and declared that the Friends of Irish Freedom would be satisfied with nothing less than a plank declaring for recognition of the Republic of Ireland by the Government of the United States. The plank follows:

"Mindful of the circumstances of the birth of our nation, we reassert the principle that all Governments derive their just powers from the consent of the governed. We will support the continuance of our long-established and lawful practice of according recognition without intervention in all cases where the

Continued on Page Three.

WETS AND DRYS LOCK HORNS

Spokesmen Present Arguments for an Hour Before Committee.

DRYS FOR FULL PROHIBITION

Bryan Admits Receiving Pay for Some Speeches Against the Liquor Interests.

WETS OUTLINE THEIR PLANK

Want Congress to Define Legal Alcoholic Percentage, Leaving States Free to Lower It.

Committee Votes Down Wet Plank, Two to One

SAN FRANCISCO, June 29.—The sub-committee of nine making a preliminary draft of the Democratic platform rejected tonight a proposal to include a wet plank. The deliberations and vote were in secret, but it was understood that the vote against a wet plank was at the ratio of two to one.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 29.—A lively debate on the question of prohibition was a feature of today's hearings before the Democratic Convention Resolutions Committee.

The fur began to fly when Mr. Bryan, after the speech of ex-Representative Theodore A. Bell of San Francisco in favor of a liberal enforcement of the Eighteenth Amendment, asked whom Mr. Bell represented.

"The Grape Growers' Association of California," replied Mr. Bell. "I would like to ask whom Mr. Bryan represents."

"I am here as a Democrat," said Mr. Bryan. "I am here for the homes of this land and the children of this land, whom your damnable traffic would slay."

"I would like to ask Mr. Bryan a question," said Mr. Bell. "Are you receiving pay, directly or indirectly, from the Anti-Saloon League or any other prohibition organization?"

"Not a nickel," replied Mr. Bryan.

"Not a nickel?" asked Mr. Bell.

"For four months of last year," Mr. Bryan answered, "I did receive pay for a specific service for some speeches that I made; but for nine years before that I fought the damnable traffic which you represent on this floor."

Then Bryan said he would like to know whether Mr. Bell was receiving pay from the wet interests, but the colloquy was cut short by Senator Carter Glass, Chairman of the committee, who said that a joint debate between the leaders of the opposing forces could not be permitted by the committee.

Tilt Between Bryan and Glass.

Mr. Bryan had been in a clash with Senator Glass earlier as to whether the wets or the drys should open the hearing. "Apparently the gentlemen cannot agree," said Senator Glass after Mr. Bryan and Representative A. J. Sabath of Illinois, in charge of the wet forces, had failed to reach an understanding. "Perhaps we had better move on to another subject on which we can agree."

"This is no time for joking or quibbling," said Mr. Bryan, incensed by the laughter with which Mr. Glass's remark had been received.

"The Chairman resents the insinuation that there is any quibbling," retorted Senator Glass.

At the suggestion of Senator Harrison, Chairman Glass ruled that the drys should open, and that each side should have thirty minutes. This ruling was sustained by the committee by a vote of 27 to 25.

Bishop Cannon of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, opened the dry argument.

"I am here to voice in the name of hundreds of thousands of Democratic voters a protest against any action by the Democratic Convention which will cause them to hang their heads in shame," he said. "We have freed ourselves from the domination of the liquor traffic and we do not intend to stand idly by while any effort is being made to restore that traffic to domination. If an amendment to the Volstead act is desired, the proper way for those desiring it is to elect members of Congress who will vote to amend it, instead of trying to brand the Democratic Party as the party of the liquor interests."

Mrs. Ella A. Yost of Washington, in the name of the Women's Christian Temperance Union, appealed for a plank for the strict enforcement of the Eighteenth Amendment.

Captain Richmond Pearson Hobson, who won fame in the Spanish-American War, declared that alcohol attacked the brain and sapped the vitality of the people. He offered the following plank for the consideration of the committee:

"The Democratic Party is justly proud of the Eighteenth Amendment to

Continued on Page Three.

McAdoo's Friends Decide to Put Him in Nomination At Earliest Opportunity, and "Bunch" His Strength

SAN FRANCISCO, June 29.—The name of William G. McAdoo, former Secretary of the Treasury, will be placed formally in nomination at the convention "at the earliest opportunity," his supporters decided at an early morning conference today. Presentation of McAdoo's name will be by the Rev. Burris A. Jenkins of Kansas City.

Samuel B. Amidon, Kansas National Committeeman and floor leader for the McAdoo forces, stated that the ex-Secretary's friends had decided to yield to the "thousands upon thousands of letters, telegrams and personal calls urging the nomination." There was no way to avoid votes being cast for McAdoo, he added, and therefore it was decided "that the strength might as well be bunched."

Under the leadership of Amidon, a Steering Committee consisting of half a dozen first lieutenants and one man or woman from each State has been perfected. Practically all the members of the committee are delegates.

Such headquarters as McAdoo will have at the convention were opened today. They consist of three rooms, rented by personal friends, and are to be used solely for conferences. No one is in charge of the rooms nor is a publicity campaign from them being planned.

No official claims are being advanced by the McAdoo supporters as to the number of votes on the early ballots. Reports made by men of different delegations, however, claim from 250 to 350. The "second choice" votes in sight are said to number more than 300.

Mr. McAdoo's friends say that he may run third in the balloting on early votes. They expect Palmer to lead because he has a tremendous "complimentary." Cox may run second, they said, and after that the break will be toward McAdoo.

WALSH ALONE FIGHTS THE LEAGUE PLANK

Sub-Committee Takes Up the Drafting of Final Form—One Paragraph in Doubt.

GLASS AND COLBY IN CHARGE

To be on Committee of Three That Will Do the Actual Drawing Up of the Platform.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 29.—No opposition to the adoption of the League of Nations plank as submitted to the sub-committee of nine of the Resolutions Committee was offered at the sub-committee meeting tonight, save by Senator Walsh of Montana. The tentative draft of the platform, prepared by Senator Glass, with the approval of President Wilson, was presented, and the bulk of the sub-committee appeared to be disposed to follow the suggestions advanced by the President on foreign affairs.

Despite the objections of Senator Walsh, indications are that the League plank, the only one over which there is any great controversy aside from those that will deal with the Irish question and prohibition, was practically agreed upon except as to the language of the concluding paragraph.

This paragraph criticises the opponents of the League who based their objections on the "false promises that American soldiers could be sent into a foreign war without a resolution of Congress."

At 9:30 P. M. the sub-committee had not passed finally upon the treaty plank, but then it appeared that only the language of the final paragraph was much in dispute.

It was announced at that hour that the sub-committee would not agree finally upon the language of this or any other plank, but that the preliminary meeting was held to get an exchange of views, and the final drafting of the platform for the full committee would be intrusted to a sub-committee of three, of which Senator Glass and Secretary Colby would be members.

The League of Nations plank, as it will be reported finally to the full committee, with the exception of the last paragraph follows:

"The Democratic Party favors a League of Nations as the surest, if not the only practicable, means of maintaining the permanent peace of the world and terminating the insufferable burden of great military and naval establishments.

"It was for this that America broke away from traditional isolation and spent her blood and treasure to crush a colossal scheme of conquest.

"It was upon this basis that the President of the United States, in pre-arrangement with our allies, consented to a cessation of hostilities against the Imperial German Government and upon this basis that the armistice was granted and a treaty of peace was negotiated. The honor and integrity of the United States are involved in ratification of this agreement which has brought the war to an end.

"We commend the President for his courage and his high conception of good faith in steadfastly standing for the covenant agreed to by all associated and allied nations at war with Germany and we condemn the Republican Senate for its refusal to ratify the treaty, merely because it was the product of Democratic statesmanship, thus interposing partisan envy and personal hatred in the way of the peace and renewed prosperity of the world.

"By every accepted standard of in-

Continued on Page Three.

BREAK UNIT RULE, FREEING NEW YORK

Convention Upholds Insurgents, Who Claim Murphy Has Lost Control.

RULING IS DISPUTED

Tammany Expected to Try to Overturn It When Governor Smith Is Nominated.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 29.—Whether the vote of the New York State delegation will be cast under the unit rule is still in doubt tonight, although the Democratic National Convention adopted today a report of the Rules Committee providing that States which have a mandatory statute for the selection of delegates by districts shall not be bound, except where by law the delegates are subject to instructions from a State Convention.

The enemies of Charles F. Murphy are claiming tonight that this rule, the same as that which was put into effect in 1912, releases the New York delegates from the control of the unit rule, and the prediction is made that such will be the final result. But Murphy, Governor Smith and Vice Chairman W. W. Farley of the New York delegation take the opposite stand, insisting that the delegates, although elected by districts, are bound by the State unofficial convention.

It is possible that the dispute will go to the floor of the convention when Vice Chairman Farley attempts to vote the New York delegation solidly for Governor Smith. The consensus of opinion tonight apparently was that the Tammany forces would be overruled and that the insurgents, headed by Mayor Lunn of Schenectady, Franklin D. Roosevelt, Assistant Secretary of the Navy, and Samuel Seabury would be sustained in their stand that the unit rule had been abrogated so far as New York was concerned by the action of the convention today.

Certainly there was no doubt in the mind of Mayor Lunn of Schenectady as to the effect of the convention's action. He said that Farley and other Murphy sympathizers had maintained before the Rules Committee that the recommendations of the New York State unofficial convention bound the delegates but that Farley and his followers had been overruled.

Lunn contended before the committee that Section 53 of the Election Laws of the State of New York covered the point raised by the Tammany element; that Tammany was beaten and simply was attempting to hold out on a technicality which would get Murphy nowhere.

There can be little or no doubt either that a majority of all the delegates were satisfied that they were destroying the unit rule, so far as New York State was concerned, when the report of the Rules Committee was adopted late this afternoon. There were outbursts of enthusiasm in several sections of the hall, and scarcely a dozen voices were raised in protest when, in taking a viva voce vote, Senator Robinson of Arkansas, the permanent chairman, asked for the "noes." He had no difficulty in determining the result.

Mayor Lunn, Mr. Roosevelt and Mr. Seabury were enthusiastic over the action by the convention and proclaimed it a great victory in the fight they have been making to bring about the release of the New York delegation from the absolute control of Murphy.

Mayor Lunn, who is a McAdoo supporter, predicted that the action taken

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CONVENTION SPEEDS WORK

Second Session Clears Way for Platform and Nominations.

WOMEN SHARE PARTY RULE

Win Equal Numbers on National Committee—Message of Appreciation to Mrs. Wilson.

ROBINSON ALSO KEYNOTER

Permanent Chairman Assails Republican Record—Nominating Speeches Limited.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 29.—The second day's session of the Democratic National Convention furnished evidence that the party organization was working smoothly and effectively.

Not only was the action of the Rules Committee in seating the Palmer delegation from Georgia and in keeping out Senator Reed of Missouri indorsed by the convention with only a few dissenting votes, but a regulation which destroys the power of leaders in New York and some other States to vote their delegations as units was also put through with little opposition.

Perhaps the most important sign of the times, however, was the convention's decision to have the National Committee composed hereafter of one man and one woman from each State, thus raising the women at last to full equality in the party high command. This measure, proposed by Mrs. Alice Foster McCulloch of Fort Wayne, Ind., and for a few minutes buried in the Resolutions Committee by the efforts of vigilant anti-feminists, was brought out from the committee and carried to victory by Homer S. Cummings, Chairman of the National Committee. Again there was no serious effort to sweep back the tide.

Most of the time of the session was taken up by the speech of Senator Joseph T. Robinson of Arkansas in becoming permanent Chairman. The keynote speech delivered yesterday by Mr. Cummings as temporary Chairman had been, on the whole, defensive, but Senator Robinson went right after the Republicans in their own trenches and gave most of his time to a vigorous attack on the recent record of that party. Senator Robinson, however, did not stir the convention to such enthusiasm as Mr. Cummings had caused yesterday.

Band and Organ Entertain Crowd.

As the crowds began to fill the Auditorium, before noon, the band and the organ alternated in entertaining them, and each did his best to make everybody feel at home. There was a little stately music by the organ, and a moment later it was playing a Hawaiian hula dance. The band every now and then lived up to the occasion with a patriotic melody, but most of its attention was devoted to ragtime.

San Francisco, like the rest of the world, has stopped dancing the tango, but tango music is still popular here, and the band furnished a number of Argentine selections reminiscent of the merry days of 1913.

Then there was a mixed quartette which stood up in the band loft and sang popular songs through megaphones until delegates found their feet shifting uneasily on the floor and spectators in the galleries were apparently restrained from dancing only by the fear of falling down the steep stairways and pitching over the rail to the convention floor.

At 1 o'clock, the hour set for the opening of the session, the galleries were still one-third empty, though the floor was fairly well filled, but a good many of the big men of the convention, and a considerable part of the crowd, were still upstairs in the Resolutions Committee room, where Samuel Gompers, William Jennings Bryan, and other eminences were displaying their talents in support of their favorite plank. That hearing, naturally, drew a good many San Franciscoans who wanted to see the fireworks in addition to those who had an interest in the committee's action, and these visitors missed the daily opportunity to display their local patriotism by standing up and yelling when the band in the convention hall played "I Love You, California."

Palmer Yell Leaders on Hand.

The members of the Palmer-for-President Clubs of the California universities, who yesterday were scattered about the hall doing what propaganda work they could among the spectators, were today massed in the gallery, prepared to give some massed yelling whenever an opportunity was offered. But they had experienced a grave shock; they had heard reports that college yell leaders who had been brought into the convention to aid the enthusiasm for Palmer had been induced overnight to transfer their allegiance to Cox. Rumors had spread, too, that the Cox managers had seen a good many others, and the reviving Cox talk was widespread throughout the morning.

At 1:25 o'clock the Palmer crowd started the day's excitement. In one

Women Prominent in Day's Session—Breaking of the Unit Rule Aids McAdoo

and of the organ left there arose August Witman of Erie, Pa., and as the big spotlights from the gallery were turned on him he waved a stick and shouted that by special permission he was able to announce that the official song of the convention had been written by John Philip Sousa and dedicated to the next President of the United States, A. Mitchell Palmer."

This was a song cue. Down in the first rows of the delegates' seats the Pennsylvania delegation jumped up and began to shout, and in the corridor just in front a group of Palmer rooters from the University of California waved their crimson pennants and began a song. The crowd, however, took the interlude as a bit of relief. When Witman from the organ loft tried to give out some further news the impartial band broke into "I Love You, California," and silenced the attempt.

Quartette Sings for McAdoo.

When the band stopped there came cries from the galleries of "Put 'em out." Again the band intervened and began playing "Over There." The air of that song has been borrowed by the McAdoo managers and a quartet displayed its allegiance to Mr. McAdoo by shouting that "We'll Put Him Over, Over There." The McAdoo supporters on the floor either didn't hear the words or were unprepared for this demonstration, for they raised only a feeble cheer, which was instantly drowned out by the Palmer singers on the floor, who shouted through their megaphones, while the Pennsylvania delegation cheered them.

And if they can sing for Palmer, they can dance for McAdoo. Down the aisles came Pat O'Keefe of Dallas, an Assistant Sergeant at Arms, dancing a Highland fling with an abandon that belied his white beard and the seventy-two years that he admitted. He wore a badge asserting that "Mac'll DO" and held the floor gayly, while even the Palmer rooters cheered. He had danced at the last five conventions, for Bryan three times and for Wilson twice, and intended to be dancing at two or three more.

The Georgia Palmer delegates, now finally seated and freed from any fear that the Hoke Smith-Watson bloc might displace them, moved down to the front and sang a Palmer song.

Cummings Greets the "Unterrified."

Homer G. Cummings, the temporary Chairman, came down to the stand and rapped for order at 1:48 o'clock. By that time every seat on the floor and in the galleries was occupied.

"I present greetings," he said, "to the unterrified Democracy."

The unterrified Democracy applauded and then rose for the invocation by Bishop L. W. Leonard of the Methodist Episcopal Church. He prayed for the President of the United States in the days of stress and strain, for the Cabinet, for the Supreme Court and Congress, and all the other officials of the Government, for the officers of the army and navy, for the women who are soon, he said, to have the vote, for labor and capital. He besought divine aid against the menace of internal disorder in the nation, and closed with a petition for "a brotherhood of nations that shall practice the arts of peace and go forth to war never again."

The prayer ended at 1:56 and with the singing of "The Star-Spangled Banner" the convention was opened.

E. G. Hoffmann, a secretary of the National Committee, announced that Dr. Sawyer was in charge of the Auditorium hospital, with a staff of eighteen nurses. A delegate in the front row remarked audibly:

"I'm sick now."

"But it is a dry hospital," Hoffman added.

"Do they write prescriptions?" another delegate asked, amid laughter.

"It's a regular hospital," answered Hoffman.

Delegates who like to look at money were told that they could see $1,000,000 in California gold on display near the hall by courtesy of the Federal Reserve Bank.

"Look out that the Republicans don't get it!" yelled a delegate, and there was another laugh.

Cheered Exclusion of Reed.

Mr. Cummings recognized W. E. Jamieson of Iowa, Chairman of the Committee on Credentials. When the committee's report declared for the seating of the Palmer delegation from Georgia there was a burst of handclapping and a vigorous yell. But that was nothing to the roar of cheers and the handclapping that arose when the Secretary of the committee declared that Joseph B. Shannon was the only regularly elected delegate from the Fifth Missouri District, which meant the end of Senator James A. Reed's fight to get into the convention.

A motion to adopt the report of the committee was made and seconded and then Mr. Shannon arose in the Missouri seats and announced that he wished to make a statement. He was called to the platform by shouts from all over the hall and was received with applause, which reflected the evident satisfaction of the convention with the absence of Senator Reed. But he got into disfavor in a moment.

"As the only sitting delegate from the Fifth Missouri District, the banner Democratic district in the State," he began, "I protest against the State Convention, the National Committee or any one else interfering with the choice of our district, our delegate, the Honorable James A. Reed."

He was silenced by a storm of hoots and hisses. "Give him the gate," yelled a voice from the floor. "Jim Reed was for Germany," cried a spectator in the gallery.

"Because he saw fit to differ from some one," Mr. Shannon went on, "on an issue that four years ago no one in the convention had thought of, the unanimous selection of our district convention has been refused a seat in this meeting."

Cries of "Go home now," "Take Reed with you," came from all over the hall. Chairman Cummings pounded the desk and appealed for a fair hearing for everybody, but Mr. Shannon had little more to say.

He was followed by Hugo A. Sheer, who declared, to the accompaniment of loud approval from the floor, that a seat had been refused to Senator Reed because he was not duly elected.

The house was ready for the question on the adoption of the committee's report, and it was carried with an uproar of "Ayes" and a few scattering "Noes," which came chiefly from the Massachusetts delegation.

Thanks to Governor Roberts.

Chairman Cummings read a proposed telegram of thanks to Governor Albert H. Roberts of Tennessee, for calling the Legislature of that State in special session to act upon the suffrage amendment. When he declared that "this insures the speedy ratification of the amendment," the women delegates on the floor arose and began to wave their handkerchiefs in a salute, in which the men joined by waving their hats.

Governor Smith of New York, arose and, paying no attention to the demand that he go to the platform, moved the dispatch of the message in a voice that carried well and clearly all over the hall. Against the roar of ayes there was only a feeble protest, most of which was from the vicinity of the Delaware banner.

Then came the customary request to the delegates and visitors to refrain from smoking, and to the women to remove their hats "in compliance with a State law," as Mr. Cummings cautiously explained.

This was about all for the temporary Chairman, for he next recognized ex-Governor Samuel M. Ralston of Indiana with the report of the Committee on Permanent Organization. The name of Senator Joseph T. Robinson of Arkansas as the selection for permanent Chairman was received with general approval. As the long list of minor officials and committee members was read there was perfunctory applause for every name, a little more for each of the women, and perhaps a larger measure for Congressman Thomas F. Smith of New York, announced as the first of the Reading Clerks, than for any one else.

Robinson Makes His Speech.

There was no objection to the report of the committee, and Mr. Cummings appointed Governor Brough of Arkansas, Senator Harrison of Mississippi and Mayor Fitzgerald of New Haven as a committee to escort Senator Robinson to the chair. The spotlights flashed, the band played, the movie operators got their batteries in place, and all over the hall delegates and spectators rose, cheered and waved their hands in greeting as the permanent and temporary Chairmen shook hands.

Mr. Cummings presented Senator Robinson and the band played "Dixie." The demonstration that followed was not remarkable but substantial as the Senator began his speech. [The text of Senator Robinson's speech, as prepared by him in advance, is printed on another page.]

Only a murmur of applause greeted the Senator's opening observation that the Democrats were entitled to victory in the coming campaign, but a sentence which Mr. Robinson could reasonably have counted on as a first rate welkin ringer, his characterization of the Republican platform as an "astonishing and amazing jumble of inconsistencies, ambiguities, evasions, misrepresentations, straddles and slanders," was received with absolute silence. There was some encouragement, however, for his assertion that "any Senator can talk as long as he wants to, and nobody can stop him." The women in the house cheered for his declaration that "the women of America are against war and for peace, and they'll vote that way"; and there was some expression of agreement when he made the same position for the ex-soldiers.

"All these want the League of Nations," he declared, "and they are going to vote for it; and if you count the soldier vote, the women vote and the Democratic vote, the Republicans won't get enough to make them a factor in the coming election. And if that happens, never again will a great political party trifle with the heart and conscience of the American people."

There were more spotlights and more "Dixie" from the band, while the audience stood up and cheered. The permanent Chairman had finished on a popular note; and in response to Chairman Cummings's question, "What's the matter with Joe Robinson?" the crowd agreed that he was "all right."

Adopt Rules Limiting Speeches.

Assistant United States Attorney General Thomas J. Spellacy of Connecticut reported for the Rules Committee that no speeches were to be more than half an hour long, which appeared to surprise many delegates and doubtless displeased some; and announcement of the decision to make the nominating speeches for the Presidency, then adopt the platform, and do the balloting afterward.

This part of the report was accepted by acclamation, and Mr. Spellacy went on with more recommendations from the committee. Orators were further to be limited to twenty minutes in nominating speeches for Presidential candidates, and ten minutes for Vice Presidential candidates. This also was adopted by acclamation.

Some "Noes" on Unit Rule Adopted.

There were some "noes" though not enough to be effective, when the committee's recommendation on the unit rule, which makes possible the breaking up of the New York and other delegations so as to allow delegates to follow their individual preference, was adopted by the convention.

On motion of W. W. Farley of New York, the convention voted its thanks to the San Francisco Committee which had made the arrangements for the gathering.

For a moment Senator Robinson found himself in some parliamentary difficulties. Congressman H. D. Flood of Virginia offered a resolution giving the National Committee the right to select the time and place of the next convention and to fix the representation of the territories in the body of delegates. It was a matter of form and would have proceeded to a vote without objection if ex-Governor Albert Gilchrist of Florida had not mounted a chair and by vigorous insistence obtained the floor.

"I think it is very dangerous," he said, "to let anybody offer resolutions from the floor when we are in so. Somebody is liable to offer a resolution which would burst this convention wide open, and I move that everything proposed be submitted to the Resolutions Committee for consideration."

This was something of a novelty in procedure and when Senator Robinson put the motion to the house there were a good many ayes and a good many noes, with apparently a large part of the convention taking no stand. The Chair is in doubt," Senator Robinson said. "All those in favor of the motion" he looked back uneasily to Mr. Cummings—"please rise and be counted."

Some of the delegates struggled to their feet uneasily, but from all over the house there came protests. "You'll be here all night taking the count," somebody cried, and Senator Robinson admitted that it would take too long.

Some confusion ensued, which ended in ex-Governor Gilchrist withdrawing his motion and in the adoption of Congressman Flood's resolution.

Women Added to National Committee.

Mrs. Alice Foster McCulloch, a delegate at large from Indiana, offered a motion that the National Committee hereafter should consist of one man and one woman from each State. It almost went through before the convention knew what it was about, but as Senator Robinson was about to call for a vote three or four delegates moved that it be referred to the Committee on Resolutions. There it rested for ten or fifteen minutes while various formal motions were discussed and acted upon.

At length Mr. Cummings advanced to the front of the platform and the delegates began to applaud. Cries of "We're with you, Homer!" "Vote aye!" and "Come on, boy, Homer!" came from all over the hall. Mr. Cummings moved the recall of Mrs. McCulloch's motion from the committee and its consideration on the floor.

"I merely want to say this," Mr. Cummings declared, "that if the Democratic Party is in earnest about this business of giving the women their place in the management of the party it ought to support this resolution." (Applause.)

Mrs. R. E. Newton of Rhode Island said that the Democratic Party was in earnest, everybody knew that, and it would show it now by passing the resolution. (Applause.)

The resolution was adopted with only a few scattering votes against it.

Message to Mrs. Wilson.

The next motion also came from a woman. Mrs. Georgia C. Ormsby of Oakland, Cal., rose to move that a message be sent by the convention to Mrs. Woodrow Wilson, expressing appreciation of her care of and devotion to the President during his illness. Mrs. Ormsby's voice did not carry well from the floor, and there was a request that she be called to the platform. Once on the platform, with the spotlight flashing on her, it was discovered that she was violating the State law by wearing her hat in a public gathering.

A request to "Take it off" came from the floor. Mrs. Ormsby took off her hat, made her motion and saw it passed by acclamation.

Then, on motion of Wilbur W. Marsh of Iowa, Treasurer of the National Committee, the convention adjourned until 11 o'clock tomorrow morning.

McAdoo Favorite at 9 to 5; Wilson Second at 2 to 1

The big demonstration accorded President Wilson by the San Francisco convention caused a pronounced change in the Wall Street betting odds on the race for the Presidential nomination yesterday. Quoted not long ago at 20 to 1, President Wilson moved up to a position yesterday where only 2 to 1 was obtainable against his chances of being the Democratic nominee. At 2 to 1 he was only slightly behind McAdoo, who continued to rule favorite with 9 to 5 quoted against him.

The shortening of the Wilson odds forced Cox into third place at 3 to 1. It was reported during the day that some even money wagers had been made on McAdoo to win the nomination, but this lacked verification.

M'ADOO MEN ALONE CLAIMING VICTORY

But Managers for Palmer and Cox Insist "He Cannot Be Nominated."

DAVIS GROWING IN FAVOR

Ambassador and Vice President Marshall in Foreground in Revived Dark-Horse Talk.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 29.—With that stage of the Democratic National Convention drawing near when nominations will become the order of business, with William Gibbs McAdoo apparently still in the lead for the Presidential nomination, and his supporters showing every assurance that he will win, most of the spokesmen for other aspirants have quit making definite claims and are seeking relief for their wrought up feelings in vituperation. "That," McAdoo cannot be nominated." They add, significantly, that after he has been beaten to a standstill the convention may fix its choice on a dark horse.

Among the dark horses Vice President Thomas R. Marshall and John W. Davis, Ambassador to Great Britain, are occupying the foreground.

While there is no positive enthusiasm for the Vice President, even among the delegates from his own State, he will have political backing from the Democratic organization of Indiana. Thomas Taggart, Democratic leader in that State, is credited with ambitions to occupy again a seat in the United States Senate, which he filled once by appointment. If he believes the nomination of a son of Indiana for President will constitute a sufficiently strong appeal to Hoosier pride to swing Indiana into the Democratic column, there is little doubt that he will take off his coat and pitch in and do all he can to bring about the nomination of Marshall as an adjunct in his own fight for election to the Senate. Whether he will have the aid of the Tammany leader, Charles F. Murphy, who prior to the convention spent weeks at French Lick Springs, Mr. Taggart's Indiana resort, will depend on developments.

Davis Making Strong Appeal.

Ambassador Davis is shy of political backing and on the first ballot probably will have no support beyond that of the delegation from West Virginia, his home State, and a scattering of votes from a few other delegations. But in the last twenty-four hours it has become apparent to his supporters that he is making a strong appeal to the delegates from all parts of the country.

Friends of McAdoo asserted this afternoon that they had 600 votes "pencilled up" for him, but added that for strategic reasons only from one-third to one-half of this strength would show on the first ballot. This is a majority of the delegates. But it will be necessary for the promoters of Mr. McAdoo's political fortunes to secure an additional 130 votes for him to make sure of the nomination. With the two delegates from the Canal Zone having a vote, there will be 1,094 delegates in the convention.

Developments today indicate that the crest of the McAdoo wave has not been reached. The delegations from the two Dakotas, in their caucuses before going to the convention this afternoon adopted resolutions under which both will vote, as a unit for the President's son-in-law. This will mean twenty additional McAdoo votes, ten of which, those from South Dakota, were won at the expense of James W. Gerard, to whom they had been pledged.

Managers for the Cox and Palmer booms, while glum, appear to have been able to check the partial disintegration of their forces, due in the case of the Palmer supporters to the wave of McAdoo sentiment following the arrival of the delegations last Friday, Saturday and Sunday, and, in the case of Governor Cox, to the statement made by ex-Governor James E. Campbell of Ohio, which gave rise to doubts regarding the attitude of Cox on the wet and dry issue.

Some Weird Wilson Rumors.

To add to the worries and anxieties of boom promoters there have been some weird rumors running through the hotel lobbies and other centres where delegates and onlookers flock. These have conveyed a broad intimation that President Wilson was harboring ambitions for a third term, according to these rumors the many leaders affiliated with the Wilson Administration, who at present seem to labor without letup to make his son-in-law the nominee, have been merely using McAdoo as a stalking horse, marking time and waiting for the psychological moment, when the convention could be stampeded for the President's renomination.

Entirely apart from the question of whether the convention could ever be manipulated into a mood when such a scheme would become feasible, the leaders who are regarded closest to the President have said nothing to indicate that there is any truth in the stories, even though for obvious reasons they have entered no denial. Judging from the talk of men identified with the Cox and Palmer booms, however, the tales have aroused fears in the camps of those candidates. There is no doubt that some men of prominence in the party credit the statement that the President would like to run again. Others discredit it.

Perhaps the most interesting development today is the soaring of the Davis stock. His campaign managers had been playing their candidate purely as a second choice.

Stephen L. Jackson of Clarksburg, the chief adjutant there, said today: "We intensely 400 votes would be available for the Ambassador in the event neither McAdoo, Palmer nor Cox could get the necessary two-thirds vote.

This claim was the first one expressed in figures at the Davis headquarters. It followed days of intensive work on the part of ex-Senator C. W. Watson of West Virginia and other delegates and boomers from that State among members of other delegations. Friends of Mr. Davis said that, should the time arrive when the three leading candidates were eliminated, they expected much from the psychological effect of the sudden rise of the Davis vote from a score to the predicted number, more than any of the leaders in the race would be able to muster on the first ballot.

The number of delegates with whom Mr. Davis is second choice is greater than in the case of any other candidate, and I have not talked to any delegate who places Mr. Davis lower on his list of preferences than third place," said Mr. Jackson.

With Palmer out of the running, the supporters of Davis it is said, would get seventy-three out of the seventy-six delegates from Pennsylvania, Palmer's home State. Pledges of support, according to Mr. Jackson, had also been received from certain delegates of numerous other States, including Washington, Oregon, Montana, Wyoming, Colorado, Texas, Louisiana, Florida, Alabama, Tennessee, Kentucky, Maryland, Illinois and Ohio.

"We have made no effort to gauge the sentiment among the New York delegates, nor among the delegates from States with favorite sons to support," said Mr. Jackson, "and any pledges of promises received from such States have come to us without solicitation. In a general way I should say that Mr. Davis, standing on a progressive platform, as he does, is making a strong appeal to delegates from States in the West, Southwest and South. He seems to be favored as a second choice in the Middle West and the East.

We have not been poaching on the preserves of any other candidate, and will not do so while his name remains before the convention, and we have assurance from both leaders and delegates behind the three foremost candidates that they will switch to Davis if they find that there is no chance for their own candidates."

Palmer and Cox Arguments.

The argument that McAdoo cannot win, either in the convention or in November, is being used by the campaign managers of Attorney General Palmer and Governor Cox in their efforts to keep delegates in line for their candidates. The promoters of the Cox boom, while they admit that the Administration forces have amply demonstrated their control of the convention, maintain that the Administration-controlled delegates, when it comes to nominations, will not all be for McAdoo, but will be divided between McAdoo and Palmer on approximately a fifty-fifty basis.

It developed today that Attorney General Palmer has lost the support he had in the Michigan delegation. It was said from that he appears to be holding his strength quite well. His friends have been exceedingly active and a large squad of office holders appear to be on the go day and night in an effort to corral delegates for him.

We have 350 delegates who will stick through thick and thin," said one of the managers of the Palmer boom. "As the vote now is divided between the various candidates whose names are before the convention, the Palmer block of delegates holding together can prevent the nomination of any other candidate."

Mr. Palmer is being bitterly opposed, however, by the labor leaders who are here keeping a watchful eye on the convention. As a general rule, the labor men are outspoken in favor of the nomination of Mr. McAdoo. The opposition of organized labor, according to opinions expressed by some leading Democrats here, will make the nomination of Palmer impossible.

Edwin H. Moore, National Committeeman from Ohio and generalissimo of the Cox forces, said today that the outlook for his candidate was more hopeful than it had been at any time since Saturday.

Since the day ex-Governor Campbell's statement denying that Governor Cox was interested in having a wet or even moist plank in the platform appeared in print, Mr. Moore and other Ohio men have had busy time trying to woo wine members of wet delegations who had promised Cox their support that the Campbell statement must not be regarded as reflecting the views of their candidate.

Captain Daniel J. Mahoney, son-in-law of Governor Cox, came to San Francisco today with the direct and personal emissary of the Governor to aid in the work.

In the early morning hours today the Cox managers had a long conference with Charles F. Murphy and Norman E. Mack, whom they sought to convince that the Campbell statement notwithstanding, the wet delegates could go through with the plank without losing face. Neither Murphy nor Mack, however, would commit himself.

"I cannot speak for the New York delegation; they probably can," said Mr. Moore. "You can quote me as saying this, however: I have been in politics for thirty years and attended many conventions during that period, but I have never seen such a grasshopper convention as this. With the exception of seven States, the delegates are jumping around like fleas. The whole thing reminds you of the tale of the 'Irish lepper.'"

When asked as to the effect of the Campbell statement on delegates from wet States, Mr. Moore said in his opinion it would make no difference when the time for making nominations arrived.

"Governor Cox is not here and is not concerned in the building of the Democratic platform," he added. "The Democratic Party has sent its duly elected representatives here to do that. When the platform has been reported, it will be for Governor Cox or any other candidate to say whether he can stand on it consistent with his views. That seems to me to be obvious."

Ambassador Davis's boom got a new impetus when it was announced that the Maryland delegation in all probability would vote for him as a unit on an early ballot. Colonel Robert Crain of Baltimore, one of the leaders of the delegation from Maryland, said tonight he was heart and soul for Mr. Davis, and that the sentiment in his delegation was practically unanimous for the Ambassador's nomination.

In the California contingent a boom for Homer S. Cummings was set in motion today by Gavin McNab, Democratic State leader and head of the delegation. Mr. McNab is one of the big leaders in the convention and his open stand for Chairman Cummings has created quite a stir. It was predicted tonight that the vote of Mr. Cummings on the first ballot would place him well near the top in the list of aspirants for the nomination.

The boom for Governor Edward I. Edwards of New Jersey, whom his followers call the real "dark hope" of the convention, has been lagging for the last twenty-four hours. The delegates from New Jersey, whose votes are the sole visible asset of Governor Edwards, were hurriedly summoned to his headquarters tonight for a conference at which Walker W. Vick, his campaign manager, and Robert S. Hudspeth, National Committeeman from New Jersey, were to discuss urging them to "whoop it up" for the candidate.

James Nugent, the Democratic leader of New Jersey, and a member from his State on the Committee of Resolutions, was not at the meeting. The Resolutions Committee at the time was holding a hearing on the platform.

COL. HOUSE TELLS HIS VIEWS

Says Overconfidence May Defeat Republicans—Uncertain of Women.

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LONDON, June 29.—"Over-confidence may result in the defeat of the Republicans, despite the fact that the majority of the people believe Senator Harding will overwhelm any candidate the Democrats can name," said Colonel Edward M. House at Claridge's Hotel this afternoon in an exclusive interview.

The Colonel does not share the consensus of American opinion in Europe that the Republicans will have a walkover in November.

"Politics is the most difficult thing in the world to figure out, and upsets and reversals always are likely," warned the Colonel. "A good deal depends on whom the Democrats nominate, of course. McAdoo will run if nominated, and might put up a creditable fight.

"The coming election will be different from any other Presidential election ever held in the United States, because an entirely new factor is likely to enter.

"If one more State ratifies suffrage, fifteen to twenty million new voters will cast their ballots in November. Women, if made voters, will make their voice and strength felt.

"Nobody knows which way they will swing. That's why the Republicans dare not be overconfident, or else they will make a misplay and incur the hostility of the female vote.

"Whichever party flirts with a moist or dense plank in the platform is likely to encounter a hostile feminine vote. No doubt exists that the majority of women in America favor a bone dry section, and would vote against whomsoever tried to inject wetness even in the mildest form.

"The Irish question is gunpowder. A big section of Americans are clamoring against the United States adopting a European affairs—criticising the League of Nations, objecting that it tied us up in European squabbles and will make us participate in troubles here.

"But a political plank bringing either the Democratic or Republican Party into the Irish affair, which is an important part of British imperial policy, by introducing us into European affairs and butting into somebody else's business, I am not criticising the Irish plank, but merely pointing out that many Americans favor the United States maintaining its old conservative, isolated policy, refraining from entangling alliances and disputes with Europe. The Irish plank is directly opposed to the spirit of this policy. Such a plank probably would be unpleasant to Great Britain, although the British would never officially take cognizance of it, I believe.

"The new administration, whether Republican or Democratic, will ratify the Versailles Treaty about April next, my judgment. There will be a longer or my fight about serious amendments to the treaty, but when the League of Nations is adhered to I think the Senate will insist on certain reservations—for instance, on Article X.

"Present surface indications may indicate that a certain class in America is 'fed up' on Democratic administration and will welcome the Republicans to the White House. But politics is more uncertain than horse races, and a big, powerful new element is not unlikely to enter the coming election—the women's vote. The party which looks the potential strength of these probably fifteen to twenty million ballots will lose the fight."

URGE ROBERTS CALL NOW.

Convention Suffragists Want Tennessee Governor to Act.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 29.—Women advocates of equal suffrage decided today not to attempt to induce Governor Roberts of Tennessee to advance the date of the special session of the Legislature, to consider ratification of the Federal suffrage amendment, but rather to urge that he issue the formal call immediately. He has said he would call the session for Aug. 2.

Decision against the advisability of asking an earlier call to the women members of the Tennessee delegation, and they vetoed the proposal. They decided, however, to urge on the Legislature the wisdom of ratifying the Amendment.

Suffragists, headed by Mrs. Abby Scott Baker, said that they were satisfied with Aug. 9, if the formal call were issued at once. The gravest fear of the suffragists now is that Republican members of the Tennessee Legislature may block ratification, as did Democratic members in Delaware.

Members of the North Carolina delegation today wired the Governor of their State and members of the Legislature an urgent request to take immediate action on the amendment.

BREAK UNIT RULE, FREEING NEW YORK

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

by the convention would mean throwing the support of from twenty-five to thirty-five of the New York delegates to McAdoo, after the first one or three ballots had been cast for Governor Smith.

Leaders generally expressed the opinion tonight that the Tammany leadership of the New York delegation had sustained a sharp blow and that, if actually coerced by the joint efforts of Permanent Chairman Robinson and his colleagues, whether New York is bound by the unit rule, Tammany will lose.

It was considered significant that when the report of the Rules Committee was placed before the convention, no effort was made by the Tammany leaders and their sympathizers to object to action being taken on the report. This was considered a confession of weakness and realization of the fact that they would be defeated if they tried to have the question settled then and there.

Governor Alfred E. Smith was the one to talk fight after the convention had adopted the report. He insisted that the rules adopted by the convention did not apply to the New York delegation, but applied only to States having primary elections, but no State conventions. His contention was that the action of the unofficial convention in New York State was binding and that there was another fight ahead on the floor of the convention.

This assertion by the Governor came tonight after the convention had adjourned and it started a lot of guessing. But the majority of the leaders finally came to the conclusion that Murphy and Smith could not hope to win out in such a fight, which would only stir up trouble.

The struggle over the adoption of a rule which would free the New York delegation from unit control was fought out last night and this morning. Former Congressman John J. Fitzgerald of Brooklyn made the principal argument for the Murphy element, contending that the unit rule was a tradition in the Democratic Party, just as was the two-thirds rule when the question of nominating a candidate for President was concerned. If it was abrogated now, he said, it would have a tendency to split the Democratic Party in New York just at a time when it was needed together to carry the State for a Democratic President and Governor.

Mayor Lunn of Schenectady contended that a great principle was at stake. It made no difference, he said, who he might be for as Presidential candidate. His fight and that of his co-workers was to make certain that the delegates had the right to vote in a manner which would reflect the will of those who cast the vote for them in the primary.

Judge Samuel Seabury filed a brief in which he made a bitter attack on the rulership of New York State politics by Murphy. He declared that Murphy, through his leadership of Tammany Hall, controlled a majority of the delegates of New York State and charged that through his leadership Murphy was endeavoring wrongfully to control all of them.

Mr. Murphy, Seabury contended, would multiply the vote of one delegate to make it represent ninety, regardless of the wishes of the people in many parts of the State. For Murphy to exercise such control, he said, would be thwarting the will of the people as expressed at the primaries. All he asked for, said Judge Seabury, was the right of those delegates, chosen by the votes of the people, to express their views regardless of Murphy.

The vote of the Rules Committee on breaking the unit rule was impressive—14 to 11 in face of the contentions made by Mayor Lunn, Assistant Secretary Roosevelt and Judge Seabury. The majority of the representatives from the Middle Western and Western States on the committee voted against Tammany domination of the New York delegation.

The Rules Committee also reported to the convention in favor of adopting the platform before the ballots are taken for the nomination for President and Vice President. It was provided, however, that nomination speeches could be made before the platform was adopted. Nominating speeches for President are limited to twenty minutes and seconding speeches to five minutes. The latter are not to exceed three in number. The nominating speeches for Vice President are limited to ten minutes and seconding speeches to five minutes. There are not to be more than two of the latter for any candidate.

M'ADOO OR A DARK HORSE?

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

go for naught, as the opponents of his candidacy have begun to take new and decisive steps to stop the movement.

The combination originally organized to block his chances, and later showing signs of disintegration, has now crystallized anew under the impetus of the gains made by the McAdoo workers today and the anti-McAdoo forces have taken courage and even adopted a tone of optimism.

George E. Brennan of Chicago, the new leader of the Illinois Democracy, seems to be the captain of the anti-McAdoo contingent. Brennan was the principal lieutenant of Roger Sullivan, and while he has not been chosen formally as the chief of the State organization, he is recognized as Sullivan's successor. He is popular, and resourceful, and his opposition to McAdoo is based on a firmly-grounded dislike of the ex-Secretary.

By the adoption of all committee reports today, the convention cleared the way for nominating speeches tomorrow and a probability that the platform will be presented and adopted on Thursday, allowing the balloting for a candidates for President to begin that evening or on Friday.

Much Feeling Against ex-Secretary.

Much personal feeling against McAdoo is beginning to come to the surfaces with the realization that he is a dangerous contender for the nomination in spite of his declaration that he did not want the honor. Enmity to the Administration in Illinois ara letting all the pent-up feelings against the Wilson Administration that had been kept in check for years. Roger Sullivan was one of those who helped bring about the nomination of Wilson in 1912 and while he felt the disappointment that was given him enough repression, he suppressed the anger of his followers and insisted upon support of the President.

Brennan and his organization are particularly incensed against McAdoo because, according to their account, he appointed several thousand officials in Illinois while he was Secretary of the Treasury without letting the Sullivan organization name one of them.

The same sort of feeling exists in other quarters against McAdoo, although it is based on different reasons. With Bryan it is founded, so far as the public knows, on the conviction that it would be undemocratic and unwise to nominate the President's son-in-law for President. It would mean, according to the Bryan argument, the establishment of a Wilsonian "dynasty." Bryan, however, is not talking much about candidates. His interest, he says, is in getting a live plank into the platform and he is devoting all his energies to that end.

Some of the feeling against McAdoo dates back to the time when he was Secretary. Part of it arises from a belief that as President he would seek to retain the position that his father-in-law has assumed, and would not merely be the head of the party but the party itself. Others hold that it would be unwise to nominate anybody having a close relationship with President Wilson, because of the unpopularity of the latter in some parts of the country.

Charles F. Murphy's attitude toward McAdoo continues a mystery. There is McAdoo sentiment among the Tammany delegates, not born of any particular liking for him, but of the belief that Murphy will finally turn to him. The Murphy lieutenants are now seeking to counteract the impression that Murphy is ready to throw his support to McAdoo as a last complimentary ballot for Governor Smith.

Most of the anti-McAdoo leaders are not inclined to put faith in this sort of talk. They say that Brennan would not be strongly against McAdoo if Murphy were for him, and they think that Brennan is really working as a lieutenant of Murphy in his effort to block McAdoo's nomination.

Evidence accumulated tonight that Tammany was concentrating its efforts on getting a platform to suit its "wet" and pro-Irish views and rescue the unit rule for the New York delegation rather than control the Presidential nomination. Overtures were made last night by the New York delegation to the Kansas delegation, which is foremost in the McAdoo movement, to have Kansas vote to sustain the unit rule system when the Committee on Rules reported today to the convention.

There was a hint that New York would then vote for McAdoo.

The Kansas men had a spirited discussion of the proposal and rejected it. The course of New York men seems to indicate that if Tammany could get what it wanted in the way of platform planks and organization of the convention it would vote for any candidate whose friends gave most support to New York's desires.

Wilson's Grip Worries Some.

The hold that President Wilson has on the convention, taken in connection with the trend toward McAdoo, is causing much worry among those who think that Mr. Wilson should not dictate or try to dictate the selection of the candidates.

Everything that has developed so far shows that the convention is willing to indulge the President have his way as to endorsement and the planks and principles of the platform. The selection of the Presidential candidate is a horse of another color, however, and old-time leaders fear that the influence of the President may be so strong as to enable him to dominate the bulk of the delegates in everything.

What worries these leaders most is this suspicion that the President desires renomination. They have seen no concrete evidence of any ambition for a third term, but some circumstances lead them to believe that he has renomination in mind.

It is now coming out that the President has given no encouragement to Mr. McAdoo in connection with the nomination, and they assume to see in this a desire of Mr. Wilson to obtain a renomination. They have heard rumors that the President wants this as a vindication of his administration in the understanding that he will decline to accept it, but they are concerned over the idea that if the honor were given to Mr. Wilson he would not wave it aside.

This ghost of a possible third term will not down, even in the face of lack of concrete evidence to support it. One feature of conditions in the convention is the nervousness over reported plans of the President. Some leaders express confidence that they have enough combined support to block any attempt by the President to dictate the nomination of himself or anybody of his choosing, but the next minute they will begin talking in a way to indicate a fear that the President's friends may try to stampede the convention.

The continued influence of the President over the convention was again demonstrated today when Senator James A. Reed of Missouri finally lost his fight for a seat as a delegate from Missouri. The action of the National Committee in upholding the refusal of the Missouri State Convention to certify Reed as a delegate to San Francisco was confirmed by the Committee on Credentials today, and the report of the Credentials Committee was adopted by the convention with a whoop.

Unit Rule Decisive Also, McAdoo.

The convention today adopted a rule abrogating the practice of voting delegations as a unit when district delegates are elected in accordance with mandatory legislation. This decision affects New York, whose ninety members were to be voted as a unit whenever the Tammany majority, controlled by Murphy, so decreed. This action of the convention practically nullified an attempt to be made to overturn it when the balloting for candidates begins, to use successful adds to McAdoo's strength. In the New York delegation there are eight to twelve McAdoo delegates, and they now feel free to vote for him.

Michigan, which was apparently controlled by supporters of Attorney General Palmer, is split up between Palmer and McAdoo. Twenty of the thirty delegates from that State voted to support Palmer, but eight indicated that they would like to be free to vote for another candidate. The leaders of the delegation, Representatives Frank B. Doremus, William F. Connolly and John W. Bailey, all Palmer men, agreed to release the eight. They say that they felt free to do this because there were enough votes in the convention to prevent McAdoo's nomination. Several of the Michigan men are credited to McAdoo.

South Dakota's delegation, which was instructed for ex-Ambassador Gerard of New York, decided today to support McAdoo. North Dakota followed suit.

The McAdoo workers are asserting that they are getting votes here and there in other delegations and that there has been no falling off in his strength.

It has now been decided to put McAdoo's name before the convention. The Rev. Burris A. Jenkins of Kansas City, who was chosen originally to put him in nomination and was called off after McAdoo issued his statement, will make the nominating speech. Mrs. Antoinette Funk of Illinois, who was the recognized McAdoo manager up to the time that the McAdoo statement appeared, will second the nomination. The McAdoo men are seeking to find a United States Senator also who will speak for McAdoo.

Fraternizing of the Administration officials here except Attorney General Palmer and those committed to his candidacy are working for McAdoo's nomination. Secretary Colby, for a time Postmaster General Burleson is one of the active workers. Secretary Meredith, who declined to take the compliments of vote of his State, Iowa, for the nomination, has declared for the ex-Secretary.

Persons who say they have inside information assert that the members of the Cabinet who are here think that President Wilson is a receptive candidate for the nomination. Why practically all are working for McAdoo is not explained, other than by the suggestion that they cannot come out openly for the President and ask for McAdoo because he is related to Wilson.

The Cabinet officers are satisfied that Mr. McAdoo was never able to obtain any word of encouragement from the President as to Mr. McAdoo's prominence in connection with the nomination. They know, it is said, that Mr. McAdoo sought to find out how the President regarded the movement for him, and that his statement, declining to permit his name to be presented to the convention, was the outcome of failure to ascertain the President's opinion on the subject, which created the impression that he frowned on Mr. McAdoo's entrance into the race.

In circles close to the Administration there is a report that Attorney General Palmer's contest for the nomination is displeasing to the President, but of this report has grown a prediction that if Mr. Palmer does not win the nomination he will resign from the Cabinet.

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TAMMANY ATTITUDE REMAINS A PUZZLE

Committed to Smith, Yet May Try Palmer or Swing to McAdoo.

RESISTS PLEA OF COX MEN

Secretary Colby Sees Murphy While Looking for Cockran in Tammany's Quarters.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 29.—The position of Tammany, and consequently that of the New York State delegation, while it still seems to dominate regardless of whether unit rule holds or is broken, is getting to be one of the puzzles of the convention.

The New York delegation apparently has resisted all attempts to bring it back to the support of Governor Cox. It remains committed officially to the support of Governor Alfred E. Smith. It may give a vote to Attorney General Palmer as a tryout, and, if William G. McAdoo seems reasonably certain to be nominated, make an eleventh hour jump for his band wagon or for any other band wagon that is likely to lead the procession.

Great interest attached today to early morning conferences of Charles F. Murphy and other New York State leaders with Secretary of State Colby and Edward H. Moore, campaign manager for Governor Cox, at different times, in Mr. Murphy's headquarters.

Secretary Colby, who admittedly saw Mr. Murphy, Norman E. Mack and Representative Thomas F. Smith, Secretary of Tammany, said he had gone to the Murphy headquarters to see W. Bourke Cockran, New York member of the Committee on Resolutions, and that his visit concerned the platform rather than candidates for the Presidency.

Colby for McAdoo.

Secretary Colby is understood to favor the nomination of William G. McAdoo personally. It was said that whatever negotiations might be in progress between the McAdoo managers and Tammany undoubtedly were being carried on by somebody else.

Mr. Moore's visit to the Tammany chieftain was apparently unproductive of results. He would not discuss the matter, saying that all information must come from Mr. Murphy, Mr. Mack, or some other of the New York leaders.

It was learned from some of the Tammany leaders that there was little prospect that New York would be won back to Governor Cox. Mr. Moore was reported to have urged on Mr. Murphy the expediency of abandoning the fight for a wet plank and omitting all reference to prohibition in the platform, and then trying to bring about the nomination of Cox or a candidate understood to favor a liberal enforcement of the prohibition amendment. It was stated that this argument did not appeal to Mr. Murphy and the other New York leaders, who have already decided to make a fight for a "States rights" plank in the Committee on Resolutions, and carry it to the floor of the convention if necessary.

A factor in the continued opposition to Governor Cox among members of the New York delegation was said to be the fact that he had been divorced. A large number of the delegation, including some of the women, are said to feel that this might weaken the possibility of electing Cox if he should be nominated.

The possibility of New York voting for Palmer for several ballots, after early ballots for Governor Smith, was reported today. Tammany in particular has a debt of political gratitude to Mr. Palmer for patronage received while he was Alien Property Custodian—about the only substantial recognition given the organization by any member of the Wilson Administration. The Tammany leader, it was said, did not consider Mr. Palmer's nomination particularly probable, but were inclined to try him out if the opportunity offered.

Still Divided on McAdoo.

The situation regarding the possibility of New York going to Mr. McAdoo remained much the same as it had since the break from the combination formed for Governor Cox. It is known that some influential members of Tammany favor going over to Mr. McAdoo if he gets more than a majority, rather than waiting until the last possible moment to act.

Others, among whom Governor Smith is said to be included, are said to oppose a vote for Mr. McAdoo unless he is certain of the nomination, and to favor using the 90 votes of New York—or as many of them as can be held if the unit rule is finally broken—to try to block his nomination under the two-thirds' rule.

There is reason for believing, however, that Tammany will not fight to the last ditch against Mr. McAdoo, but will swing over to him if he should get within striking distance of the nomination.

GOV. SMITH WILL RUN AGAIN.

To Seek Re-election If Not Named for President, Says Fitzgerald.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 29.—Governor Smith of New York will be a candidate for re-election unless named for President, according to a statement made tonight by former Representative John J. Fitzgerald of Brooklyn. Mr. Fitzgerald said:

"If not nominated for President, Governor Smith will run for re-election. The unit rule was intended to keep the New York Democrats together. It is necessary for success that we forget differences and work in harmony."

Mr. Fitzgerald's remark was called to the attention of Charles F. Murphy.

"Every man speaks for himself," was his comment. "The Governor is the man to speak on that."

Departure of the Tammany train has been postponed from Wednesday to Friday night. It was feared that the leaving of the Tammany contingent, even though the delegates remained, might lead persons to think that Tammany was quitting the convention.

SOLDIERS ASK A BONUS PLANK.

Fifty Ex-Service Delegates to Go Before Resolutions Committee.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 29.—More than fifty veterans of the World War who are here as delegates to the Democratic National Convention caucused this morning and agreed to present to the Resolutions Committee a demand for a bonus for ex-service men in the form of adjusted compensation. Open hearings are being held on the platform.

Richard Seely Jones, a delegate from the State of Washington, after telling the committee that there were more than twice as many delegate veterans here as at Chicago and that they had been voiceless at the Republican convention, presented the planks upon which the caucus had agreed:

"Four and a half million men called to the colors during the World War served their country in unstinted measure, and the compensation awarded them was out of all proportion to that received by those in civil occupations.

"We believe that the nation is indebted to these men in a sum which is beyond the power of any country to pay. But we also believe that something should be done as a substantial acknowledgment of the nation's debt of gratitude, even though it is impossible to completely discharge it.

"We believe that we can rely on the patriotism, good sense and judgment of the men who were willing to make such sacrifices for their country in the firm conviction that they will not now ask anything of her that is impossible for her to grant.

WALSH ALONE FIGHTS THE LEAGUE PLANK

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

ternational morality the President is justified in asserting that the honor of the country is involved in this business; and we point to the accusing fact that, before it was determined to initiate political antagonism to the treaty, the new Republican Chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee himself publicly proclaimed that any proposition for a separate peace with Germany, such as he and his party associates attempted to force in the Knox resolution, would make us 'guilty of the blackest crime.'

"The Knox substitute for the Versailles Treaty was passed by the Republican Senate and House, and this convention can contrive no more fitting characterization of its infamy than that made in the Forum Magazine of December, 1918, by Henry Cabot Lodge, when he said:

"'If we send our armies and young men abroad to be killed and wounded in France and Flanders, with no result but this, our entrance into war with such an intention was a crime which nothing can justify. The intent of Congress and the intent of the President was that there could be no peace until we could create a situation where no such war as this could recur. We cannot make peace except in company with our allies. It would brand us with everlasting dishonor and bring ruin to us also if we undertook to make a separate peace.'

"Thus to that which the Republican Senate leader considered the 'blackest crime' his party in Congress would give the sanctity of law; that which eighteen months ago was of 'everlasting dishonor' the Republican Congress accepted as the essence of faith and because a Democratic President blocked the way of this immoral thing he is flated and reviled for his obduracy.

"We indorse the President's view of our international obligations and commend Democratic Senators for voting against reservations designed to cut to pieces the vital provisions of the Versailles Treaty; and against resolutions for separate peace, which would disgrace the nation. We advocate the prompt ratification of the treaty without reservations which would impair its essential integrity.

"Only by doing this may we retrieve the reputation of this nation among the powers of the earth and recover the moral leadership which Wilson won and which, with amazing indifference, patriotic Republican politicians at Washington sacrificed. Only by doing this may we hope to aid effectively in the restoration of order throughout the world and take the place that we should assume in the front ranks in spiritual, commercial and industrial advancement."

The final paragraph of this plank, characterized by Senator Glass as an elucidation of the Virginia plank, met with serious opposition from Senator Walsh, spokesman for the reservation group of Senate Democrats. The language submitted by Senator Glass, supposedly with the approval of the President, sought to meet the criticism of the opposition that participation in the League would mean the sacrifice of the lives of American boys in enforcing the article of the League of Nations in remote parts of the world at the whim of the Executive.

The paragraph declared that this charge was a "vicious and false," and insisted that Article X. could in no wise bring on a foreign war without the approval of Congress. The exact language of this amplification of the Virginia plank had not been agreed upon at a late hour tonight.

During the discussion of the plank on this treaty friends of the Administration insisted that the last paragraph intended to explain that the United States cannot enter into any warlike movement without a resolution of Congress should be strengthened. This will be done in language so simple as to leave no doubt of its meaning.

Odds Are Against Bryan.

While it is expected that a row will be staged over the platform, under the leadership of Bryan, who will be aided by the "Senate cabal," there is no reason to believe that the dominance of the Administration will be overthrown. Combinations are being formed to effect the nomination of a Presidential candidate, but no combination, according to the leaders, can be strong enough to write a platform not entirely acceptable to Mr. Wilson.

The Wilson forces, headed by Mr. Glass, Secretary Colby and Vance C. McCormick, former National Committee Chairman, will write a platform that will be Wilsonian from beginning to end. If any concessions are made to objectors they will be made solely to aid the candidate whom the Administration forces wish to assist.

The sub-committee, which had not yet started its formal consideration of the Wilson platform, was inclined to yield upon the Irish question if by doing so it could better satisfy the many Irish sympathizers in the Democratic Party. The tentative Irish plank, prepared by Senator Glass, expresses sympathy with the Irish people and advises the oppressed people of all countries to take advantage of Article XI. of the League of Nations covenant and submit their grievances to the governing body of the League.

President Wilson insists that the plank shall contain references to this mode of settlement. Whatever is finally adopted undoubtedly will have some such clause in it. On the other hand the demands of two or three leaders in the convention for a more pronounced statement on the Irish question is having weight with the sub-committee.

That the work of the Platform Committee will have a decisive influence in forcing the convention to accept a nomination Palmer with the approval of Mr. Wilson, and in committing the party to a complete Wilson appeal to the voters, is unquestioned tonight.

Wavering on Prohibition.

The subcommittee is inclined to waver over the declaration on prohibition. The President is known to want support for his veto of the Volstead act, but his advisers here have told him that the Middle West, which elected him and is standing strongly for his view of the treaty, is bone-dry. Only New York, New Jersey, Maryland, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and Massachusetts are reported to be demanding a compromise wet plank.

The original Wilson plank gave some consolation to the wets. It declared against the open saloon and promised to uphold the Eighteenth Amendment with adequate appropriations, but opposed the inquisitorial powers exercised by prohibition agents in the enforcement of the law. This declaration, it is said, would have satisfied the wet States, but as Senator Glass has found sentiment in the West he may become convinced that the great body of voters, especially the women, will not be satisfied with anything but a position that promises plainly to uphold the amendment.

It is now said with authority that the Administration leaders intend to report a plank that will declare for the enforcement of prohibition without any qualifying reservations that might be subject to various interpretations. The present inclination of the sub-committee is to mention the Prohibition law among others that must be rigidly enforced and supported as part of the Democratic program.

There is such an undercurrent for a wet declaration, however, that the platform makers in the end may decide to remain silent on prohibition. Some take the ground that it is not an issue before the people, who have already settled it by their action in ratifying the amendment. Such action would be disconcerting to Bryan and tantamount to defeat for him. As a result the convention will hear from the "commoner" on the floor.

Bryan Has Industrial Plank.

Mr. Bryan keeps placing before the public his views as to what the party ought to do or ought not to do on domestic and foreign questions; he has prepared carefully for his oratorical combat, which should flare up about Thursday noon. There is believed to be a chance that he can influence the convention to desert the President. The Democratic Party, judged by every outward expression, intends to allow Mr. Wilson to fix the policies for the next election.

Should any authorized word come from him on the candidate when the convention gets in the throes of a deadlock after the platform has been adopted, it is believed that the delegates will back the White House favorite as willingly as the White House platform, and that if Mr. Wilson remains silent, the nominee will be the man who most nearly represents the views set for him in that platform.

Bryan has already submitted planks dealing with the treaty, prohibition, and profiteering. He launched another plank on the troubled seas today for settling industrial disputes. This follows the idea of voluntary arbitration, without giving the board power to influence its decisions.

Explaining the proposed plank, Mr. Bryan said:

"I shall submit for the consideration of the committee a very simple plan, which is identical in its general provisions with the plan embodied in thirty treaties with three-quarters of the world, and afterward made the cornerstone of the League of Nations. Even before I suggested it for international disputes I endeavored to have it applied to industrial disputes.

"It contemplates a permanent board of three members, one chosen from classes assumed to be in sympathy with the employer, one from the classes supposed to be in sympathy with the employe and the third selected with a view to find a person as nearly impartial as possible. This commission should have authority to investigate an industrial dispute at the request of either side or upon its own initiative.

"In each dispute two members would be added to the commission, one chosen by each side in order that each side might be sure to have a representative on the commission. A limited time would be allowed for investigation. The report of the commission would not be binding on either side, but would be a guide to public opinion."

Subsequently Mr. Bryan appeared at his request before the members of the American Federation of Labor Council now in session here. The council is headed by Samuel Gompers. The Bryan proposal was turned down flatly, as had been predicted. Every time such a scheme has been proposed organized labor has been against it.

OFFERS LABOR SUPPORT IF PLATFORM SATISFIES

Gompers Holds Out Promise to Democrats Which They May Accept.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 29.—Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, indicated today that the support of organized labor would go to the Democratic nominee for President in the coming election if the convention would adopt a "satisfactory" labor plank. He told the Committee on Resolutions that the Republican platform was "so lacking in principles" that organized labor "must find expression for what it stands for elsewhere." The opinion here is that the Democratic leaders will make a strong play for the labor vote and include in the platform practically all that Mr. Gompers demands.

"If the Democratic Party hopes for success in the coming election," Mr. Gompers told the committee, "it must appeal to the people in clear and uncertain terms. Some haven for industrial tranquility, peace and progress must be found. It was not found in Chicago.

"It can be found only when a great political party recognizes the principles for which organized labor stands that we can hope for a solution of the grave industrial situation confronting this country."

Mr. Gompers clearly indicated his leaning toward the Democratic Party by his reference to "our wonderful President," which caused his speech to be interrupted by applause. He also referred in highly complimentary terms to the speech of Homer S. Cummings, Temporary Chairman of the convention.

"In my judgment," he said, "the address of Mr. Cummings yesterday in the Democratic Convention was the most masterful declaration of principles it has been my pleasure to listen to in years. There was not an utterance made by the Democratic National Chairman from which any real red-blooded American can dissent."

In presenting his plank Mr. Gompers attacked the National Association of Manufacturers and declared that the enemies of organized labor had been engaged in a campaign of libel and slander.

"The records of Congress reveal the slimy trail of misrepresentation of the Manufacturers' Association," he said. "We do not come here in a spirit of defiance. Those who are opposed to the labor movement have no room for selfish motives of self-aggrandizement. You cannot placate them."

Mr. Gompers was followed by Matthew Woll, Vice President of the American Federation of Labor, who read the declaration of principles adopted at the recent convention in Montreal.

Mr. Gompers then spoke against the use of injunctions in labor disputes.

"The injunction has been used for thirty years to annul the principles for which labor is working," he said. "The fundamental provisions of the Clayton anti-trust law have been set aside by those who have attempted to rivet the shackles of the injunction upon labor.

"We ask for relief. It is within your power to let the world know that there is at least a great party prepared to keep alive the spark of freedom in the hearts of the American people.

"The Republican Party," he said, "formulated what it believed were its policies and put forward a declaration so lacking in principles of progress or safety that it has found some other where else an avenue of expression for the forward-looking people of the nation. The intelligent unrest of the nation must find some avenue of expression. The world is in nervous tension as a result of the war. The old order will never come back."

The labor program proposed by Mr. Gompers was similar to that offered by him at Chicago. It embraced the following principal demands:

First—Co-operative action by the Government to curb profiteers.

Second—The monthly issuance by the Department of Labor of statements showing the manufacturing costs of staple articles.

Third—Thorough investigation by the Government of manufacturing and retailing prices of staples so as to determine whether there is profiteering.

Fourth—New immigration laws which would bar immigrants from this country during any period of excessive unemployment.

Fifth—An eight-hour law for all workers and the immediate extension of the same to all employes in civil departments of the Government.

Sixth—A more elaborate workmen's compensation law.

Seventh—Legislation calling for the exclusion from interstate commerce of all convict-manufactured articles.

Eighth—Election of Federal Judges for a six-year period by popular vote.

Ninth—Regulations which oppose Mexican intervention because of unjust Americans who wish to enhance their financial holdings there.

WETS AND DRYS LOCK HORNS

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

the Constitution and pledges itself by legislation and administration loyally to enforce this and all other articles of the Constitution, and to use every honorable and legitimate means to extend the blessings of this charter of life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness to all the peoples of the earth."

Mr. Bryan announced that as a member of the committee he would have an opportunity to speak later and therefore would not take any part of the allotted time. He introduced Wayne B. Wheeler, general counsel for the Anti-Saloon League, who made the principal prohibition argument.

"Prohibition has resolved itself into a question of law and order," Mr. Wheeler said. "The Eighteenth Amendment is here to stay. It took the Legislatures of thirty-six States to put it into the Constitution, and it will take the Legislatures of thirty-six States to take it out. One need not be a prophet to say that the Eighteenth Amendment is a fixture.

"Yet, wine and beer plank is a plank for the nullification of the amendment. In every referendum so far held on the matter the verdict of the people has been against such a provision. Enforcement would be impossible if the manufacture and sale of wine and beer should be legalized."

Mr. Wheeler said that thirty-six States were dry by their own action and would repudiate the Democratic Party if it adopted a program of nullification.

Mr. Wheeler presented the official Anti-Saloon League Plank as follows:

"We declare for the effective enforcement of the Eighteenth Amendment and laws enacted pursuant thereto, as construed by the Supreme Court of the United States."

Charles J. Hall presented petitions from church organizations which, he said, represented more than 1,000,000 votes, urging a dry plank. H. Clay Needham, for the Prohibition Party, said that members of that party resented the failure of the Republican Party to put a prohibition plank in its platform, and said that the Democratic Party by adopting a dry plank would obtain most of these votes.

Bell Presents Wet Argument.

Mr. Bell opened the argument for the wets. He went back to 1892 and said that Mr. Bryan ran for Congress in that year on a platform opposed to the enactment of sumptuary laws and in favor of home rule. The 1896 platform, on which Bryan made his first run for President, contained a declaration for freedom of the person. Mr. Bell said, and the 1912 national platform a declaration for State rights.

Mr. Bell said that personal liberty had been the traditional policy of the Democratic Party. No Congress or State Legislature, he maintained, had the right to dictate on any matter of personal habit, what a man should drink, what he should eat or how he should worship. He said he was in favor of the enforcement of a law, even one like the Volstead Act, so long as it stood on the statute books.

"It ought to be enforced if it bankrupts the nation," he said, "and takes millions of men and women to enforce it. A falsehood was written in the Volstead Act declaring that any beverage does not make it an intoxicating liquor."

Harry Ryan, representing the Trades Union Liberty League of California, characterized prohibition as an unsuccessful attempt to "usher in the Kingdom of Heaven."

"I tell you now, you prohibitionists," he said, "that the more stringent you make your laws the more men and women will go to extremes to get liquor. You know your liquor law is a farce. The men who live on the vineyards and used to drink the wine made by their own hands are now drinking vile bootleg whisky, which is breaking down their health. I defy you, Mr. Bryan, to put this question to a vote of the people."

Representative Sabath asked Samuel Gompers to explain a published report that the recent convention of the American Federation of Labor at Montreal had voted down a resolution in favor of wine and beer. Mr. Gompers replied that this report was erroneous and was due to a mistake of a newspaper correspondent covering the convention. He said the attitude of the Federation was fixed at the 1919 convention as opposed to extreme prohibition, and had not been changed.

Cockran Abhors Word "Prohibition."

W. Bourke Cockran, member of the committee from New York, closed the argument for the liberal enforcement forces. From his remarks it was evident that the plan they had in mind would follow closely that approved by the New York delegation, denouncing the saloon and asking for the right of each State to determine what should constitute "alcoholic liquor" within the limits fixed by Congress.

Mr. Cockran said he was opposed to any attempt to bring back the saloon and that he considered the steady growth of temperance during the last few years to be one of the leading features of American life.

"I have an abhorrence of the word 'prohibition,'" he said. "One of the criticisms against the Germans was the use by the ruling powers of that country of the word 'verboten.' Prohibition assumes that the American people are incapable of self-improvement. Matters affecting the daily life of the citizen should be controlled by the locality in which he lives. It is absurd for the man in Oregon or Texas to say what I shall drink, eat or wear.

Mr. Cockran said that what the liberal enforcement supporters intended to ask for was a plank advocating an amendment to the Volstead act and the fixing by Congress of a certain alcoholic content with permission for each State to fix a lesser content if it so desired.

FILIPINO'S ELOQUENT PLEA.

Melencia Captures Committee by His Arguments for Independence.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 29.—A twenty-six-year-old Filipino, slim and stylishly clad, who looked eighteen as he stood on the platform before the Resolutions Committee this afternoon, his eyes shining like shoe-buttons, his white teeth gleaming, pleaded for the independence of his country, while some of the listeners jumped to their feet and cheered him. Even William Jennings Bryan, with something of a reputation as an orator himself, was so stirred by the young man's speech that he smilingly asserted that he opposed Philippine independence if it was to deprive Democratic national conventions of such representatives from the islands.

Senators, Governors and just plain delegates applauded and shouted when, after the speaker had shown himself to be master of himself and of them, he declared that he was a product of the public schools founded by the United States, with American teachers, in the Philippines, the University of the Philippines and Washington University of this country.

The young man who so appealed to the committee members, fatigued with hours of oratory that they kept asking him questions just for the fun of hearing him talk in an easy, graceful, fluent fashion that became tinged with deep feeling every time he talked of what America had done for his people, was J. F. Melencia, representative of the Philippine Press Bureau in Washington.

For the first time in the history of colonization, he declared, a dependency was asking for freedom, not because it complained of wrongs and abuses, but because its people were able to say with love and gratitude that under America's guidance they had grown to the full stature of national manhood.

The plank which Mr. Melencia offered reads:

"We reaffirm our adherence to the American policy laid down in the Jones law of Aug. 29, 1916. To the everlasting credit of the Democratic Party, it has been productive not only of most cordial relations between Americans and Filipinos, but also of greater contentment, loyalty and prosperity among the people of the Philippines.

"We favor the concession of immediate independence to the Filipinos as the only and logical step remaining in the policy that has always been pursued in the islands, the Filipinos having demonstrated their ability to manage their own affairs and having established a stable Government required by the American people.

"We further favor the continuance of the present friendly trade and protective relations between the United States and the Philippines."

Mr. Melencia, in response to questions, said that his country never wanted to be separated from this country as far as intimately friendly relations went, and that his people had every confidence that Japan did not want to interfere with them, and that they could develop to the point of being able to protect themselves in any event if independence was granted them.

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Mr. Rafferty, Commercial Agent of the Bureau of Commerce and Industry of the Government of the Philippine Islands, said he was for independence for the Filipinos, "because I am a Democrat, an Irishman and a resident of that country who knows its people."

James J. Martinez of Porto Rico said that "that island, while it sympathized with the aspiration of the Philippines, was differently situated itself, and asked only for complete home rule under the American flag, with an elected President."

Felix Cordova took the same position in opposition to National Committeeman Henry W. Dolley of San Juan, who has introduced a plank favoring the traditional form of territorial Government with a view to ultimate Statehood." Mr. Cordova argued that the hope of Statehood was too remote.

Surendra Kar of the Hindustan Gadar party asked the committee to incorporate a plank advocating independence for India after he had said some unkind things about British rule.

Richard Long of Massachusetts wanted a plank calling for a study of dollar inflation and deflation, restoring liberty bonds to par value and spreading the war obligations over a long period of years."

The Woman's International League for Peace and Freedom asked for a plank advocating universal disarmament and opposing armed intervention in Mexico.

FARMERS OFFER PLANKS.

Want Federal Control of Packers and Government Railroad Ownership

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 29.—The farmers had their innings for thirty minutes before the Resolutions Committee at 10 o'clock this morning. Speakers for the American Farm Bureau Federation, the Farmers' National Council, the National Bureau of Farmers' Organizations and others presented a series of planks, of which the following, on which they were in substantial agreement, are typical:

"1. We pledge legislation to protect farmers' co-operative organizations conducted for mutual benefit.

"2. We pledge the strengthening and extension of the Federal farm loan system and legislation to make personal credit as cheap and as available to agriculture as to any other equally respectable and reputable business.

"3. We pledge legislation to establish Federal control of the meat-packing industry, providing for the licensing of the packers, railroad ownership of the principal and necessary stockyards and of all refrigerator cars, and giving by the Federal Government of information as to processes and organization of co-operative and local Government packing plants, slaughter houses and warehouses.

"4. We pledge our support to the Federal Trade Commission and additional legislation to strengthen this most-needed instrumentality of Government to eliminate unfair practices in business.

"5. We pledge Government ownership and democratic operation of the railroads.

"6. We promise to retain the highest rates of taxation levied during the war on estates, incomes, war and excess profits, until the full money cost of the war has been paid, and in addition a levy in tax upon the value of all natural resources speculatively held, and a rapidly progressive tax upon the capital value of all property, with an exemption of $25,000, the proceeds to be applied to the liquidation of the war debt.

"7. We are opposed to the alienation by ruse or patent of any natural resources—coal, iron, copper, zinc, phosphates, potash, water power, timber lands, &c.—still in public ownership and hold this to be developed by the Government for the benefit of the entire people and not for private profit.

"8. We pledge the repeal of all war-time sedition and espionage laws and the restoration to the people of their fundamental rights of free speech, free press and free assemblage.

"9. We pledge that we effectively check and reduce the growth and evils of farm tenancy.

"10. We pledge comprehensive studies of farm production costs, at home and abroad, and the uncensored publication of facts found in such studies.

"11. We are opposed to any form of compulsory military training in time of peace.

"12. We pledge our support to stringent immigration laws and especially oppose the admission of Oriental labor."

George P. Hampton, managing director of the Farmers' National Council, also urged:

That the platform pledge a repeal of the Merchant Marine bill, just passed, and provide for Government ownership and operation through lease or charter of the people's ships, for service and not for private profit.

That the platform include a strong appeal to Governors of States which had not yet ratified the Federal suffrage amendment to call their respective State Legislatures in session immediately to the end that American women might share in the decisions of the 1920 election.

John H. MacSparren of the National Bureau of Farm Organizations defended the farmers from charges of profiteering, in which he said the metropolitan press had been prolific. While the producer was being assailed for getting $2.20 a bushel for his wheat, he said, puffed wheat, "which is nothing more than popped wheat," was bringing $36 a bushel; while the Southern planter was getting 25 cents a pound for his cotton, gingham was costing 75 cents a yard, of which the planter got less than 4 cents, and while the Western wool grower was attacked because he received 65 cents a pound for his wool, cloth made from it was bringing in $23.50 a pound.

Hurley Wants Trusts Further Defined.

At the instance of Edward T. Hurley of Chicago, former Chairman of the United States Shipping Board and former member of the Federal Trade Commission, the Resolutions Committee has been asked to include in the platform a plank favoring legislation that will enable agricultural and industrial trade associations to obtain advice from a Governmental agency as to whether the operations of such combinations are in violation of the anti-trust laws.

The purpose of the plank is to afford the associations in question opportunity to take combined action that will not be contrary to the anti-trust statutes. According to Mr. Hurley and those associated with him, legislation of this character will greatly assist production and trade and will add considerably to the wealth of the United States. The Federal Trade Commission's authority to grant permission to certain organizations to conduct combinations is regarded as entirely inadequate.

Mr. Hurley and his associates submitted to the Resolutions Committee the following suggestion for the proposed plank:

"We indorse and approve vigorous enforcement of the existing anti-trust laws directed against monopolies, restraint of trade and unfair methods of competition, and particularly the Sherman act, the Clayton act and the Federal Trade Commission act.

"However, recognizing the many economic problems that exist in agricultural and industrial production and distribution, we favor the enactment of legislation for the encouragement of agricultural and industrial trade associations to aid in the solution of such problems and permitting the officers of such associations to meet and confer, when desired by them, the advice of some Government agency to the end that the activities of such associations may not be in any respect in contravention of law and providing for making public information relative to the activities of such associations."

Dissatisfied with the action of the Republican National Convention in calling the Governors of Republican States that have not voted on the woman suffrage amendment to the Constitution, Miss Mary G. Kilbreth, President of the National Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage, has come to San Francisco to enlist the aid of the Democratic States. Miss Kilbreth today submitted a memorial to the Resolutions Committee stating the case of her organization and asking that she be heard tomorrow morning. With the memorial she proposed the adoption of these two planks:

"We recognize the right of the people of each State to determine the qualifies of its voters.

"We recommend an amendment to Article V. of the Constitution of the United States providing for submission of all Federal amendments for popular vote in each State for ratification or rejection."

In appearing before the Resolutions Committee, Miss Kilbreth will be supported by Miss Charlotte E. Rowe, chief national campaign speaker for the "anti" organization, and State Senator Arnold C. Frick of Maryland.

Japanese Exclusion Plank Offered.

Senator Phelan of California and V. S. McClatchy of The Sacramento (Cal.) Bee presented to the Resolutions Committee this afternoon a Japanese exclusion plank, which reads as follows:

"In the matter of foreign immigration, we favor the policy of the admission of a limited number of selected individuals from assimilable races whose mental, moral and physical characteristics make them desirable material for American citizenship.

"In harmony with the policy of all free States fronting on the Pacific Ocean, we favor laws providing for the exclusion of non-assimilable peoples and forbidding those already here ownership and control of the soil."

Mr. McClatchy said that Chinese exclusion had resulted in reducing the Chinese population in America one-half in a few years, whereas the Japanese population had multiplied six times in the same period, despite the "gentlemen's agreement" whereby it was sought to control the influx. He warned the committee that with such control of the land as the Japanese were gradually acquiring they soon would work themselves into a position of economic domination.

Senator Phelan gave statistics to show the extent to which the Japanese had got hold of the soil of California, and described the methods by which he said they obtained farms despite State legislation. The Senator admitted, in response to a committeeman's question, that the California Legislature was about to correct legislative mistakes and exercise a greater degree of control of such matters.

He complained of Japanese "control" through colonization, saying that Japanese soon would dominate Hawaii through the votes of children born there. "From being a State problem, he asserted, Japanese penetration had become a national problem, because it threatened international trouble.

Senator Phelan said that California did not wish to offer offense to Japan. He outlined that country's military growth and its main approach to America's western shores through the recent acquisition of island possessions.

"We are ready to deliberate fairly, but without fear," he continued. "We need be subservient to no power, and we must either act now or face a serious crisis later. With us it is a matter of self-preservation."

He said Japan could make no diplomatic answer to such action as he proposed, because she denied land ownership to Americans and he asserted that an exclusion act would not bring on war, since the very realization of the futility of war had led to the methods of peaceful penetration now being pursued by the Japanese. The Senator was applauded warmly by the committee and the spectators.

Captain James E. Smith of St. Louis asked for a plank condemning the Republicans for failure to recognize in any way the rapid development of barge transportation on our inland waterways, which development is the result of the constructive policies of the Democratic Administration," and pledging the party to further inland waterway development.

Anti-suffragists waited vainly till the committee adjourned the public hearing just before 7 o'clock tonight in the hope of getting in a further word against a suffrage ratification plank, and suffragists waited with them, determined to have the last word if the "antis" were heard. The calendar was full, however, the "antis" contented themselves with sending the committeemen literature charging that the suffrage lobby is self-indicted, and that the pressure for the Susan B. Anthony amendment could be explained by the existence of a card index behind the Federal suffrage stampede.

IRISH PLANK ROW DISRUPTS HEARING

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

people of a nation, as in Ireland, have by free vote of the people set up a republic and chosen a Government to which they yield willing obedience. Therefore we pledge our party to the policy of according to the elected Government of the Republic of Ireland full, formal and official recognition by the Government of the United States, thus vindicating the principle for which our soldiers offered up their lives."

Denies War Would Result.

Mr. Walsh characterized as untrue the statement that recognition of the Irish Republic by the United States would be a cause for war with England. It had been the policy of this country for 125 years, he said, to recognize Governments established by peoples struggling for their independence. In support of this he cited the recognition of the independence of Greece, Hungary, Colombia, Brazil, Venezuela, Uruguay, Ecuador, Paraguay, the Central American States and the Republic of Texas.

State Senator James D. Phelan of California said the Irish republic was in the same situation as the United States when government was established here after severance from Great Britain, and that there were the same Tories then as now, to depreciate anything that might give offense to the ruling power of England.

"I believe the majority of the people of England, Scotland and Wales sympathize with the aspirations of the Irish for independence," he said. "I am for appealing not to the Tory Government of England but to the people of Great Britain."

Congressman Tom Connally said he did not believe the proposed plank would be a proper expression for the convention.

Hisses for Unhyphenated Declaration.

"If Great Britain should declare for the independence of the Philippines or recognize the independence of Porto Rico, we should properly resent it as an insult," he said.

"I am an American, although my ancestors were of Irish blood. I am not an Irish-American. I'm simply an American."

This brought hisses and expressions of derision, and Mr. Connally continued:

"I am against any kind of hyphenated Irish, German or British. I stand for Americanism. The United States has no concern with questions that arise within the British Republic."

"What do you mean, the British Republic?" called a voice.

"The British Empire," Congressman Connally corrected.

When Senator Lloyd, introduced as President of the Loyal Coalition, attempted to speak, a voice called:

"Loyal to whom?"

Senator Thomas J. Walsh of Montana, asked Mr. Lloyd the significance of the word "loyal" in the name of his organization.

Mr. Lloyd replied that it was an organization of citizens, formed to protest against hyphenated groups in the country which by their actions threatened to embroil the United States with friendly nations, particularly Great Britain.

"The campaign for a free Ireland is carried on by means of threats," he said. "Statesmen and newspaper men are afraid to oppose the movement because of the cajolery with which it is carried out."

The use of the word "cajolery" caused great amusement, and Mr. Lloyd was asked to define what he meant. He protested against the interruption and said that no heckling of speakers had taken place during the prohibition hearing.

He had four reasons why the plank should not be adopted, which he stated as follows:

"The Sinn Fein movement does not deserve the support of the American Government. It is a domestic question within the British Empire. It is inconsistent with American policy to favor such propaganda or even to permit it to go on.

"It presents a danger of the disruption of the friendly relations between Great Britain and the United States.

"The Sinn Fein movement, while professing to be a movement for freedom, Mr. Lloyd said, was in the hands of leaders who would deny freedom to others.

"It would deny self-determination to the people of Ulster, who would rather die that submit to the domination of the West and South of Ireland," he said.

"That's a lie," came a voice from the spectators.

"The people who are now loudly invoking the name of freedom are enemies of freedom," Mr. Lloyd continued. "The British Government has been very patient while offensive resolutions were being passed by State and City Governments in this country. This cannot go on. If it does, war is certain to result."

The Irish plank will receive consideration of the committee in secret session. It was said to be likely that she would be adopted, although it might not go to the extent of declaring for official recognition of the Irish Republic by the United States Government as asked and almost demanded by Mr. Walsh.

Irish Hopes with Third Party.

The fact is that the hope of the Irish who have worked for a platform recognizing their so-called republic rests now with the third party which will be organized in Chicago at the convention beginning July 10, as there is apparently no prospect of the Democratic Convention adopting a "recognition without intervention" plank.

Even those members of the Resolutions Committee who have talked most for Irish freedom in the past, and some have made a good part of their careers on that issue, are not prepared, so far as can be learned tonight, to support the De Valera program.

The third party, however, is likely to take the De Valera plank. So far as can be judged from the State conventions of the various organizations out of which the new party is to be formed, the principle on which that body's platform will be based is the incorporation of all ideas that are presented to it. Moreover, the third party plank is more likely to be impressed by the arguments in which the movement for "recognition without intervention" rests than are the Democrats. The precedents relied on in the statement that this is "America's traditional policy" deal with the recognition of Spanish-American republics during and after their revolt from Spain. In the case of these States, however, it is pointed out that the mother country did not formally recognize their independence until many years of fighting in the struggle for liberation was over, and that recognition on our part involved no danger of war with Spain, nor did it strain relations with a country which we had a strong interest in keeping on good terms with.

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Permanent Chairman Assails Republican Record

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Assails Chicago Declarations as Containing Straddles—Defends War Record.

COUNTS WOMEN FOR LEAGUE

Congress Attacked as Failing to Curb Profiteers or Lighten Taxes.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 29.—Following is the speech made today by Senator Joseph T. Robinson of Arkansas in becoming permanent Chairman of the Democratic National Convention:

In acknowledging a debt of gratitude for the honor accorded me I cannot but admit that the only qualifications I claim for the important service which by your favor devolves upon me are sincere devotion to the country's welfare and earnest desire to advance the interests of our party.

Tested by every standard which voters usually apply, the Democratic Party is entitled to victory in the coming campaign. Comparison of the Democratic and Republican records both as to laws enacted and administrative achievements, contrasts of political policies and of party leadership justifies the belief that the Republican Party will be driven from power in both branches of Congress, and that complete control of the Government will be restored to the Democratic Party in the November elections, because that party has earned the public confidence.

Let me epitomize my estimate of the Republican platform in Chicago. It is an amazing jumble of ambiguities, inconsistencies, evasions, misrepresentations, "straddles" and "slanders."

Says Republicans Failed to Prepare.

It is deliberately unfair in that it charges upon the Democratic administration all responsibility for military unpreparedness. Every one knows that the Republican Party controlled the Government for a long period prior to the inauguration of President Wilson excepting a short time when the Democrats were in the majority in one branch of Congress.

When the Democratic Party went into power March 4, 1913, both the army and the navy were far below the authorized number. Little was being done to build up an aerial or sub-sea service; no magazine at any coast defense in the United States had sufficient munitions for more than a single hour of firing.

With the outbreak of the war in Europe this country adopted a policy of neutrality. That policy met with almost universal approval. It was inconsistent with conduct indicative of a purpose to engage in the war. Nevertheless enlistments were stimulated, munitions were accumulated, and the National Defense act, authorizing material increases in both the military and naval establishments, was passed in 1916.

Nothing in history is more glorious than the promptness exhibited by our Government in organization, equipping and transporting the men, in splendid record-breaking time of an army which turned the tide of the conflict and secured the victory of the Allies. If criticism of the pre-war national policy as to military preparedness is justified, the censure must fall upon the Republican Party. That party cannot escape the consequences of its own course or win favor by falsifying the well-known facts of history.

Denies Congress Used Economy.

The Republican Congress which recently adjourned boasted of a policy of economy because the appropriations were less in amount than the estimates. The absurdity of this boast is disclosed by the fact that $1,000,000,000 in excess of the amount appropriated by the Democratic Congress in 1916 has been voted for the coming fiscal year. This does not include emergency of war expenditures, and embraces only applications for the ordinary activities of the Government.

In addition to this, many manifestly needed sums have been withheld to make a show of economy. These amounts aggregate hundreds of millions and must be provided for in deficiency appropriation bills.

The plank in the Republican platform respecting taxation is manifestly insincere. While criticising the Democratic Administration for its fiscal policy, it is frankly admitted that an early reduction of taxes is not to be expected. Republicans in Congress opposed the provision in the revenue act, proposed last year by the Democrats, reducing Federal taxes one-third for 1921. They promise no substantial relief from the exacting tax burdens necessarily imposed during the war. There are many vexatious taxes that should be repealed now that the war is over.

The Chicago platform frankly abandons the tariff question as an issue. That platform embraces no more amusing pleasantry than the admission that there is neither necessity nor justification for revision of the tariff. For fear, however, that the plutocratic beneficiaries of protection may become indifferent to Republican success and forget or refuse to make campaign contributions, the platform reaffirms adherence to the policy of tariff protection.

Calls Profiteering Plank "Joke."

The big joke in that amazing document is the plank in the Republican platform concerning profiteering. "We condemn the Democratic Administration for failure impartially to enforce the anti-profiteering laws enacted by the Republican Party."

Who will be deceived by this absurd pretense? The Republican Congress enacted no anti-profiteering laws. The amendment to the Food Control act were suggested by the President and supported by the Democrats in Congress. The President recommended four additional measures to prevent and penalize profiteering:

1. Regulation of cold storage.
2. Legislation requiring commodities which are the subject of profiteering and which enter interstate commerce to be marked with the price at which they left the manufacturer or producer.
3. Federal licenses for corporations engaged in interstate commerce.
4. The prevention of fraudulent stock speculation.

All of these measures were pigeonholed. Nothing was proposed by the Republicans in place of them. Is the Democratic Administration to be denounced for failing to enforce measures which the Republicans refused to pass?

Insists on a Frank Platform.

It is not conceivable that the Committee on Platform and Resolutions will follow the example of the Republican committee at Chicago and bring in a report which, on its face, is dishonest and unfair. But, if it should do so, if it equivocates as to the main issues, the convention ought to reject the report and demand that the committee deal frankly with every issue which it chooses to advance.

The Republicans boast in their platform of generosity toward disabled sailors and soldiers, but promise no legislation in behalf of service men. It is not mere gratuity, as their Chicago platform impliedly declared, to make provision for those who have been disabled in our military or naval service. It is but the recognition of an obligation—the highest obligation that devolves on this Government. Any party which treats such legislation as benevolence occupies a viewpoint inexplicable to those who so loyally upheld the flag in the recent war.

Perhaps the most significant omission from the Republican platform is in respect to the excessive use of money in Federal elections. To avert nation-wide scandal the Republicans at Chicago rejected both General Wood and Governor Lowden, whose supporters had made such reckless use of money in the primaries and convention as to make either of them susceptible to attack if nominated.

In spite of the general indignation aroused by the expenditure of more than $1,500,000 in behalf of General Wood and almost $1,000,000 in behalf of Governor Lowden and the nomination of a dark horse as the result, no mention of the subject is found in the Chicago platform. It may be that the plutocratic influences thwarted in securing their first choice may not find the Republican nominee of such doubtful disposition toward their interests as to justify them in withholding contributions to the Republican campaign fund. The November elections, however, will demonstrate the fact that the Presidency cannot be auctioned.

The Chicago platform declaration relating to law enforcement is too general to be of value. No self-respecting citizen or political party would dare subscribe to the contrary doctrine. Does any one think that the Corrupt Practices act would be enforced because of that declaration should the country suffer the misfortune to pass under Republican control?

Draws Contrast to Spanish War.

The 1918 election gave the Republicans control of both branches of Congress. They immediately entered upon a policy of investigating every department of the Government for the purpose of making political capital. Approximately 100 investigations were ordered. The result has been a vindication of the honesty and efficiency of the Democratic Administration. Mistakes have been disclosed, unwise expenditures have been brought to light, but no instance of dishonesty chargeable to Democratic control has been discovered. Considering the numerous activities of the Government during the war and the necessity for haste the result is highly gratifying.

Compared with the conduct of the Spanish-American War, under Republican rule, the record is glorious. In the latter case the army was comparatively small and the responsibilities of the Quartermaster Service and the Medical Corps were correspondingly inconsiderable. Who does not blush, even at this distant day, when he remembers the scandals resulting from inadequate, corrupt and inefficient Quartermaster and Medical Service in that war? To the end of time Americans will be ashamed of the unwholesome food served to our soldiers. Mark the contrast, then, in the war just closed. Our army was increased within a few months from 202,000 officers and men to more than 4,000,000. Half of this latter number were transported to the front. The entire military organization, both at home and abroad, was well provided for as to food, clothing and medical service.

In August, 1918, Senator Penrose attacked the conduct of the navy on the floor of the Senate. After the close of the war Admiral Sims repeated that attack. A Senatorial committee investigated the charges of inefficiency and mismanagement. The result is that, in spite of partisanship, repeatedly displayed by Republican members of the committee during the investigation, the honor of the navy has been sustained.

Our navy performed an indispensable part in the conduct of the war. It joined with the British and French Navies in combating the lawless submarine warfare carried on by Germany on the Atlantic and Mediterranean. It transported and convoyed safely troops and supply ships and maintained the exalted standards of courage and heroism that have characterized the personnel of our navy since the days of John Paul Jones.

The attack on the navy was made for political purposes. In spite of partisan criticism, the plain people will attest their contempt for all who would dishonor our flag in order to secure political advantage.

Democratic Legislative Record.

I shall not recount in detail the splendid legislative achievements of the Wilson Administrations. They had been clearly set forth in the able address of the temporary Chairman.

The Federal Reserve act, establishing our national financial system upon a sound and permanent basis, is now regarded as the most important act of Congress passed since the civil war.

The Farm Loan act, the Federal good roads law, the Income Tax act, the Tariff Commission, the establishment of the parcel post and the postal savings system, the vocational education law, the Agricultural Extension act, the employes' compensation law and the various eight-hour day measures passed for the improvement of working conditions among laborers are but a few of the evidences of permanent benefits which our party has secured to the public.

It has been said that partisanship ceases at the water's edge. The political record of the last few months belies this declaration. The Republican Party in the Senate and in its recent convention has repeatedly denounced the President for his foreign policy. They present to the world the humiliating spectacle of discordant and conflicting factions seeking to discredit the President in his efforts to maintain the respect and confidence of our allies.

The Chicago platform declares that the policy of the Wilson Administration toward Mexico is responsible for the loss of lives and property resulting to American citizens in Mexico. Nevertheless, the provisions of that platform regarding Mexico are ambiguous and indefinite. It is not to be expected that a mere declaration in favor of law and order in Mexico by a political party of the United States will accomplish that result.

Does the plank in the Republican platform on Mexico mean that if lives and property of American citizens are in danger this Government will declare war on Mexico and establish a protectorate? Why was the convention not frank enough to announce a definite policy? Why was its meaning concealed?

Armenia and Mexico.

The President is condemned for asking authority of Congress to exercise a mandate for Armenia. It has never been contemplated by any one that the United States should assume that responsibility without first prescribing the terms and conditions of the mandate. As friendly to the cause of the Allies the Armenians are entitled to administrative assistance and advice.

It would not be difficult for the United States so to safeguard its responsibilities as to proceed with the united support of England, France, Italy and Japan as well as every other member of the League. The mandate may readily be made self-sustaining. Why, then, should the President's request be treated as audacious?

Throughout the Christian area, the Armenians have suffered persecution on account of their religion. They have been brutally plundered and murdered or deported into foreign lands. With fortitude unequaled by any other people known to history, they have uplifted the cross in the heart of Mohammedan civilization and have professed and practiced the religion of Christ. In the last war they fought under their own flag and in the armies of England, France and Italy against the Turk and German for the preservation of Christian civilization. The only reward they ask is protection against the savage cruelty of the Turk.

The Armenians want our help; the Mexicans do not trust us. The Republican Party would deny any encouragement or assistance to Armenia and would force a protectorate on Mexico.

They are deaf to the appeal of the oppressed, but as always they are sensitive to the call of wealth. They are unwilling to incur expense or danger to protect millions of God-fearing Christians from massacre, but they are anxious to invade a foreign land for the protection of property rights.

Defends League Article X.

Great Republican leaders, including Mr. Lodge and Mr. Roosevelt, in public addresses prior to the war, championed the establishment of a League of Nations. They anticipated and answered with irresistible logic the various arguments now advanced against the League. In December, 1918, Senator Lodge said: "We cannot make peace in the ordinary way. We cannot in the first place make peace except in company with our allies. It would brand us with everlasting dishonor and bring ruin to us also if we endeavor to make a separate peace."

Yet Senator Lodge recently led the Republicans in the Senate to the adoption of a resolution declaring for a separate peace with Germany.

When the President submitted to the Senate the treaty of peace embodying the League of Nations, three factions appeared in the Senate in opposition. The "mild reservationists" wanted to remove all possible uncertainty respecting some of the provisions. The "strong reservationists" were unwilling to bind the United States to a number of the most important undertakings. The irreconcilables of the majority were opposed to the adoption of the Lodge reservations which nullified some of the most important features of the League, particularly Article X.

The Democrats in the Senate went a long way to compromise. Some Democratic Senators voted to ratify with the Lodge reservations because they believed ratification without them impossible. Many of us, however, were unwilling to accept the reservations, for two principal reasons:

First, because we believed that they cut the heart out of the League covenant and made probable the failure of the very purpose for which the League is designed, the preservation of peace and the prevention of wars for conquest.

All friends of the League regard Article X. as providing the most important and effective method of preventing future wars. Senator Lodge repeatedly stated that the express purpose of his reservation to Article X. was to nullify that article.

The plan for the arbitration of all justiciable questions and for investigation by the Council of the League of all other disputes likely to result in war between nations; the agreement to reduce armament to the standard prescribed in the treaty and the commercial boycott are all vital means for minimizing the probability of war, but to be effective they must be invoked or applied in recognition of the fundamental obligation in Article X., which binds the members of the League to both respect and preserve as against external aggression the territorial integrity and political independence of all States members of the League.

Says Sovereignty Is Not Impaired.

Thus it is clear that Article X outlaws wars for conquest and unites the moral and military strength of all nations against any State threatening to invade and overrun another. Article X. does not impair the sovereignty of the United States. On the contrary, it contemplates the exercise of that sovereignty to prevent needless wars and to preserve peace.

The treaty-making power in notable instances has heretofore contracted for the Government to make war or to refrain from it. It has contracted to establish a limitation upon armament. Such contracts can only be carried out by Congress, but the same is true of any other contract which the treaty-making power may enter into, such as, for instance, the payment of money to a foreign nation.

There is no objection to a reservation recognizing the sole power of Congress under the Constitution to provide armies and navies and to declare war. But many who believe in the League are unwilling to restrict the exercise of the contractual capacity of this Government to assist in reducing armament and in preserving peace by treaty agreements with other nations.

The plain fact is that the enemies of the League dictated the policy of the majority in the Senate and controlled the platform declaration at Chicago. While the League plank in the Chicago platform is full of ambiguities, it is an indorsement of the position of the irreconcilables and a repudiation of the Lodge reservations. The League plank is not frank. The convention should have displayed the courage, clearly to declare its policy, but the Chicago convention was frank on only one subject, namely, in singing a hymn of hate of the President.

Fears Relapse in Europe.

The chief issue is whether the United States shall contract with other nations to prevent unnecessary wars; whether the waste and sacrifices of unjustifiable conflicts shall be superseded by orderly tribunals for the settlement of disputes among nations.

If the Republicans win, the small nations which obtained their independence through association in the war with the Allies will be overcome by their recent enemies and Europe quickly will collapse into its pre-war condition of oppression and threatened anarchy. Armenia again will be overrun by the Turks. The Cross will be trampled in the dust and the Crescent will be permanently uplifted above the ruins of the only Christian civilization which has endured through all the centuries since Christ.

Our country will incur the distrust and contempt of her former allies and our people will earn a reputation for selfishness and irresponsibility which will require centuries to counteract. More than all this, the sacrifices of the war will prove worse than useless.

Shall this be permitted? Ask the mothers who gave their sons to fight for civilization on the far-stretched battle front in France whether the dead buried beneath the crosses there have fallen in vain. Ask the heroes who staggered back from the front wounded, blinded, broken. Ask Almighty God if mankind must forever live in the menace of catastrophes like that through which the world so recently has passed.

If the war ends in the Allies going their separate ways without substituting justice for force in the settlement of international disputes, the generations to come will be born to a heritage of wastefulness and bloodshed. The world wants and must have some substantial advance, some compensation for what is lost and suffered in the war.

Influences for Peace.

If the delegates in this convention do their duty as our soldiers have done theirs, the voters of the nation will not fail them. If we make this issue boldly we will win. Do you imagine that the men who experienced service in the muddy, blood-soaked ditches of far away France; will they who faced poison gas and liquid fire and all the deadly agencies of wrath; will they who advanced to glorious victory through untold dangers vote to perpetuate the system which caused their miseries? Will the women of America, who gave their men to our uniform prove indifferent to the cause of forever rendering impossible the recurrence of such a struggle as the war just ended?

It is profoundly significant that the movements for woman suffrage and for the prevention of needless wars proceed simultaneously. The immediate ratification of the equal suffrage amendment will assure victory for the Democratic Party on a platform favoring the ratification of the treaty without destructive reservations. The women of America stand for peace and against war. Let this convention declare for the prompt ratification of the Nineteenth Amendment and let some Democratic State, the first that has the opportunity, seal the political emancipation of American women and by the same just act make certain Democratic victory.

Never before has a nation-wide political battle been waged in the cause of international justice, humanity and peace. The opposition has taken low and untenable ground. Let the Democratic Party occupy the heights. Never again will any great political party in America openly invite disaster by trifling with great problems.

HITCHCOCK PRAISES SPEECH

Cummings's Keynote Effort Is "Challenge to Battle," He Says.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—"A challenge to battle" is what Senator Hitchcock of Nebraska, former Administration leader in the Senate, today called the keynote speech made at San Francisco by Homer S. Cummings, Chairman of the National Democratic Committee. Senator Hitchcock contrasted Mr. Cummings's speech with the "compromise and cowardice" which he said characterized the beginning of the Republican campaign, as shown by the action of the Chicago convention. The Senator also said he believed that the speech would mark the turning point in the popular prejudice which antagonists have been creating against President Wilson.

"The speech of Chairman Cummings was a masterly effort," said Senator Hitchcock. "It settles definitely what is to be the paramount issue of this campaign even before the platform is written. It demonstrates that so far as the Democrats are concerned the campaign is to be an offensive and not a defensive one.

"It is a challenge to battle and arouses at once enthusiasm and confidence in Democratic ranks. It makes a strong appeal to the independent voter of the country who is so disgusted with the compromise and cowardice that marked the start of the Republican campaign at Chicago.

"There is another feature, however, which makes Mr. Cummings's speech an event in political history. It marks the turn in public sentiment. For many months partisan prejudice and organized malice have sought to destroy President Wilson as a political power. Everything has been done to array popular feeling and prejudice against him. Discontent has been mobilized by the President's political enemies and every circumstance has been used to arouse popular feeling against him. The conspiracy has met with some success. The tide of public sentiment during the months of his affliction has been running against us, but it has reached its maximum and the turn is at hand.

"I believe the great convention at San Francisco has marked the turning of the tide and that the notable speech of Chairman Cummings has signalized the very hour. From now on we shall see a wave of public opinion gathering force as it goes, powerful enough to engulf those reactionaries who are responsible for the defeat of the treaty of peace."

POLITICS WITH BREAKFAST.

Women Delegates Originate New Convention Custom.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 29.—Convention breakfasts are among the novelties of the convention season. They originated with the women. Not many men attend. An invited man or two make speeches, not because they like it, but because they can't get out of it. At this morning's breakfast in the Palace Hotel the headliner was A. Mitchell Palmer, Presidential aspirant and United States Attorney General. He began by saying:

"I've been to every Democratic National Convention since I was old enough to vote, but this is the first breakfast speech I ever made."

He looked sleepy, undoubtedly was sleepy. All delegates, especially those who want to be President or help some one else in that direction, had been sitting up most of the night, conferring, scheming, trying to find some way of giving a knock-out blow to the McAdoo boom.

Mr. Palmer didn't talk long. He said the most surprising experience he had had recently was the reading of the Republican platform. He observed that not once in the document was the great war mentioned except for a few references to the Democratic Administration's unpreparedness.

"And yet," he continued, "that war was fought to the most wonderful victory in history. The silence of the Republicans on the war was a sign of omission," he said, "comparable to their many sins of commission. Incidentally," he added, "their convention had not once made mention of 'Black Jack' Pershing, either in speeches or platform. The war and it's chief hero seemed to have been forgotten."

Mrs. George Bass, National Committeewoman from Illinois, came next. "The day for frazzled nerves at conventions had passed," she said, "and the women had no intention of starting their serious work after a sleepless night. They had organized the breakfasts in line with this attitude." She, too, paid her compliments to the Republicans, saying that Senator Harding's nomination had been fixed up in a back room conference at Washington six months before the Chicago balloting. It would be different in San Francisco.

"Not a human being in this city," she said, "knows what will happen here." Despite the published innuendos that the wheels were being greased for one of the candidates, it was her opinion that nobody behind the scenes had power enough to make this Democratic Convention in nominations. The women in the delegations, along with the men, would see to it that the voting resulted in a fair, free choice of the candidate.

ASSAIL W. J. BRYAN.

Self-Determination League Officials Indorse New York Delegation.

The following telegram was sent to Governor Smith yesterday by the Executive Committee of the Self-Determination League of Liberty:

"New York, June 29, 1920.

"Governor Alfred E. Smith, Chairman New York delegation, San Francisco, Cal.:

"We, the undersigned, members of the Executive Committee of the Self-Determination League of Liberty, which is composed of voters of both sexes, embracing nearly every State in the Union, take pleasure in indorsing, without regard to party affiliation, the position taken by the New York delegation relative to the Volstead enforcement law, as follows:

"We heartily favor the abolition of the saloon and we are unalterably opposed to any attempt to revive it in the interest of personal liberty and of conserving the rights of States. We favor legislation by Congress allowing the manufacture and sale for home consumption of light wines and beers, reserving to the various states power to fix any lower alcoholic content thereof that may be demanded by the opinion of each locality.

"At the same time, permit us to say that we cannot too strongly condemn the attitude of William Jennings Bryan, the paid agent of the Anti-Saloon League, for his undemocratic unAmerican and destructive policy, who can be fitly described as the Prince of Peace and the Prince of Slackers; the man who deserted his post in the face of the enemy; the man who prostituted his high office that he might put money in his purse; the man who would have basely brought shame and discredit on our country when we were in the throes of the most brutal war in the history of the world; the man who today fondly strokes the dross of gold with one hand while he crushes the cross of thorns upon the brow of labor with the other. That a man with such a reputation should be allowed to have anything to say in regard to our national affairs is inconceivable, a dishonor and a disgrace to the fair name of our country."

"DANIEL ROBERTSON BROWN,
"Chairman Executive Committee,
"New York City.
"H. M. F. RANDOLPH, Brooklyn.
"FRANK BUNDSCHU, Staten Island.
"BERNARD B. DORF, Arverne, L. I.
"THOMAS A. BRADY, Newark, N. J.
"JOHN W. KERN, Paterson, N. J.
"G. P. SEELEY, New York City."

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Smart plain or pleated effects, in novelty satins, crepe de chine and fashionable wool fabrics.

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SMART SPORT COATS Formerly to $125 at $35—$45
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SHEER SUMMER BLOUSES Formerly to $25 $10—$15
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STREET AND SPORT HATS Formerly to $35 $15—$20—$25

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Reed Ousted and Palmer Gains Votes in Committee

ILLUSIONS LOST IN SAN FRANCISCO

Maine Delegate Wonders If He's an Untrammeled President-Maker or Not.

DISGUSTED "NATIVE SONS"

San Franciscans Find the Gathering of Political Information Harder Than They Expected.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 29.—"I came all the way out to the coast," complained a Democratic delegate from Maine tonight, "not so much because I wanted to be in this show, but because I do like to know what's going on before I read it in the newspapers, and, now that I'm here, I don't know any more than if I'd stayed home.

"I understand that we're entirely free and untrammeled, and in the next breath that we're being run over by a steam roller electrically operated from the White House that is a triumph of modern communication, even if it is not popular, representative government.

"Yes, I know I'm getting a little mixed, and that you communicate through a telephone and not a steam roller. But what makes me mad is that it looks to me, no matter what we do, we're going to have to wear the tag of being the tools of the boss king-maker down in the White House. That is all right as far as it goes, and I don't know that I can stand having the boys back home asking me what it felt like to take orders from the President. But suppose just about the time I get to standing up and saying I did just like Woodrow asked me to, because I didn't like to refuse his commands—now, just suppose the time I'm doing that some jealous fellow ups and asks me to show my orders, or did the President's voice sound weak-like when I talked to him over the telephone, what am I going to say about it?

"This Crown Prince stuff has got me going, too. I don't know that I'm for Mr. McAdoo, and I don't know that I ain't. It may be that I'll vote for him, unless somebody lets me into the inside of this thing pretty soon. If I vote for him, and he's nominated, I'm afraid I'm going back home and won't know whether I helped force the nomination on one of the most modest and retiring men I ever heard about, or whether I was just a pawn in a great big chess game.

"There's another thing I'm afraid the boys are going to ask me about when I get back—did I vote for McAdoo because he was the Crown Prince, or the Crown Prince, as the enemy calls him, and the President wouldn't take any one else, or did I vote for him in spite of Woodrow and himself, and everybody being against him and just because he was the most shining light in the whole party, and all those things they're going to say tomorrow in nominating speeches?"

Disappointed San Franciscans.

If the anonymous gentleman from Maine, who at least was sufficiently far enough "inside" to get within the four walls of the Auditorium and occupy a reserved chair right in front of the platform, with one of the megaphone horns pointing straight at him, is a little puzzled and disappointed, picture the sentiment of eager, inquisitive San Francisco. This town, it would seem, figured that with a national party convention for the first time going on in its very midst, it would be sitting up late nights, writing to friends and relatives back East giving them all the inside information on what Senators and Cabinet officers and State bosses and the prize emanation from the River Platte region and everybody else might be doing and saying.

Imagine coming all the way over from Berkeley, or hurrying from Nob Hill, where the regular people live, and wedging your way into the lobby crowds expecting at least to see some of the big men you've read about as long as you can remember, and then finding that you are pushing and jamming with nobody in the world but your next door neighbor, and that you and he and all the local world are engaged in the feverish hunt for celebrities. Of course it is all right to have these people like San Francisco and to have them want to see everything worth looking at in this vicinity, but should not they realize that the star actors in a big show instead of rushing off to play the minute the convention adjourns?

Besides, is it fair for the Sub-committee on Resolutions and all the important people who are meeting here and there to put a couple of big, husky Sergeants at Arms at the door and shoo everybody away?

Nor is there very much satisfaction in getting into conversation with some fellow in the lobby and asking him what is really going on and feeling that at least you are getting close to the real thing, and then finding out that he is a Pattikman come into town to see the fun, or an importer from the Orient here to buy goods.

All that wouldn't be so bad if the candidates would just whoop things up a little. But now the "Mac'll do" hat bands have come to be an old story, and one woman complained, "They have not even got any colored feathers like General Wood had in Chicago." The Cox people, tireless paraders for the first day or so, and picturesque with their red, white and blue hat bands, their beige coats and their duck trousers, seem to have about decided there's no use wandering about the streets, two abreast, looking for the nomination.

Though it seemed there wasn't going to be a single parade to enliven things, but finally the Palmer people got hold of a band and started out, every man with a pennant thrust over each shoulder, a few carrying little American flags to help the picture.

They didn't go very far and they didn't muster a great crowd. Even the small boy was fickle, for just as the head of the column reached Market street the fire engines came along, with earthly racket. Small boy took one look, sized up the straggling Palmer column, and decided in favor of the fire.

With all this discouragement, with all the absence of the carnival effects its citizens seem to have anticipated, San Francisco is a resourceful city, and quite willing to furnish its own fun. If some one would just tell it who is going to be nominated it could and no doubt would furnish its own parades and things. But here comes in the blighting fear of celebrating for the wrong man. Some young people last night got hold enough to stage a McAdoo celebration and went snake dancing through the lobbies singing "McAdoo'll do." At the same moment, despite the apparent boldlessness of the McAdoo campaign, McAdoo badges and pennants appeared everywhere, mostly on coats and in the hands of the local youth. It was largely because they just couldn't wait any longer, it must be admitted, but just the same giving the impression to those who circulated about the principal hotels that the "Crown Prince" movement had been suddenly and miraculously popularized.

But now there has been the inevitable reaction and the whisper that it is not going to be, after all, has gone around once more. So some of the outsiders are clinging to their hastily donned badges out of sheer bravado, and others have quietly taken them off until they see which way the cat jumps.

Not that the town crowds are "off" McAdoo; it's just that they don't want to be taken in, and until they are pretty sure who's going to win out in the balloting it looks right now as if they were not going to whoop it up for any one.

KEYNOTER SHOUTED DOWN.

Republican Harmony Cheered at Ohio State Convention.

Special to The New York Times.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, June 29.—The keynote speech of A. Romulus Johnson of Ironton, Temporary Chairman of the Ohio State Republican Convention which opened here this afternoon, brought not half the applause that harmony speeches made by Harry M. Daugherty, pre-convention manager for Senator Harding, and William M. Boyd, a Wood delegate from Ohio, did a few minutes later. Johnson's speech was cut short at several points when the clamor of the delegates began to drown it out, and finally was stopped entirely a few minutes before it was scheduled to come to an end. His address in the main was an attack on the Administration of President Wilson.

The addresses by Daugherty and Boyd were part of the harmony program that has been agreed upon. Boyd, the Wood delegate at large from Ohio, who defeated Daugherty, Senator Harding's candidate for that position in the April primaries, and Daugherty made earnest pleas for harmony and shook hands on the stage after both had pledged themselves to support the nominee to the utmost.

Both Boyd and Daugherty are being slated for electors at large who are to be chosen tomorrow to further the harmony program. But Daugherty has indicated his unwillingness to accept the place because of the demands being made upon him in the arrangements for Senator Harding's notification and home-coming at Marion.

Telegrams of congratulation were sent to both Senator Harding and Governor Coolidge by the convention.

Urge Doheny for Vice President.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 29.—A new contender for Vice Presidential honors entered the field today in the person of E. L. Doheny of California, oil operator. Friends of Franklin K. Lane, ex-Secretary of the Interior, now associated with Mr. Doheny in oil enterprises, began an active campaign for Doheny's selection, and Isadore Dockweiler, Democratic National Committeeman from California, was connected with the movement. Support for Doheny was claimed from California, North Carolina and Oklahoma at the start.

FIGHTS FOR CITY PAY RISE.

Collins Threatens to Keep Aldermen in Session All Summer.

Alderman William T. Collins, leader of the Democratic majority in the Board of Aldermen, declared yesterday that he would hold the board in session all Summer, if necessary, to pass upon the salary increases for city employes to be provided for by a $5,000,000 revenue bond issue. "I am not predicting that the 20 per cent. increase will be adopted, but we do have to decide relative to grades and we can pass the increases through that method," he said.

The resolutions fixing the different grades so as to conform with the salary increase will be referred to the Committee on Salary and Grades. If the resolutions are introduced next week the reports may be ready July 13. If there is a fight in the board the report of the committee may be held up indefinitely. Fifty-five votes are required to pass a resolution for special revenue bonds. The Democrats have forty-one votes, and the four Socialists probably will vote with them. Four Democrats are now in San Francisco, so at least fourteen Republican votes should be required to pass the bond issue.

The board yesterday voted down a resolution introduced by President La Guardia authorizing an issue of $300,000 revenue bonds for the purchase of electric surface cars, to be operated by the city in case of emergency. The resolution was defeated, 51 to 14.

President La Guardia said the traction interests were fighting his resolution. "Their plan is to get the fuses off the streets, and they will next cut down the service and then take some of the feeder lines off so as to get an increased fare," he said. "It is not a question of municipal ownership of traction companies. It is a question of the traction ownership of the municipality."

STARVES WITH FOOD NEAR.

Woman Dies Soon After Being Taken to Bellevue Hospital.

A woman describing herself as Mary Ryan, 28 years old, who lived in the furnished room house of Mrs. Adele Lucas at 370 Lexington Avenue, died in Bellevue Hospital last night. She was taken to the hospital during the day by Dr. Stone, who said, despite the presence of food in her room, that she was suffering from starvation.

Mrs. Lucas said she heard moans from the woman's room, the door of which was locked. She forced the door and found the woman lying in bed, and when her questions as to what was the trouble brought no replies she sent in a call for an ambulance.

The hospital physicians were unable to determine what caused Mrs. Ryan's death, and an autopsy will be performed today by Dr. Benjamin Schwartz, Assistant Medical Examiner.

Mrs. Lucas told Patrolman Henry Quick she had not seen Mrs. Ryan for two weeks. The doctors believe the woman was taken ill in her rooms and, while she had food, was unable to prepare it.

POLICE GUARD SMITH HOME.

President of N. Y. Central Asked Protection Against Thieves.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., June 29.—In connection with rumors that a cordon of troops from Company K of the State Police are guarding the home of A. H. Smith, President of the New York Central Railroad Company, at Chappaqua, it was learned this afternoon that Mr. Smith, through Superintendent Van Tassell of White Plains, had asked that two men be sent to look over his residence in view of the fact that several petty larcenies had been committed in the garage and outhouses in the last few days.

The troopers reported no one about and have been asked by Mr. Smith to drop in at his residence on their regular patrol daily, more for the moral effect of the uniform than in hope of actually finding any suspicious character about the grounds.

SUES GALLI-CURCI.

Former Manager Demands 20 Per Cent. of Singer's Earnings.

Amelita Galli-Curci, opera singer, was sued in the Supreme Court yesterday by Charles L. Wagner, formerly her manager, for breach of contract. The papers were served on her on the Cunard pier last Saturday, when she was going aboard the Caronia to visit her mother in Paris.

Mr. Wagner alleges that he made a contract with the singer in November, 1918, under which he was to be her manager for five years and was to get 20 per cent. of her earnings either as opera or concert singer. He alleges that she repudiated the contract in writing on April 11, 1919. He estimates her earnings at more than $250,000 a year during that period.

NEWS INJUNCTION DENIED.

Case Against Illustrated Daily Ends with Explanation and Apology.

Supreme Court Justice Davis denied yesterday the application by the New York City News Association for an injunction restraining the publishers of The News, an illustrated daily paper, from "pirating" news sent out by the plaintiff out to its subscribers over tickers.

The court decided that there was no occasion for the injunction in view of the fact that the defendant pleaded that such news as had been taken was done without its knowledge and approval, and that no similar offense would occur. The manager of the defendant concern also apologized to the manager of the News Association.

SEAT REFUSED REED IN BITTER CONTEST

Credentials Committee Seats Delegates from Georgia Pledged to Palmer.

GAINS FOR ADMINISTRATION

National Committee Overruled in Oregon Decision Giving Two Delegates Half Vote Each.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 29.—Administration supporters strengthened their hold on the convention today through a series of victories in the Credentials Committee, which decided three hotly fought contests. One of these was the denial of a seat in the convention to Senator James A. Reed of Missouri. The Clark Howell delegates in Georgia, pledged to Attorney General Palmer, were seated. Both actions were in accord with previous decisions of the National Committee.

The Credentials Committee, however, overruled the National Committee in the Oregon case, where it seated R. R. Turner and John L. Schuyleman, giving each one half a vote. Turner, who was selected by the Oregon State Committee to fill a vacancy caused by the death of George T. Baldwin, was forced to yield half of his vote to Schuyleman, described as a strong Administration supporter. Schuyleman plaimed the seat on the ground that he was the next highest man in the primary, having been fifth in the race for the four places.

All three contests were long drawn out and were marked by acrimonious statements and bitter personal attacks. Chairman Jamieson of Iowa maintained order with difficulty.

There was no indication from the Reed forces as to their next move. The Senator was not at the hearing. Francis W. Wilson, his counsel, said the Senator's wishes would be consulted before further action was considered. He reminded the committee the fight was being made entirely by the delegation from the Kansas City district and that the Senator "never has and does not make a demand for the seat."

The vote denying a seat to Senator Reed was 37 to 9. The Palmer men from Georgia were seated by a vote of 43 to 4.

Opening the argument for Senator Reed, Mr. Wilson, who is United States District Attorney at Kansas City, told the committee he had no interest in the case except that he felt there would be "a damnable injustice done to Missouri Democracy" should the Senator be denied a place. He declared it was "imperative" that the action of the Fifth Missouri District convention be respected. With or without the vote which this district delivers to the party, Missouri, and perhaps the nation, cannot be cataloguned Democratic," he said.

"If I thought for one moment," he continued, "if a shadow of a belief existed that this delegate would go on the floor of the convention and denounce the national Administration or bolt the convention, I would not be here."

Statements of a similar nature were made by E. P. Rosenberger, a Ninth Missouri District delegate, who added that he never had supported Reed in the primaries and never had been on "his side of the fence," but he believed it "unfair in the interest of harmony to brand a man as an unclean Democrat."

He asserted that Reed never had been a candidate and was not now asking place, but that the Fifth District was seeking a seat for him and should not be disenfranchised.

Countering the arguments made by the Reed supporters, Edward A. Goltra, Missouri National Committeeman, said he was appearing against the Senator because "the great State had spoken, and it was weary of Senator Reed's present tactics." The State Convention refused to accept Reed, he said, and the district delegation, which had presented his name, refused to recommend any other. He declared that on two occasions the district delegation was asked by the State meeting whether it would not suggest another delegate, and in both cases, according to Goltra, the reply was:

"We'll have none at all if we cannot have Jim Reed."

"48" FORCES CLAIM MOOSE.

Committee Says Illinois Roosevelt Men Favor Third Party.

The following statement was issued by the Committee of Forty-eight at its headquarters, 15 East Fortieth Street, last night:

"Evidence that Bull Moosers who followed Colonel Roosevelt in 1912 will support the new party to be formed at Chicago on July 10, is contained in returns from questionnaires which the Chicago office of the Committee of Forty-eight sent to 2,200 former Illinois precinct committeemen of the Progressive Party.

"Eight hundred replies have been received and 91 per cent. of them replied 'No' to the question, 'Are you satisfied with the nomination of Harding?' Fifty-five per cent. of the returns declared positively in the affirmative to the question 'Do you favor the organization of a new party?' and 22 per cent. more expressed dissatisfaction with existing parties but preferred to await the issue of events before definitely committing themselves.

"There is astonishing agreement in replies to the first question. Almost unanimous dissatisfaction with the nomination of Harding was expressed. Such sentences as 'They have steamrollered us just as in 1912' recur frequently.

"There was more division on the second question, but the answers revealed a strong condemnation of the Democratic Administration, and several stated that scores of Democrats in their communities were even more insistent than the former Progressives for the organization of a new party.

"Results of the questionnaire were made public yesterday in a letter from Dr. Stanley I. Ryping of the Chicago office, to J. A. H. Hopkins, National Chairman of the Committee of Forty-eight."

JERSEY REPUBLICANS UNITED

Stokes Denies Frelinghuysen and Edge Differ About Campaign.

Rumors that the Republican Party in New Jersey was facing a split through differences existing between United States Senators Joseph S. Frelinghuysen and Walter E. Edge over the management of the campaign, were yesterday denounced as fabrications by ex-Governor E. C. Stokes, the State Chairman. He stated that the party leaders were working harmoniously and enthusiastically for the success of the national candidates. He also said:

"The interest and activity of the United States Senators in party affairs and party management is always most welcome. This year especially so. Both of the Senators are close personal friends of the Presidential nominee, Senator Harding. The close personal relations between them give an unusual interest to the campaign, and will prove encouraging and inspiring to the party workers. It is only fair to the Senators from this State that they should have a most influential voice in the conduct of the campaign."

COOLIDGE TO MEET HARDING

Will Take Vacation After Conference with Head of Ticket.

BOSTON, June 29.—Governor Coolidge, Republican Vice Presidential nominee, will go to Vermont for his vacation after his conference in Washington tomorrow with Senator Harding, the Presidential candidate.

Henry F. Long, the Governor's Secretary, announced today that the length of the vacation would depend largely on campaign plans formulated at the Washington conference. Mr. Long did not say where in Vermont Governor Coolidge would go.

The Governor traveled today to Washington from Burlington, Vt., where he attended the University of Vermont commencement exercises yesterday.

Roger C. Sullivan Left $1,700,000.

CHICAGO, June 29.—The estate of Roger C. Sullivan is valued at $1,700,000, according to an inventory filed for probate today. Mr. Sullivan's wealth consisted mostly of stocks in various corporations the inventory showed. No real estate was scheduled.

Young's Hats
NONE BETTER MADE

Entire Straw Hat Stock Without Restriction

20% SALE

$3.50 Straws	*NOW*	*$2.80*
$4.00 Straws	*NOW*	*$3.20*
$5.00 Straws	*NOW*	*$4.00*
$6.00 Straws	*NOW*	*$4.80*

20% Reduction on all Panamas, Bangkoks and Leghorns.

Stores:

6 B'way—at Bowling Green
169 B'way—below Cortlandt St.
231 B'way—Woolworth Bldg.
605 B'way—corner Houston St.
849 B'way—at 14th St.
906 B'way—corner 20th St.
1197 B'way—below 29th St.
1361 B'way—below 37th St.

Bronx Branch: Third Avenue, So. of 149th St.
Heights Branch: 610 W. 181st St.
Only B'klyn Store: 371 Fulton St., Opp. Borough Hall

Saks
CLOTHES OF CUSTOM QUALITY

We Shall Place on Sale This Morning

500 Pairs Men's White Flannel Trousers

At $9.50

It is very seldom that an opportunity of this kind presents itself—especially right before the holiday and with a whole season of hot weather ahead. Every pair is made of *all wool* flannel, and at $9.50 will move in record time.

Saks & Company
BROADWAY At 34th STREET

Annual Midsummer Clearance

Men's Fine Suits

Every Suit in Regular Stock

(Excepting Two-Piece Summer Suits)

At Greatly Reduced Prices

$44 $54 $68 $76

At These Prices It Will Pay You to Invest in One or Two of These Suits to Wear Next Fall

WE SHOULD, perhaps, make it clear that these are not "sale" clothes of doubtful origin, rounded up to sell at a "price." They are our regular suits — each with the Lord & Taylor stamp of approval upon it—and offered now much below their former prices.

And this is not a mere end-of-the-season clearance. You will find here no dearth either of styles or sizes. There are plenty of plain blues, greys and browns; there are herringbones, pencil stripes and checks, in worsteds, flannels, tweeds and cheviots; light suits for mid-summer, others suitable for year-round wear.

Necessary alterations will be made without extra charge

Fourth Floor

A Sale of

Men's Fine Low Shoes

Some of our highest grade summer oxfords in both black and tan calf are now

Specially Reduced to

$11.85

White buckskin sport oxfords, trimmed in tan, and with rubber soles and heels,

Now Reduced to

$13.75

Fourth Floor

Lord & Taylor

38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street

Macy's Macy's

No matter how long or short the trip, you will find good use for one of these

Motor Dust Coats For Men

$3.24

When dust is a part of the motor trip, protection from its annoyance is necessary to the full enjoyment of the trip.

These coats are "built" to protect the wearer from dust and are made of gray chambray and tan linene.

Cut on a single breasted model. The collar may be worn buttoned to the neck.

A light, cool and serviceable coat for the warm and dusty Summer days.

Other dust coats of Mohair, Linen, Palm Beach, and Linene in single and double breasted models.

$4.39 to $19.74

Macy's—Fifth Floor, 35th St., Front.

R. H. Macy & Co.
HERALD SQUARE Inc. NEW YORK

Macy's Macy's

Delegates Find Humor in Convention City

CONVENTION NOTES OF MEN AND EVENTS

Pleader Before Resolutions Committee Had a Pull with the Chairman.

COLOREDORATOR'SGESTURE

Elevator Man Not Impressed with Gerard's Chances—Music Enjoying the Convention.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 29.—"Well, Boss, jes' two minutes longer," pleaded a colored advocate before the Resolutions Committee last night.

"Go ahead that long," suggested Chairman Glass.

"Mr. Chairman, if you are going to break down the rule and allow the speeches to go beyond ten minutes, we will never get through," interjected Patrick H. Quinn of Rhode Island.

"But, Boss, I'se been in Mr. Glass's family for years," insisted the negro.

"And he serves me on the dining car, too," explained Chairman Glass.

Senator Glass tells how he learned to run. He wears a watch charm given him by his son, Carter, Jr. It is a sort of college pennant, won as a prize for the 100-yard dash while young Glass was a student and given to the father after he had been defeated in his first campaign for the United States Senatorship from Virginia.

"Wear this, father," said the son on presenting the charm after the election, "and show the people that at least one member of the family knows how to run."

The latter part of last night's public hearing by the Resolutions Committee was held under a cloud, a cloud no bigger than a man's hand. It was a black hand, belonging to Oscar S. Watkins of 165 West 132d Street, New York, the same who told the Resolutions Committee that the negroes were beginning to wake up and join the Democratic Party.

Watkins is an orator. He orates with his vocal chords and his lungs, but still more with that huge and expansive hand, which he waved in a semi-circle every time he wanted to emphasize a point. On the third finger was a big gold ring and on the background of dark skin it flashed like a shooting star on a dark night.

The Resolutions Committee appears to be a very practical body. The representatives of the American Women's Emergency Committee who appealed for the reopening of trade with Russia had divided the field of emotions. Lucy Branham talked on the purely humanitarian side of the question and the difficulty of getting milk and medicines to Russian women and children. The committee heard her in silence. Then Sara Bard Field talked about the Russian gold waiting to be paid out for American goods and brought in a deft reference to British "grabbing of Russian trade" and there was loud applause.

A man who attracted a lot of attention today at the St. Francis Hotel was James Munroe, original Gerard-for-President boomer and classed by some as the Gerard manager. Munroe was wandering about upper floors of the hotel seeking information about the location of the Gerard headquarters. Finally he got aboard an elevator and asked for the information. "Who is that?" was the retort. "Gerard, you say? What is he running for, Alderman? I think he is on the third floor."

Munroe got off at the third floor and after a little more investigation found the Gerard headquarters.

Those who know Pershing and Colby will appreciate this story which is going the rounds. It is based on a suggestion, made in all seriousness by an observer here, that the ticket will be Pershing and Colby, and so the ball was started rolling: "Pershing and Colby, they look alike, nominate them on one ballot. Why take two?"

Edward N. Hurley, delegate from Illinois, is one of the men on the ground here who is having the time of his life. He came on at first with the intention of making a speech before the convention on the topic of business, in the study of which he ranks among the experts. Then he was boomed as a candidate for Vice President. Hurley was Chairman of the United States Shipping Board during the war and is one of the most popular men at the convention.

There is no doubt of the Californian gift for doing things right. The ushers at the Chicago Convention were ex-service men. Good men, presumably, and good ushers, but the co-eds from the University of California who do the work at this convention would be a decoration for any hall, auditorium, convention or public gathering.

Two members of the Resolutions Committee were talking tonight about Vice President Marshall's recent assertion that if he had the writing of the platform he would put the whole on a postcard.

"That's a fine idea," said one.

"Y-e-s," said the other, doubtfully. "But if he had to intrust the postcard to Brother Burleson's department, how would we ever get our principles before the country before next November?"

William Jennings Bryan was nominated for the Presidency today by Miss Alathea Heed of San Francisco, who claims she started Woodrow Wilson on his Presidential career. She did it in a speech before the Resolutions Committee.

"I received information today," she asserted, "that 500 Republicans would vote the Democratic ticket provided it puts Mr. Bryan in first place."

Bryan, who was sitting in the back row holding a whispered conference with some one, raised his head at the mention of his name, but lowered it again and went right on talking when he discovered what it was about.

A report went the rounds that the California delegates were wearing badges in which were incorporated real fifty-dollar gold slugs used by the pioneer forty-niners, and the badges were in great demand. There were some extra ones with which their owners obligingly parted, but satisfaction at owning them dwindled somewhat when examination disclosed the word "imitation" in tiny words on the "gold" pieces.

Like everything else in connection with this Convention, the sessions in the Auditorium are a good deal more agreeable than those of the Republican gathering in Chicago. There is more of the feeling of a social affair, with business a side issue.

Attending a convention session in the Chicago Coliseum was work, and toward the close of a hot day it became something very like torture. In the Coliseum you fought your way through the crowd to your seat, took off your coat and, if you were a delegate, your collar, and stayed there until time to go home—uncomfortable, unhappy, and cursing the weather. There was no smoking in Chicago, the Coliseum was stifling enough without. There was next to no visiting about, for progress through the packed aisles was possible only by an amount of effort that was uncongenial in the heat.

But this San Francisco Auditorium before a session opens presents very much the appearance of a reception room. Even among the spectators in the galleries many are going about and talking with friends in nearby seats. Down on the floor the delegates congregate in groups, usually about women members of the delegations, or in the vicinity of some of the pretty ushers from the State University. Anybody smokes who wants to, before the session starts, for there is so much air in the Auditorium that it makes no difference, and San Francisco has enough confidence in its Fire Department to ignore little violations of the fire prevention laws. Aside from the fact that San Francisco is cool where Chicago is sultry, San Francisco gives two cubic feet of space where Chicago gave one. Consequently the delegation here is a good deal more comfortable.

Vice President Marshall, who presided for a time at the Resolutions Committee's open hearing today, got a big laugh when, in response to a delegate's demand for better order, he rapped sharply with his gavel and said:

"There must be quiet if we are to transact business. I am accustomed to preside over a body where one man talks and the rest sleep."

Even the Senators present laughed.

STRIKERS DENY PIER RELIEF

Citizens' Committee, However, Reports Day's Movement 184½ Tons.

John F. Riley, spokesman for the striking coastwise longshoremen, declared last night that reports that the coastwise piers had been practically cleared of their freight congestion by the independent trucks of the Citizens' Transportation Committee were untrue. "Very little of the accumulated freight has been moved," he said. "The committee's statement that the number of trucks has been reduced is correct, but the reason is that the merchants have had great difficulty in getting drivers to man them."

The committee reported that 184½ tons had been moved during the day by the non-union trucks. The greatest amount was moved from the Morgan Line piers, 46 to 52, North River, from which nineteen trucks carted 110 tons.

The Law Committee of the commercial interests is preparing to take action against the unions if the longshoremen act on their plan to cause walkouts of individual deep sea workers on piers where the committee's trucks present merchandise for shipment. The carriers will, first of all, be held responsible for the movement of goods and, according to the counsel for the committee, proceedings may also be started against the unions. The union leaders contend that the law does not apply to the action of individuals.

The complaints against two of the steamship companies, which have been referred to the Department of Justice at Washington for criminal action, are supported by affidavits, it was said yesterday, showing that officials of the company definitely refused to handle the committee's goods.

DUVEEN STAMPS NOT TAXED

Inquiry Shows Collector Gave Them to Wife Before He Died.

Stamp collectors who were aware of the fact that the late Henry J. Duveen, art dealer, spent several hundred thousand dollars in gathering one of the most important stamp collections extant, the value of which is now said to have more than trebled, glanced through the list of assets of the Duveen estate as reported to the transfer tax appraiser to learn the present value of the collection, and found no mention of the stamps.

Inquiry yesterday at the office of Lafayette B. Gleason, attorney for the State Controller, revealed that when the appraisal of the Duveen estate was being made, Stanchfield & Levy, attorneys for the estate, notified Mr. Gleason that the notable collection had been given by Mr. Duveen to his wife, Mrs. Dora Charlotte Duveen. A clause in his will referred to the fact that Mr. Duveen had presented collections of art objects, prints and other valuable gifts to his wife, but no specific reference was made to the stamps.

Under her husband's will Mrs. Duveen got her husband's personal effects and a life interest in $2,211,734.

SAYS NEGRO PRINCE IS THIEF

Prisoner Asserts Complainant Only Lost "African Fight," but Is Held.

Edward Marachou, a six-foot negro who claims to be an African Prince, was among the prisoners brought before Magistrate Simms in the Tombs Court yesterday. The complainant was Charles George, another negro, who said the "Prince" stole a raincoat when he called at George's home, 21 West Street, on Monday. Marachou denied the charge and said that he and George had an "African fight," using their heads goat fashion, and that George was worsted. He was held in $300 bail for trial in Special Sessions.

Marachou told the court that he was born in Central Africa and that his father was an Abyssinian while his mother was a daughter of the King of a tribe. On his cheeks were three distinct cuts which he said were tribal marks placed there by his mother.

MRS. ROBERTSON LOSES SUIT

Divorce Action Dismissed Without Costs to Either Party.

The suit of Mrs. Sarah L. Robertson against Dr. Joseph A. Robertson of the Hotel Albemarle for a divorce on the ground of misconduct with Miss Maude Davis, a nurse, which was based on a raid made on the physician's apartments last August, was dismissed yesterday by Supreme Court Justice Giegerich. The court ruled that the testimony of detectives employed by Mrs. Robertson was unsatisfactory, in view of testimony by the assistant manager of the hotel.

During the trial of the suit Justice Giegerich dismissed a counter claim for divorce made by Dr. Robertson on the ground of his wife's friendship for Napoleon A. Bourasse, a broker. The court ruled that none of the parties to the suit must pay any costs.

SUES ACTRESS FOR DIVORCE

Retired Tobacco Merchant Charges Maxine Neiss with Misconduct.

Richard Glucksman, a retired tobacco merchant, filed suit in the Supreme Court yesterday for a divorce from Marcella Clare Glucksman, an actress, known on the stage as Maxine Neiss. The complaint accuses the defendant of misconduct at 100 Manhattan Avenue between July 1 and Aug. 31 last.

Cable reports from England last Summer stated that Mrs. Glucksman was fined $10 for attempting to smuggle a dog past the quarantine officials at Dover. She lives in the Alcazar apartments, 109th Street and Broadway.

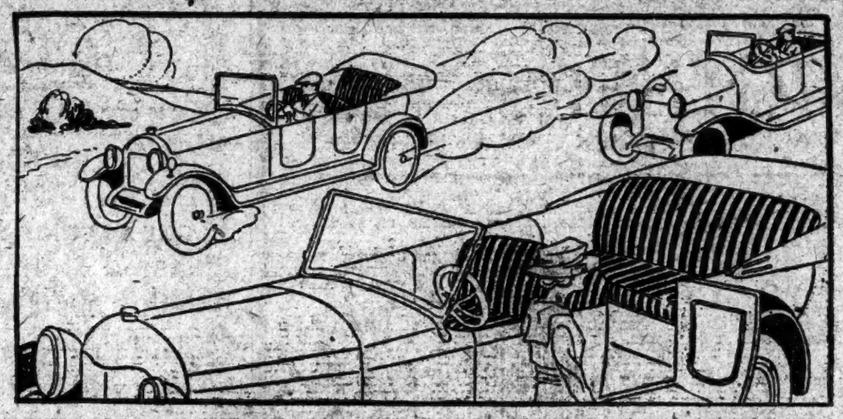
offices by telephone. "The labor situation at New Haven," the statement said, "showed further improvement. In the first shift starting at 8 o'clock there were fifty-nine men at work out of a normal force of sixty. For the three shifts yesterday 185 men reported for work out of a normal force of 161, making a shortage of twenty-six men, as compared with fifty-six the day previous.

"The situation has improved sufficiently to warrant the modification of the embargoes on freight. Both carloads and less than carloads will, effective at once, be permitted to come forward. Further modification of the embargoes will be made on all rail freight for New Haven within the next twenty-four hours."

P. W. O'Brien, spokesman here for the New York and New England Railway Men's Association, denied the claim of the railroads, and said that the majority of the men were still out in the New Haven's yards.

TRENTON, N. J., June 29.—Trenton railroad men failed to heed Harry S. Jeffery's order to strike at 11 o'clock this morning; neither is there any indication that the employes of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company shops will walk out.

GIMBEL BROTHERS
32ND STREET - BROADWAY - 33RD STREET NEW YORK CITY



No Swirling Dust---Dirt and Muss
---On With a Cool, Clean Slip Cover!

And all the wear and tear of real *use*—of long country drives and real good times—needn't leave your car one bit less fresh and clean at the end of a long, happy summer.

GORDON JIFFY CUSHION SLIPS

Button them on over the cushions in a jiffy. They're of strong, washable canvas—a dip in the tub, and they're clean for use again!

Sizes to Fit Every Car
Several patterns and colors to choose from.

$4.00 to $7.25

And Gordon Auto Slips to cover up and protect *all upholstered parts* of Ford Cars, $8.00 to $43.50.

Slips for several other makes in stock, and for nearly all other makes, obtainable in a short time, $13.50 to $66.50.

GIMBELS SPORTING GOODS SHOP—Fourth Floor

Stern Brothers
WEST 42d STREET (Between Fifth and Sixth Avenues) WEST 43d STREET

MEN'S
Fine Quality Suits
FORMERLY $50, $52.50, $55 AND $57.50—NOW

$38.50

Tailored For Us By The Kirschbaum Shops

There is a decided economy in fulfilling your wardrobe needs for months to come while this event is in progress. It marks a very low level in price for clothes of Kirschbaum quality—a lower level than is likely to be seen again for some time to come.

Single-Breasteds, Double-Breasteds; Longs, Stouts, Shorts and Regulars

MEN'S SECTION—THIRD FLOOR

B. Altman & Co.
MADISON AVENUE - FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK
Thirty-fourth Street Thirty-fifth Street

Men's Summer Clothing
(SIXTH FLOOR)

The new models feature matrials and colors that are variously appropriate for business, general and sports wear, and while comfort has been an important consideration in the designing of these garments, all of the fashionable lines have been retained.

Men's Two-piece Suits
made of tropical crash or worsted, mohair, or Shantung silk, variously priced
at $22.50 to 60.00

Men's Outing Trousers

White Gabardine	$7.50
Gray Flannel	10.50
Striped Flannel	15.00
Plain White Flannel	15.00 & 18.00

Men's Separate Sports Coats

Blue Flannel	$28.00
Tweed Mixtures	40.00
Tan Gabardine	45.00

Come to the Big Sale of Underwear and Hosiery

Men's Union Suits, Cotton, $1.00; Lisle, $1.25.
Men's Shirts and Drawers Army Goods Bale stained Not damaged 50c per garment
Men's Hosiery, 15c, 25c; Lisle, 35c, 50c; Silks, 75c, $1.00, $1.50.
Men's Sweaters, All Worsteds, $3.50 to $15.00; Slip-ons, Coats.
Women's Union Suits, All shapes, 75c, $1.00 and $1.25.
Women's Athletic Suits, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $2.00, $2.50.
Nainsook, Batiste, Voile, and Silk Mull.

Women's Pure Silk Stockings, $1.25
Cottons, 15c, 25c; Lisle, 35c, 50c; Fashioned, $1.75 to $3.00.
Children's Waist Union Suits, 60c; Teddy Bear Suits, 75c.
Lace Trimmed Teddy Bear Suits, $1.00.
Children's Hosiery, Unusual Value, 5 to 6½, 50c; 7 to 10, 65c.
Infants' Hosiery, Large Variety, all colors, 25c, 35c.
Sweaters for Women and Children at Unusual Low Prices.

23 West 43rd St.
Between 5th and 6th Avenues. 2 Blocks from Grand Central Station. HOWLAN & SCHMIDT, Sales Managers. Open from 10 A. M. to 7 P. M.

MAIL ORDERS SOLICITED, Satisfaction Guaranteed

We invite all manufacturers to participate in this movement who are willing to sell their surplus stock to the public at 50% on the dollar.

For the convenience of the public, use the "Happiness in Every Box" Candy Store Arcade, from 42d St. to 43d St. which opens directly across the street from this sale.

REIS UNION SUITS
REIS
MAN'S CLOSEST FRIEND

WANTED 3 Tons or More
To Make Up Load Going TO PHILADELPHIA
CALL IMMEDIATELY
R & F TRANSPORTATION CO.
512 Broadway, New York City

"Turner for Concrete"

HOUSTON DISCLOSES FRAUD ON SOLDIERS

Three Employes of War Risk Bureau Arrested on Conspiracy Charge.

PART OF CLAIMS DEDUCTED

Names of the Accused Are Withheld, as Other Arrests Are Expected.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—Three employes of the War Risk Insurance Bureau of the Treasury Department were arrested today by the Federal Secret Service on charges of conspiracy to defraud veterans of compensation due them for disabilities incurred in the World War.

Disclosure of the identity of those taken into custody was refused by Federal officials tonight. The reason for such refusal was stated to be a desire not to interfere with the orderly investigation of the case, which is expected to develop other arrests. It was insisted by high Treasury officials that there was no desire to conceal the identity of the men arrested, except to the extent that this was considered necessary to protect the plans of the Secret Service operatives, and that the names of all persons declared to be involved in the conspiracy would soon be made public.

Secretary Houston authorized the announcement that the arrests had been made, and gave a formal statement regarding the conspiracy. Beyond this statement he refused to talk. Taking their cue from him, officials of the War Risk Insurance Bureau and of the Secret Service also declined to discuss the case.

How many employes of the War Risk Insurance Bureau were involved in the conspiracy could not be learned, but it was stated by one high official of the Treasury Department that those involved constituted a relatively small number of the great force employed in that bureau.

Secretary Houston's statement read:

"The United States Secret Service of the Treasury Department has arrested three persons in the Bureau of War Risk Insurance on a charge of participating in a peculiarly contemptible conspiracy to defraud veterans of the war of compensation due them as a result of disabilities incurred in the line of duty.

"All those concerned in this outrage will be prosecuted to the limit of the law. The men involved in these crimes were engaged in the task of handling claims of ex-soldiers for compensation. The method employed, as reported by the Secret Service, was substantially as follows:

"A soldier presenting his claim in person was advised by one of the conspirators who handled it that he was entitled to $200 or $300. At the same time the employe denounced the fact that the award was so small. Taking the matter under further consideration, he told the claimant that he thought he would be able to put through an award for a greater amount, but that of course he would want to share in the excessive payment.

"The claimant agreeing, a check for the larger amount was made out. The truth was that the soldier was entitled to the larger amount and to the full proceeds of the check."

RAIL SHOPMEN DELAY PENNSYLVANIA STRIKE

Set July 5 as New Date for Walkout—Jeffery Charges $25,000 Bribe Offer.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, June 29.—Recalcitrant shopmen of the Pennsylvania Railroad have once more "postponed" a threatened walkout on that system. This time the action which was to have taken place at noon today is scheduled for 11 o'clock, Monday, July 5.

Leaders of the mechanics, shopmen, roundhousemen and six shop crafts declared they would strike today if the Pennsylvania Railroad would not meet their demands for the ousting of certain minor officials. This the company flatly refused to do, but the leaders failed to carry out the threat. By calling out the men on July 5 the leaders expect to catch many holiday travelers away from home and by causing greater inconvenience to the public and the company to emphasize their action and demands.

In the meantime, interest in the strike of the yardmen, which has continued for ten days, has been overshadowed by the shopmen's threats. The yardmen claim they are about to cripple passenger services, and that more men are joining their ranks daily. Company officials state freight traffic is almost normal, the Pennsylvania about 91 per cent., and the Reading improving greatly daily.

PHILADELPHIA, June 29.—H. Q. Jeffery, leader of the six allied shop crafts affiliated with the American Federation of Labor, in a statement issued tonight charged that the Pennsylvania Railroad had offered him $25,000 to drop the charges against the three foremen. He declared that unless the demands set forth in his ultimatum were granted the strike call for July 5 would include all employes of the company, involving more than 100,000 men and women.

Railroad officials said the bribery charge was "too ridiculous and absurd to comment upon" and declared their refusal to accede to the demand was final.

PITTSBURGH, June 29.—What threatened for a time to lead to a general walkout of all craftsmen and trainmen employed by the Pennsylvania Railroad in this city and its environs was held off at least for a time when striking shopmen employed in the Twenty-eight Street roundhouse voted tonight to return to work, following a favorable decision on their demand for the reinstatement of Thomas Cronin, who was discharged because of trouble with another employe.

The men, a majority of whom are engine repair men, walked out this morning, tying up the freight movement.

Dr Brush's
KUMYSS
(TRADE MARK)
Sparkling Milk.

The fermenting process gives the rich, sweet milk from which it is produced a sparkle and zest that will please any taste. Has a bitter smile.

KUMYSS, Inc.
[illegible] W. 58th St., NEW YORK

PORTER'S TRIAL POSTPONED

Cases Against Three Detectives Also Delayed Until September.

The trials of Former Third Deputy Police Commissioner Augustus Drum Porter and Detectives John J. Gunson, Joseph Moloney and Frederick Franklin, which were set for yesterday before Judge James T. Malone in General Sessions, were postponed until Sept. 13. The four defendants were indicted as a result of Assistant District Attorney James E. Smith's crusade against vice in the Fourth Inspection District, of which Dominick Henry was the Inspector. Porter was indicted for neglect of duty. He was tried in April and the jury disagreed. He has been at liberty on bail.

Franklin is charged with attempted bribery and extortion and Gunson and Moloney are charged with bribery and extortion.

Mr. Smith did not appear in court. The motion for postponement was made by Assistant District Attorney Joseph E. Edelson, who said the District Attorney was not ready to proceed.

HER ASHES FALL ON LIBERTY

Fliers Also Drop Roses in Executing Mrs. S. D. Brown's Wishes.

The request of Mrs. Sarah D. Brown, temperance worker and writer of children's stories, who died last week, that her body be cremated and the ashes scattered over the Statue of Liberty, was carried out by her children yesterday. Mrs. Brown recorded this wish ten years ago in a letter which was opened on the day of her death.

An airplane carrying Lieutenant Frank Mallen of the United States Marine Corps and piloted by "Nick" Zimmerman, started from the North River at Eighty-sixth Street at about 11:45 in the morning, flew over the statue and returned in a short time. Besides the ashes, nine white roses, each representing ten years of her life, and two pink ones, for the two years above ninety that she had lived, were thrown on the statue.

Mrs. Brown's son and daughter remained at the North River pier until they learned that the ceremony had been completed successfully.

WALKER ELECTRIC TRUCKS

An owner of forty 5-ton Walker Electric trucks saves the interest on one million dollars in twelve months' time. Scrap the costly and buy the economical.

WALKER VEHICLE COMPANY
Grand Central Terminal

AND THEN SOME!

What we make in putting up a building, the Owner makes up in what we save for him—and then some!

Put it up to us to put it up for you!

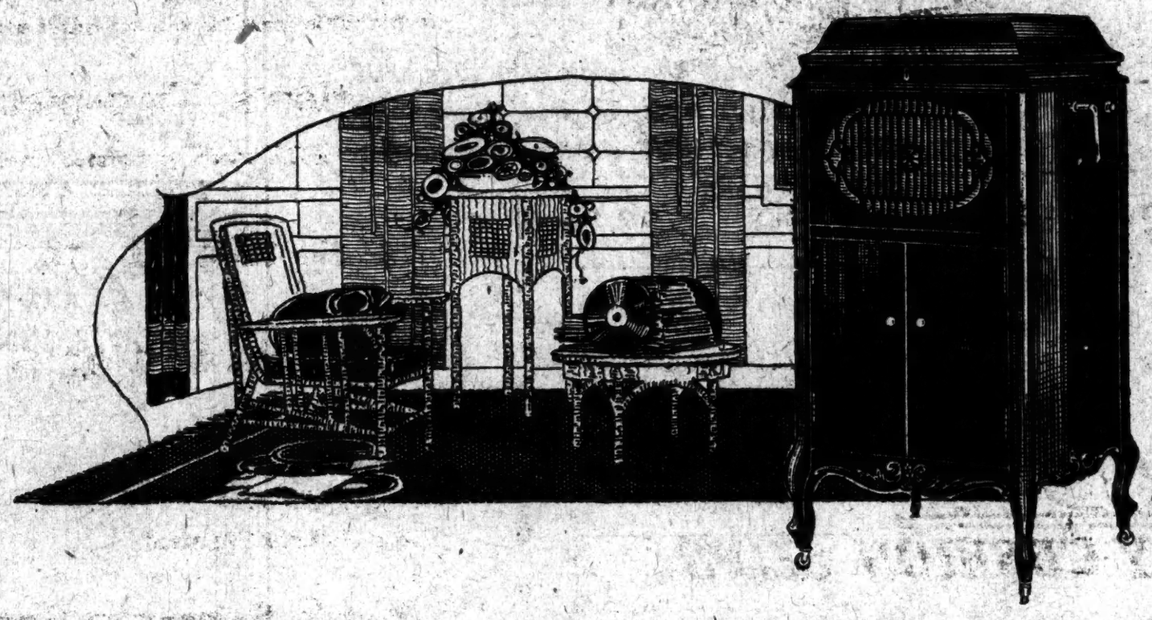
THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY
Building Construction

GIMBEL BROTHERS

Store Hours 9 to 5:30

32ND STREET - BROADWAY - 33RD STREET NEW YORK CITY

Gimbels Phone Number Pennsylvania 5100



Gimbels Was the First Great Dealer to Recognize The Brunswick's Superiority

Gimbels was first to recognize the Brunswick as a leader among fine phonographs—a leader in artistry and build—a leader in purity of tone production. And to this day, when the Brunswick has won fame from coast to coast, Gimbels still stands first, selling more than any other three dealers together.

Every Brunswick salesman at Gimbels is a Brunswick expert—a music lover, a competent and courteous guide in selection. Gimbels' stock of Brunswick phonographs is the largest—never failing in completeness. Gimbel service backs every machine for a full year.

Comparison Sells the Brunswick--Not Sales Talk

Our method is to play a record on many fine phonographs. You'll buy because you're *convinced!* You'll marvel to hear the clear tones, undisturbed by surface noises and strident metallic sounds.

Two Reasons Why the Brunswick Surpasses

The Oval Amplifier of moulded holly wood renders the tones pure and distinguishable. You can tell the French horn from the flute in an onchestra record. You can hear the violin tones sent forth from the wooden amplifier as from the violin case.

And the Ultona, the Brunswick reproducer, plays *all* records, with equal perfection. It is equipped with a steel needle, a diamond point and a sapphire ball—set for any record by a single turn. Its weight is adjustable to play at their best records differently cut.

Sold on Terms as Low as $5.00 a Month

GIMBELS MUSIC SALONS—Eighth Floor.

If You Can't Come—Mail the Coupon

Gimbel Brothers, Music Salons,
32nd St. and B'way, New York City.

Please send me details of your phonograph offer

NAME .....

ADDRESS .....

Ti-6-30.

RUSSEKS

FIFTH AVENUE
Between 34th and 35th Streets

Ending Friday—

A New Procedure in Clearance Sales

Making the Week Before July Fourth An Important Opportunity Occasion

SALE NOW IN PROGRESS
AND CONTINUING UP TO AND INCLUSIVE
OF FRIDAY, JULY 2D, *No Later*

ENTIRE REMAINING STOCK OF
SMART, HIGH-COST SUMMER FASHIONS

Up to $69.50 Shantung and Pongee Suits *Are Now* - 25.00
Up to $89.50 Tricotine Suits *Are Now* - - - - - - - 35.00
Up to $185.00 Tricotine Suits *Are Now* - - - - - - 69.50
Up to $185.00 Capes and Wraps *Are Now* - - - - - 69.50
Up to $69.50 Heather Jersey Suits *Are Now* - - - 25.00
Up to $95.00 Tricotine Wraps *Are Now* - - - - - 39.50
Up to $125.00 Summer Afternoon Dresses *Are Now* 49.50
Up to $125.00 Summer Evening Dresses *Are Now* - 49.50
Up to $125.00 Summer Sport Dresses *Are Now* - 49.50
Up to $69.50 Linen and Lace Frocks *Are Now* - - 29.50
Up to $30 Gingham and Organdie Frocks *Are Now* 16.50

65 Sport COATS & COATS Are Now 16.50
Of Smart Checks, in Wool Velour, Plaids, Velour de Laine, Velveteen, Polo Cloth, Gabardine and Tricotine.
Former Values to 75.00

Stern Brothers

West 42nd Street (Between 5th and 6th Aves.) West 43rd Street

An Important Announcement

REGARDING

Our SEMI-ANNUAL SALE of

RUGS and FURNITURE

This great economy event—with its many exceptional saving advantages—will commence on TUESDAY, JULY 5th.

NOTE—Patrons wishing to take early advantage of the remarkable opportunities afforded in this Semi-Annual Sale are offered the privilege of making advance selections on

WEDNESDAY, June 30th THURSDAY, July 1st
FRIDAY, July 2nd

All Dining Room, Living Room and Chamber Furniture of the highest quality—all of our rare Oriental and Chinese Rugs suitable for Mansions, City Homes and Libraries, will be included.

Upon request we will hold for future delivery any merchandise purchased in this event.

Business Hours: 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. Closed all day Saturdays in July and August.

Demand bran in its original form for results of Best Grocers

KELLOGG'S BRAN

105 Hudson. Phone Lispenard 5959.

BUILDINGS FOR SALE

BY
THE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION OF THE ARMY.
THE ENTIRE CALDWELL RIFLE RANGE
AT GREAT PIECE MEADOWS, NEW JERSEY.
Consisting of WATER, SEWER and ELECTRIC SYSTEMS, RIFLE BUTTS, and 61 BUILDINGS, including HEATING, PLUMBING, and KITCHEN EQUIPMENT.
Bids Will Be Opened on July 10, 1920, at Camp Merritt, N. J.
For Further Information Apply to
CAPTAIN DANIEL J. DUNN, Q. M. C., UTILITIES OFFICER,
Address CAMP MERRITT, N. J.

CANDIDATES SPEAK FOR PHONOGRAPH

Harding and Coolidge Talk for Records for Campaign Distribution.

FORMER REFERS TO TREATY

Latter Lauds Lincoln—Presidential Candidate's Staff Will Start for Marion Saturday.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 29 — Senator Harding and Governor Coolidge made their first campaign speeches today. Both spoke into the recording instrument of a talking machine and the records will be used during the campaign.

Senator Harding spoke on "Americanism" and Governor Coolidge on "Law and Order." The Presidential nominee recorded his speech at his office in Washington, while Governor Coolidge spoke into the machine in Northampton, Mass. The Governor left Boston today for Washington and will confer here with Senator Harding tomorrow.

It is believed that Senator Harding may try to spend a quiet day by himself before he goes to Marion, probably at some friend's home in the country. A special car carrying his personal staff and newspaper correspondents will leave Washington Saturday afternoon, July 3, at 4:10 o'clock, but it was not announced that the Senator himself would depart that day. It would not be absolutely necessary for him to reach Marion until Monday, July 5. That day has been set aside by the people of Marion as "Homecoming Day."

The speech which Senator Harding made today for the talking machine follows:

"My countrymen, the flaming torch of Americanism was lighted in framing the Federal Constitution in 1787. The Pilgrims signed their simple and majestic covenant a full century and a half before and set aflame their beacon of liberty on the coast of Massachusetts. Other pioneers of New World freedom were rearing their new standards of liberty in Jamestown and Plymouth for five generations before Lexington and Concord heralded a new era. It was all American in the destined result, yet all of it lacked the soul of nationality. In simple truth, there was no thought of nationality in the revolution for American independence. The colonists were resisting a wrong and freedom was their solace. Once it was achieved, nationality was the only agency to this preservation.

Deprecates Treaty Terms.

"Americanism really began when robed in nationality. The American Republic began to blaze the trail of representative popular government. Representative democracy was proclaimed the safe agency of highest human freedom. America headed the forward procession of civil, human and religious liberty which ultimately will affect the liberation of all mankind. The Federal Constitution is the very base of all Americanism, the ark of the covenant of American liberty, the very temple of equal rights. The Constitution does abide and ever will so long as the Republic survives.

"Let us hesitate before we surrender the nationality which is the very soul of highest Americanism. This Republic has never failed humanity nor endangered civilization.

"We have been tardy sometimes, like when we were proclaiming democracy and neutrality while we ignored our national rights, but the ultimate and helpful part we played in the great war will be the pride of America so long as the world recites the story.

"We do not mean to hold aloof, we choose no isolation, we shun no duty. I like to rejoice in an American conscience and in a big conception of our obligations to liberty, justice and civilization. I like to think of Columbia's helping hand to new republics which are seeking the blessings portrayed in our example, but I have a confidence in our America that requires no council of foreign powers to point the way of American duty. We wish to counsel, co-operate and contribute, but we arrogate to ourselves the keeping of the American continent and every concept of our moral obligations. It is fine to idealize, but it is very practical to make sure our own house is in perfect order before we attempt a miracle of world stabilization.

"Call it the selfishness of nationality if you will, I think it an inspiration to patriotic devotion—

"To safeguard America first.

"To stabilize America first.

"To prosper America first.

"To think of America first.

"To exalt America first.

"To live for and revere America first."

"Let the Internationalist dream and the Bolshevist destroy. God pity him 'for whom no minstrel raptures dwell.' Is the spirit of the Republic we proclaim Americanism and acclaim America."

Governor Coolidge's address was as follows:

"The first duty of a Government is to be true to itself. This doesn't mean perfection. It means a plan to strive for perfection. It means loyalty to ideals. The ideals of America were set out in the Declaration of Independence and adopted in the Constitution. They did not represent perfection attained but perfection planned. The fundamental principle was freedom. The fathers knew this was not yet apprehended. They formed a Government firm in the faith that it was ever to press toward this high mark.

"In selfishness, in greed, in lust for gain, it turned aside. Enslaving others, it became itself enslaved. Bondage in one part consumed freedom in all parts. The Government of the fathers ceasing to be true to itself was perishing.

"Five score and ten years ago that Divine Providence, which infinite repetition has made only the more a miracle, sent into the world a new life destined to save a nation. No star, no sign, foretold his coming. Born in a cradle all was poor and mean, save only the great source of all great men, the love of a wonderful woman. When she faded away in his tender years, from her death bed in humble poverty, she dowered her son with greatness. There can be no proper observance of a birthday which forgets the mother. Into his origin, as into his life, men long have looked and wondered. In wisdom great, but in humility greater, in justice strong, but in compassion stronger, he became a leader of men by being a follower of the truth. He overcame evil with good. His presence filled the nation. He broke the might of oppression. He restored a race to its birthright. His mortal frame has vanished but his spirit increases with the increasing years, the richest legacy of the greatest century.

"Men show by what they worship what they are. It is no accident that before the great example of American manhood our people stand with respect and reverence. In Abraham Lincoln is revealed our ideal, the hope of our country fulfilled.

"He was the incarnation of what America was to be. Through him the Almighty bestowed upon the nation a new birth of freedom, that this dear land of ours might be returned to the house of its fathers. We are the beneficiaries of a life of surpassing service, wise in freedom and gentle in gentleness.

"Freedom has many sides and angles. Human slavery has been swept away. With security of personal rights has come security of property rights. The freedom of the human mind is recognized in the right of free speech and free press. The public schools have made education possible for all and ignorance is a disgrace. In political affairs the vote of the humblest has long counted for as much as the vote of the most exalted.

"We are working toward the day when in our industrial life equal honor shall fall to equal endeavor. Duty is collective as well as personal. Law must rest on the permanent foundation of righteousness. Industry, thrift, character are not conferred by act or a resolve. Government cannot relieve from toil. Do the day's work. If it be to protect the rights of the weak, whoever objects, do it. If it be to help a powerful corporation better to serve the people, whatever the opposition, do that. Expect to be called a standpatter, but don't be a standpatter. Expect to be called a demagogue, but don't be a demagogue.

"We need a broader, firmer, deeper faith in people—a faith that men desire to do right, that the Government is founded upon a righteousness that will endure."

Those of Senator Harding's personal staff leaving Washington Saturday afternoon will include George B. Christian, Jr., his secretary; Captain Ferd Parker, Superintendent of the Stationery Division of the Senate; Howard Mannington, assistant to the secretary; Charles Hard, corresponding secretary; Elisha Hanson, corresponding secretary; Mrs. Bruce Lamond and Miss Cornelia Mattern, who have for seven years been private stenographers for Senator Harding; Mrs. L. M. Blair, confidential clerk, and the following members of the secretarial staff: Miss Catherine Lawlor, Miss Hattie E. Harris and Miss Eva Uhle, and Robert B. Armstrong, Director of Publicity. About ten newspaper correspondents expect to go from Washington and will be stationed at Marion throughout the campaign. In addition, newspaper men from various points in Ohio will be assigned to Marion headquarters.

Senator Charles L. McNary of Oregon, who starts for his home and a trip through the Far West at an early date, saw Senator Harding today. Senator McNary, as Chairman of the Senate Committee on Irrigation and Reclamation of Arid Lands, discussed briefly with Senator Harding the reclamation problems of the West. After his conference with Senator Harding, Senator McNary said:

"I am gratified and delighted that Senator Harding has such a thorough and comprehensive view of the problems of the West. I find him sympathetic to the underlying principles of reclamation and the increasing productivity of the great areas of the Western States. Senator Harding has also sound and progressive views on good roads and all of the other agencies for the development and prosperity of rural communities everywhere, but particularly apropos to the West."

Among Senator Harding's visitors today was Stanley H. Howe of New York, Director of the National Budget Committee and Secretary of the Young Republican Club. Mr. Howe informed the Senator that the Budget Committee is making an extensive study of the various Federal departments to prepare a bill to be ready for presentation at the next session of Congress, providing for a reorganization of governmental bureaus.

"You have a considerable job on your hands," Senator Harding told Mr. Howe. "Economy, as you know, is a part of my program."

The bill under contemplation is intended to replace the Budget bill which President Wilson vetoed, although approving its principles.

GLYNN DEPRECATES PARTY SPLIT TALK

Declares Republicans Will Remain United No Matter What Happens at Saratoga.

SEES DECISION ACCEPTED

Says There Will Be No Primary Fight Against Ticket If One Is Designated.

Talk that there might be a split in the Republican Party in the State if the unofficial State Convention, which will meet in Saratoga on July 27, indicates its choice as the candidate for Governor and the other State nominees, without regard to the strength disclosed in the meantime by the various contestants, moved Chairman George A. Glynn of the Republican State Committee to issue a statement yesterday declaring that the party would remain united no matter what might happen at the convention.

"If the convention designates a ticket," said Mr. Glynn, "I don't think any one not designated will make a primary fight against the selection of the convention."

He ran over the list of candidates for the nomination for Governor, and suggested that Senator George F. Thompson of Niagara, one of the candidates, might feel the most deeply aggrieved if he should not be the candidate designated. Senator Thompson claims the nomination as the reward of many years of faithful service to the party, and there exists a belief that he might resent the advantage given any other candidate by being chosen by the convention and would fight for the nomination in the primaries.

Secretary of State Hugo has had his petitions printed and they are now being circulated. Asked regarding his intentions, Mr. Hugo said over the long-distance telephone from Albany:

"I have had my petitions printed and I am going into the primaries. Every enrolled Republican voter has the right to enter."

Mr. Glynn announced the appointment of Henry L. Sage of Albany and John Lord O'Brian of Buffalo as members of the Resolutions Committee of the convention. The temporary Chairman, it was said, would not be chosen until after July 4. The Executive Committee of the State Committee will select the permanent Chairman on July 12.

COURSES IN BUSINESS SUBJECTS

New York University Summer School offers courses in the following subjects:

Accounting	Finance
Advertising	Foreign Trade
Business English	Insurance
Business Law	Secretarial Duties
Economics	

Most of the courses are held in the evening from 5:15-7:00 and 7:00-8:45, at Washington Square. Open to both men and women. For full information, write for bulletin.

NEW YORK UNIVERSITY SUMMER SCHOOL
32 Waverly Place
New York City.

I Offer

$75,000.00 ★

for

★$353.25

The possession of this low cost temporary insurance establishes your right to obtain permanent insurance in spite of any physical impairment which may develop before you are in a position to take an adequate amount.

$25,000—at your death from any disease.

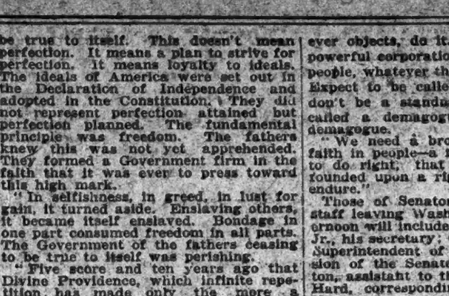
$50,000—from any accident, including Swimming, Automobiling, Golf or other sports.

$75,000—on a public conveyance.

★ *Age basis 40. Other amounts for other ages at proportionate rates.*

Write TODAY, giving age, for details of this incomparable plan of providing maximum protection at a minimum rate.

William S. Blizzard
115 Broadway
New York
Telephone Rector 4427



We Sell It

Built—Not Stuffed

TRADE MARK REGISTERED U.S. PAT. OFF.

Ostermoor

Yes, this is the Ostermoor Mattress you have heard of and seen advertised so many years. The one that's built of eight interlacing Ostermoor sheets, which after being *hand-laid* and sewed within the tick is ready for you to sleep on for the rest of your life and then bequeath to your heirs. There is one record of three generations sleeping on the same Ostermoor. It has been in satisfactory use for fifty-two years, and that is a pretty good record for durability—isn't it?

Come in and let us show you the Ostermoor

and explain why it is proof against dust, moisture, and vermin and never needs any renovation but a sun bath. Our stock will enable you to examine and test before you buy. If not convenient to call, send for our 144-page catalog—free.

OSTERMOOR & CO.
114 Elizabeth Street New York
Telephone No. 5 Spring
Showrooms extend through the block to 122 Bowery, adjoining the Bowery Savings Bank

"LONDON BAGS ARE FALLING DOWN PRICES ONLY BROKEN"

ESTABLISHED 1845 MARK CROSS TRADE MARK LONDON ACTUAL MAKERS

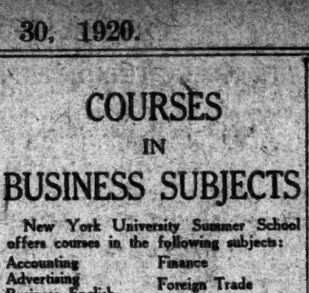
Fallen though the bags are, they will still exist in undiminished vigor long after the most ruthless baggage smasher has passed on.

FOR WOMEN

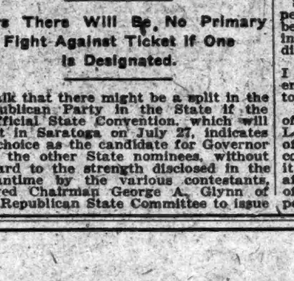
Traveling bag; sturdy, long-wearing black pigskin grained, as shown; lined with attractive moire silk; three convenient pockets; silt mountings. 16-inch, formerly $39, *now....* $24.50

Suit case; black smooth hide, sturdy yet light, lined with colored silks; shirred pocket; gilt mountings. 22-inch, formerly $35, *now....* $23.50

Initials stamped without charge.



FOR MEN



Suit case; durable russet cowhide, lined with clean drill; shirt fold in the lid; brass mountings. 24-inch, formerly $37, *now.....* $26

26-inch, formerly $42, *now.....* $29

Traveling bag; sound russet cowhide, lined with cleanly checked cloth; three pockets for conveniences; reinforced corners; brass mountings. 16-inch, formerly $33, *now.....* $23

18-inch, formerly $34.50, *now...* $24

20-inch, formerly $36, *now...* $25

Initials stamped without charge.

On Sale at Our New York Establishments

New York
404 Fifth Ave.
(at 37th Street)
253 Broadway
(Opp. City Hall)

Mark Cross
The World's Greatest Leather Stores

Boston
145 Tremont St.
London
89 Regent St.

WINCHESTER
SPORTSMEN'S HEADQUARTERS

Winchester Junior Trapshooting Outfit, $48

For the Whole Family

JUNIOR trapshooting is a new and fascinating game for the whole family, with lots of wholesome outdoor enjoyment in it. The Winchester Junior Trapshooting Outfit, which makes this pastime possible, also makes it both easy and inexpensive. Take it on picnics, boating trips, week-end parties, and you insure no end of sport.

The handsome little .410 caliber family shotgun is a typical Winchester. It is just as accurate and reliable a specimen of gun-making as the Winchester Rifle which was Theodore Roosevelt's favorite weapon in the African jungle.

Besides the gun, the Winchester Junior Trapshooting Outfit includes a sturdy, efficient Winchester hand trap for throwing the targets, a box of Winchester targets, and a box of .410-bore Winchester Shot Shells. For proper care of the gun, there is a jointed cleaning rod, gun oil and cleaning grease, all Winchester made. The whole outfit is neatly packed in a handsome black carrying case, easily carried under the seat of your automobile or motor boat.

Experienced shooters all approve the Winchester Junior Trapshooting Outfit. You will get lots of pleasure out of it, and like every Winchester product, it will give you excellent service.

WINCHESTER SPORTSMEN'S HEADQUARTERS
A Quiet Place to Shop at Leisure.
Practical Sportsmen at your Service.
469 Fifth Ave., 3rd Floor Opposite N. Y. Public Library

MERCER

Mercer's accessible construction cuts the heart out of the repair bill

Whatever saves labor today saves money—big money

The automobile that requires two operations to repair where one would answer on a car of better design is a mighty costly plaything.

We ask you to study the Mercer design with this thought in mind. If you can show us a simpler, more get-at-able, more thoroughly common sense construction in any car, large or small, fine or cheap, we shall have no more to say.

If not—think what that simplicity means to you in hard-earned dollars every time your car goes to the shop.

And, incidentally, that same simplicity is one of the big reasons why Mercer doesn't go to the shop very often.

Mercer is a Hare's Motors product and expresses in its accessible design the practical transportation standards of its sponsors.

Whiting Motor Company
1802 Broadway, New York City

The High Price of Sugar Should Make You Think of

Grape-Nuts

The Sugar Saving Cereal

This food of delicate sweet flavor is rich in its own sugar—developed from wheat and barley in making.

As a cereal for breakfast, Grape-Nuts needs no sweetening.

Sprinkled over berries or fresh fruit, Grape-Nuts is especially delightful. The cost is moderate and there's no waste, for every bit of this ready-cooked food is eatable.

All Grocers Sell Grape-Nuts

The Cereal That Needs No Sugar

"There's A Reason"

Made by Postum Cereal Company, Inc.
Battle Creek, Michigan

Sinclair Tires
honestly made—honestly sold

Some Service!

A Sinclair user got 9000 miles from a Sinclair remolded tire. He returned the shoe to us with a note full of praise. Better get *your* Sinclairs started on a mileage record.

Prices as follows:

30x3½	$11.95	35x5	$28.30
32x4	16.80	37x5	29.60
34x4	17.95	38x7 Cord	59.75

Other Sizes in Proportion—Write for Complete Price List

Sinclair Guaranteed Gray Tubes made of brand new rubber

SINCLAIR RUBBER CO., Inc.
General Office: 1679 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
Service Station: 1248 2d Avenue
Factory: 2864 Webster Avenue 225 E. 125th Street

PREPARE FOR JULY 4TH

MEN'S BATHING SUITS

Pure worsted, two-piece or regulation one-piece, with skirt, in all sizes and colors. Values up to $8.00, special..... $3.95

Bathing Belts, Shoes, Bags, Sweaters, and Medicine Balls Specially Priced.

It's a snap to get "Just the KODAK YOU WANT" here and everything else in sporting goods at the right prices.

SOL PUDLIN CO.
1212 BROADWAY, AT 30th ST.
"The Sporting Goods Store Where You Never Pay More."

NINTH INNING RALLY WINS FOR YANKEES

Hugmen Get Five Successive Hits, Score Three Runs and Defeat Red Sox, 6 to 5.

BOSTON MAKES FINE START

McInnis Clouts Home Run with Three on Bases—Rain Interrupts Game in Second Frame.

Oodles of excitement flared up in the ninth inning at the Polo Grounds yesterday when the Yanks came from behind with a rush and beat the Boston Red Sox, 6 to 5, after the Beaneaters had the game all tucked away in the card index.

A lot of good straw hats were thrown away and vocal cords were stretched beyond recognition. About 18,000 fans were feeling rather gloomy when the Yanks came up to bat in the ninth. Boston was in the lead, 5 to 3, and the heavy end of the Yank sluggers had tried in the eighth and failed. Five successive hits bounded from Yankee bats in the big rally.

The last section of the ninth was a knock-a-thon. Sam Jones had been deceiving in his best style on the mound for the Red Sox, and the Yank chances wouldn't have brought much on the auction block. Well, beginning the last of the ninth, Pratt sliced a hit off Stuffy McInnis which clipped Stuffy's feet so badly that it started every corn aching. Truck Hannah chopped a single to left, and Pratt took a long chance and galloped around to third. Ruel went in to run for Truck. Frank Gleich was inserted to bat for Thormählen, and Frank smacked a single down between first and second.

Ruel didn't keep his peepers open, and Gleich's hit caught Muddy on his shapely ankle and he was out; Pratt being sent back to third. A tough break. Peck slapped a single to left, Pratt raced home and the fans began to roar. Ward thumped a double to left, Gleich raced home with the tying run, and the general public began to throw away hats and what little dignity was left.

Pennock Pitches One Ball.

Manager Ed Barrow rushed a courier to the scene and told Sam Jones to get right off the lot. Herb Pennock came in. Peck was on third and there was only one out. Pipp, Ruth and Bodie stood in front of the Yank bench waving bats as if they were in an Indian club drill. Pennock got one glance at what was coming and the only thing he could do was pray.

Pipp went to the bat and the towering figure of Ruth stood in the immediate offing. Poor Pennock looked as if he sincerely wished he had chosen peddling milk as his life's work instead of pitching. Ruth bruised Herb for two home runs last Friday and here he was again coming up in a few minutes. Nothing but a double play could save Pennock from Ruth, unless of course Pipp brought the game to a close right then and there.

That is just what Pipp did. Wallie didn't have to make a hit to win the game. He merely plugged a roller to Vitt and on the first ball pitched by Pennock. Peckinpaugh had such a big start off third that he crossed the plate beating Vitt's toss to Walters and the game was over.

The blast of hysterics brought about such a wild surging mob scene on the field that Ruth and his hit were forgotten. Babe slammed his hat down on the ground in despair as much as to say: Ain't that just my luck? Here was a beautiful chance for me to make another hurrah and the Yanks win the game and rob me of my fun."

Ruth didn't make any home runs yesterday. His daily destruction consisted of a three-base wallop in the first which scored the Yanks' first run. But there is more or so to say about Ruth, even if he didn't make any home runs. Counting yesterday's three-bagger, the Bambergus has hit in twelve straight games for an average of .474. He has hit for a total of 42 bases in these dozen games, and his bat waving has included five home runs, three triples and three doubles. The boy is talented.

McInnis Hits Home Run.

The Yanks almost handed the game to the Red Sox on the old serving platter in the very first inning, when Ernie Shore was shoved in to pitch. Ernie's fast one looked like a new kind of a slow ball, and he didn't have any more curves than a flagpole. He passed Hooper at the start, which didn't show such poor sense, and then Vitt got a hit to second. Mike Menosky sent the boys along with a sacrifice and Schang walked. The bases were now packed to suffocation.

If Shore had realized just how badly he was pitching he would have given McInnis a walk, and that would have been only one run. Stuffy gave the ball an awful crack, and it sailed into the left field bleachers. Four runs streaked over the plate before Ernie could catch his breath.

Peck walked in the first, and after Ward and Pipp had died Ruth tripled to the right-field wall, scoring Peck. Walters was thrown out by Ward in the second. Jones walked, and as walking a pitcher was too much for Huggins to stand, he sent Thormahlen out to take up Shore's job.

Bodie filed to Hooper in the Yanks' half of the second and Pratt doubled off the right-field wall. The rain began to come down fast and Umpire Moriarty called the game for more than half an hour. When play was resumed Hannah filed to Hooper and Thormahlen rolled to Vitt, who handled the ball as if it had been made of dynamite. On this error Pratt scored all the way from second. Pratt singled with one out in the fourth and Hannah skied to Hooper again. Then Thormahlen hit a double to left and scored Pratt.

Babe Walks, Then Pans.

There was little of moment from that time up to the ninth. In the third Jones was booted because he gave Ruth a pass, but Jones had the laugh on the crowd in the fifth when he struck the Babe out. In the eighth Ruth lifted a high foul to Foster.

Scott, the first of the Red Sox up in the ninth, hit a home run to the deepest corner of the left field terrace and Walters filed to Meusel. Jones fanned and Hooper tripled off the right field wall. Vitt filed to Peck and the Sox looked as if they had the game sewed up, 5 to 2.

Then came the ninth inning Mexican revolution by the Yanks, all of which is known by this time.

The score:

NEW YORK (A.)	AB	R	H	P	A
Pk'paugh,ss	4	2	1	1	6
Ward,3b	5	0	2	0	6
Pipp,1b	5	0	1	12	1
Ruth,lf	3	0	1	2	0
Meusel,rf	4	0	1	2	0
Bodie,cf	4	0	1	2	0
Pratt,2b	4	3	3	3	1
Hannah,c	4	0	1	4	0
Shore,p	0	0	0	0	0
Thormahlen,p	3	0	1	1	1
aGleich	1	1	1	0	0
bRuel	0	0	0	0	0
Total	37	6	12	27	15

BOSTON (A.)	AB	R	H	P	A
Hooper,rf	4	1	1	3	0
Vitt,2b	4	1	1	2	1
Menosky,lf	2	0	0	1	1
Schange,cf	3	1	1	3	0
McInnis,1b	3	1	1	11	0
Foster,3b	4	0	0	2	0
Scott,ss	4	1	2	1	4
Walters,c	4	0	0	6	0
Jones,p	2	0	0	1	0
Pennock,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	30	5	6*	24	6

a Batted for Thormahlen in ninth.
b Ran for Hannah in ninth.
*Ruel out, hit by batted ball; one out when winning run was scored.

New York	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	2—6
Boston	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1—5

Two-base hits—Pratt, Thormahlen, Ward. Three-base hits—Ruth, Hooper. Home runs—McInnis, Scott. Sacrifice hits—Menosky, McInnis. Double play—Pratt and Pipp. Left on bases—Boston 6, New York 8. Bases on balls—Off Shore 3, Thormahlen 2, Jones 2. Hits—Off Shore 2 in 1 1-3 innings, Jones 12 in 8 1-3, Thormahlen 4 in 7 2-3. Hit by pitcher—By Thormahlen (Jones). Struck out—By Thormahlen 2, Jones 6. Wild pitch—Jones. Winning pitcher—Thormahlen. Losing pitcher—Jones. Umpires—Messrs. Moriarty and Chill. Time of game—Two hours.

WHITE SOX BEAT TIGERS.

Chicago Makes It Two Straight Over Detroit, Winning, 8 to 7.

DETROIT, June 29.—Chicago made it two straight from Detroit by winning today's game, 8 to 7. Williams and Ehmke, who started, each lasted seven innings, during which they were hit hard. Veach's home run in the fifth netted the Tigers three runs.

The score:

CHICAGO (A.)	AB	R	H	P	A
Leibold,rf	3	1	2	3	1
E. Collins,2b	3	1	1	1	1
Weaver,3b	5	1	1	1	2
Jackson,lf	3	2	1	3	0
Felsch,cf	4	1	2	0	0
J. Collins,1b	4	1	1	10	0
Risberg,ss	5	0	1	2	4
Schalk,c	4	0	0	6	0
Williams,p	3	0	1	0	0
Kerr,p	1	0	0	0	1
*Murphy	0	1	0	0	0
Total	35	8	12	27	10

DETROIT (A.)	AB	R	H	P	A
Young,2b	5	0	1	2	3
Bush,ss	3	2	1	3	4
Flagstead,cf	4	1	3	1	0
Veach,lf	3	2	1	4	0
Heilman,rf	3	2	1	2	0
Ellison,1b	4	0	2	10	4
Pinelli,3b	2	1	0	3	0
Stanage,c	4	0	1	0	3
Ehmke,p	3	0	1	1	0
Ayers,p	0	0	0	0	0
Okrie,p	0	0	0	0	0
aHale	1	0	0	0	0
Total	34	7	11	27	17

a Batted for Ayers in eighth.
Errors—Young, Flagstead, Stanage.

Chicago	2	0	2	0	0	1	0	3	0—8
Detroit	0	1	0	1	3	0	2	0	0—7

Two-base hits—Stanage, Felsch (2), Risberg, Bush, Ehmke. Three-base hit—Ellison. Home run—Veach. Sacrifice hits—E. Collins, J. Collins, Flagstead, Pinelli. Double play—Leibold and J. Collins. Left on bases—Chicago 10, Detroit 7. Bases on balls—Off Ehmke 5, Williams 5, Ayers 1. Hits—Off Williams 9 in 7 innings, Ayers 1 in 1, Kerr 2 in 2, Ehmke 11 in 7 (none out in eighth), Okrie 0 in 1. Hit by pitcher—Ehmke 2 (Leibold and Felsch). Struck out—By Williams 4, Kerr 1, Okrie 1. Winning pitcher—Kerr. Losing pitcher—Ayers. Umpires—Nallin and Connolly. Time of game—Two hours and six minutes.

BASEBALL MAY HELP FUND.

May Designate Monday as 'Olympic Afternoon' at All Grounds.

The Olympic Committee has set on foot a movement to have the afternoon of July 5 appointed Olympic afternoon at such baseball parks as there may be games. The purpose is a popular subscription to help raise funds to send the Olympic athletes to Antwerp. Anything will be welcome if the afternoon is thus designated. Presidents Johnson and Heydler are agreeable and it is now up to the individual club owners to see how they stand.

Not only the major leagues but the Pacific, the Southern, the International and the American Association have been invited to join the movement. It doesn't make a bit of difference whether the subscription is a penny or a check. It will all go to the same purpose and will be very welcome. Expenses to send teams to the Olympic games this year will be higher than ever.

Baseball is not an Olympic game. It is the national game of the United States, however, and should help. Every baseball enthusiast is an enthusiast for all games, and always for the Olympics. The little that can be put together will be a sturdy help in defraying the expenses of sending the American athletes to Antwerp.

Harley to be Big Leaguer.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, June 29.—Chic Harley, former all-American football player on the Ohio State University eleven, will go to Chicago tomorrow to sign a contract with a major league baseball club, according to reports. He went to Cincinnati today to watch the Reds play St. Louis.

GIANTS POUND OUT ANOTHER VICTORY

Win Seventh in Last Eight Starts by Soundly Thrashing Phillies Again.

DOUGLAS PROVES A RIDDLE

Holds Quaker City Men to a Single Tally, While McGraw's Band Piles Up Seven Runs.

PHILADELPHIA, June 29.—The Giants recorded here today at the expense of the Phillies their third victory in a row and their seventh in the last eight starts. This may not be good enough baseball to suit the rooters in Manhattan, but to the local fans it seems like gilt-edged, lap of luxury, seventh heaven stuff. They would gladly exchange the brand they have been getting from the local National League team for it and throw in a freight car load of scrapple.

The score of this afternoon's recreation was 7 to 1. The affair was witnessed by Charles A. Stoneham, President of the Giants, and also by 2,999 local lovers of baseball, who attended just to make it an even 3,000. The Phillies' rooters appear to be weakening a trifle. They are not turning out in robust numbers for the sake of helping the home team mourn. There's no percentage in that, according to Philadelphia computations.

Shuffling Phil Douglas was on the firing line for the invaders today and he done noble, as they would say in Chicago, or acquitted himself of his duties in such a manner as to gain the esteem of all thoughtful men, as a Boston rooter would put it. Nine hits were made off his shoots, but it was not until the eighth inning, when the game was already safely pocketed, that the Phillies managed to crowd three wallops together and coin them into a run.

Rixey Has Sad Experience.

Rixey was Cravath's nominee for the arduous task of holding the Giants in restraint. For four innings Eppa Jeptha sailed along without encountering any cyclones or cloudbursts, although his adversaries tapped him pastime that he became a little peevish, safely quite often—just gentle, tentative taps, designed to discover whether he was vulnerable. He was. So in the fifth the intruders threw off the mask of friendliness and cut loose with a rattling tattoo that netted three runs.

Rixey was so staggered by this unfeeling onslaught in what he had supposed to be merely a friendly little So when King slashed out a double to start the sixth inning, he decided to put a stop to all this hitting. He did it by the ingenious device of passing the men who confronted him, and thus putting their fiendish plans to naught—or nearly naught. He issued transportation good for three passengers in this session, and the outcome was a brace of New York runs just as valid as if they had been whaled home with cudgels.

The fans rubbed their eyes at the outset of the seventh. Could that be Mr. Rixey again entering the box. It could be. It was. But when Kelly greeted him with a double—the third in the inning in succession to be opened thus—it no longer was, for George Smith of Morningside Heights and the Polo Grounds and other celebrated centres of learning, ascended the mound to essay the thankless task of finishing the game. The Giants had no particular trouble with Smith nor did they make much trouble for him. He yielded a few hits and a brace of runs, bringing the visitors' total of tallies up to the perfect number, 7.

Start with a Futile Rush.

The Giants began the game as if they planned to perform fell deeds right away. After Fletcher had retired Burns, Bancroft whanged out a double to left, his seventh straight hit in two days. Rixey walked Young and Frank Frisch smashed a single off the pitcher's glove, filling the bases. However, Kelly hit into a double play, Rawlings to Fletcher to Pauletta.

In the fifth, with four ciphers tacked upon the scoreboard for each team, the Giants settled the issue. Snyder began the proceedings with a double off the centre field wall. Douglas beat out an infield hit toward third, Snyder taking third base. Burns walloped single to left and Snyder tallied, while Douglas stopped at second. Bancroft sacrificed the two runners along, and they both scored on Young's crashing single to left. Young got to second when Meusel juggled the ball on the throw-in and went to third after Williams's catch of Frisch's long fly. Ralph Miller threw out Kelly.

King's double, which opened the sixth, was the Giants' only hit in that session, but passes to Sicking, Burns and Young were superimposed upon the slam and two runs came home.

In the seventh Kelly, who began the activities with a double off the right centre wall, was sacrificed to third by King and scored on Sicking's single over third.

George Burns brought the victors' final tally across in the eighth, the line smash to centre with which he saluted Smith bounding into the left centre field bleachers for a home run.

The Phillies' sole tally came in the same inning. With two gone, Williams doubled to centre and scored on Stengel's single to the same territory.

The score:

NEW YORK (N.)	AB	R	H	P	A
Burns,lf	4	2	2	2	0
Bancroft,ss	2	2	1	2	3
Young,rf	3	0	1	2	1
Frisch,3b	5	0	1	0	1
Kelly,1b	5	1	2	12	1
King,cf	4	0	2	1	0
Sicking,2b	4	1	1	2	2
Snyder,c	4	1	2	5	2
Douglas,p	5	2	2	1	3
Total	36	7	15	27	15

PHILADELPHIA (N.)	AB	R	H	P	A
Rawlings,2b	4	0	1	1	4
Williams,cf	4	1	1	2	0
Stengel,rf	3	0	2	3	0
Meusel,lf	4	0	1	1	0
Fletcher,ss	4	0	1	3	4
Pauletta,1b	4	0	1	10	1
R. Miller,3b	4	0	2	1	3
Wheat,c	4	0	0	5	1
Rixey,p	2	0	0	0	1
G.Smith,p	1	0	0	0	1
Total	34	1	9	27	15

Errors—Bancroft, Meusel, R. Miller.

New York	0	0	0	0	3	2	1	1	0—7
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0—1

Two-base hits—Bancroft, Snyder, King, Kelly, Fletcher, Williams. Home run—Burns. Stolen base—Sicking. Sacrifice hits—Bancroft (2), Snyder, King. Double play—Rawlings, Fletcher and Pauletta. Left on bases—New York 11, Philadelphia 7. Bases on balls—Off Douglas 1, Rixey 4. Hits—Off Rixey, 10 in 6 innings (none out in 7th); G. Smith, 5 in 3. Hit by pitcher—By G. Smith (Bancroft). Struck out—By Douglas 1, G. Smith 2. Losing pitcher—Rixey. Umpires—Messrs. Harrison and Hart. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes.

OTHER INTERNATIONAL GAMES.

										R.	H.	E.
Akron	0	3	0	1	1	0	0	4	0	—	9	1	2
Rochester	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	1	—	4	8	4

Moseley and Smith; Jaynes and Manning.

										R.	H.	E.
Reading	1	3	0	0	4	2	1	2	0	—	14	17	1
Syracuse	0	0	2	1	0	2	0	0	0	—	6	11	1

Justin, Karpp and Konnick; Harscher and Madden.

										R.	H.	E.
Buffalo	4	0	0	0	2	3	0	0	0	—	7	11	2
Toronto	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—	1	4	3

Martin and Bengough; Bader, Quinn and Devine.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Buffalo	42	23	.646
Baltimore	42	23	.646
Toronto	39	25	.621
Akron	38	27	.585
Reading	33	33	.500
Jersey City	26	39	.400
Rochester	24	43	.359
Syracuse	16	49	.246

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Baltimore at Jersey City.
Rochester at Akron.
Buffalo at Toronto.
Syracuse at Reading.

Southern Association.

New Orleans 4, Memphis 1.
Little Rock 4, Mobile 2.
Birmingham 10, Chattanooga 8.
Atlanta 4, Nashville 0.

Giants vs. Brooklyn Today—2 games—1:30 P. M. Polo Grounds. Adm. 75c & $1.10, incl. tax.—Advt.

ROBINS DROP THEIR SIXTH IN A ROW

Braves Pound Cadore and Mohart for Seventeen Hits and Win, 8 to 1.

BOSTON, June 29.—The mad rush of the Robins from league leadership to the lower depths goes sorrowfully on. This afternoon the Flatbush crowd closed a six-game series with the Braves by dropping their fifth successive game to the Stallings clan and ran their latest losing streak up to six games, as the Giants inserted a wallop since the series opened here last Friday. The numerals of today's setback were 8 to 1, and the defeat dropped the Robins into fourth place.

As a result of the continued failure to win the Robins now find themselves dangerously close to a drop into sixth or seventh place in the pennant chase, quite a fall since June 13, when the team was showing the way in the National League parade. Today the Robins hit the ball hard enough to win ordinarily, but the pitching of Cadore and Mohart was sadly inefficient. The Braves slapped Cadore for an even dozen slams before he departed for a pinch hitter, and five more hits were gathered during the two innings which Mohart worked.

Uncle Robbie's men found little difficulty in getting to the service of Jack Scott, but the home flinger allowed no liberties, except in the first inning. Three times after the first frame the visitors bunched two hits in one inning and the third was the only frame in which they were retired in order. A pass by Scott and an error by Boeckel added to the Robins's opportunities, but it got them little. Twelve Brooklyn runners were stranded on the cushions. That tells briefly the weakness of the Robins with the stick when scoring opportunities loomed up.

Make Fine Start.

The Robins started out auspiciously enough and for a time in the first inning it appeared that they would give Scott an early trip to the showers. Johnston greeted the home hurler with a single to centre and after Kilduff had flied to Cruise Johnston stole second. Griffith fouled to Gowdy for the second out and then Zach Wheat lined a single to right field over which Johnston rode home. It was the end of the Brooklyn scoring. Myers's roller to Scott closed the inning.

The Braves lost no time in getting this run back and adding another to it. Powell's drive hopped off Cadore's glove for a single, and on a hit-and-run play Pick hit to right field for two bases, sending Powell to third. A wild pitch sent Powell over the plate and Pick to third. Eayres followed with the third successive hit off Cadore and Pick romped home with the run that put the Braves in the lead. After Cruise had hit into a double play Holke got the fourth hit of the inning off Cadore and then stole second, but was left there when Boeckel popped to Konetchy.

In the second the Robins had runners on first and third with only one out as a result of singles by McCabe and Kreuger, but Cadore hit into a double play. In the fourth an error by Boeckel gave Wheat a life and Konetchy got a single, but nothing developed.

The Braves put over another run in the fourth. Holke opened the inning with a double to centre and moved along to third on Boeckel's sacrifice. Maranville, who had a busy afternoon with the stick, drove a single to left and Holke registered. The Rabbit tried to steal second but was out, so the hit by Gowdy a minute later went to waste.

The Farewell to Cadore.

In the sixth inning, the last that Cadore worked, the Braves did some more timely clouting. The first two batsmen went out in order, and then Maranville hit to deep left field for three bases. He held third while Gowdy was getting the decision on an infield roller, and Hank stole second. Scott chased both runners over the plate with a single to right field. Jack raced to second on the throw-in, and was so well satisfied with his speed that he decided to steal third. Krueger refused to stand for any such reflection on his throwing ability—having a pitcher steal third—and his throw to Johnston closed the inning.

Clarence Mitchell made a vain attempt to start a Brooklyn rally as pinch hitter for Cadore in the first half of the seventh and Mohart took up the pitching burden in the home half. He got through this inning safely, but got a taste of Cadore's medicine in the eighth. Cruise opened the inning with a triple to right and scored when Holke followed with a single to right. Boeckel filed out and Maranville got his third successive hit, a single to right, on which Holke raced to third. A wild pitch enabled Holke to score and Maranville raced around to third when Krueger, after recovering the ball, threw poorly to the plate. Gowdy drew a pass and Scott came through with another timely single, scoring Maranville.

An unusual play marked the home half of the fifth. With Pick on second base Cruise hit to deep right field. After Griffith made the catch Pick tried to score from second, but the relay throw by Kilduff to the plate doubled the Boston second baseman.

The score:

BOSTON (N.)	AB	R	H	P	A
Powell,cf	5	1	2	2	0
Pick,2b	4	1	3	4	3
Eayers,lf	3	0	1	0	0
Cruise,rf	4	1	1	2	0
Holke,1b	4	2	3	9	0
Boeckel,3b	3	0	0	3	1
Maranville,ss	4	2	2	3	4
Gowdy,c	3	1	2	8	0
Scott,p	4	0	2	0	4
Total	34	8	17	27	15

BROOKLYN (N.)	AB	R	H	P	A
Johnston,3b	5	1	3	2	2
Kilduff,2b	5	0	1	6	4
Griffith,rf	4	0	0	1	1
Wheat,lf	5	0	2	1	0
Myers,cf	4	0	1	1	0
Konetchy,1b	3	0	2	5	0
McCabe,ss	4	0	1	2	4
Krueger,c	4	0	1	2	4
Cadore,p	2	0	0	0	2
Mohart,p	0	0	0	0	0
Mitchell	1	0	0	0	0
bSchmandt	1	0	1	0	0
cNeis	1	0	0	0	0
Total	39	1	12	24	17

a Batted for Cadore in seventh.
b Batted for Mohart in ninth.
c Batted for Griffith in ninth.
Errors—Krueger, Boeckel.

Boston	2	0	0	1	0	2	0	3	—8
Brooklyn	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1

Two-base hits—Pick, Holke. Three-base hits—Cruise, Maranville. Stolen bases—Johnston, Eayers, Holke, Gowdy. Sacrifice hits—Boeckel. Double plays—McCabe and Konetchy, Griffith, Kilduff and Krueger, Kilduff, McCabe, Krueger and McCabe, Maranville, Pick and Holke. Left on bases—Brooklyn 12, Boston 6. Bases on balls—Off Cadore 2, Mohart 1, Scott 1. Hits—Off Cadore 12 in 6 innings, Mohart 5 in 2. Struck out—By Mohart 1, Scott 1. Wild pitches—Cadore, Mohart. Winning pitcher—Scott. Losing pitcher—Cadore. Umpires—O'Day and Quigley. Time of game—One hour and thirty-eight minutes.

REDS DEFEAT CARDINALS.

Fisher Strong in Pinches and Champions Win, 5 to 1.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, June 29.—Cincinnati won from St. Louis today, 5 to 1. Fisher, though hit hard, was strong with men on bases. The Cardinals' only run was scored in the fourth on a single by Hornsby and a double by Schultz.

The score:

CINCINNATI (N.)	AB	R	H	P	A
Rath,2b	2	1	1	4	3
Daubert,1b	3	0	0	10	0
Groh,3b	3	2	2	0	2
Roush,lf	4	1	2	2	0
Duncan,rf	4	0	2	2	0
Kopf,ss	3	0	2	2	4
Neale,cf	4	0	0	2	0
Allen,c	2	1	1	5	2
Fisher,p	3	0	2	0	3
Total	28	5	10	27	14

ST. LOUIS (N.)	AB	R	H	P	A
Shotton,lf	5	0	1	1	0
Heathcote,cf	4	0	1	3	1
Stock,3b	3	0	0	2	0
Hornsby,2b	4	1	2	1	4
Fournier,1b	4	0	1	9	2
Schultz,rf	4	0	2	3	0
Lavan,ss	4	0	1	3	4
Dilhoefer,c	3	0	1	2	1
aKnode	1	0	0	0	0
Jacobs	1	0	1	1	1
Sherdel,p	1	0	1	0	1
bMcHenry	1	0	0	0	0
Total	35	1	10	24	13

a Batted for Dilhoefer in ninth.
b Batted for Sherdel in ninth.
eError—Heathcote.

Cincinnati	0	0	1	0	0	2	2	0	—5
St. Louis	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	—1

Two-base hits—Groh, Schultz. Three-base hit—Groh. Sacrifices—Rath, Daubert, Jacobs. Left on bases—St. Louis 9, Cincinnati 5. Bases on balls—Off Fisher 1, Jacobs 1, Sherdel 1. Hits—Off Jacobs 7 in 5 2-3 innings, Sherdel 3 in 2 1-3 innings. Hit by pitcher—By Jacobs 2. Struck out—By Fisher 2, Balk—Jacobs. Losing pitcher—Jacobs. Umpires—Klem and Emslie. Time of game—Two hours.

Leading Batsmen of the Major Baseball Leagues

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Player and Club.	G.	A.B.	R.	H.	P.C.
Sisler, St. Louis	64	251	52	110	.438
Speaker, Cleveland	64	247	63	88	.356
Jackson, Chicago	59	226	39	87	.307
Milan, Washington	58	232	37	85	.367
Ruth, New York	30	108	30	71	.259

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Player and Club.	G.	A.B.	R.	H.	P.C.
Hornsby, St. Louis	64	209	46	99	.381
Smith, New York	57	115	8	42	.374
Robertson, Chicago	52	199	25	68	.342
Daubert, Cincinnati	53	207	34	69	.333
Williams, Phila'phia	62	252	42	82	.325

CLEVELAND TAKES TWO FROM BROWNS

Indians Hit St. Louis Pitchers Freely and Win by Scores of 9 to 6 and 5 to 4.

ST. LOUIS, June 29.—Cleveland took two games from St. Louis today, hitting the local pitchers hard and getting material assistance in the second contest from St. Louis errors. The scores were 9 to 6 and 5 to 4.

The scores:

(FIRST GAME.)

CLEVELAND (A.)	AB	R	H	P	A
Evans,lf	5	1	2	0	0
Chapman,ss	3	2	1	4	6
Speaker,cf	4	1	1	5	0
E.Smith,rf	4	1	3	8	0
Gardner,3b	4	1	1	1	1
W'ganss,2b	5	0	2	2	2
Johnston,1b	5	0	0	7	1
O'Neill,c	5	0	2	5	1
Caldwell,p	3	3	1	0	0
Coveleskie,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	38	9	13	27	11

ST. LOUIS (A.)	AB	R	H	P	A
Tobin,rf	4	2	1	3	0
Gedeon,2b	4	1	2	1	3
Sisler,1b	4	0	1	11	1
Jacobson,cf	4	0	0	2	0
Williams,	5	1	2	2	0
Austin,3b	4	1	2	1	2
Gerber,ss	4	0	1	1	3
Billings,c	4	0	1	2	1
Wellman,p	2	0	0	2	2
Shocker,p	0	0	0	0	0
aEarl Smith	1	0	0	0	0
bSevereid	1	0	0	0	0
Total	38	5	8	27	12

a Batted for Shocker in seventh.
b Batted for Burwell in eighth.
Errors—Gardner, Caldwell, Gedeon.

Cleveland	0	0	1	0	5	0	0	3	0—9
St. Louis	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0—6

Two-base hits—Elmer Smith, Gedeon. Home runs—Elmer Smith, William. Stolen bases—Sisler. Sacrifice hits—Chapman, Speaker, Gardner, Sisler, Jacobson. Left on bases—Cleveland 8, St. Louis 11. Bases on balls—Off Caldwell 3, Coveleskie 1, Shocker 3. Hits—Off Caldwell 10 in 7 1-3 innings (one out in 8th), Coveleskie 1 in 1 2-3, Shocker 9 in 7 innings, Burwell 4 in 1, Sotheron 0 in 1. Struck out—By Caldwell 3, Coveleskie 1, Shocker 2, Winning pitcher—Caldwell. Losing pitcher—Shocker. Umpires—Evans and Hildebrand. Time of game—Two hours and twenty minutes.

(SECOND GAME.)

CLEVELAND (A.)	AB	R	H	P	A
Evans,lf	5	0	1	2	0
Chapman,ss	4	2	2	1	0
Speaker,cf	4	1	1	1	0
Wood,rf	3	1	1	2	0
Elmer Smith, rf	0	0	0	0	0
William,rf	4	0	1	3	1
Austin,3b	0	0	0	0	0
Gardner,3b	4	1	2	0	1
Wambs's,2b	3	0	0	4	4
Johnston,1b	4	0	1	12	0
O'Neill,c	2	0	0	3	0
Morton,p	3	0	0	0	0
Total	32	5	7	27	14

ST. LOUIS (A.)	AB	R	H	P	A
Tobin,rf	5	1	1	2	0
Gedeon,2b	4	2	2	3	3
Sisler,1b	4	0	1	11	1
Jacobson,cf	4	0	0	2	0
Elmer Smith, lf	4	0	1	3	1
Austin,3b	0	0	0	0	0
Thompson,3b	3	0	0	0

AMERICAN TO MEET JAPANESE IN FINAL

Tilden and Shimidzu Sole Survivors of Wimbledon Tennis Tournament.

FORMER DEFEATS GARLAND

Philadelphian Conquers His Teammate in Straight Sets and Wins in Doubles with Johnston.

WIMBLEDON, England, June 29 (Associated Press).—William T. Tilden, 2d, of Philadelphia and Zenzo Shimidzu of Japan will be the competitors in the final round of the British lawn tennis singles championship. Tilden won his place today as a finalist by defeating his fellow-American, Charles S. Garland of Pittsburgh, in the semi-finals, 6-4, 8-6, 6-2. Shimidzu earned the right to oppose the Philadelphian by beating Theodore M. Mavrogordato of the English Davis Cup team, 3-6, 6-4, 6-0, 6-2. The winner of the final must meet Gerald L. Patterson of Australia in the challenge round for the championship.

Tilden's defeat of the Japanese in straight sets a week ago in the London championship matches at the Queen's Club makes the American a big favorite, notwithstanding the view of experts that Shimidzu's play has notably improved during the Wimbledon meeting.

Shimidzu was bothered greatly early in today's match owing to its being played on the outside court. He was not used to the wind, having played most of his other games here on the protected centre court. The Japanese made a wonderful recovery in the second game, however, when Mavrogordato seemed to suffer from overconfidence, which finally is largely responsible for his being eliminated.

Garland fought gamely, but to the spectators it seemed that Tilden extended himself only when necessary to keep from losing a set. The winner was easily master of the situation throughout the match.

The draw in the doubles will bring Johnston and Tilden against Garland and Williams in the top half of the semi-finals, while, in the lower half, Kingscote and Parke will meet the South Africans, Dodd and Blackbeard.

Garland and Williams always appeared superior against the Brothers Lowe, although the latter fought pluckily in an uphill contest. The Americans outclassed them on account of better team work and harder volleying. The Lowes played mainly from the back court and were slow in following in on service. Consequently they were frequently caught by a smash at their feet and were always on the defensive.

The match between Johnston and Tilden and Doust and Prebble was in the nature of a joy game for the Americans, although Doust and Prebble played finely. The former was especially quick on his feet and consequently frequently accepted Johnston's returns at the net. Tilden was wonderful overhead. His lobbing was perfect, going to within inches of the baseline, and he scored many aces on service.

Victory in Doubles.

The American doubles pair, William M. Johnston and William T. Tilden, 2d, won their match in the fourth round, defeating Stanley N. Doust, the Australian, formerly a Davis Cup player, and Albert D. Prebble, 6-2, 7-5, 6-4. In the same round the other American pair, C. S. Garland and R. Norris Williams, 2d, defeated the British pair, A. R. Lowe and F. G. Lowe, 6-3, 7-5, 6-4. A. R. F. Kingscote and J. C. Parke, British Davis Cup players, defeated the Swedish pair, Malmstrom and von Braun, 6-1, 6-0, 6-2. The South Africans, G. H. Dodd and C. R. Blackbeard, beat the Frenchmen, J. Brugnon and Max Decugis, 5-7, 6-3, 6-3, 6-4.

In the ladies' singles matches Mrs. Lambert Chambers, the former champion, beat Mrs. Molla Bjurstedt Mallory, 6-2, 6-0, and Miss Ryan of California beat Mrs. Parton of England, 6-4, 6-4. Mrs. Mallory played erratically, picking up tremendously placed returns one minute and the next netting easy ones. Her netting really cost her the match.

In the mixed doubles Gerald L. Patterson of Australia, the present singles champion, and Mlle. Suzanne Lenglen of France beat the English pair, H. Hillyard and Mrs. Satterthwaite, 6-2, 6-1. In the fifth round of the mixed doubles Randolph Lycett and Miss Ryan beat G. Sherwell and Miss McKane, 6-4, 6-3.

Huge Crowd Again Present.

A huge crowd again attended the contests and continued to display chief interest in the performances of the Americans, who undoubtedly are the greatest attraction Wimbledon has ever seen. One frequent comment, however has to do with the form shown by William M. Johnston, the American champion, which in this tournament did not reach expectations. His form certainly was not up to that shown by him in the London championships at Queen's Club a few days ago. Johnston, however, is making no excuses and declares that he is putting up no alibi.

The fact is recognized, nevertheless, that the position of the centre court, which faces east and west, obliging the players on one side to face the blazing sun and the other rows on rows of white blouses against which a player loses sight of the ball, certainly militated against his game.

HEIGHTS PAIR IS WINNER.

Hammett and Henderson Enter the Final of Sunningdale Tennis.

Alfred D. Hammett and Embree H. Henderson of the University Heights Club entered the final round of the open tennis doubles at the Sunningdale Country Club yesterday by defeating N. R. Sinclair and Sigmund Spaeth in straight sets, 6-1, 10-8. They will wind up the tournament at Scarsdale by facing Ben Letson and Fred C. Anderson, to whom they were runners-up in the New Jersey State championship.

Hammett was also to have played Paul Martin in the lower semi-final of the singles yesterday, but the thunderstorm came too soon to permit this match to start. They will meet today or tomorrow, the winner playing Sinclair for the individual trophy.

Yesterday's match began according to general expectations, but threatened to turn into an upset during the second session. The losers here led at 4-1 and 5-3, and at 5-4 were within a point of the squaring set, on Henderson's service. Only three inexcusable errors at a vote saved the situation for the Heights team.

The winners seemed to have the match put away at 7-6 and 40-15. Henderson again serving, but Sinclair and Spaeth pulled out of the hole and tied the games once more. Still another alternation of service made it 6 all, and then some erratic overhead hitting caused a break in service against the losers.

Henderson had the winning delivery, and the final point came when Sinclair lobbed a few inches out of court, making it set and match at 10-8.

The opening set was one-sided, largely because of the high percentage of double faults by Sinclair, and a general tendency toward wildness on the part of himself and his teammate. They broke through Hammett's service at the outset, but then lost six games in a row, with everything breaking against them. Henderson was a tower of strength in his low volleys during this set, but weakened later, and was particularly unsteady overhead. On the whole, Hammett played the better tennis for his side, although most of his shots lacked a killing finality, and he depended upon helpful errors to achieve his results. Sinclair's chief weakness was in serving, and Spaeth suffered from over anxiety.

Sixty-eight Crews Entered In Regatta on Schuylkill

PHILADELPHIA, June 29.—Sixty-eight crews, representing rowing clubs of New York City and vicinity, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and Toronto, have entered the People's Regatta, to be rowed over a mile and a quarter course on the Schuylkill River next Monday. The program includes seventeen races. One of the feature events will be the quarter-mile dash for the senior single sculls championship, in which the entries include Rob Dibbits of the Don Rowing Club, Toronto, and Jack Kelly of this city, the title holder. Other entries in this event are Robert Duncan, Potomac Rowing Club, Washington, and Ringling of Philadelphia. The Argonaut Club of Toronto has entered crews in the senior double and senior four-oared shell events.

HARVARD AND YALE LEAD ON COURTS

Three Crimson and Two Eli Players Remain to Contest College Tennis Title.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, June 29.—Three Harvard racquet wielders advanced today in the annual intercollegiate tennis tourney on the Merion Cricket Club courts at Haverford. D. H. Robinson won his match in the third round from A. Wilder, of Yale, and will play in the semi-finals tomorrow afternoon. C. H. Hymans and J. B. Fenno were the other Crimson players to advance. They enter the third round tomorrow afternoon. Yale qualified Banks and Hawks, Cornell one, Kirk Reid, and California one, Edmund Levy.

Another Californian star was eliminated this afternoon when Tevis Martin was forced to bow to Kirk Reid, of Cornell. At the start of the match Martin seemed to be having an easy time. He had little difficulty in winning the initial set, 6-3. In the second set he eased up and in the third he twice had the match within his grasp. He wavered, however, and Reid finally came through victor, 8-6. Reid's playing today assures him a place as one of the strongest aspirants for the title.

H. L. Goldsborough, the only University of Pennsylvania entrant to reach the second round, stumbled today before the driving attack of the skilful Max Hopkins of Yale, who put up a sensational match on Monday against Wallace Bates of California. Goldsborough dropped the first set 6-2 and the fair-sized gallery looked for a walkaway for Banks. The Red and Blue star surprised them all, however, by outplaying Banks throughout the second set, in which the score was 6-2.

Banks showed a reversal of form in the third set and by using all his knowledge and speed vanquished the Penn lad, 6-3.

Hymans, the Harvard star, had a difficult task winning from Barron of Massachusetts Tech. The Tech lad won the first set 6-4, and Hymans won the second set with comparative ease, 6-1. The third, however was hard fought throughout, with Hymans emerging on the long end of the 7-5 score.

One of the best matches of the afternoon was witnessed by but few spectators, because of the approaching rain. This brought De Turenne of Harvard against Hawks of Yale. Hawks won in three sets. The first went to the 2d leader, 7-5, when the Harvard lad grew careless toward the end. De Turenne pulled himself together in the next set and by brilliant playing managed to even up the score, 6-3. The third set went to Hawks, 6-2. De Turenne showing poor form after his excellent playing of the second frame.

Tomorrow afternoon the remainder of the third round and the semi-finals and final will in all probability be finished. The preliminaries and two matches in the second round were played in the doubles today.

The summary:

Second Round—Kirk Reid, Cornell, defeated Tevis Martin, California, 3-6, 6-2, 6-3; C. H. Hymans, Harvard, defeated W. L. Barron, Massachusetts Tech., 7-5, 6-1, 7-5; M. Banks, Yale, defeated H. L. Goldsborough, Pennsylvania, 6-2, 2-6, 6-2; J. B. Fenno, Harvard, defeated R. D. Carver, Massachusetts Tech., 6-4, 6-2, 6-1; Edmund Levy, California, defeated L. Wiley, Yale, 6-2, 6-3; K. Hawks, Yale, defeated L. A. De Turenne, Harvard, 7-5, 3-6, 6-2.

Third Round—D. H. Robinson, Harvard, defeated A. Wilder, Yale, 6-1, 6-4.

Doubles—Preliminary Round—Ghadd and Ballinger, George Washington, defeated Dudley and Mears, Swarthmore, 3-7, 6-2, 6-3; Hawks and Banks, Yale, won by default from Holmes and Montooth, Pennsylvania; E. Levy and Wallace Bates, California, defeated W. R. Elliott, Jr., and W. Carver, Massachusetts Tech., 6-3, 6-1.

First Round—Porchfield and Martin, California, won by default from Warner and Beck, Lehigh; A. Wilder and L. Wiley, Yale, defeated W. N. Barron and W. McWane, Massachusetts Tech., 6-4, 6-1.

KYNASTON WINS AT TENNIS.

Other Matches in Brooklyn Tourney Are Interrupted by Rain.

The sudden and heavy rainfall of yesterday put an abrupt end to the tennis tournaments for the Brooklyn championship, in progress at the Terrace-Kings County Club, Flatbush. Four good matches were under way when the skies opened, and in each case the local winner had the first set to his credit, with the second at an undetermined stage of development. Percy L. Kynaston was the only player to make a definite advance, reaching the fifth round at the expense of A. Cunningham, whom he eliminated in straight sets, scoring 6-1, 6-2.

Francis T. Hunter, Stephen V. Brubana, E. L. Westfall and Adolphus Bennett were the leaders in the unfinished encounters, the last named, who recently defeated the former Brooklyn champion, Charles Chambers, being apparently on the verge of stepping into the sixth round. He had as his opponent G. C. Cameron, who failed to get a game in the first set and had totaled only two to Bennett's four when the elements interrupted. The rangy Californian is now regarded as the dark horse of the tournaments, and the tennis he showed yesterday seems to give him a chance against any of the favored contenders.

Hunter looked very strong against J. W. Anderson, taking the opening set with the loss of only one game, and leading at 1-0 in the second at stopping time. The veteran Westfall on the other hand, had a terrific fight on his hands before he could claim the first set against Donald Keresey at 8-6. It was 5-all in the second when they gave it up, and the match looked like an absolutely even proposition, with the younger player coming strongly and showing evidences of better physical condition.

Brubana encountered his youthful doubles partner of the Hoboken Club, R. De Mott, for whose tennis he is largely responsible, and in the first set the pupil gave the master a practically even argument. Brubana was the winner at 7-5 after they had alternated on service most of the way. The second went to Brubana at 6-all when the rain came. De Mott was hitting exceedingly well, but the steadiness of Brubana threatened to be too much for him in the long run.

The Brooklyn junior championship begins this morning at 11 o'clock, if the courts can be put into adequate condition by Tom, the hard-working groundsman.

Following is the summary of yesterday's play:

Fourth Round—Percy L. Kynaston defeated A. Cunningham, Am. Inst. Park, 6-1, 6-2; Francis T. Hunter, Crescent A. C., defeated Fritz Rumbold, Ridgewood Park, 6-4, unfinished; Stephen V. Brubana vs. R. DeMott, 7-5, 6-6, unfinished; E. L. Westfall vs. Donald Keresey, 8-6, 5-5, unfinished.

Third Round—Adolphus Bennett vs. G. C. Cameron, 6-3, 6-5, unfinished.

SHAMROCK IV. WINS SANDY HOOK TRIAL

Defeats 23-Meter Sloop Over Shortened Course—Loftier Topmast for Challenger.

RACE RESULTS, SHAMROCK IV. AND 23-METER SHAMROCK.

First Race—Won by Shamrock IV. (Course triangular, with handle, about 28 miles).

Second Race—Won by Shamrock IV. (Course windward and leeward, about 21 miles).

Third Race—Won by Shamrock IV. (Course quadrangular, about 25 miles).

Fourth Race—Won by Shamrock IV. (Course windward and leeward, 12.2 miles).

Special to The New York Times.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., June 29.—Once more Sir Thomas Lipton's challenging Shamrock IV. defeated his old and trusty 23-meter Shamrock over a short windward and leeward course off here today, but it was not the kind of victory to bring great joy to Sir Thomas and others who are anxious to see him lift the cup.

The course was one of 12.2 miles, from the Scotland Lightship to the Shrewsbury Rocks buoy and return, with the breeze having a velocity of from 12 to 14 knots at the start and later attaining a varying velocity of from 14 to 18 knots. The challenger won by 3 minutes 7 seconds, actual time.

It was a victory of challenger over "trial horse," but in the matter of sailing the old 23-meter international racer was infinitely better handled from start to finish.

The original intention was to have a 30-mile windward and leeward race, but later those in charge of such details decided to shorten it by more than half. No reason was given for shortening the course nor for shortening sail, either, though club topsails were doused about as soon as the two racers were outside of the Hook.

A strong ebb tide against the 12 to 14 mile breeze may have caused the afterguard of the challenger to overestimate the strength of the breeze, as the surface of old Atlantic was ruffled up a trifle, though there was nothing of a sea to speak of.

To Use Longer Topmast.

Although the challenger carried no club topsail, still, after the brief race, when she put into Sandy Hook Bay, men at once started to unstep her present topmast that a loftier one might be set up tomorrow. The need of the new and longer topmast when the smaller one appeared to be more than those on board cared to risk carrying a topsail to puzzled some of those who were present.

A 12-knot breeze was blowing from the south-southwest as noon approached, and the two green sloops, under mainsail, jib, staysails and club topsails, made out from their anchorages in the Horseshoe. As soon as they were outside club topsails and staysails were taken in, and the pair scudded along toward the Scotland Lightship, where they were to start their day's marine battle.

It was given at 12:25, at which time both sloops were making toward the line on the port tack, the 23-meter craft slightly in the lead as well as in the weather berth.

The trial horse crossed at 12:35:24. Sixteen seconds later the challenger went over the line and both made for toward the Highlands. Ten minutes before the yacht on which Sir Thomas bases his hopes of lifting the cup had worked through the other's lee, and

The preparatory signal was set aboard the steam yacht Victoria at 12:20, and ten minutes thereafter the warning signal followed, while the starting signal when both were well in shore they tacked.

Thereafter followed several short hitches out to the mark off Seabright. During that 6.1 miles of windward work the helmsmanship aboard both yachts was under strict observation and it was agreed that Captain Diper did better work aboard the trial horse than did the helmsman of the challenger.

Slow Setting Spinnaker.

The challenger rounded the outer mark at 1:29:39 and the 23-meter craft at 1:32:00, there being a difference of 2 minutes 13 seconds between them, and the challenger had gained 2 minutes and 27 seconds on the leg.

Then came the run back to the light vessel and spinnakers were broken out, but not with any remarkable speed. Shortened crews may have had much to do with that, however. It was merely a procession back to the finish line off the Scotland Lightship, with the challenger opening the gap a trifle more.

The challenger crossed the finish line at 1:59:15 and the 23-meter craft at 2:02:06, the former having gained 40 seconds on the run home, and at that time the difference between the two was 2 minutes 51 seconds. At this time the breeze had freshened to about eighteen knots.

Taking in spinnakers, the two proceeded on their way back to their anchorages in the Horseshoe. Considerable difficulty was experienced in dousing the 23-meter's spinnaker, which for a minute came near getting away from the crew.

As the yachts neared the finish line numerous tugs with refuse barges in tow were making out to sea and they proceeded to block the waters up completely near the light vessel despite the presence of one of the harbor supervisor's tugs, which apparently made no attempt to direct the tows clear of the racers.

Firemen See Trial.

Sir Thomas had the firemen who helped save the challenger from destruction in the fire last Winter at Jacob's yard on board as his guests for the day and each one of them went ashore tonight wearing a Shamrock pin. Others on board included General Sir Charles Townshend of Kut-el-Amora fame, Commodore Howard C. Borden, Lloyd B. Sanderson and Mrs. Sanderson, Miss Jarvis of Toronto and John J. Hickey.

Vincent Astor had his power yacht Cristina out for the trial and aboard her were several of his friends, while the speed cruiser Wig Wag and several seaplanes added to the fleet of onlookers. There is to be no race tomorrow, but on Thursday another contest is scheduled to be held.

The staysail of the challenger did not appear to be thoroughly set up and fluttered continually during the race. After the race one of the afterguard explained that the staysail halyard cleat had split.

Several days ago the Shamrock outfit got in communication with the Aeromarine Company by wireless to learn whether certain minor mechanical work could be attended to at their Keyport works and thus avoid sending to New York. A giant seaplane answered the wireless call and took the part to the works. As the yachts came to their moorings this afternoon the same big seaplane returned and delivered the part aboard the houseboat Killarney.

The summary:

	Shamrock IV. H.M.S.	23 Shamrock H.M.S.
Start	12:35:40	12:35:24
Outer mark	1:29:39	1:32:00
Elapsed time, leg	0:54:16	0:56:36
Gained	0:02:27	
Finish	1:59:15	2:02:06
Elapsed time, leg	0:29:17	0:29:07
Gained	0:00:40	
Total elapsed time	1:23:25	1:26:42
Won by	0:03:07	

Spanish Swimmer for Olympics.

MADRID, June 29.—Abelardo Lopez, champion swimmer of Spain, has gone to Antwerp, where he will compete in the Olympic Games.

OPEN GOLF TITLE WON BY LOEFFLER

Former Caddy Springs Surprise by Capturing Pennsylvania Championship.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, June 29.—Emil "Dutch" Loeffler, a former caddy, won the Pennsylvania open golf championship at Oakmont today, leading a classy field with a fine score of 150 for the thirty-six holes. His victory was a distinct surprise, and he proved to be the "dark horse" of the tournament. At the end of the morning round he was two strokes behind Fred Brand, professional at the Allegheny Country Club, who was in the lead with a score of 75 for the first eighteen holes. In the afternoon Loeffler played excellent golf, turning in a card of 75, one better than the par figures.

Loeffler is the greens keeper at the Oakmont Country Club, and this is the first tournament he has ever won. He is a former service man, having enlisted in the 327th Infantry when the United States entered the war. Being in the 82d Division he saw considerable overseas service, and was wounded in action.

Today he won the open title on the course over which he learned to play, just as Davy Herron won the national championship last year on the course where he was taught the rudiments of the game. Loeffler caddied at the course for nine years, and one of the first players he caddied for was W. C. Fownes, Jr., the former United States amateur champion.

S. Davidson Herron, the present national amateur champion, led the amateur contingent with a score of 80, and was tied for second place with Rowe and Brand, two professionals. The champion encountered several bad holes in each round, having lost two balls in the morning round. He played twenty-eight out of the thirty-six holes in par or better, but the bad holes proved disastrous for him.

William C. Fownes, Jr., was tied for second low score at the end of the morning round, but he developed an erratic streak in the afternoon which put him out of the running. Max R. Marston, the former metropolitan player, was one of the starters, and he had a mark of 166 for the thirty-six holes, requiring an 83 for each round. The fast greens gave him no end of trouble, and he was unable to master them.

Max R. Marston had the second best scores among the amateurs. Fownes having a score of 169 for the thirty-six holes.

For professional prizes Loeffler was first, Rowe and Fred Brand tied for second, McKay and Horace Brand tied for fourth and Al McBride was sixth.

The scores of the first ten follow:

Loeffler, Oakmont	75	75	150
Herron, Oakmont	82	78	160
Fred Brand, Allegheny	75	85	160
Rowe, Oakmont	78	81	159
Macrae, Philadelphia	89	82	168
Horace Brand, Allegheny	84	82	166
McKay, Field Club	82	84	166
W. C. Fownes, Jr., Oakmont	77	92	169
McBride, Schenley Park	87	84	171
Morrison, Oakmont	87	84	171

URGE NAMING OF DITMARS.

Crescent A. C. Members Favor Him for Boxing Commissioner.

Members of the Crescent Athletic Club are hard at work organizing a campaign to persuade Governor Smith that Edward W. Ditmars should be appointed Boxing Commissioner under the new law. Mr. Ditmars, who played on the first Crescent football team and has been active in the management of the athletic affairs of the club ever since, announced his candidacy for appointment some weeks ago and there has been great enthusiasm in consequence among the members of the big athletic club of Brooklyn.

Mr. Ditmars has been particularly successful in managing boxing exhibits for the club, and the clubmen feel that his appointment would be particularly appropriate. Several meetings have been held at the New Moon clubhouse to organize a committee in his behalf and a petition to the Governor has received the signatures of hundreds of the leading business and professional men of the borough and of many public officials of both parties.

Several members of the club who are attending the Democratic National Convention have carried copies of the petition to present to Governor Smith in San Francisco.

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Hagen and Barnes Beaten By Vardon and Williamson

DEAL, England, June 29.—Most of the golfers who will compete in the British open championship tournament, opening tomorrow, were out practicing today. One of the matches was a foursome which brought Harry Vardon and Tom Williamson, the British stars, against Walter Hagen and Jim Barnes, the American professionals. A great crowd followed the players. The Britishers won by three and one, the scores being: Vardon, 71; Williamson, 74; Barnes, 74, and Hagen, 78.

MISS HARDIN IS WINNER.

Makes Low Gross Score of 98 in Baltusrol Golf Tournament.

Metropolitan lithswomen paid their respects to the departing Spring golfing season yesterday at the Baltusrol Golf Club, where the last of the one-day tournaments was held. More than sixty reported at the first tee to help in the sendoff, their last opportunity for local competitive golf until September.

Miss Elizabeth Hardin of the home club, who has been among the prize winners several times this Spring, again turned in the low gross total. She made the circuit in 98, and with a handicap of 6 had a net of 93, which was the same returned by the net winner, Miss E. M. Mellon of Morris County. Miss Mellon's score was 99—6—93.

Mrs. R. B. Neff of Montclair won the approaching and putting contest with a total of 8.

U. S. GOLFERS ELIMINATED.

Four Who Qualified In Canadian Tournament Go Out Early.

BEACONSFIELD, Que., June 29.—All four United States golfers who qualified for the Canadian amateur championship tournament were eliminated today. B. C. Cochran of Baltimore and Brice Evans of Boston were put out in the first round and E. H. Collette and F. M. Hancock, both of Providence, R. I., in the second.

T. Gilleapie, victor over Evans in the morning round, defeated Hancock, 3 up and 3 to play, while W. S. Greening of Toronto won from Collette, 5 and 4.

EIGHT RECEIVE TRACK "D."

Dartmouth Athletes Get Reward—Thomsen's Election is Ratified.

Special to The New York Times.

HANOVER, N. H., June 29.—Eight men have been awarded their straight "D," track insignia, for winning a first or second place against Harvard and Cornell in the triangular meet; a first against Penn or Columbia in dual meets, or any place in the intercollegiates. The following were awarded the letter:

Captain E. E. Myers, E. J. Thomson, C. F. McGoughran, J. W. Prentiss, J. Z. Jordan, A. J. Coakley, J. A. Shelburne and L. H. Weld.

The election of Earl Thomsor, world's premier hurdler, as Captain for next year, has been ratified by the Athletic Council.

M'MAHON MEDALIST IN JUNIOR TOURNEY

Yale Golfer Adds to His Laurels in Play at Sleepy Hollow Country Club.

Golf honors are coming in bunches this Spring for J. G. McMahon of the Sleepy Hollow Country Club, who a week ago won the Westchester County Junior championship. Yesterday this nineteen-year-old member of the junior class at Yale led the field of forty-four qualifiers in the Metropolitan junior title tournament over his home course with a total of 77 and romped off with the medal by a margin of four strokes over Harry Compton of the Suburban Club, who was second.

After lunch McMahon started off with every prospect of continuing through to the final. He won his way into this morning's semi-final bracket by defeating H. C. Bell in the first round by 4 and 3. McMahon had good practice for the junior tournament on Monday when he entered the Father-and-Son fixture with his dad, but failed to finish among the prize winners. His round of 77 yesterday represented golf unusually good for youngsters. This is only four over par. He was out in 37, two over par, and home in 40.

His card, compared to the Sleepy Hollow par, follows:

Out—										
Par	4	3	4	4	3	4	5	5	5	—35
McMahon	4	4	5	4	3	4	4	5	6	—37
In—										
Par	3	4	4	3	4	4	5	4	5	—36—73
McMahon	3	4	4	3	4	4	7	5	4	—40—77

Scores of 88 were low enough to gain entrance into the championship division of eight. One of those who had this total was Jack Leonard. He and A. C. Willis, who had 87, are known far and wide through Jersey as the Shackamaxon golfing "twins." One of the real surprises of the day was the showing made by Willis G. Jones of Scarsdale, whose score of 99 was good enough only for the fourth flight. Jones was medalist and runner up in both the recent intercollegiate championship and in last week's Westchester County event. Jones was a stranger on the Sleepy Hollow course and didn't get settled down until it was too late.

The Metropolitan title now rests among McMahon, Willis, Leonard and Compton. All won their matches in the first round yesterday afternoon. McMahon will meet Willis and Leonard will engage Compton this morning in the semi-finals. The eighteen-hole final will be played this afternoon.

The qualifying scores and results of the first round follow:

Championship Division.

	Out.	In.	Tot'l.
J. G. McMahon, Sleepy Hollow	37	40	77
Harry Compton, Suburban	40	41	81
P. Kountze, Mount Kisco	39	40	79
H. C. Bell, Scottish-American	40	43	83
Gordon Fraser, Scottish-Amer.	44	43	87
A. C. Willis, Shackamaxon	43	44	87
Ashley Green, Jr., Mount Kisco	47	41	88
J. Leonard, Shackamaxon	43	45	88

Second Eight—J. A. Fuller, Richmond County, 42, 46—88; C. C. de Gersdorff, Oakland, 44, 44—88; C. Pierson, Essex Fells, 41, 47—88; B. Walsh, Scottish-American, 42, 46—90; S. Barrien, Upper Montclair, 41, 48—89; J. La Due, Yountakah, 45, 44—89; T. J. Tobin, Jr., Scottish-American, 44, 45—89; T. K. Lomas, Jr., Scottish-American, 47, 43—90.

Third Eight—E. W. Halley, Essex County, 44, 47—91; Arthur Gardiner, Cherry Valley, 47, 45—92; L. Y. Beach, Garden City Country, 44, 48—92; W. Howe, 97, Mount Kisco, 47, 50—97; J. Farrell, Scottish-American, 44, 53—97; E. J. Carlisle, Scottish-American, 48, 49—97; A. McGhee, Essex Fells, 49, 48—97; A. W. Bigne, Cherry Valley, 48, 49—97.

Fourth Eight—J. A. Jackson, Jr., Rumson, 47, 51—98; F. Beveridge, Scottish-American, 49, 49—98; E. White, Pawpinack, 44, 54—98; Charles A. Lowenthal, New York, 45, 57—98; Willis G. Jones, Scarsdale, 50, 49—99; W. Farrell, Scottish-American, 50, 50—100; B. Miller, Norwood, 46, 54—100; E. L. Grimley, New York, 46, 54—100.

Fifth Eight—C. S. Redfield, Greenwich, 52, 54—106; H. Sommers, Scottish-American, 48, 58—106; W. C. Hoyt, Cherry Valley, 52, 54—106; D. de Lanoy, Scottish-American, 47, 59—106; R. L. Friedenburg, St. Andrews, 52, 55—107; J. Wildberg, Oak Ridge, 54, 56—110; C. L. Cannon, New York Golf, 56, 56—112; A. Woodward, Sleepy Hollow, 57, 57—114.

Match Play.

First Eight, First Round—McMahon defeated Bell, 4 and 3; Willis defeated Green, 3 and 2; Leonard defeated Kountze, 4 and 3; Compton defeated Fraser, 2 and 1.

Second Eight, First Round—Lomas defeated Walsh, 1 up (19 holes); Berrien defeated La Due, 3 and 2; Gersdorff defeated Tobin, 2 up; Pierson defeated Fuller, 2 up.

Third Eight, First Round—McCord defeated Biggs, 3 and 1; Halley defeated Howe, 5 and 4; Farrell defeated Begart, 4 and 2; Gardner defeated Carlton, 5 and 3.

Fourth Eight, First Round—Millett won from Jackson by default; Farrell defeated Grimley, 4 and 2; Jones defeated White, 5 and 3; Beveridge defeated Lowenthal, 2 up.

Fifth Eight, First Round—De Lanoy defeated Cannon, 4 and 3; Woodward and Hoyt did not finish; Friedenburg and Redfield did not finish; Sommers defeated Wildberg, 3 and 2.

EATONTOWN POLO WINNER.

Five-Goal Handicap Helps Defeat Philadelphia Four, 12 to 7.

Special to The New York Times.

CEDARHURST, L. I., June 29.—Aided by a handicap of five goals, the Eatontown polo team defeated the Philadelphia four at the Rockaway Hunt Club this afternoon by a score of 12 to 7. Both teams scored seven goals, but Eatontown's handicap gave it the edge.

The line up:

EATONTOWN.	PHILADELPHIA.
1—M. Phillips.	1—T. Stokes.
2—J. C. Kenney.	2—H. P. Stokes.
3—H. M. Winn.	3—E. L. Stokes.
Back—C. S. Lee.	Back—D. McFadden.

Goals—First period: Winn, Eatontown; Phillips, Eatontown; McFadden, Philadelphia; E. L. Stokes, Philadelphia. Second period: E. L. Stokes, Philadelphia; McFadden, Philadelphia. Third period: Phillips, Eatontown; Winn, Eatontown. Fourth period: No goals. Fifth period: Lee, Eatontown; T. Stokes, Philadelphia. Sixth period: T. Stokes, Philadelphia. Seventh period: Lee, Eatontown; T. Stokes, Philadelphia. Eighth period: Phillips, Eatontown. Total scores—Eatontown: Earned goals, 7; handicap, 5. Total—12. Philadelphia: Earned goals, 7.

"PARSON" DAVIES DEAD.

Famous Manager of Peter Jackson and Others Was 69 Years Old.

CHICAGO, June 29.—Word was received here today of the death of Charles Edward ("Parson") Davies, well known in the sporting world, at Bedford, Va., yesterday. The body will be brought here for burial.

Davies came into prominence in the early '80's as manager of Dan O'Leary, the champion walker. He afterward took over the management of Peter Jackson, and under Davies's direction Jackson fought a draw with James Corbett lasting sixty rounds.

Davies was born in County Antrim, Ireland, July 7, 1851. He had been ailing for several years and a stroke of paralysis is said to have caused his death. He was 69 years old.

No big noise—just a small "rustle" in luggage.

A few bags and suit cases. Most all were $25 to $45. $15 and $25.

Also a few fine "wardrobe" trunks. Were $ to $105. $35 and $50.

Other items for "over the 4th," include bathing suits, white flannel trousers, soft collared shirts, tennis rackets, golf clubs.

Plenty blue serges among the men's suits at $50 and $60.

Straw hats, $3 to $6. Panamas, $6 up.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY

Broadway at 13th St. "Four Convenient Corners" Broadway at Warren. Broadway at 34th St. Fifth Ave. at 41st St.

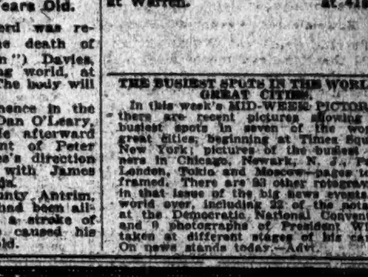
THE BUSIEST SPOTS IN THE WORLD'S GREAT CITIES

In this week's MID-WEEK PICTORIAL there are recent pictures showing the busiest spots in seven of the world's great cities, beginning at Times Square, New York; pictures of the busiest corners in Chicago, Newark, N. J., Paris, London, Tokio and Moscow—pages to be framed. There are 93 other rotogravures in that issue of the big news events the world over, including 22 of the notables at the Democratic National Convention and 9 photographs of President Wilson taken at different stages of his career. On news stands today.—Adv.

With acknowledgments to R. C. B.

Even the prisoner was satisfied

THE CASE was over.
AND WE jury-men,
WERE LOCKED in a room,
AND ONLY one of us
WAS FOR conviction.
AND HE stuck to it,
ALL THAT day.
AND AT supper time,
WE FELT like sending,
FOR ELEVEN suppers,
AND ONE bale of hay.
AND THEN all through,
THE LIVELONG night,
WE TALKED and fought,
BUT NO argument
WOULD SATISFY him,
AND MORNING came,
A GRAY and cheerless dawn,
AND OUR stubborn friend
WAS OUT of smokes,
AND I talked to him,
AND GAVE him one
OF MY cigarettes.
IT MAY have been,
JUST A coincidence,
IT MAY have been,
BUT I rather doubt it,
HE FINISHED the smoke,
AS I finished my talk,
AND HE said, "All right,
YOUR ARGUMENTS
ARE LIKE your smokes,
THEY SATISFY."



CHESTERFIELDS "satisfy." And yet Chesterfields are mild. With "body" enough to satisfy a cigar smoker, Chesterfields are mild enough to suit any cigarette smoker. They're mild and yet they "satisfy." That is doubtless why Chesterfields have so many friends among both classes of smokers.

They Satisfy **Chesterfield** CIGARETTES

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.

EXTERMINATOR SETS NEW TRACK RECORD

Covers Mile and Sixteenth in Lake Blackburn Handicap at Aqueduct in 1:44.

MAKES A STRONG FINISH

Defeats Naturalist and Wildair by Burst of Speed in Run Through Stretch.

Coming from far back with a determined rush through the stretch, Willis Sharpe Kilmer's Exterminator captured the Lake Blackburn Handicap at Aqueduct yesterday in a finish that was thrilling enough for any one's blood, and in doing so set a new track record for a mile and a sixteenth. He covered the distance in 1:44, clipping one-fifth of a second from the mark made by Corn Tassel in September of 1918. The Kilmer gelding led home J. E. Widener's Naturalist by a length, while H. P. Whitney's Wildair was third, half a length back of the second horse. Bellsolar and Royce Roots, the only other starters, were badly outrun and were never contenders after leaving the shadow of the barrier.

Exterminator's run through the stretch, when he closed a gap of nearly two lengths, was one of the best that has been seen on a local track this season, and in those few seconds he proved his gameness. Exterminator has had his share of defeats this year, but though he cannot be placed at the top of the handicap division, he has established himself as the master of Naturalist and Wildair. He has now defeated each of them twice over similar distances, and in each instance the rivals were favored over him.

The successive defeats of Wildair in the Brooklyn and Queens County handicaps had evidently not convinced his followers that he was just a trifle short of being good enough in the company at the weights he was required to carry. For the third time he was made the choice, and at post time he was quoted at even money. Naturalist was the second choice, and in good demand, as his recent races had indicated that he was coming back to his form of last season, but Exterminator remained the third choice throughout.

Exterminator Strong at Finish.

For Naturalist and Wildair it can be said that both ran the best races they have shown this season. Naturalist set a terrific pace to the last hundred yards, where he weakened and showed that he is not yet ready for a mile and a sixteenth. Wildair showed better form than he had displayed in either of his previous races against horses of this class calibre and was well inside the fourteenth pole before he was actually beaten. He suffered no mishaps in the race except that he got into close quarters in the last few strides, but Exterminator had already caught and passed him and the Whitney colt was defeated. Had he avoided the close quarters he would have been no better than a head best. He was tiring fast, while Exterminator, though driven hard, was much stronger and could have increased the distance with each additional stride.

The race was made to order for Exterminator, as his only two serious rivals are early speed and were almost certain to go out and race each other down. That is just what they did. The five horses were away to an excellent start, but Naturalist and Wildair soon took the track and set all the pace. The Widener gelding had a world of speed and he fairly flew through the back stretch with Wildair always close at his heels until the two went around the turn with daylight barely showing between them.

It appeared at this point that one of the front runners would win, for Schuttinger had permitted Exterminator to fall back from the pace. The Kilmer horse was ten lengths back of the leaders as he made the turn. But Schuttinger had counted on the effects of the killing pace set by Naturalist and Wildair.

Wins by a Length.

Schuttinger made his first move on Exterminator as the horses were rounding the turn, and when he straightened out in the stretch he set his mount down for a real drive. Exterminator began to close the gap with remarkable rapidity. The leaders were tiring and he had plenty in reserve. At the furlong pole he had come abreast of Wildair and in a few more strides he was on even terms with Naturalist.

It was a pretty finish as the three dashed for the wire. Naturalist held on gamely but Exterminator moved up on him. Wildair was between the other two trying to poke his head into a clearing, and as the horses bore down on the finish line Exterminator seemed to bear over on the Whitney colt and slightly shut him off. Wildair was, however, beaten at the time and was losing ground by inches. Exterminator moved up stoutly until he won by a length, while Wildair was lapped on Naturalist for the place.

There was the usual cry of foul by the result but no claim was made and some of those who were disappointed with the result, but no claim was made and the red board went up to silence the complaints.

The card furnished still another thriller which could also be classed as a real horse race. This one came in the last race, a five furlong dash for two-year-olds, which brought to the post R. T. Wilson's Dimmesdale and the Quincy Stable's Brigadier General, both sensational colts. Nine others started in this but all attention was turned on this pair and rightly so, for they furnished the finish.

Dimmesdale was an odds-on favorite with his outstanding rival a well supported second choice. Each had won his races so handily as to leave little to choose between them. Dimmesdale won by a nose in a hard fought finish with Machiavelli a length and a half back for third place.

Dimmesdale Shut Off.

Brigadier General broke in front and was well in the lead at the turn into the stretch. Dimmesdale was less fortunate. Though breaking quickly, he was shut off early and was far back when he turned into the straightaway. He had got into the middle of the track behind a pack of horses and Turner had to move over to the rail to get an opening. Once there the Wilson colt moved up with fine courage, caught the leader at the sixteenth pole and fought it out with him all the way to the end. In the last few strides he proved to have a trifle more speed and courage and got the verdict by a very narrow margin. Brigadier General earned much credit in his defeat, for he ran an excellent race.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; purse $1,200. Seven furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Exterminator	112	Fator	30-1	1h
Naturalist	107	Woodstock	30-1	2½
Cherubino	123	Sande	10-1	3nk
Sir Wm. Johnson	120	Parrington	20-1	4
Force-a-Fee	120	Wessler	10-1	5
Bat O	112	Zoeller	8-1	6
Ruth Ii	112	Myers	50-1	7
Chihuahua	115	T. Rowan	20-1	8
Barry's Pet	100½	Kelsay	15-1	9
Turret II	118	Ponce	6-1	10
Beauty Sleep	113	M. Rowan	50-1	11
Wildair	110	Kummer	12-5	2
Frank Mockler	112	Ervin	20-1	13
Sunflower Boy	108	Weiner	16-1	14
Highway	117	Lunz	4-1	15
Queen Hollins	103	Rekim	15-1	Left

Time—1:26.

Start good; won driving; place easily. Winner ch. m., by Rapid Water—Playground. Trained by J. Lunsford and trained by T. Healy.

SECOND RACE.

For maiden fillies three years old; purse $1,000. One mile.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Retrieve	115	Kelsay	8-5	1h
Merry Abbotsville	115	Mooney	5-2	2½
Lady Emmeline	118	Turner	4-1	3h
Tryon	115	Fairbrother	6-1	4
Sekhet	115	Davies	8-1	5
Shocker	115	Johnson	20-1	6

Time—1:41 3-5.

Start good for all but Sekhet; won driving; place easily. Retrieve, ch. f., by Celt—Diamondina; owned by W. J. Salmon and trained by E. Wayland.

THIRD RACE.

The Canarsie Selling Stakes, for two-year-olds; $1,000 added. Five furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Lady Lillian	104	Coltletti	7-2	1h
Eye Opener	109	Kummer	10-1	2½
Guv'nor	108	Barrett	9-2	3½
Crimson Rambler	94	Weiner	12-5	4
Frislet	111	Fairbrother	9-5	5

Time—1:01 4-5.

Start good; won easily; place driving. Lady Lillian, b. f., by Zeus—Black Swan; owned by J. A. Coburn and trained by C. Burton.

FOURTH RACE.

The Lake Blackburn Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward; $1,200 added. One mile and a sixteenth.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Exterminator	126	Schuttinger	3-1	1h
Naturalist	120	Turner	13-5	2½
Wildair	114	Kummer	Even	3d
Bellsolar	97	Callahan	100-1	4
Royce Roots	111	Johnson	15-1	5

Time—1:44.

Start good; won driving; place same. Exterminator, ch. g., by McGee—Fair Empress; owned by W. S. Kilmer and trained by J. S. Healy.

FIFTH RACE.

For three-year-olds; selling; purse $1,000. One mile.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Toucanet	108	Fator	4-1	1½
Lovely	99	Mooney	8-1	2d
Oceanna	105	Hamilton	6-1	3d
The Wit	101	Babin	8-1	4
Franc Tireur	106	Callahan	15-1	5
Sandy Mac	106	Ponce	50-1	6
Service Star	108	Turner	8-5	7
Ardito	108	Ensor	10-1	8
Black Prince	108	Zoeller	40-1	9

Time—1:40.

Start good; won driving; place easily. Toucanet, ch. f., by Vulcain—Toucan; owned by Samuel Rose and trained by M. Smart.

SIXTH RACE.

For two-year-olds; purse $1,000. Five furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Dimmesdale	118	Turner	8-5	1nk
*Brigadier General	121	Rice	9-5	2½
Machiavelli	111	Fairbrother	20-1	3d
Costly Colors	116	Sande	10-1	4
*Copper Demon	111	Mooney	6-5	5
†Smarty	111	Kummer	30-1	6
San Pablo	111	Johnson	50-1	7
Ballynew	111	Ensor	50-1	8
Eternity	111	Schuttinger	50-1	9
Gallivant	111	Heider	100-1	10
†The Cook	111	Hamilton	50-1	11

*Coupled. †Coupled.

Time—1:01 1-5.

Start good; won driving; place easily. Dimmesdale, ch. c., by Olambala—Hester Payne; owned by R. T. Wilson, Jr., and trained by T. J. Healy.

Weather clear; track fast.

LATONIA RESULTS.

FIRST RACE—For four-year-olds and upward, claiming, purse $1,800; one mile. Bullion, 109 pounds (Merriman), $6.80, $3.80, $3.20, first; Jack Hare, Jr., 113 (Wilson), $4.20, $3.70, second; Sands of Pleasure, 113 (Carmody), $6.80, third. Time—1:38 4-5. Also ran: L'Errant, Gaill Curel, Mathes Idol and Troilus also ran.

SECOND RACE—For three-year-old maidens, purse $1,200; six furlongs. Brotherly Love, 112 pounds (Lyke), $16.90, $5.80, $3, first; Lord Wrack, 112 (Burke), $3.40, $2.80, second; Refugee II., 107 (Wida), $2.40, third. Time—1:12 3-5. Tony, Tulsa, Missed The Time, Nordeck, Aph, Ava R., Phenolax, John J. Riley, Kinglike also ran.

THIRD RACE—The Sain, for two-year-old fillies, purse $1,300; six and a half furlongs. Aphis Dear, 116 pounds (Connelly), $3.50, $2.70, $2.10, first; Mary Jane Baker, 110 (Lainsford), $4.40, $2.40, second; Pekoe, 113 (Lyke), $2.30, third. Time—1:26. Anunda, Margaret Murphy, Grace Minard and Mary Gaffney also ran.

FOURTH RACE — For three-year-olds and upward, fillies and mares, claiming, purse $1,200; six furlongs. Clintonville, 102 pounds (Wida), $8.80, $2.90, $2.20; Bon Jour, 109 (Kennedy), $3.50, $2.10, second; Miss Liberty, 102 (Heinlein), $2.30, third. Time—1:12 3-5. Madge F. and Surplice also ran.

FIFTH RACE—The Highland Stock Farm Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward, purse $2,200; one mile, Twin, 105 pounds (King), $10.80, $3.70, $2.80, first; Minto 2d, 121 (Wilson), $3, $3.30, second; Attaboy 2d, 105 (Kennedy), $2.70, third. Time—1:38 2-5. Prince Pal, Woodtrap and Beaverkill also ran.

SIXTH RACE—For three-year-olds, claiming, purse $1,200; one mile and a quarter. Alex Jr., 104 pounds (King), $17.50, $8.20, $5.10, first; Sea Prince, 102 (Wilson), $5.40, $4.10, second; Mamie O., 104 (Merrissey), $5.90, third. Time—2:07 4-5. Convoy, Sweep Jr., Shillegah II., Spectacular Gift and Airdrie also ran.

SEVENTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward, claiming, purse $1,300; one mile and a sixteenth. Adella W., 100 pounds (Kennedy), $7.80, $3.60, $3.10, first; Marse John, 107 (Wilson), $6.10, $4.50, second; Hayflock, 107, (Carmody), $11.80, third. Time—1:46 3-5. Capt. Res, Lady Mountjoy, Dancing Spray, Olvord, Chief Brown, Harry Burgoyne and Tom Saunders also ran.

Weather, clear; track, fast.

LATONIA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Purse $1,300; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. *Flying Welshman 102 pounds, Chiera 106, *Sweeping Glance 103, Hereafter 106, *Jap 106, Fitzgerald 110, Kingfisher 115, Judge Price 115, Dr. Carmen 115, Wer Garden 117.

SECOND RACE—Purse $1,800; claiming; for three-year-olds; five and a half furlongs. *By Ginger 100 pounds, Peppery Polly 102, Loughland 103, Judge Boltrope 105, St. Thayard 106, Old Faithful 105, Ring Rose 108.

THIRD RACE—Purse $1,300; claiming; for three-year-old fillies; one mile. *Oleaster 107 pounds, *May Rose 107, *Easter Flower 107, *Goldie Rose 107, *Lady Britain 107, Mamie Kelly 112, Tansy Blossom 112, Muffins 112, Accelerate 112, Anzina 112, Mountain Girl 112, Mazola 112, Little Pinchin 112, *Bounding Through 113, *Diana 105, *Golden Dawn 107, Velie 112, *Second Cousin 107.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $1,300; for two-year-old maidens, colts and geldings; five and a half furlongs. Billy Barton 113 pounds, McGoodwin 115, Draftsman 115, Sargeant York 115, Willow Tree 115, Tharon 115, Winchester 115, The Virginian 115, All Right, Sr., 115, Court Clew 115, Greenland 115, Hand Sweep 115. Also eligible: Merrimac 115, Charles Henry 115, Advance 115, Firebrand 115, Sir Thomas Kean 115, Social Star 115.

FIFTH RACE—$3,000 added; the Latonia Oaks; for three-year-old fillies; one mile and a quarter. Ethel Gray 114 pounds, Cobweba 121, Truly Rural 121, Busy Signal 121, Dresden 121, Lorraine 126, Cleopatra 126.

SIXTH RACE—Purse $2,200; Commercial Tribune Handicap; for three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Lady Fairplay, 99 pounds, Colonel Taylor 100, Jorike 101, Angon 103, Rapid Day 107, Ginger 110, American Ace 124, Flags 126.

SEVENTH RACE—Purse $1,200; claiming; for four-year-olds and upward; one mile and an eighth. *Guide Post 100 pounds, *Duke of Lancaster 103, *Hunter Platt 105, *Albena 105, *Bar One 107, *Jellison 107, *Harvest Time 107, *Bewhiskinah 107, Sam Rel 110, Bombset 110, Dahabieh II., 110, Kingsleno 112. Also eligible: *Paris Maid 102, Tom Saunders 112, *Napan 105, *Bourbon Lad 107, *Ruffaker 108, Leo Ray 110.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Weather clear; track fast.

AQUEDUCT ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—For two-year-olds, claiming; five furlongs. *Episode 107 pounds, Seven Seas 104, *Mambi 107, *Maple Heather 101, Polly Ann 106, Gipsy Lad 100, *George Boyce 110, *Walk Up 101, Morning Face 104, Rose Princess 108, *Wise Dove 107, *Mary Erb 104, Rustler 113, *Hot Stuff 110.

SECOND RACE—For four-year-olds and upward, steeplechase, selling; about two miles. Donnybrook II. 144 pounds, Worstdale 138, Robert Oliver 144, Rogica 144, *Northspeed 133, *Superba 131, The Six Hundred 136, Mohab 145, Fair Mac 144, *Dorcris 138, March Court 144.

THIRD RACE—The Hamburg Handicap, for three-year-olds; six and a half furlongs. Hasten On 93 pounds, Dominique 120, Arrowhead 93, Lunetta 108, Gladiator 120, Ginger 99, Krewer 111, Round Robin 98.

FOURTH RACE—The Cassella Handicap, for maiden three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a sixteenth. Salvatrix 110 pounds, Carpet Sweeper 110, Vexatious 120, Lunetta 112, Ormonda 118, McDonald 120, Pea Ross 123, Miss Shower 115, Edwina 107.

FIFTH RACE—For two-year-old maidens; five furlongs. Cure Five 110 pounds, Easy View 115, Inchrie 115, Maid Silence 115, Arsenio 115, Fornovo 115, Teddy R. 115, Joan Marie 112, Staumon 112, Beach Star 112, General Averitte 115, Phoenix 115, Wapiti 115, Rene 115, Sporting Blood 115, Advocate 117, Johnny O'Connell 115, Sammy Fay 115, Broath Spun 115, Adhere 115, Muster 115.

SIXTH RACE—For four-year-olds and upward; one mile. Highland Light 100 pounds, Pastoral Swain 118, Nature Bridge 126, Elmendorf 105, Fanship 108, Thunderstorm 108, Albert A. 108, Airlee 107, Wood Violet 110, Manoevre 115, Sunnyland 108, Torchbearer 126.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Weather, [illegible]; track, fast.

OLYMPIC MATCH IS WON BY KNOCKOUT

Garvey Scores Sensational Victory Over Bradley in Brooklyn Tryouts.

One of the most spectacular victories ever scored in a local amateur boxing bout was registered last night by Joe Garvey, young Ozanam A. A. boxer, in the preliminaries of the Metropolitan A. A. U. Olympic boxing tryouts in the Twenty-third Regiment Armory, Brooklyn. The sorrel-topped Garvey, competing in the 147-pound class, knocked out Jack Bradley, Pastime A. C., in the third round with a wicked right-hand swing to the jaw which stretched Bradley stiff on the floor of the ring. Referee Eddie Forbes toiled the ring's dismal ten over the prostrate boxer, the first time in history that an amateur boxer has been counted out. The knockout came within thirty-seven seconds of the finish of the scrap, and turned impending defeat into victory for the rugged Garvey.

The contest was a thriller. Both boxers slugged freely from start to finish and had the spectators yelling continuously. Garvey was competing at a disadvantage. He entered in the 135-pound class, but was overweight and had to compete in the heavier division. All natural advantages, height, weight and reach, were therefore against him. Despite this he withstood a terrific battering from Bradley for two full rounds, striving courageously to return his rival's withering attack. Garvey landed several rights to the jaw, which jarred Bradley, but the latter landed oftener and more cleanly and was accumulating a victorious margin of points. In the third round, however, Bradley appeared tired from his work in the previous rounds, while Garvey, despite the blows that had been rained upon him, seemed fresh.

Garvey rushed his rival continually through the third round, working tirelessly until he saw his opening. Then, like a bolt from the blue, he lashed out with a heavy right which traveled from the hip. The blow landed cleanly on Bradley's jaw. The Pastime boxer stiffened and fell heavily to the floor, where he was counted out. After the count Referee Forbes and Bradley's seconds had to assist the fallen boxer to his corner, where they worked on him several minutes before he was completely revived.

This contest was only one of a number of interesting bouts produced by the lads seeking berths on America's Olympic boxing team. The bouts were conducted under Olympic rules, which provide two rounds of three minutes each and a third of four minutes and instruct a referee to count over a fallen boxer, as in professional bouts. The boxers added sleeveless jerseys to the customary boxing regalia and wore eight-ounce gloves.

Jack Hausner, Clark House A. A., showed promising form and terrific hitting powers in advancing through two bouts in the 126-pound class. Hausner in his first bout stopped Charles White, Greek-American A. C., in two rounds, and in the second gained the judges' award over Edwin Riley, Spartan F. C., a courageous negro boxer.

Three national champions competed successfully. A. J. De Vito, flyweight champion, defeated Wilbur Cohen, St. Christopher Club, in the 112-pound class; Sol Seeman defeated William Schmidt, National A. C., and won by default from Albert Bott, Glencoe A. C., in the 126-pound class, and Sam Lagonia, national middleweight champion, defeated John J. Tomesiek, Paulist A. C., in the 160-pound division.

The finals will be held tomorrow night. The summaries:

112-Pound Class, Preliminary Round—Manny Wechsler, Bronxdale A. C., defeated William Hausner, Clark House A. A., three rounds, judges' decision; A. J. De Vito, Paulist A. C., defeated Wilbur Cohen, St. Christopher Club, three rounds, judges' decision.

118-Pound Class, Preliminary Round—Sam Vogel, Pastime A. C., defeated Angelo Moruke, unattached, three rounds, judges' decision.

126-Pound Class, Preliminary Round—Jack Hausner, Clark House A. A., defeated Charles White, Greek-American A. C., two rounds, referee's decision; Albert Bott, Glencoe A. C., defeated Edward A. Sparks, unattached, three rounds, judges' decision; Sol Seeman, Brooklyn A. A., defeated William Schmidt, National A. C., one round, referee's decision.

Second Trials—Hausner defeated Edwin White, Spartan Field Club, three rounds, judges' decision; Seeman won from Bott by default.

135-Pound Class, Preliminary Round—Edward Crozier, Bronxdale A. C., defeated James Gilchrist, Trinity Club, one round, referee's decision.

160-Pound Class, Preliminary Round—Sam Lagonia, Bronxdale A. C., defeated J. J. Tomeshek, Paulist A. C., three rounds, judges' decision.

147-Pound Class, Preliminary Round—Joe Florio, Paulist A. C., defeated James Canero, Alpine Club, three rounds, judges' decision; Fritz Davis, Paulist A. C., defeated Harry Addonzio, Community Welfare Association, Mount Vernon, two rounds, referee's decision; Joseph Garvey, Ozanam A. A., knocked out Jack Bradley, Pastime A. C., three rounds.

SOLDIER ATHLETES ARE FIT.

Over 400 Army Men in Olympic Tests at St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, June 29.—Over 400 army athletes have arrived at Jefferson Barracks, Missouri, and are daily rounding into condition for the elimination contests of the army Olympic championship meet which will be run off July 2, 3 and 5. The "O. D. athletes" come from widely separated sections of the world, including the Army of Occupation in Germany, Porto Rico, Hawaii, Philippines, Panama and the various stations in this country. Every one of these boys in on his toes, as winning a place on a team to represent the United States at the Olympiad will not only be a great honor, but will also afford the athletes an opportunity to see Europe after the contests at Antwerp. More than fifteen West Point athletic stars are in St. Louis awaiting the starter's gun.

All of the aspirants to places on the American Olympic team won their right to final competition after many elimination contests with the best men of their respective departments. They represent the cream of athletic talent in the American Army today.

The Eastern Department representatives are holding the spotlight. Captain Willis Teale of West Point is expected to make them all hurry at Antwerp in the century and the 220-yard dash. Lieutenant Gene Vidal of Camp Humphreys, Va., is a leading aspirant in the pentathlon. Several men are credited with doing the hundred in ten flat and twelve feet in the pole vault. Local fans expect that the Eastern Department will feature strongly at the Mound City meet and that the New York soldiers will win many places on the teams which will be sent to Antwerp.

COAST STARS FOR GAMES.

Forty-three Athletes Selected to Compete in Meet at Boston.

LOS ANGELES, June 29.—Forty-three track and field athletes were chosen today by the Pacific Coast Games Committee here to compete in the final tryouts at Boston, July 17, for places on the team which will represent the United States at the Olympic games at Antwerp.

The Western team included John K. Norton, Olympic Club, San Francisco, who in the Western tryouts at Pasadena, Cal., last Saturday ran the 440-yard hurdles in 54 1-5 seconds, bettering by two-fifths of a second the world's record established by W. H. Meanix at Cambridge, Mass., July 10, 1915.

Other members of the team are: Charles W. Paddock, University of Southern California, who in the Western tryout ran the 100 yards in 9 4-5 seconds; Charles P. Hunter, unattached, San Francisco, who at Pasadena ran 6,000 meters in 16 minutes 5 4-5 seconds for a new American record; R. N. Irving, University of Idaho, and Clinton Lucas and Alma Richards, both of the Ogden (Utah) Athletic Association.

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OLYMPIC OFFICIALS TO SELECT COACH

Will Reach Decision at Meeting on July 6—Robertson and Moakley Favored.

The important work of selecting a coach for America's Olympic team will be attended to at the meeting at the New York A. C. July 6 of the Executive Committee of the American Olympic Committee. This became known last night when Frederick W. Rubien, Secretary to the American Olympic Committee, took occasion to deny reports which had reached here to the effect that Jack Moakley, Cornell athletic coach, and Lawson Robertson, University of Pennsylvania track and field mentor, had been definitely selected for the important berths.

While denying the authenticity of the reported selections, Secretary Rubien nevertheless admitted that Coaches Moakley and Robertson are being seriously considered for the task of directing the preparatory work of America's athletes before the international competitions. The reports which reached this district were to the effect that the veteran Moakley had been appointed to coach the track squad, while Robertson had been selected to look after the performers in the field events.

No secret is made of the fact that these two coaches, regarded as the greatest in the country, are favorites for the honor of guiding America's Olympic track and field men. Their knowledge of athletics has resulted in their being made favorites for the coaching berths. Whether both will be selected, however, remains to be seen. The report that the committee is considering the advisability of appointing two coaches reflects a departure from the original plan, which favored the installation of one coach, with an assistant, as was the case when the team went to Stockholm in 1912 when the late Mike Murphy was in charge, with Robertson as his assistant.

CHANCE FOR NAVY MEN.

Members of Reserve Can Represent United States in Olympic Games.

Athletes who are members of the Naval Reserve and who fail to make the American Olympic team as representatives of their athletic clubs will still have a chance to compete for Uncle Sam. An appeal to athletes who are members of the reserve was issued last night by Lieutenant J. F. Dunn of the Third Naval District, Brooklyn, who has been assigned to special duty in charge of the reserve's representation in the Olympic games.

Naval Reserve men who fail to make the team in the various tryouts, but who still show ability that might make them valuable as substitutes, will be taken to Antwerp at the navy's expense on the U. S. S. Frederick. It is pointed out that seven entries are permitted in each event in the Olympics, although only four men are allowed actively to compete, and that this situation, in view of possible accidents, makes the presence of a full contingent of substitutes especially desirable.

Reserve men who compete for the navy in this manner will undergo training under navy auspices, and their trip to Europe will be regarded as their Summer cruise. When they have completed competition they will be promptly returned to the reserve and civilian life. The Frederick will sail on or about July 25, and is due back about Sept. 23. The only exaction of the navy is that athletes competing in this manner shall be regarded as representing the Naval Reserve first and their athletic clubs in a secondary capacity.

Lieutenant Dunn, who is in charge of this part of the navy's Olympic work, is himself an athlete, and intends to enter the Olympic trials in gymnastics and fancy diving. He is a former Yale athlete, and was a member of the Eli swimming and gymnastic teams while in college. He won the national fancy diving title at San Francisco in 1915 during the exposition. Lieutenant Dunn can be reached by Naval Reserve men by telephone, Sunset 8100.

WILSON READY FOR BOUT.

Middleweight Champion to Box Bartfield in Newark Tomorrow.

Johnny Wilson, world's middleweight champion, and Soldier Bartfield, veteran Brooklyn boxer, will meet in the principal twelve-round bout tomorrow night at the Newark Sportsmen's Club, First Regiment Armory, Newark, N. J. The title-holder has been working out at the Knights of Columbus gymnasium in Newark and will finish his strenuous training this afternoon. Bartfield has been rounding into form at Billy Grupp's gymnasium in Harlem.

Wilson yesterday stated he expected to enter the ring weighing about 156 pounds. At these figures the title-holder will have an advantage of about six pounds over Bartfield, who has never been more than a heavy welterweight. The Brooklyn veteran expects to weigh about 150 pounds when called to the ring.

The semi-final bout tomorrow night will bring together Harold Farese of Newark and Charlie Beecher, east side featherweight.

ATHLETIC MATERIAL GONE.

Bulk of K. of C. Supply Given to Soldiers and Sailors.

The Knights of Columbus have been besieged with requests from semi-pro and amateur ball clubs in all parts of the country, asking for and usually making bids on athletic material supposedly returned from K. of C. camp buildings at home and huts abroad. William J. McGinley, Supreme Secretary of the K. of C., states that all the athletic material has been disposed of, the great bulk of it having been left permanently in the hands of the soldiers and sailors as souvenirs of their service days.

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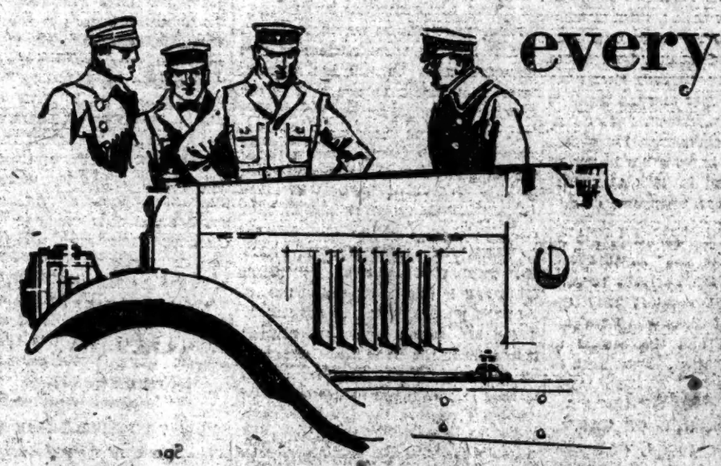

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TAMMANY'S CONVENTION ROLE.

It is of custom and prescription that Tammany delegates should be disliked and hooted at Democratic national conventions. That was their fortune in the convention of 1892; they made themselves particularly odious in 1912. Excepting upon occasions when the convention is all of one mind, as in 1888, it is proverbial that the Tammany delegation is frowned upon.

It should not be so. In wealth and in population New York is the greatest State in the Union. Its chief city is the great national port. No other State contributes so large a tax fund for the support of the Government. No other State has a greater interest in good administration. The people of New York are like those of other States, intelligent and patriotic; they are as keenly desirous as any that Government policy shall be sound; that the business of Government shall be wisely conducted. The voice of New York should be heard in national conventions; attention should be paid to it; delegates to both Democratic and Republican conventions should have the influence far beyond that due to the mere weight of numbers. That is not the case. The New York delegates to the Republican Convention at Chicago made very slight contributions to the final decision. They had a candidate. The chief anxiety of the delegates was to forsake him at the earliest moment and scatter their force. After its disgraceful behavior on the opening day of the San Francisco Convention the New York delegation is in bad repute; its influence, if it ever had any, is gone.

The reasons are known to everybody. Democratic conventions seek to take measures that lead to victory in the nation. Tammany cares nothing for national victories of the party. It has no feeling of loyalty to the Democracy. It is concerned only with getting and retaining the offices in its power in this city. If it can control local expenditures and patronage, it cares not who sits in the White House. The power to control the leasing of the docks, as in the Van Wyck administration, is more precious to it than a victory for its party in the Presidential year. Its politics is of the groveling kind; its captains have more joy in raking over the muckheaps of petty patronage than in any honors that can come to them from Democratic possession of the great offices at Washington.

The decent people of the State of New York have always been ashamed of the kind of delegates that go to Democratic conventions. For the most part they have neither the acquaintance nor the respect of the representatives of the other States. In the convention hall they are a dumb herd. Without ideas, without wills of their own, they are strictly obedient to their leaders. It would have been supposed that many of the New York delegates to San Francisco would have had the decency to rebel against the order that kept them in their seats when the men from the other States were paying the tributs of applause to the Democratic President of the United States, to the great leader of the party. But only FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT, Judge SEABURY and ex-Mayor LUNN had the spirit to break loose from the body of dullness, stupidity and party disloyalty to which they were unworthily yoked, and join in the demonstration.

Must the up-State Democrats always and forever surrender their souls and their voices to Tammany? The Brooklyn Democrats we know can never develop a leadership capable of defying Tammany, and Erie is as little dependable as Kings, but why should the Democrats of the rural counties submit to this ignoble control? In both parties New York politics has sunk to about the lowest possible level. Hardly once in a generation is this great State fitly and worthily represented in either house of Congress. Principles and policies count for nothing; they are all sacrificed to sterile partisanship and lust for the offices.

HAVE FAITH IN FRANCE.

When Mr. FREDERIC COUDERT and Mr. HERMANN METZ gave contradictory reports the other day of the progress of reconstruction in France many people were inclined to believe the former Controller. He had kept his feet upon the ground. According to his observation, France was "marking time industrially." Mr. COUDERT went up in the air. Journeying by airplane, he was deeply impressed by the busy life of the cities and the limitless expanse of country under cultivation. "Agriculturists are "striving to raise a record supply of "food for the nation's needs. Manufacturing centres are teeming with "industry; in fact, the whole nation "seems imbued with the spirit of co-"operation in the attempt to restore "France to normal."

This more hopeful view is strongly confirmed by Premier MILLERAND'S statement of yesterday. True, to be optimistic is written in the role of a Premier. But M. MILLERAND was addressing the delegates to the International Congress of Chambers of Commerce, who are undoubtedly as hard-headed and terrestrial as our former Controller and who, furthermore, had already taken advantage of unlimited opportunities for first-hand observation. "France is in full progress to convalescence," said the Premier. "You must have confidence "in her. She is standing, she is "awaiting you, repeating 'America is "the hope of the human race,' as "TURGOT wrote in 1776." These are inspiring words, yet recent statistics abundantly prove that they are none the less temperate and exact.

On the 1st of April the Bureau of Industrial Reconstruction for the devastated region issued a report. It covered 3,363 damaged or ruined establishments, which in 1914 employed 667,783 hands. On the 1st of July, 1919, 706 of the establishments had resumed operations, in whole or in part. By the 1st of October the number had risen to 1,278; by the 1st of January, 1920, to 1,806; by the 1st of March to 2,247, and by the 1st of last April, the date of the report, to 2,412. Thus, of the 3,363 establishments 71.7 per cent., or all but 951, were, in whole or in part, reconstructed and in operation. During this period the hands employed had risen from 9.7 per cent. to 35.2 per cent. of the pre-war quota, the number employed on the 1st of last April being 225,335, as against 667,783 in 1914. The actual output of these establishments is doubtless proportioned to the number of hands employed and can scarcely be more than a third of what it was. But the record of rebuilding indicates that the capacity for production is far greater—possibly double the present output. The limiting factor is not the lack of workmen, nor of factories and their equipment, but of raw materials—the importation of which has been checked by lack of capital combined with the conditions in foreign exchange.

Premier MILLERAND'S words are as precise as they are encouraging. France is "in full progress to convalescence" and requires only the "confidence" of those who have raw material to sell and the capital to finance its exportation. Have faith in France!

INCREASED PRICE OF GAS.

After tomorrow, July 1, consumers of gas throughout this city (except Richmond Borough) will have to pay $1 instead of 80 cents per thousand cubic feet. They will not necessarily lose the difference, for it is to be impounded until the Federal courts pass upon the validity of the State law which the gas companies complain of as confiscatory, and therefore unconstitutional. That explains why the United States courts intervene upon appeal against a State statute. A similar proceeding was begun promptly after the passage of the 80-cent law in 1906, and the litigation was marked by even worse temper then than now on the part of all concerned, and with less cause. The company—only one was concerned then and eight now—thought that its existence was threatened. The defenders of the people were even more valiant, if possible, then than now. The Attorney General of the State went so far as to try to annul the Consolidated Company's charter, but the court refused leave, referring the Attorney General to the laws of the State. The city also intervened and sought to deny the company's right to earn a return on its franchise, which was argued to be a mere privilege to do business, although it was property enough to be taxed. The distinguished referee found that the company was entitled to earn a return upon property worth $83,375,000, which the city wanted to reduce by $52,000,000.

The present decision could not be appreciated without reviving this history, for it will not now be contended that the companies concerned are monopolies nor that their franchises are not valuable property. These are points decided once for all. The Supreme Court's finding was: "We are "of opinion that the complainant has "failed to sustain the burden cast "upon it of showing beyond any just "or fair doubt that the acts of the "Legislature of the State of New "York are in fact confiscatory." Therefore the case was dismissed without prejudice against renewal if the facts should justify.

That explains the difference between the former and present cases. There is now proof and finding of a rate so low that the companies have not been in recent years, and probably will not be in future years, able to earn "anything" upon their investment. The companies are entitled to earn upon their gas property apart from their electric light property, and they are not disqualified from relief in equity because they have furnished gas below standard quality. Their property is not to be confiscated for that reason. Nor are previous unsuccessful applications to State courts a bar to relief in a Federal court. The court says:

> We have not to fix a rate, but to determine whether the statutory rate is void because confiscatory, and if so to give the plaintiff the protection which it ought to have against confiscation pending final judgment.
>
> * * * * * * *
>
> We are convinced that a charge of $1 per 1,000 cubic feet of gas will leave the plaintiff a moderate return upon its investment. Therefore the preliminary injunction will be granted upon condition that it charge not more than that rate, and that it pay the excess over the statutory rate monthly to a special master, to be deposited and distributed in accordance with the final decree entered in the cause.

In the previous case the company had to repay $12,000,000 or more on 25,000,000 bills, and it was said that consumers saved seven millions annually. Twenty appeals were taken; 1,000 injunctions were issued, and 2,000 separate writs of mandamus. That was a decade ago, and now the route has been traveled again, but without similar comfort for consumers. They must look for consolation to the fact that if the price of gas were not raised presently there would be no gas supplied, and the precedent of confiscation by State regulation would be a parallel to Federal regulation of the railways. To provide 80-cent gas at such cost would be a poor bargain. There are others than consumers of gas in this city who must pay for what they get, if they want to get it permanently. The case of the price of gas is as clear as that regarding other statutory rates. Conditions change, and the law does not change. A price which was right when fixed, and the New York gas price was fixed with unusual care, becomes wrong, and the courts must intervene. The price of gas not alone in New York City and State, but in 100 cities throughout the United States, has risen less than almost anything else, by less than 10 per cent., and of course under the statute not at all. That increases of food, clothing, fuel and the general cost of living have been sometimes 100 per cent. and more is known to all.

THE UNCHANGING BRYAN.

However it may be with others, Mr. BRYAN informs the reporters at San Francisco that he will not change. There will always be one man in the Convention "fighting for the right." Yes, and fighting in the same old way. That means, in the first place, fighting for his own hand. It means doing as serious harm as he can to other Democratic leaders. It means contriving as much division and mischief as possible for his party. It means the putting forward of half-baked ideas and happy-thought proposals.

In the plank concerning the Treaty which Mr. Bryan gave to the press before urging it upon the Committee on Resolutions, all the vices of his method leap to the eye. He cherishes animosity against the President, and seeks to gratify it by apparently praising Mr. WILSON and offering to help him, while in reality doing his best to bring the President's plan into disrepute and causing it to fail. And it would not be BRYAN unless he tied the whole thing up to fantastic suggestions. Of course, he must at once have another constitutional amendment. He is always wanting one or more, having gravely argued, not long since, that the Constitution would not be perfect until it established forever a single standard of morality for both men and women. Very much of a piece with this is his scheme to have our representatives in the League of Nations elected by "a "nation-wide vote, conducted as "Congressional elections are"—and Heaven it knoweth what that may mean; we doubt if BRYAN himself does. Then these delegates to the League are to get popular mandates and be subject to a referendum and other Bryanesque processes.

This whole move of his is so obviously intended to make trouble that the Convention may be expected to have scant patience with it. Early reports were that Mr. BRYAN would limit his efforts at the Convention to the subject of prohibition. This is an old battlefield of his, with which he is thoroughly familiar. But no pent-up Utica can contract such powers of disturbance and self-advertising as Mr. BRYAN possesses. It would appear that he intends to range—or derange—over many features of party policy, throwing sand into the gearing whenever he can. Truly, it is the same old BRYAN. And the only wise course for the Democrats is to deal with him as now a habitual marplot and disturber of the party peace.

It has been clearly demonstrated that Democrats friendly to the Administration are in full control at San Francisco. Senator REED, most bitter-tongued of the President's enemies in the Senate, has appealed to first one committee and then another to give him a seat in the Convention, but has been overwhelmingly voted down by both. The Georgia Senator, HOKE SMITH, set up a contest for the delegation from his own State, but was ignominiously defeated. Having thus dealt with the undisguised opponents of Mr. WILSON, the Convention may be trusted to mete out justice to the pretended friend of the President who is endeavoring to thrust a knife under his fifth rib.

WESTMINSTER ABBEY.

The appeal of the Dean of Westminster for funds to save the "most his-"toric, most beloved sacred building "in the empire," is addressed to the English-speaking people of the world, and "in a peculiar degree" to America, which can never be disassociated from the history, traditions and renown of the mother country, nor wishes to. The Dean looks across the sea for help from Americans who know the beauty and dignity of Westminster Abbey and its transcendent moral value, because the war depleted the resources of his countrymen to the point of not being able to preserve without assistance relics that they hold most dear. The sum of £250,000, something over $1,000,000, is needed to restore the fabric which has stood the siege of the elements for centuries and in modern times has suffered from the vibrations of heavy street traffic.

If there had been no great war, the people of little England herself could have raised the fund to protect the revered Abbey from decay. Its income formerly sufficed for repairs; in the last thirty years £100,000 has been spent upon the group of buildings; but the Abbey's revenue is no longer adequate in a time of enormous inflation of prices of materials and labor. The Government could, indeed, appropriate the sum required, although it has already taxed its people heavily. But Westminster Abbey spiritually belongs to the English-speaking races, and it is fitting that they should save it with their voluntary contributions.

An American of British blood who wonders why the Dean of Westminster should hope for his co-operation had better take down his Washington Irving and read that splendid and impressive account of the lovable author's visit to the Abbey. No one has written about it with deeper feeling or in choicer prose. It can be understood why the architecture of the Abbey must be always watched for damage by the tooth of time when one reads: "Stone seems, by the "cunning labor of the chisel, to have "been robbed of its weight and "density, suspended aloft as if by "magic, and the fretted roof achieved "with the wonderful minuteness and "airy security of a cobweb." Since IRVING'S time many thousands of Americans have found their way to the Abbey, to feel, as he did, that they were "surrounded by the congregated "bones of the great men of past times, "who have filled history with their "deeds and earth with their re-"nown." These American visitors have read the history of the British people in the tombs and monuments not only of Kings but of statesmen, famous soldiers, daring explorers, scientists, and familiar poets from CHAUCER to BROWNING, who are known as well in American homes as in the halls and cottages of England. In the Poets' Corner alone there are reasons enough why Americans of any blood should heed the prelate's call to preserve the stately building and its treasures for other generations.

HOW TO PROVE LENIN RIGHT.

The head of the Government of Soviet Russia has often been described as a man of relentless logic. LENIN thinks things through, it is said. He may be cold but he is irrefutable. So it would appear if one is able to follow his reasoning in the letter to the British Labor Delegation that recently visited Moscow, the full text of which is only now available here. LENIN was certainly frank in telling his guests that he found most of them no better in their point of view than so many wretched bourgeois. But it is his logic of which it may be interesting to give an example.

LENIN states in his letter that he had assured the labor delegates that the "robber Governments of England, France and the United States" had made "secret treaties" "for the partition of booty." His visitors asked for the proof of this. That made LENIN indignant. "Only liars "and hypocrites could deny this or "pretend not to know it." Still, the obdurate English workingmen pressed for evidence. Then came into play LENIN'S wonderful powers of logic. "I replied," he writes, "that for "the purpose of getting access to the "secret agreements of the British "Government it is necessary to over-"throw it by revolutionary means and "to lay hold of all documents of its "foreign policy." In the United States, too, labor leaders are, according to LENIN, only the "faithful servants of the capitalist class" if they "do not carry on a revolutionary "struggle for the exposure of the "treaties" entered into by the American Government "for the plundering of other countries." Such reasoning was quite above the bourgeois heads of LENIN'S British visitors. One of them, Mr. TOM SHAW, protested in a puzzled way, after he got back to England: "It seems to me an ex-"traordinary proposal that we should "wade through blood and revolution "in England in order to prove whether "LENIN is right or wrong." It is a pity thus to see the sweet reasonableness of Bolshevism wasted on a stupid proletariat.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

San Francisco Earns High Praise.

That San Francisco is an excellent convention city—after the delegates get there and for the delegates themselves while there—is confessed, or proclaimed with enthusiasm, rather, in all the dispatches. The inhabitants of the city evidently are taking care, and not a little trouble at considerable expense, to make happy as many of their visitors as possible. The hotels and restaurants, too, have refrained from the utterly ruthless exploitation of the need for food and lodging in which Chicago, to the knowledge of all who went there, indulged.

That San Francisco is more virtuous than Chicago is doubtful, but San Francisco realizes that its one chance of ever getting another national convention depends on the impression it now creates, while Chicago trusted to its geographical position for its future opportunities to repeat its triumphs of extortion.

San Francisco has been more than hospitable and courteous; it also has been efficient in the management of great crowds, and for that, of course, recognition is due to its municipal administration and especially to its police department, which had managed to exercise control over the convention multitudes without irritating or offending its individual units. And that is a triumph indeed—the highest form of police competence.

Its Faults Outweigh Its Merits.

After giving to San Francisco the praise it has earned, there is still more to say about it as a city in which to hold national conventions, and this more is that its position on the western edge of this large country ought to preclude its selection hereafter for this important purpose. In the first place, for the great majority of the delegates the cost of getting there is so much in both time and money as to deprive of eligibility all except the well-to-do or those with friends or organizations willing to pay a large part of their expenses. And that is a really serious objection.

On the other hand, the clocks of San Francisco are so far behind those of a huge majority of the country's inhabitants that the distribution thence of convention news is difficult, slow and expensive. That is not only a grievance of the Eastern newspapers, though its effects fall on them first and directly, and on their readers only later and indirectly. It is also a grievance, and easily may be an injury, to the general public, for conditions easily can be imagined in which the early arrival and publication of information as to the action of national conventions would be a matter of high importance to every State.

Just why San Francisco was chosen by the Democrats as the place for their convention this year is not quite clear. The thought of showing recognition of what California did for the party in 1916 had something to do with it, and so did the fact that San Francisco was the only city that made a "firm offer" of a large contribution to the party war chest. These are good reasons, but they are hardly good enough to justify holding the convention in a place so inconvenient to so many of the delegates and to a large majority of the people interested in their proceedings.

Safety First Evidently Their Motto.

There need be no affectation of surprise at the news that, by a unanimous vote and on the recommendation of Mayor GAINER, the Common Council of Providence, R. I., has respectfully but firmly declined to accept a bequest of $10,000, left to the city by the late Count PAOLO BAINOTTI of Turin, Italy.

The reason for the refusal was that acceptance would have placed upon the City Fathers each year the truly dangerous task of deciding what young woman living in Providence, of marriageable age and a daughter of the common people, is most deserving of a money reward for "her conduct and family virtues."

The Count's intentions were admirable, but though he was in this country for some time himself, and married an American woman, he evidently did not learn enough about social conditions and ideas here to appreciate how embarrassing would have been to any of our municipal officials the awarding of his prize. On the one hand, if we have any "common people," we refrain from calling them by that name in any formal or public manner—except for purposes purely political—and, on the other hand, it would be most unkind, here, to accord to any young woman the highly invidious glory of official recognition as the most virtuous of her sex in a whole cityful.

Her subsequent experiences would resemble those of the schoolboy who gains the name of "teacher's pet," and the income from $10,000 for a single year would not be sufficient recompense for the glances cast at her ever afterward by all the damsels proclaimed to be her inferiors in conduct and family virtues.

Accuracy Joined to Courtesy.

Even the blackest of Republicans can and should warmly commend at least one passage in the message of congratulation and adherence sent to President WILSON by the San Francisco Convention. The reference to the achievement of the United States in the World War was in every way admirable and in every way accurate, for what it credited the United States with was "an honorable part" in bringing the war to its right end is true, and it is precisely the statement of the truth that most becomes us—the only statement of it that becomes us at all.

If others choose to put the facts in somewhat stronger terms, as others not infrequently have, we need not protest more than just enough, but no American of sense combined with decent courtesy over outrages the feelings of the other nations that participated in and made possible the defeat of Germany by ignoring the first three years of the great conflict and their bearing on the outcome of the fourth.

HARDING'S GUIDES.

Herrick Throws Light on What to Expect If Republicans Win.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The papers quote Myron T. Herrick, on the eve of his departure for Europe, as calling Senator Harding "a man who has made no political mistakes," and as predicting, in case of his election, "a return to safe and sane times."

A far abler man than Senator Harding, Mr. Herrick himself, once gave to the people of Ohio a demonstration of his idea of safety and sanity and freedom from political errors in the office of the Governorship of Ohio. Mr. Herrick's administration of that office was the culmination of the Mark Hanna idea in Ohio politics, and in the seven gubernatorial elections since, the Republicans of Ohio have succeeded in only one. As Governor, Herrick had the personal ability to break the ring which had fastened itself upon the State, especially in the offices of State Treasurer and Auditor, but he chose "to confer with and be guided by" others, as he assures us that Harding will do in the Presidency, and never lifted a hand to uproot the corruption at Columbia, which had become so brazen that few in the State any longer doubted its existence. Pattison, a Democrat, was elected to succeed him, but a Republican farmer, Harris, was chosen as Lieutenant Governor, and Pattison died shortly after taking the oath of office. Harris, too, consented "to confer with and be guided by" others, and it was only on the accession of Judson Harmon and a Democratic State Treasurer, two years later, that these others were shaken loose and the management of the State finances put on an honest basis.

Mr. Herrick has rendered honorable service to the country since that date, but his Governorship is one incident in his career in which no well-informed citizen of Ohio can take any pride. And McKinley's Governorship was much of the same character. In both cases a group of men of the Mark Hanna type, some in public office and others not, sat back out of sight and exercised control, and their control was based on personal and partisan motives, the former generally in the ascendant. Two men, since Herrick's term of office, have set a standard for the Ohio Governorship which it had not touched in a whole generation, and those men are Judson Harmon and James M. Cox. Neither one of them has refused to confer with others (nor has President Wilson, so far as that is concerned), but neither one has allowed himself to be driven from his own better judgment by the advice of others.

Harding's docility, on the record as it stands, is precisely the docility of Herrick fourteen years ago—docility to the machine. The country will be thoroughly aware of the fact, long before election, that he on one occasion publicly expressed his loyalty to George B. Cox, the most notoriously corrupt political boss that ever soiled and disgraced the politics of Ohio. Penrose well knew Senator Harding when he consented to his nomination. No other man whose name was even mentioned would be so sure to avoid "political mistakes," from the Penrose point of view. If Harding should be elected, the triumph of the group now in control of the Republican majority in the Senate will be complete. It can safely be taken for granted that Harding will insist on no independence in naming his department Secretaries, contrary to the wishes of the Penrose-Lodge group.

If the people are hungry for a President who will consent to be guided by others—namely, this particular group of Senators—if they want a return to "safety and sanity" of the Mark Hanna type, the road to that goal undoubtedly lies in the election of Harding.

W. H. JOHNSON.

New York, June 23, 1920.

The Two Speeches.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It appears to me that no more effective and valuable document could be devised for use in the coming national campaign than one in which the two keynote speeches, by Senator Lodge and Mr. Cummings, should be printed complete, in parallel columns, without note or comment or any feature that would impair its availability for distribution in the supposed interest of either or of any party.

Such a document would certainly command widespread comparison and discussion on the part of the press, and even the prevalence, in various quarters, of profound silence on the subject might prove to be no less eloquent than reams of convincing argument. Moreover, it would be instructive and enlivening from time to time to note the apparent degree of utility ascribed to the document for campaign purposes by the respective party managements, and to take account, as accurately as possible, of the extent of the influence exerted by its distribution.

HENRY ALFRED TODD.

New York, June 29, 1920.

Summer Offices.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I move that, beginning 1921, all New York business offices move en masse into the Catskills or some other cool spot during June, July and August. Tents or suitable habitations can be furnished as easily as was done for our army. Details, mere trifles you can work out. Warmly,

NORMAN H. TAYLOR.

Jersey City, June 28, 1920.

RAINS TODAY—IN FLANDERS.

'Tis sweet to lie and listen to the rain
Swish through the trees,
A thousand thousand leaves
Wake like a harp beneath the swift, sure touch,
The silver fingers of the falling rain.
How like a song it sounds,
Some high sweet litany,
With notes unnumbered as the endless leaves!
A thousand tones stirred from a thousand strings,
All blended in the singing of the rain.
Ah, after the wild thunder and the storm,
The burst of lightning and the forked flame,
The roaring torrent and the crashing sky,
'Tis sweet to lie and listen to the rain!
How strangely near seems boyhood's far-off day,
Now that I lie here dead, a nation's man
Full grown!
How strangely real comes back the boy I was,
How closely press his old forgotten dreams!
Can you not see him leave the rain-drenched world
To vanish up the musty attic stairs?
There, sprawled for hours upon the dusty floor,
He filled his soul with old, forgotten tales,
Old lore of bloody combat, stirring deeds
Of knights who fought the monsters of the world.
At last the endless music of the rain
Falling upon the roof—a magic song—
Swept all his senses like a pleasant drug,
Till, with his head soft-pillowed on his arm,
He slept—forgetting all the tales of blood.
Even so I rest it now upon my arm,
Giving myself to pleasant dreams—with all
The bloody strife forgot.
So sweet it is
To lie and listen to the falling rain!

ELEANOR COCHRAN REED.

ASK HIGHER PACIFIC RATES.

Steamship Companies Petition for Equivalent of Railroad Demands.

WASHINGTON, June 29—Coastwise steamship companies of the Pacific petitioned the Interstate Commerce Commission today for advances in freight rates equivalent to those asked for by railroads of the West and South. Western roads are seeking an increase of 34 per cent. and Southern roads 21 per cent.

The petition presented by the Pacific Steamship Company and the San Francisco and Portland Steamship Company asserted that at existing rates their business was conducted at a loss. No means of increasing net revenues were available, the petition stated, except through an increase of freight rates.

URGES HIGHER RAIL FARES.

Shippers' Counsel Advocates 5% Increase by Commerce Commission.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—Freight rates must be increased 5% per cent. if the roads' demands for increased freight tariffs and the men's demands for increased pay are granted and the whole burden placed on the freight traffic, the Interstate Commerce Commission was told today by Clifford Thorne of Chicago, representing shippers.

Mr. Thorne recommended that the wage advances be added without further hearings to the costs on which the roads now base their request for advanced freight rates; that a 5 per cent. increase be made in passenger rates, with the balance of freight tariffs to care for the present case, and that any advance caused by the wage decision be spread out over the entire earnings of the railroads from all sources.

Application of the entire advance to freight rates, Mr. Thorne said, would mean an increase in the East of 60 per cent., in the West 50 per cent. and in the South 60 per cent.

"An increase of ½ per cent. per passenger mile on passenger traffic, plus an increase of 20.26 per cent. on all other traffic," Mr. Thorne continued, "would produce sufficient revenues to take care of the present needs of the carriers, added to an increased wage of $500,000,000. If the wage advance is $1,000,000,000 and the additional amount is placed on traffic other than passenger traffic the percentage would be 29 per cent."

ONLY MAJOR GENERALS NOW

March, Liggett and Bullard Lose War Rank—4 New Appointments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—The War Department today announced that General Peyton C. March, Lieutenant General Hunter Liggett and Lieutenant General Robert L. Bullard surrender temporary war rank and revert to the permanent rank of Major General in the regular establishment. The changes are in accordance with the provisions of the new army reorganization law.

Secretary Baker also announced today that President Wilson had appointed four of the eleven new permanent Major Generals authorized by the army reorganization law. Those so appointed are:

Major General J. M. McAndrews, President of the Army War College; Major General John L. Hines, in command of the division at Camp Dodge, Des Moines, Iowa; Major General Henry T. Allen, in command of the American Army of Occupation in Germany; Major General David C. Shanks, in command of the Port of Embarkation at Hoboken. The present permanent rank of these officers is that of Brigadier General. They now become permanent Major Generals. Seven other new permanent Major Generals are to be appointed by the President. There are, under the old law, ten permanent Major Generals.

OLD RESERVE ABOLISHED.

Discharge of Regulars Ordered Under Army Reorganization Act.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—Secretary Baker today announced that, in accordance with Section 30 of the new Army Reorganization act, the regular army reserve has been ordered abolished and that all members of the reserve will be discharged. Department commanders have been ordered to take immediate steps to discharge all enlisted men of this reserve whose records are on file at their headquarters, except those who were called to active service for the World War and who are not shown by the records to have been demobilized. These cases will be reported to the Adjutant General for disposition.

This change applies only to men who enlisted prior to April 5, 1917, when they entered the army either for four years with the colors and three years in reserve or for three years with the colors and four years in reserve. Some have not completed their term of service with the colors, and by the new law they are relieved of the obligation of serving in the reserve when their time with the colors is completed. Any of these who enlisted prior to Nov. 1, 1916, however, who desire to serve their full enlistment, that is, to serve seven years with the colors, will be permitted to do so. This does not affect the Officers' Reserve Corps.

FIX DUTY ON WAR RELICS.

Will Be Based on Exchange Prevalent on Leaving Country.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—Uncertainty on the part of American tourists returning from the battlefields of Europe laden with souvenirs and trophies as to the calculation of import duties during the period of fluctuating foreign exchange is dispelled by the orders issued today by the Customs Service to its collectors.

Values of articles brought into the United States in travelers' baggage are determined by the exchange value of the money in which they were bought on the day they left that country. Rise or fall in the exchange rate after departure from the foreign country may work to the advantage or disadvantage of the tourist, officials said, but the general average is considered fair both to the Government and the traveler.

Personal purchases sent to America by parcel post are appraised on their arrival on the basis of the exchange value of the coin of the country in which they were bought on the day they were mailed.

ALAND MAY GET AUTONOMY.

Finnish Ministers Also Favor Self-Government for Other Provinces.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, June 28.—According to a dispatch from Helsingfors, the Swedish members of the Finnish Parliament petitioned the State Council yesterday to submit a proposal for autonomy for the Swedish-speaking provinces of Aland, Nyland and Nesterhotten.

They argue that the approval of such a measure by Parliament would remove all justification for agitation by the Aland secessionists and probably satisfy Sweden.

The suggestion was accepted by Minister of Justice Ingelbrohm, who later resigned, and has been approved by his successor, Granfelt.

BIRMINGHAM GAINS 45,585.

Increases 34.4 Per Cent. in Population—Red Bluff Loses.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—The following census were announced today:

Birmingham, Ala., 178,270, an increase of 45,585, or 34.4 per cent.

Red Bluff, Cal., 3,104, a decrease of 426, or 12.0 per cent.

ARCHBISHOP ASSAILS EDUCATION'S TREND

In Sermon Before Catholic Teachers He Decries 'Federalization' and 'Socialization.'

SEES HARM TO THE NATION

Says Thinking People Lament the Absolute Divorce of Public Education from Religion.

Decrying "federalization" and "socialization" of modern education, Archbishop Patrick J. Hayes in a sermon yesterday in St. Patrick's Cathedral opened the seventeenth annual meeting of the Catholic Education Association, a gathering of teachers of that faith from throughout this country and Canada.

The Archbishop, picturing the court as "grinding out divorces ad nauseam," saw a dangerous outcropping of indecency in dress, drama and press and an "ever-decreasing reverence for the flag of our country."

The Archbishop's sermon was delivered at a solemn high mass at 9 o'clock which crowded the big edifice. The mass was celebrated by the Very Rev. Joseph F. Mooney, V. G., Chairman of the Catholic School Board for the Archdiocese of New York; the deacon was the Rev. William Livingston of St. Gabriel's, and the sub-deacon was the Rev. Robert Skinner of the Paulists. The first meetings of the association followed upon the close of the religious service.

"Christian education," said the Archbishop, "takes the larger, the higher and the broader view of human existence and its temporal and eternal purpose. It will not be constrained within the vision of the eye, the sound of the ear, the touch of the hand and the grasp of the intellect. It sees, hears, senses and realizes God in all creation, visible and invisible. Its quest of truth is guided by the light of human reason and the light of divine faith. It teaches the supernatural as well as the natural, the divine as well as the human, the heavenly as well as the earthly, the eternal as well as the temporal, the spiritual as well as the material. It presses the urgent need of spiritual culture perfecting the will, in addition to physical training developing the body and mental instruction improving the intellect.

When Christian Education Leads.

"Some will say that, after all, the spirit of physical Samson and the spirit of the worldly wise Solomon are the goal of education, and that Samson and Solomon should have used their gifts to better advantage. This world can only be concerned with making men physically fit and strong and mentally wise and brilliant, and whatever also enters into the makeup of man is largely determined by heredity, environment and opportunity.

"Christian education, while indeed holding fast to 'men's sana in corpore sano,' goes further and would lead the human mind to light eternal and the human body to resurrection incorruptible. This was the way that the royal and the saintly David, and the martyred and heroic John the Baptist walked with God through the vale of time unto the everlasting hills.

"A modern cynic has said: 'A teacher affects eternity. He can never tell where his influence stops.' It is just this that forces the Church to examine the credentials of the teachers of her children, and the credenda and agenda a system of education proposes. Education is not merely learning, thinking and teaching. True education is life, light and love—life not only temporal, light not only intellectual, love not only human, but also life divine, light divine and love divine. Surely not only the created world we see and experience, but above and beyond all, the Creator, our Father in Heaven, should be the object in the highest sense of our educational system.

"The Church has grieved much for many a long day at the widespread spirit of secularisation in education, and is gravely anxious at the present advocacy of Federal centralization and the still more dangerous tendency of socialization in education. Secularism violates the rights of God, centralization encroaches on the rights of the family, and socialism the rights of the child.

"Sad is the lament of many thinking people and educators, within and without the Church, at the absolute divorce of our system of public education from religion. The constant and continuous ignoring of God and the improved indifference to religious belief and practice in the school room must have its unfortunate effect on the young mind. The nation is bound to feel and suffer the consequences.

Philosophy of the Worldling.

"The philosophy of the worldling is to enjoy what one pleases, to think as one pleases, and to do what one pleases, without the checks placed by religious sanction and the moral law; with science giving the shrug of doubt as to the existence of God, with law courts grinding out divorces ad nauseam, with passing literature that finds it pays to portray characters reeking with moral shame and condoning the offense, with young and old gone mad over the lurid motion film, with the drama depraved in spite of heroic efforts of the many who patronize and love the clean play, with the daily press mirroring the crimes and sins of society, with feminine dress mocking at decency and modesty, with ever-decreasing respect for authority and reverence for the flag of our country—where is the power, who has the wisdom, where the salvation of the youth of our land?

"An extraordinary manifestation of secularism in education is seen in the proposed Federalized control of education throughout the country. The passion for power blinds the advocates of such a movement to the God-given rights, based on the natural law, of parents to teach their own offspring. All the legislation in the world cannot deprive parents of this inalienable right. Nation and State, city and village, should provide opportunities of education, and should see to it that parents neglect not their duty.

"Secularism also looms up in the educational world. Teachers and pupils, in many instances, have succumbed to the strong and bold appeal of radicalism, false though it be in principle and practice and opposed to our ideals of popular government and democratic institutions. The passion of socialism is State possession of everything and everybody, defying and denying the rights of God and the rights of the family. Socialism would take the child from the cradle and the crib to rear it the common property of the ideal State."

Following the mass a general meeting was held in the hall of the Cathedral College, Madison Avenue and Fifty-first Street. Father Thomas J. Shanahan, Rector of the Catholic University, Washington, presided and a resolution endorsing the Pope of Michigan Catholics "against religious prescription and persecution" was adopted. Other meetings, dealing with special branches of education, were in progress elsewhere in hotels and halls. Special meetings of the Resolutions and Nomination Committees were held last night in the convention headquarters, the Central

MISS STRAUS BRIDE AT MT. KISCO ESTATE

Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Straus Weds Dr. R. L. Levy of Rockefeller Institute.

CEREMONY ON THE LAWN

Miss Holmes and J. P. Taylor, Married at Forked River, N. J., to Have Honeymoon on Houseboat.

The wedding of Miss Beatrice N. Straus, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Straus of 36 Park Avenue, and Dr. Robert L. Levy, son of Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Levy of this city, and a member of the staff of the Rockefeller Institute, was solemnized yesterday at Northview, the country estate of the bride's parents at Mt. Kisco, N. Y.

The ceremony was performed on the lawn of the estate by the Rev. Dr. Edward Kraus of this city. Mr. Straus gave his daughter in marriage.

Miss Lucy Loeb was the maid of honor, and the other attendants were Miss Lawrence Woodbury and Miss Elizabeth Kuhn.

Herbert L. Caribach of New York acted as best man, and the ushers were Dr. Francis B. Trudeau, Dr. Frederick S. Gates, Isidor Straus, 2d, brother of the bride; John W. Schiffer, Frank Altschul and George M. Sidenberg, Jr.

After returning from a trip in the West, Dr. and Mrs. Levy will reside in Mt. Kisco, coming to New York to live in the Autumn.

Their engagement was announced last April. Miss Straus is a granddaughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Isidor Straus and a grandniece of Oscar Straus and Nathan Straus.

Taylor—Holmes.

Miss Bertha Lillian Holmes, daughter of Mrs. Nathaniel Holmes of Ocean Grove, N. J., and J. Paul Taylor, son of Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Taylor of Asbury Park, were married yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock on the lawn of Riverside House, Forked River, N. J. The officiating clergymen were the Rev. D. O. W. Wright, the Rev. Dr. T. T. J. Wright and the Rev. Dr. Barnard Taylor, President of the Divinity College at Chester, Pa. The couple will pass their honeymoon on a big houseboat on Barnegat Bay, which they boarded after the ceremony. Rice and old shoes were showered upon them from small boats as the houseboat passed down the estuary to the bay.

Stien—Herschman.

Miss Beatrice Herschman, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Carl Herschman of 216 West 100th Street, was married to Maurice J. Stien of this city last evening at the Hotel St. Regis, the Rev. Dr. Nathan Krass officiating.

Miss Selma Herschman attended her sister, and Stanley Barth was best man. The ushers were Walter Davidson, William Herschman, Bertram Lowenfelt, Alexander Barth, Carl Misch and Mervin Heis.

A reception, dinner and dance followed the ceremony, the couple leaving later on their honeymoon. After a trip to the White Mountains they will reside in this city.

Steiner—Baldwin.

The marriage is announced of Miss Marian Baldwin, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Elbert Francis Baldwin of 27 East Sixty-second Street and Marholm, Lakewood, N. J., and John Jefferson Flowers Steiner, which took place last Saturday in All Saints' Church at Lakewood. The Rev. Percy Silver of the Church of the Incarnation, this city, assisted by the Rev. Charles B. Brugler, rector of All Saints' Church, officiated.

Mr. Steiner is a son of General and Mrs. Robert Eugene Steiner of Montgomery, Ala. The young couple plan to sail shortly for Colombia, and are to reside in Bogota for some time.

Nolan—Dolbeer.

The marriage is announced of Miss Olive Adelphia Dolbeer, daughter of Mrs. Ella Dolbeer and the late A. G. Dolbeer of 550 Riverside Drive, and Thomas D. J. Nolan, which took place last Saturday in the Chelsea Methodist Church at Atlantic City, the Rev. C. D. Simkinson officiating. Mr. and Mrs. Nolan will be in New York on their way to the Catskills. Mr. Nolan was formerly connected with The Public Ledger in Philadelphia.

Miss Giles to Wed Dr. E. S. Rimer.

Dr. and Mrs. J. William Giles of Nyack-on-Hudson, announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Estelle Giles, to Dr. Edward Sherrard Rimer of this city. Dr. Rimer was formerly Deputy Health Officer of the Port of New York. He is a graduate of Washington and Jefferson College and during the war he was a Major in the Medical Corps, stationed at the Base Hospital at Camp Merritt for two years. Miss Giles was enrolled with the Red Cross for two years and her fiancé with Dr. Rimer during that time both were stationed at Camp Merritt.

Miss Grant to Wed Lieut. Suydam.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Frederick Grant of 1 West Eighty-third Street have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Dorothy Celia Grant, to Frederick Dorflinger Suydam, son of Mr. and Mrs. William Farrington Suydam of Montclair, N. J. Mr. Suydam is a graduate of Amherst, class of '17, and was a First Lieutenant of Field Artillery at Fort Sill, Okla., during the war.

To Wed Percival Wilde, Dramatist.

Miss Nadie Mackres, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Marvin Mackres of Sharon, Conn., and Percival Wilde, a playwright of this city, will be married today by the Rev. Merle St. Croix Wright at his residence, 490 Riverside Drive. Mr. Wilde is co-author of "The Woman in Room 13," and also of "First Is Last."

Wm. G. Choates' Golden Wedding.

Mr. and Mrs. William G. Choate celebrated their golden wedding yesterday at their country home in Wallingford, Conn. Only close family friends were present but congratulatory messages were received from all over the country. Mr. Choate is a brother of the late Joseph H. Choate.

Miss Katherine Hutchins Engaged.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Grosvenor Hutchins, Jr., of 44 East Sixty-fifth Street, announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Katherine Grosvenor Hutchins, to Merrit Hemingway of Watertown, Conn.

Costume Ball at Long Beach.

A costume ball will be given tomorrow evening at the Hotel Nassau at Long Beach, and about eight hundred guests are expected. There will be special musical and dancing features.

Shakespearean Scenes in Open Air.

A Shakespearean performance in aid of the Huntington, L. I., Hospital will be given on Saturday night at the Rosemary Open-Air Theatre on the estate of Roland Conkling at Huntington. The Shakespeare Playhouse will be in charge of the program, which will include scenes from "As You Like It," "Romeo and Juliet," "Twelfth Night," and "Julius Caesar." Among those who will take part will be William Faversham, H. Cooper Cliffe, Charles Webster, Herbert Belmore and Kenneth Hunter.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Stewart Barney and family have been spending a week at Yama Farms, Napanoch, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. George Gordon Battle are at the Ambassador Hotel at Santa Barbara, Cal.

Mrs. Ricardo de Acosta and Mrs. Frederic Van Lennep left yesterday for California, to spend the Summer. Mrs. de Acosta's daughter, Mrs. Abram Poole, and Mr. Poole, have sailed for France.

Mr. and Mrs. John H. Prentice are at the St. Regis, also Mrs. Prentice's sister, Mrs. W. Plunkett Stewart, who has the Countess Holstein as her guest.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Higgins are leaving for Southampton for the Summer.

James Punnett of 49 West Fifty-fifth Street has taken Mrs. Percival Lowell's house at Newport for the season.

Salva dor Sol, Minister from San Salvador, and his father, Señor Sol, have come from Washington and are at the Astor for a visit.

Mrs. Porter Chandler (Mary Wadsworth) and her son, Porter R. Chandler, are sailing on the Adriatic Saturday for Europe. They came from Geneseo, N. Y., and are staying at the St. Regis.

Mrs. Cordelia Biddle Duke entertained at dinner on the roof garden at Delmonico's last night. Mr. and Mrs. Bernard Baruch gave a luncheon party, also Dr. James B. Clements, who entertained for his daughter, Miss Dorothy Clements.

Washington.

The arrival of Count de Galard de Bearn of France to serve as Conselor of the French Embassy is of particular interest to American society, as the late Countess de Bearn was a Miss Winans of Baltimore. The Countess died only a few years after her marriage, leaving two children, a son and a daughter. The accompany their father on his present mission. With the departure of the Ambassador and Mme. Jusserand, who sail for France July 3, Count de Bearn and his family will take temporary possession of the Embassy, as the Count will serve as Charge d'Affaires in the absence on leave of the Ambassador.

The British Ambassador has taken an option on a cottage at Virginia Hot Springs, where, if satisfactory arrangements can be made for the large staff, the British Embassy will be located for the Summer.

Mrs. Robert Hinckley and Miss Hinckley left yesterday to be absent until the Autumn. Mrs. Hinckley will spend next month at Buena Vista, Md. While Miss Hinckley is the guest of Mrs. William A. Burton at the latter's cottage at Southampton. They will be at York Harbor, Me., for August.

General and Mrs. George Barnett will give up their Commandant's residence at the Marine Barracks today and go to their place, Wakefield Manor, Va., for the Summer. General Barnett will buy a residence in Washington, where the family will be re-established early next Winter.

Newport.

Governor Beeckman, upon invitation of Captain D. E. Dismukes, will attend the exhibition drill to be given at the Naval Training Station this afternoon.

Edward Bolt, visiting Reginald Norman, has registered at the Casino, as has A. C. Frost, Jr., a guest of Mrs. Robert Grosvenor.

Mrs. Hamilton McK. Twombly and Miss Ruth Twombly have arrived at Vinland.

Rear Admiral and Mrs. Ashley H. Robertson will leave Thursday for Canada to visit friends for the week.

Mrs. Robert Gould Shaw and family have arrived at Gull Rock, their Summer home on the cliffs.

C. Louis Boissevain of New York is arriving on Thursday at Hilltop Inn for the season.

Mrs. J. Fred Pierson, Jr., entertained at a small dinner party at her Clay Street home last evening.

Mrs. Charles S. Whitman has returned to her Price's Neck Summer home.

Mr. and Mrs. Jerome Napoleon Bonaparte have taken apartments at Hill Top for the season and will arrive early in July. Mr. and Mrs. George de Forest of New York also have taken apartments there.

Mrs. John Nicholas Brown, who is sailing for abroad next week, left for New York last evening.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Derby, Miss Dorothy Derby and W. B. Derby of Chicago have arrived at the Muenchinger-King.

Elbridge T. Gerry arrived at his Summer home, Sea Verge, yesterday.

For the first time in three seasons, Mrs. G. M. Hutton of Baltimore is occupying Shamrock Cliff, her estate on Ocean Avenue.

San Souci Cottage on Merton Road, belonging to Mrs. Percival Lowell, has been leased by James Punnett of New York.

Lenox.

Events for holiday visitors in Lenox are to include a dance at the Lenox Club on Friday night and a dance to be given by Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Frothingham at Overlee on Saturday night for Miss Helen Frothingham.

Mr. and Mrs. George Green of Rye, N. Y., are staying with Mr. and Mrs. J. Macy Willets at Saw Marlboro.

Miss Eleanor de Graff Cuyler of New York and Mr. Thomas De Witt Cuyler of Philadelphia started yesterday for Bar Harbor, Me.

Dr. and Mrs. George Draper of New York are with Miss Emily Tuckerman in Stockbridge.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Parkman Shaw and her sister, Miss Marie Bramwell, left the Curtis Hotel yesterday for Northeast Harbor, Me. Mrs. Edward Loudon Norton went to Bass Rocks, Mass.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Gouverneur Morris, John P. S. Harrison, Charles G. Shaw and Kent Colewell are to be with Mr. and Mrs. Charles Astor Bristed at Lakeside for over Independence Day.

Mr. and Mrs. Clark G. Voorhees of Lyme, Conn., are staying with her mother, Mrs. George Winthrop Folsom at Sunny Ridge.

Hot Springs, Va.

Mr. and Mrs. Chauncey M. Depew were among the colonists from New York on the Casino lawn yesterday for tea. Mr. and Mrs. John W. Atkinson entertained there for their house guests, Miss Elise Atkinson of Richmond and Miss Virginia Murray of New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Merwin Ketcham Lay of New York drove last night to Valley View for dinner.

WILL PUSH BENNETT HOME.

Newspaper Workers Organize to Co-operate with Executors.

To give active aid in putting into practical operation the James Gordon Bennett Home for newspaper workers, men and women formerly connected with The New York Herald met at the Hotel McAlpin last night and took steps toward forming the James Gordon Bennett Association. A committee composed of W. A. Rogers, chairman; George W. Bonte, Miss Martha E. Coman, Harry Ballard and Andrew Ford was appointed to draft a constitution.

The meeting tendered a vote of thanks to Samuel Untermyer, who has agreed to act as counsel of the new association. The session was presided over by H. S. Silver, formerly news editor of The Herald, and the secretary was Martin Petry.

It was the sense of those present that the new association could be effective work in co-operating with the executors of the will of James Gordon Bennett and the trustees of the home. There is one vacancy on the board of trustees of the home occasioned by the death of J. K. Ohl, editor of The Evening Telegram. It is not improbable that the new association will recommend a successor.

The work of the organization committee will be passed upon at a meeting to be called by the chairman, to which all Manhattan newspaper workers eligible under the terms of the Bennett will to participate in the benefits of the home will be invited.

Among those present at the preliminary meeting were W. A. Willis, Miss Caroline Harding, Miss Mary Watts, Miss Martha E. Coman, Wellington Wright, Hamilton Peltz, John Gordon Logan, George Van Slyke, Martin Petry, H. S. Silver, Burr Price, A. H. Chapman, Cecil Allen, Paul Drane and Norman Lynde.

AIMS TO CONTINUE INTERCHURCH MOVE

Chairman Speers and Others to Plan Future Action at Meeting on July 8.

DRIVE FOR FUNDS HALTED

Salvation Army Falls Short of Quota Here — Only $7,000,000 of $10,000,000 Expected.

The fate of the Interchurch World Movement will be decided at a meeting of the Executive Committee and denominational leaders on July 8. It was said yesterday that the abandonment of the ambitious interdenominational program appeared inevitable.

Public apathy, an insufficient response to the drive for funds—the drive was halted suddenly on Monday—and rapidly mounting expenses are the causes ascribed, but defections in the ranks of the various denominations participating, notably the withdrawal of the Presbyterian Church North and the Baptist Church North, are said to have had much to do with the decision which many interested in the movement says is bound to come.

The failure of the financial drive spelled the failure of the movement, in the opinion of many yesterday. It was planned to raise $1,200,314,561 for the work at home and abroad of the fifty-eight boards and societies participating in the movement. The 1920 budget called for $336,777,572, and this was the sum sought in the recent drive. Funds pledged by non-secular friends of the movement failed to materialize in anything like the amount expected, and the drive itself yielded only $176,000,000.

At the meeting of the Trustees James M. Speers, Chairman of the Executive Committee; Fred B. Smith, Vice Chairman of the General Committee, and George M. Fowles, Treasurer, sought to resign, but their resignations will be referred to the next meeting of the General Committee on July 8.

Action Up to Committee.

It will be up to the General Committee to determine on what terms, if any, the movement can be continued. These are the resolutions passed at the meeting:

Whereas, A situation has developed which manifestly makes it impossible to carry forward a successful financial campaign; therefore, be it

Resolved, That the present financial campaign be discontinued as of this date, June 28, 1920.

Whereas, It has now been decided to discontinue the financial campaign as of June 28, 1920, and

Whereas, It does not seem to the Executive Committee possible to continue the movement upon the present basis unless immediate relief should come through favorable denominational action; therefore, be it

Resolved, That the resignation of the executive officers of the movement, which were presented at the last meeting of the General Committee be accepted to take effect June 28, 1920, and that the discontinuance notices as of June 28, 1920, be sent to all other members of the staff, to take effect on the same day, subject to existing contracts, if any.

Whereas, Thirty denominations have been in co-operation through the Interchurch World Movement, and

Whereas, Denominational action has from the beginning influenced its plan of campaign and method of procedure, and

Whereas, The denominations themselves are primarily interested in the continuance or discontinuance of this co-operative effort; therefore, be it

Resolved, That all further steps with reference to the future of the movement be referred to the executives, the General Committee and of denominational leaders, which has been called for July 8.

Definite Statements Sought.

In accordance with the above action it was decided to request Mr. James M. Speers, the Chairman of the Executive Committee, to formulate a letter to be sent to the leaders of the co-operating denominations, urging them to come to the meeting on July 8, 1920, prepared to state definitely how much they would be willing to contribute toward clearing up the indebtedness of the past and providing the expenses of the movement for the coming year.

Resolved, That the Chairman be authorized to appoint a committee to negotiate with the banks concerning the best method off securing payment of the indebtedness and of adjusting the affairs of the movement. Committee appointed—Messrs. Speers, Fosdick and Fowles.

Resolved, That the resignations of Fred B. Smith, as Vice Chairman of the General Committee; of James M. Speers, the Chairman of the Executive Committee, and of George M. Fowles, the Treasurer, be not accepted at this time, but be referred to the next meeting of the General Committee for consideration.

Committee of Three appointed to pass on contracts involved. Mr. Fosdick, Chairman, also to appoint other two. Committee to have charge of affairs of movement until meeting of General Committee, July 8, re-employing necessary persons, &c., referred to Business Committee with power to act, to exercise either through a committee or sub-committee.

Movement Not Discontinued.

"The abandonment of the campaign does not necessarily mean the discontinuance of the movement," said James M. Speers, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Interchurch World Movement, last night. "At the meeting on July 8 the various denominations will look squarely at the situation to determine whether they want to continue or not. I am still hopeful that they will see their way clear to co-operate.

"No financial drive has had any great success in the last year, but in spite of this I think the Interchurch World Movement met with a fair measure of success. We have learned a great deal about interdenominational co-operation, and I am hopeful that with the experience gained from the vast amount of work that has been done the denominations will go forward, perhaps on a more modest and more solid basis."

Mr. Speers explained his resignation and those of members of the staff of the movement by saying that the officers wished to give the General Committee at the July meeting every opportunity to reorganize the movement to suit needs which may appear to them to be evident.

The Interchurch drive was not the only one which suffered. The Salvation Army fell far short of its quota of $1,000,000 in New York City, only about $7,000,000 of the $10,000,000 national quota will be realized, Colonel William Peart, Chief Secretary, said yesterday.

Interchurch Drive Interfered.

"The Interchurch drive, scheduled for April, held over throughout the month of May," said Colonel Peart, "and this brought the Salvation Army drive into the political situation early in June. Many friends of the Salvation Army were on their vacations, and it is safe to say that not more than one-third of the persons who regularly give to the Army were here in the city.

"Of the $1,000,000 quota in the city, about $225,000 has been realized, but this does not predicate that the national drive has been a failure. In fact, the contrary, unexpectedly, is true, and we feel that he have been very handsomely treated. One-third of the country is still to be heard from, and when we estimate $7,000,000 as the result of our efforts we feel that we are doing very well.

"There is no question that the public is tired of drives. There have been numerous needless appeals for funds. But the Salvation Army has not suffered overmuch from that reaction. However, it is doubtful whether the Salvation Army will ever again attempt an 'expensive' drive. Certain changes of method and new plans will be developed at a meeting of Commanders from all over the country to be held here in July.

"As far as New York is concerned our campaign may truthfully be called a failure."

The Lutheran Bureau reported yesterday that in the appeal of the National Lutheran Council to the Lutherans of America for $1,800,000 for relief and construction work among Lutheran groups in Europe one-fifth of the congregations have reported $700,000 to date.

At a meeting of the Board Director yesterday the Executive Committee of the council made provision to speed up reports and finish the campaign. Reports, it was said, came in exceptionally slow, though it was believed the total would be realized. The Lutheran churches of Greater New York have contributed $41,133 to the fund thus far, attaining a mark which was considered too low.

A Lutheran survey of Europe, exclusive of Russia, has been completed and part of Russia has been covered, according to a cablegram from Dr. J. A. Morehead, Chairman of the Lutheran Commission in Europe.

PILGRIM CHURCHES MEET.

3,000 Congregationalists Gather to Observe Tercentenary.

BOSTON, June 29.—Congregationalists from many lands met here today for the fourth decennial International Congregational Council. Nearly 3,000 delegates, representing 13,000 Congregational churches in all parts of the world, were registered.

The council, which will continue through Tuesday of next week, will celebrate the Pilgrim Tercentenary, and pilgrimages will be made to several communities with whose early history is interwoven the founding of American Congregationalism.

The Rev. R. E. Bustield of the Church of the Pilgrimage, Plymouth, Mass., presented to the council a gavel containing a piece of the stone of Plymouth Rock, and the Rev. Charles Harbutt of Portland, Me., also presented a gavel containing a piece of stone from the church in Leyden, Holland, in which once preached John Robinson, first pastor of the Pilgrim Church.

Today the opening session was given over to a devotional service, the program including addresses of welcome by President Henry Churchill King of Oberlin College, Moderator of the National Council of Congregational Churches of the United States; Arthur H. Wellman, Chairman of the local Committee of Arrangements, and Mayor Peters of Boston.

On motion of the Rev. J. D. Jones of Bournemouth, Eng., the Rev. James L. Barton, D. D., Secretary of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions, was unanimously elected permanent President of the council.

The Vice Presidents elected include: Dr. L. C. Warner, New York; Frank Kimball, Chicago; Sir Arthur A. Haworth, Chairman of the Manchester, Eng., Royal Exchange; the Rev. A. E. Garvie, Chairman of the Congregational Union of Scotland, and the Rev. Principal T. Levin of the Congregational Union of Australia and New Zealand.

Responses to the welcoming addresses were given by Sir Arthur Haworth and the Rev. Mr. Garvie. In the course of the meetings here, every phase of the Church's activity will be considered and speakers of national and international distinction will address the delegates. Among the more important questions to be discussed is the church unity movement.

LAST RITES FOR J. K. OHL.

Newspaper Associates and Friends Pay Final Tribute to Editor.

Many friends and newspaper associates of Josiah K. Ohl, editor of The New York Telegram, who died here of heart disease last Sunday, attended his funeral in the Church of the Heavenly Rest, Fifth Avenue and Forty-fifth Street, yesterday afternoon. The coffin, covered with American Beauty roses from The Telegram and The Sun and The New York Herald staffs, was borne down the aisle as the church choir sang "Lead, Kindly Light." The services were conducted by the Rev. Edwin E. Matthews, assistant rector of the church.

There were floral tributes from the D. K. E. Fraternity, which sent a delegation; from the Gridiron Club, Frank A. Munsey, Rodman Wanamaker and others. Maurice Casenave, French High Commissioner; Henry P. Fletcher, former Ambassador to Mexico, and Mrs. Willard D. Straight of New York City were present. The honorary pallbearers were Robert Adamson, former Police Commissioner; Frank E. Flaherty, Commander Walter S. Anderson, U. S. N.; Martin Egan of J. P. Morgan & Co., Robert H. Patchin and F. C. Hitchcock. Among the newspaper men present were Cecil Allen of The Sun and New York Herald, John R. Dunlop, managing editor of The Telegram; Messrs Speers, E. J. Ridgway and William C. Reick, Frank A. Munsey was unable to attend.

Mr. Ohl's body will rest temporarily in a vault at Woodlawn Cemetery. The place of final interment has not yet been announced.

Charles L. Seibert.

Charles L. Seibert, an official of the Greenwich Savings Bank for 38 years until he retired a year ago, died yesterday at his home in Bloomfield, N. J. He was Vice President of the Bloomfield Savings Institution and Treasurer of the Essex County Building and Loan Association.

Robert P. Seymour.

Robert P. Seymour of J. E. Stevens & Co., wholesale woolen merchants of Fourth Avenue, died yesterday at his home in Hathway Lane, Essex Fells, N. J. He had been ill for more than a year. Mr. Seymour was born in Washington, D. C., on June 26, 1870. He served several terms as a member of the Essex Fells Borough Council. Mr. Seymour was a member of the Manhattan, Bayside Yacht and the Essex Country Clubs and of the National Arts Association.

Obituary Notes.

ALEXANDER FEIXOTTO, a broker, died yesterday at his home, 139 West Sixty-seventh Street, in his 47th year. He was born in the West Indies and came to this country forty years ago.

Mrs. ROSE LOUISE HYMAN, wife of William A. Hyman, a Manhattan lawyer, died on Sunday at her home, 768 Quincy Street, Brooklyn, aged 33 years.

DONALD BATSON, 29 years old, a broker in Manhattan, died in the Skene Sanitarium on Saturday of appendicitis. His home was at 2,105 Beverly Road, Flatbush.

THOMAS SHALVEY, a foreman in the Street Cleaning Department for many years, died at his home, 189 Welfield Street, Brooklyn, on Sunday.

HENRY REINHEIMER, a retired meat dealer of Brooklyn, died on Saturday at his home, 2,542 East Twenty-first Street, Flatbush, in his 84th year.

CHARLES A. JOHNSON, 82 years old, a civil war veteran and a former resident of Brooklyn, died at his home, in Belmar, N. J., on Monday.

FAIR PLAY TO ORIENT ASKED BY BAPTISTS

Appeal to Federal Government to Permit No Unfair Laws by "Part" of This Nation.

HAGUE OPIUM RULE UPHELD

Convention Votes Many Measures in Adjourning—Brougher and All Church Ticket Elected.

Special to The New York Times.

BUFFALO, June 29.—The Rev. Dr. J. Whitcomb Brougher, pastor of Temple Church, Los Angeles, was re-elected a member of the Executive Committee of the Northern Baptist Convention, which ended its thirteenth annual meeting tonight after being in session here since last Wednesday morning. The convention and its hardest fought incident thus closed simultaneously.

The number of delegates who scratched the name of Dr. Brougher was 646. Of these, 422 voted for the Rev. Dr. James A. Francis, pastor of the First Baptist Church in Dr. Brougher's home city. The opposition to Dr. Brougher was because he had performed the marriage ceremony for Mary Pickford and Douglas Fairbanks, both divorced. He won a re-election by the narrowest margin.

The entire ticket submitted by the Nominating Committee to the convention was elected. There were 1,236 ballots cast, and three of those re-elected received that many votes. They were the Rev. Maurice A. Levy of Pittsfield, Mass.; Recording Secretary; the Rev. Charles A. Walker of West Chester, Pa., Statistical Secretary, and Frank L. Minor of Des Moines, Ia., Treasurer.

Ernest L. Tustin, Director of Public Welfare of Philadelphia, who was the only nominee to succeed President Eloise Carlton Shull, received 1,200 votes, and the Rev. Dr. J. C. Massee, pastor of the Baptist Temple, Brooklyn, First Vice President, got 1,171 votes.

Mrs. M. G. Edmands of California was elected as Second Vice President almost unanimously. The results of the election aroused considerable excitement when the Rev. Dr. A. W. Ryder of California appeared on the platform at noon and announced that the tellers had at last completed their work.

The convention did not adjourn, however, before reiterating its opposition to divorce. The Committee on Nominations brought in a resolution, which on motion by the Rev. Dr. Carter Helm Jones, was passed unanimously. It said in part: "We urge renewed efforts to secure the adoption of a uniform divorce law, by Federal amendment, doing away with the scandal of 'easy-divorce' States."

Ask Federal "Fairness" to Oriental.

Another resolution adopted asked the United States Government to be "scrupulously fair" in matters of the Far East. "We protest," this resolution read, "against the effort of any part of our nation to discriminate or unfairly legislate against Oriental peoples."

The Baptists pledged themselves "to do all possible to enforce the laws against the sale of cigarettes to minors" and to try wholly to banish the use of cigarettes. Another resolution called upon Congress to carry out the spirit of the Anti-Opium Congress at The Hague.

Still another resolution, which was passed unanimously, aid, "We pledge ourselves to do our utmost to cause the barbaric practice of lynching to cease."

The convention indorsed a League of Nations which shall include "all people under the sun."

Condemnation for the Turks and sympathy for the Armenians was expressed, and a proposed amendment to the Federal Constitution was approved, stressing the separation of church and state and expressly forbidding the use of any Government funds for the support of institutions "partly or wholly under ecclesiastical authority."

Greater representation for labor in the councils of "big business" was asked in another resolution, but the convention declined to pass two sections of a report made by its Social Service Commission.

One of these was:

"We are opposed to any measures establishing universal compulsory military training; we regard it as likely to encourage a system of militarism. The training proposed begins too late to prevent the growth of physical defects."

The declaration was referred to the Committee on Resolutions, and was by it recommended for elimination. This was later done.

Retise Reference to Interchurch.

The convention also voted to strike out from the social service report a reference to the Interchurch World Movement, from which last week the Baptists withdrew. The clause was amended to read: "We commend to the thoughtful consideration of our people the findings of the Rural Survey, and ask that our churches seek to meet the responsibilities."

The convention, after some debate as to granting financial aid, passed a resolution continuing its representatives in the Lord's Day Alliance of the United States, with headquarters in New York City.

F. W. Ayer of Philadelphia, reporting for the Church's former Victory campaign, said the final returns had been $10,000,000, of which John D. Rockefeller had at various times given up to the sum of $4,000,000.

J. C. Hazen of Buffalo reported that $1,291 had been turned into the treasury for the aid of those delegates who were injured last Friday when a grand stand on which they were posing for a picture collapsed. He said the Executive Committee would pay all bills.

A special committee named last week to report on the advisability of continuing publication of The Baptist recommended that this be continued. It is an official organ established a year ago. The sum of $80,000 was voted to it for the year.

3,382 Women Attend Convention.

The Enrollment Committee reported that 3,840 Baptists had attended the convention; of these, 1,693 were delegates and others were visitors; of the total, 1,363 were women.

The next convention will meet in June of 1921 at Wilona Lake, Indiana. In the budget for 1921, as adopted, the sum of $5,000,000 was set aside toward paying the $3,500,000 for which the Baptist Northern Convention underwrote the Interchurch World Movement.

The Baptist Board of Promotion raised last year $43,000,000, which it hopes before next June to bring up to $100,000,000. Of the $100,000,000 budget, the sum of $30,000,000 will go toward the sixty-five colleges and schools of Northern Baptists.

The Rev. H. C. Applegarth, retired, formerly pastor of the Euclid Avenue Church, Cleveland, lauded John D. Rockefeller, Sr., who is a member of that church, in an address on "The Functioning of the Local Church; Its Stewardship." He did not call Mr. Rockefeller by name, but referred to him as "the man who has given away $650,000,000."

"I think that man is giving his money away more wisely than any man living," declared Mr. Applegarth.

GIRL AUTOIST DISCHARGED.

Miss Egman Held Blameless for Death of Two Men Her Car Killed.

Miss Miriam Egman, 20 years old, of 658 West 162d Street, who ran down and killed two men on June 6 while operating her automobile at Broadway and 161st Street, was discharged yesterday afternoon in the Washington Heights Police Court, where she was arraigned on a charge of homicide.

Miss Egman did not take the stand, as Magistrate Douras acted on the motion of her counsel to dismiss the case after hearing the testimony of a half dozen eyewitnesses.

Frank Chimento, 21, of 484 Seventeenth Street, Brooklyn, driver of an auto truck that run down and killed two persons at Bergen Street and Nostrand Avenue on April 16, was sentenced yesterday by Justice Kelby, in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court, to serve not less than one year nor more than two years in Sing Sing Prison. The evidence showed that Chimento passed on the wrong side of a stalled trolley car at a high rate of speed.

Montgomery-Crowell Engagement.

Mrs. John Howard Montgomery of Flushing, L. I., announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Mary Crathorne Montgomery, to Francis Stirling Crowell of this city. Mr. Crowell is an engineer and a graduate of Columbia, class of '03. He belongs to the Columbia University Club and the American Society of Civil Engineers. During the war he served as Captain in the construction division.

Hylan Reappoints Mancuso.

Mayor Hylan yesterday reappointed City Magistrate Francis X. Mancuso for a full term of ten years. The salary is $9,000 a year. Magistrate Mancuso was appointed about two years ago to fill an unexpired term. The Mayor also reappointed Magistrate Tobias for a thirty-day term to fill a vacancy.

Born.

POKRESS—Mr. and Mrs. Morris Pokress (nee Lillian Jackson) of 308 West 80th St., a son, Sunday, June 27.

Engaged.

HEMINGWAY—HUTCHINS—Mr. and Mrs. R. Grosvenor Hutchins, Jr., of 44 East 65th St., announce the engagement of their daughter, Katherine Grosvenor to Mr. Merrit Hemingway of Watertown, Conn.

WEINSTEIN — FRIEDMAN — Mrs. Esther Friedman announces the engagement of her daughter, Ruth, to Joseph Weinstein, son of Mr. and Mrs. David Weinstein.

Married.

ADRIANCE—JOHNSTON—On Saturday, June 26, 1920, at St. Paul's Church, Rochester, N. Y., by the Rev. Charles A. Jessup of Buffalo, assisted by the Rev. W. A. R. Goodwin, D. D., and the Rev. Harris Ely Adriance, father of the bridegroom, Gertrude, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Forrester Johnston, to Edwin Holmes Adriance, son of the Rev. and Mrs. Harris Ely Adriance of Englewood, N. J.

BICKELHAUPT — KRATTZER — Mr. Wm. H. Bickelhaupt, Sr., and Mrs. Bickelhaupt of Bronx, to Mrs. Christina Kratzer of 750 Hegney Place, on May 21, 1920.

COUCH—On June 28, Marshall J., beloved husband of Missouri A. Couch. Services The Funeral Church, Broadway at 66th St., on Wednesday, June 30, 7 P. M.

DORFLINGER—On Friday, June 25, at Huntington Memorial Chapel, St. John's Cathedral, by Dean Robbins, Mildred Aileen Smith to Allen Robert Dodd.

LEVY—MARKOWITZ—Mrs. Ray Markowitz announces the marriage of her daughter, Carolyn, to Jerome S. Levy, son of Herman L. Levy, on Tuesday, June 29.

MACK—WEISS—On Tuesday, June 29, by Rev. Dr. Drachman, Margaret Weiss to Maurice Mack.

Died.

BARRIE—Robert Y., Shanghai, China, beloved husband of Mary Barrie, brother of Isabella H. McDermott and the late Alexander and David Barrie of New York.

BOWNE—At Poughkeepsie, Tuesday, June 29, Sarah A. Bowne. Funeral private.

COUCH — Marshall. Campbell Funeral Church, Wednesday, 7 P. M.

CURTIS—Julia. Campbell Funeral Church, Wednesday, 8 P. M.

DAVIS—Jennie. Funeral from Mayer's Funeral Parlor, 238 Lenox Av., Wednesday, June 30, at 2 P. M.

DEVOE—On June 28, 1920, at his late residence, 241 South 7th Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y., Henry A. Devoe, aged 73 years. He is survived by his wife, three sons and and two daughters. Funeral private.

DRAPER—On Tuesday, June 29, 1920, at her residence, 119 St. James Place, Brooklyn, Emma Frazier, wife of Thomas S. Draper. Services Thursday evening, July 1, at 8 o'clock. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers.

ECKMAN—Suddenly, on Monday, June 28, at Scranton, Pa., Rev. Dr. George Peck Eckman, pastor of Elm Park Methodist Church of Scranton, Pa. Funeral service Thursday, July 1, at 2:30 P. M.

EMSWORTH — Richard, beloved son of George and Florence Emsworth, in his 12th year. Funeral Wednesday, 3 o'clock, from Van Emburgh's chapel, Ridgewood, N. J.

Died.

GRUNEBERG—Ella Brueggen, on June 27, beloved wife of Frank G. Grueber. Funeral from her late residence, 653 Mary Place, on Thursday at 9:30 A. M. Requiem mass at St. Agustus's Church, 10 A. M.

GULICK—Elizabeth D., at Long Branch, N. J., June 28, 1920. Elizabeth D. Gulick, daughter of the late Van Dyke B. and Julia Dowling Gulick, of Princeton, N. J. Funeral services at the Merchants Chapel, Princeton, N. J., on Wednesday, June 30, 1920, at 10:30 o'clock.

HAHN—On Thursday, June 24, 1920, at Katonah, N. Y., Jeanette, widow of John Hahn. Funeral services at Charles M. Jacobsmeier's parlors, 2137 7th Av., near 125th St., Thursday evening, at 8:30. Interment private.

HARPER—On June 28, William Harper, at the Wissahickon Funeral Home, 53d St., and 6th Av., Thursday, 11:45 A. M.

HARRIS—Suddenly at Bush Hill Falls, Pa., Clinton S. Harris of 1,320 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Funeral services on Thursday, at 1:30 P. M., at Lefferts Place Chapel, 98 Lefferts Place, near Grand Av., Brooklyn. Interment at the convenience of the family.

HELMAN—At Beechwood, N. J., on Monday, June 28, 1920, Paulina Adelaide Swanson, dearly beloved wife of Gus W. Holman. Funeral services will be held at the Home for Services, 109 Clinton Av., Newark, N. J., on Thursday, July 1, at 2:30 P. M.

JEWELL—On Monday, June 28, 1920, Bertha, age 51, mother of Chauncey M. Jewell. Funeral from the residence of her son, 58th St., on Thursday, July 1, at 10:30 A. M.

KATZENBERG—June 25, aged 38 years, Lena, (nee Jacobs), widow of the late Leo Katzenberg. Funeral from chapel of Saul A. Rothschild, 158 West 126th St., Thursday, July 1, at 2 P. M.

KONRAD—Irene, on June 25, 1920, at the home of her mother, Mrs. Edward J. Konrad, at Saranac Lake, N. Y. Services at Transfiguration Church, Brooklyn. Interment Evergreen Cemetery.

LATZ—On June 28, aged 90, at Atlantic City, Caroline, relict of Solomon Latz, and dearly beloved mother of Fanny Mannheim, Millicent Lee, Hattie Lippmann, and the late Mack Latz and Theo Frank. Services Wednesday afternoon at 2:30 in chapel, Bayside Cemetery, Long Island.

LOCKHART—On June 23, after prolonged illness, Frederick C. Pengral, survived by his wife, in his 72d year. Funeral from his

JURY INDICTS EIGHT IN BERGDOLL CASE

The Mother, Brother Charles, Romig and an Auto Dealer Are Under $10,000 Bail.

FOUR OTHERS ARE IN HIDING

They Include the Two Draft Dodgers —Counsel Are Censured, and Also Major Hunt.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, June 29.—Nine indictments charging eight persons with conspiracy in connection with the flight and lawbreakings of Grover Cleveland Bergdoll and Erwin R. Bergdoll, were returned today by the Special Federal Grand Jury called to investigate the draft-dodging record of the Bergdoll family.

Four of the defendants are now under $10,000 bail each for appearance before the September terms of the United States District Court.

The four others, including the slacker brothers, are fugitives from justice.

Those indicted are Mrs. Emma C. Bergdoll, mother of the slackers; Charles A. Braun, brother of the Bergdolls, who changed his name during the war; James E. Romig, close personal friend of the Bergdolls; Albert S. Mitchell, an automobile accessory dealer; Eugene ("Ike") Stecker, employe of the Bergdolls, who fled with Grover when he escaped on May 21; Harry Schup, who is now charged with being Erwin's companion in the flight, and the two slackers themselves.

The first four are those who were admitted to bail tonight. D. Clarence Gibboney, counsel for the Bergdolls, who obtained Grover's release from Fort Jay for the "pot of gold" pilgrimage, was not indicted, but was censured for his connection with the case, as were Samuel T. Ansell and Edward S. Bailey, Washington counsel for the Bergdolls, and Major John E. Hunt, commandant of the disciplinary barracks at Fort Jay, from which Grover was released to go to the Maryland hills to retrieve his "pot of gold."

The jury further concurred with Colonel S. G. Donaldson, who investigated Grover Bergdoll's escape for the War Department, in his recommendation that Major Hunt, together with Sergeants Calvin York and John O'Hare, Grover's guard on the trip, be tried by general court-martial.

The censure of the attorneys and Major Hunt is contained in the following paragraphs taken from the Grand Jury's report:

"We further report to the Honorable Court that from the testimony submitted we do not find that Samuel T. Ansell, Edward S. Bailey or D. Clarence Gibboney, counsel for the said Grover C. Bergdoll, were guilty of any crime against the United States, but we do find that the said Samuel T. Ansell as counsel for the said Grover C. Bergdoll was highly imprudent in representing to Adjutant Harris by letter of May 11, 1920, that this prisoner has no desire to escape nor could if he wanted to. Notwithstanding the guards supplied, as his counsel, I stand responsible for his prompt return to prison, without advantage to him other than that involved in the object of his request."

"We further find that Edward S. Bailey and D. Clarence Gibboney, counsel for the said Grover C. Bergdoll, and Major John E. Hunt, in charge of the Atlantic Branch, Disciplinary Barracks, Fort Jay, Governor's Island, New York, were grossly careless in that no definite arrangements were made for the speedy return of the said Grover C. Bergdoll, a military prisoner; and we censure D. Clarence Gibboney for his neglect of duty and breach of the confidence reposed in him, in that he permitted the said Grover C. Bergdoll, while a prisoner under guard upon an expedition, to be directed by him, the said D. Clarence Gibboney, to visit his home in Philadelphia upon a pretext which had no basis of truth, and allowed him to remain at his home for a period of about thirty hours, which afforded the said Grover C. Bergdoll and others conspiring with him an opportunity to perfect his escape from the non-commissioned officers."

Troy Makers Cut Collars to 25 Cents

TROY, June 29.—The price of collars will be reduced to 25 cents each, according to announcement made here today by Cluett, Peabody & Co. and George P. Ide & Co., two of the biggest manufacturing plants in the world. The change in price is effective immediately. The collars are now selling for 30 cents each.

ENJOIN 80-CENT GAS; FIX THE RATE AT $1

Continued from Page 1, Column 8.

the rate should be at least $1.25 a thousand cubic feet. What the court has allowed is only a partial balm for the company's financial sufferings. The heavy losses of the company during the last few years can never be made up."

Upwards of 350,000 of the company's customers use the quarter meters and these will have to be readjusted to the new rate, so that the quarter will only buy 75 per cent. of the present supply.

Deputy Attorney General Chambers, who represents the State, said that appeals from the orders of the court would be taken direct to the United States Supreme Court. He called attention to the fact that the orders were issued several days prior to the argument on the report of Special Master Abraham S. Gilbert, who took testimony in the proceedings, and whose findings sustain the contention of the company. Argument as to the approval of the report is to be heard on Tuesday next.

Corporation Counsel John P. O'Brien said that it took seven months to try the Consolidated Gas case before a special master and that the testimony consisted of 16,000 pages and 1,000 exhibits. He said he thought the argument on the question of approving or disapproving the report of the master would take three days. He expressed the opinion that the exceptions taken to the report by the defendants would be sustained. If this happens the orders permitting the companies to increase the gas rate will be nullified although it was said that undoubtedly the companies would take the contrary view with the result that litigation would be resorted to.

"If the report is not approved," said Mr. O'Brien, "a motion will be made at once to have the preliminary injunctions just granted vacated. I doubt whether we will get a decision on the report until August."

Mr. O'Brien reviewed the objections to the report which filled 500 pages, and then said:

"It is claimed that the master made many errors in admitting certain testimony. Further and fatal defects in the case are asserted in that all of the subsidiary companies of the Consolidated were not brought into the case. It is claimed that the companies are so interlocked physically, legally and financially that is impossible to reach a fair and adequate conclusion without bringing all of the companies in one case. The fight for the consumers has just begun."

The restraining orders were accompanied by opinions giving the reasons for their issue. Concerning the Consolidated Company the court said:

"We have not to fix a rate but to determine whether the statutory rate is void because confiscatory and if so give the plaintiff the protection which it ought to have against confiscation pending judgment."

Then the opinion states that the affidavits of the Consolidated Company for the year 1919 alone and with its affiliated companies demonstrates that "the plaintiff is not now and will not be able in the future, so far as it can reasonably be forseen, to manufacture and sell gas at the statutory rate of 80 cents with anything left for a return upon its investment. We think the rate is confiscatory."

Concerning the contentions of lawyers for the defendants that the company made much money through its connection with the New York Edison Company, and that it had been earning an average of 12 per cent. a year, the opinion reads:

"What the plaintiff may earn by reason of its interest in companies engaged in furnishing electric current is not to be considered in determining what is a fair return on its gas business. The two operations are entirely distinct and we suppose it would hardly be contended that if the plaintiff lost money in its electric business a fair rate of return for its gas business should be raised to cover that loss."

The court points out that unless a higher rate is allowed at once the company could not by any legal procedure obtain any return for the money it was losing at the present rate during the time consumed in the litigation.

"Nor do we think," said the court, "that a reason for denying relief to the plaintiff should be that the plaintiff enjoyed a fair, or even generous, return in the earlier years of its history. The plaintiff's experience of 1918-1919 and four and a half months of 1920, with no apparent prospect of improvement, is quite sufficient experience with the eighty-cent rate to justify relief in equity. We are convinced that a charge of $1 per 1,000 cubic feet of gas will leave the plaintiff a moderate return upon its investment."

The six subsidiaries of the Consolidated Company included in the orders are the Central Union, East River, New Amsterdam, New York Mutual and the Northern Gas Companies, and the Standard Gas Light Company. In granting similar relief to the Kings County Company the court presented practically the same reasons.

The suit of the Consolidated Company was filed in January, 1919. In its complaint it stated that its net income was only $90,241.03 for the year ended Oct. 31, 1918, or less than one-fourth of 1 per cent. on the value of the investment, which was fixed at $39,697,700, exclusive of going value and other intangibles. The defendants named in the various suits were the Attorney General, the Public Service Commission and the District Attorneys of the various counties in which the companies operated.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Will Morrissey's revue, "Buzzin' Around," will be presented at the Casino Theatre next week.

"Foot-Loose" will be moved from the Greenwich Village Theatre to the Little Theatre next Monday night.

This is the final week of "Susan Lenox" at the Forty-fourth Street.

William Rock's Summer show, "Silks and Satins," will open in Atlantic City next week, and will come to the George M. Cohan Theatre on July 12. Eddie Cantor and Thomas Duggan have written the book, Luis Weslyn the lyrics, and Leon Rosebrock the music.

Savoy and Brennan have been added to the cast of "Cinderella on Broadway," at the Winter Garden.

"Jane Clegg" will continue at the Garrick until the middle of July.

Among those engaged for "Self-Defense," by Myron C. Fagan, are Hilda Spong, Florence Earle, Lionel Glenister, Louis Morrell and Carl Anthony. Edgar McGregor is the producer.

Rehearsals of Brieux's "The Americans in France" began yesterday under the direction of Leo Ditrichstein.

Frances Dotson, now appearing in "The Hottentot," has been engaged by William Harris for next season.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS. DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT.

WINTER GARDEN 50th St. & B'way. Evs. at 8
MATINEE TO-MORROW, AT 2.
Cinderella on Broadway
"Full of Pep and Charm."—Alan Dale.
Extra Holiday Mat. Mon., July 5th.

BOOTH Thes., 45th, West of B'way. Ev. 8:30. Mats. Today, Sat. & July 5.
MATINEE TO-DAY 50c TO $2.00.
The Charming Comedy Triumph "NOT SO LONG AGO"
with Dick Bernard.

39th ST. Thes., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Today & Sat., 2:30.
Deborah Bierne's IRISH PLAYERS in Geo. Bernard Shaw's "O'Flaherty V.C." and 2 other 1-act plays

CENTRAL Thes., 47th & B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mts. T'd'y, Sat. & July 5, 2:30
IRENE BORDONI IN AS YOU WERE
The Fantastique Musical Revue.
with Dick Bernard.

44TH ST. Thes., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. T'd'y, Sat. & July 5, 2:15.
The Fall and Rise of SUSAN LENOX With Alma Tell

PLAYHOUSE 48th, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30.
"A thousand laughs." SEEING THINGS —Eve. Post.

SELWYN THEATRE, W. 42d. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY. Best Seats $2.00. MAT. TODAY, 50c to $2.00. No Higher.
THE ED. WYNN CARNIVAL
with ED WYNN, "The Perfect Fool."

Palisades AMUSEMENT PARK Ope. West 130 St. Ferry
Best of all. Many Free Attractions. Sea Water. Surf Bathing. Now Open.

CENTURY 62d, Cent. Pk. West. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:15.
MAY. TO-DAY. BEST ORCH. SEATS $2.
FLORODORA
Evs. 600 Good Seats at $2; 550 at $1.50; 700 at $1.00; 600 at 50c; others at $2.50 and $3.00.

SHUBERT Th., 44, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:40. Mats. Th'g & Sat., 2:40. 10th Month
MATINEE TODAY, 50c to $1.50.
CHARLES CHERRY and FRANCINE LARRIMORE in SCANDAL
Evs. & Sat. Mat. 50c-$2. Wed. Mat. 50c-$1.50.

NORA BAYES 46th St., ON B'way. Roof Evs. 8:30
Coolest Theatre in Town. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
MATINEE TODAY Best Seats $1.50
SEASON'S BIGGEST MUSICAL HIT! "LASSIE"
Special Holiday Matinee Mon., July 5th.

GARRICK Thes., 35th, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. at 2:30.
Theatre Guild's Greatest Success "JANE CLEGG"
By St. John Ervine, Author of "John Ferguson."

48TH ST. Thes., nr. B'way, Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:30. 130th Time.
THE STORM With HELEN MacKELLAR

VANDERBILT THEATRE, W. 48TH ST. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Wed. & Sat.
THE MUSICAL COMEDY HIT
IRENE
EXTRA MAT. NEXT MON., JULY 5

LUNA FREE CIRCUS
CONEY ISLAND. Children free week day afternoons with parents.

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SHIPWRECKED AMONG CANNIBALS
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1:30 to 6:30 ..... 25c-50c
6:30 to 11 ..... 50c-75c-$1.00

RIVOLI B'way at 49th St. CHARLES RAY in "Homer Comes Home" Sunshine Comedy. RIVOLI ORCHESTRA.
RIALTO Times Sq. Mary Miles Minter "Jenny Be Good." Mack Sennett Comedy RIALTO ORCHESTRA.
CRITERION B'way at 44th St. "HUMORESQUE" "ELI ELI" HNE. LUBOVSKA.
CAPITOL BROADWAY AT 51ST. MATS. 30—40c. NIGHTS 55—75c.
MABEL NORMAND "THE SLIM PRINCESS" MACK SENNETT COMEDY. CAPITOL GRAND ORCHESTRA.
R. S. MOSS BROADWAY at 41 St.
CHARLIE CHAPLIN in "Carmen" JACK LONDON'S "BURNING DAYLIGHT" MIDNIGHT ROLLICKERS (on Stage).
PARK 59th St. and Col's Circle. Thes. Daily Mts. 2:30, 50c., 75c. Evs. 8:30, 75c., $1. The Actual Battles of Chateau-Thierry St. Mihiel Argonne U. S. OFFICIAL MOTION PICTURES.

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NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE Mat. Today 50c to $2.50. NO HIGHER
ZIEGFELD FOLLIES
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INCOMPARABLY RESTAURANT
ZIEGFELD MIDNIGHT FROLIC
with 53d St. Casino, Apt. Nicholas's Orchestra.
DANCING BETWEEN 11 AND 12.

LYCEUM Theatre, West 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tomorrow & Sat., 2:20.
DAVID BELASCO Presents
INA CLAIRE
in "THE GOLD DIGGERS," by Avery Hopwood.

COHAN & HARRIS Th., W. 42. Evs. 8:20. Mats. T'd'y & Sat., 2:20.
THE MUSICAL COMEDY SENSATION HONEY GIRL

GEO. M. COHAN B'way, 43d St. Evs. 8:20. Mts. T'd'y & Sat., 2:20.
WILLIAM H. COLLIER IN HIS BIGGEST FARCE SUCCESS "The Hottentot"

GAIETY B'way, 46th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30.
JOHN GOLDEN presents FRANK BACON in LIGHTNIN

CORT WEST 48th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:15.
JOHN DRINKWATER'S ABRAHAM LINCOLN

HENRY MILLER'S THEATRE, 124 W. 43rd St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:30.
HENRY MILLER BLANCHE BATES in "The Famous Mrs. Fair"
By JAMES FORBES

LIBERTY W. 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30.
"THE NIGHT BOAT" "IT'S A JOY RIDE"

GLOBE B'WAY 46th ST. MAT. TODAY BEST SEATS $2.00
WE STILL INSIST THAT GEORGE WHITE'S SCANDALS OF 1920 with ANN PENNINGTON IS THE GREATEST REVUE OF ALL TIMES

GREENWICH VILLAGE Thes., 4th St. & 7th Av. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tomorrow & Sat., 2:30.
EMILY STEVENS "FOOT-LOOSE"
NORMAN TREVOR
O. P. HEGGIE in
by ZOE AKINS, author of "Declasse."
Moves To Little Theatre Next Monday.

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COLUMBIA, B'way & 47th St. Twice daily 2:15-8:15
All Summer Show FOLLY TOWN. Pop. Prices.

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OPEN AIR CONCERTS
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Entrance to Field & Box Seats, 138th Street, Between Convent and Amsterdam Avenues.

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Finest ballroom in the world. Wonderful music. Enchanting environment.

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NORA BAYES, Billie Shaw Series, J. Hammond Johnson & Co., Gus & Lou Edwards, others and Photo Scenery & Reel.
Opens Daily, Matinee Prices. Vaud. Daily, Matinee Prices. Attractions and Others.
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"THE TOLL GATE."
Loew's New York Theatre and Roof
Open 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Beat to 8 A. M.
Wm. Russell, "The Price of Suffering Creek."
Loew's American Roof 46 St., W. of B'way. Every Eve. at 8:15.
2 Mackie Misters, "Who Is She?" All Seat
"Welcome Home," 4 others. Reserved
Thos. E. Hammerstein, Whispers

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2,264 ARE INDICTED AS WAR SLACKERS

Federal Jury's List Includes Draftees from Long Island and Staten Island.

THREE OFFENSES CHARGED

Those Who Failed to Report After Induction into Service May Face Army Court.

As the result of an investigation conducted by United States District Attorney Leroy W. Ross and his assistant, E. Harvey Harwood, the Federal Grand Jury in Brooklyn yesterday handed down 2,264 indictments against alleged slackers in the Eastern District of New York, comprising all of Long Island and Staten Island. The indictments were presented to District Judge Thomas I. Chatfield by James V. Whiton, foreman of the May Grand Jury, before which the proceedings against the draft delinquents were begun and which was held over to end the work.

The indictments charge three sorts of offenses—failure to file a questionnaire, failure to report for physical examination before a draft board, and failure to report to a cantonment after induction by a draft board. The last-named class of offenders may be turned over to the army officials to undergo court-martial on the charge of desertion.

United States Marshal James M. Power will have charge of the work of rounding up the men named in the indictments. He said yesterday that he had not yet completed his plans for the apprehension of the accused, but that he would confer with the Police Department within a short time and ask them to aid in the work. The Marshal said that he had no idea as yet as to when the work of bringing the indicted men into custody would begin.

District Attorney Ross repeated yesterday a warning issued by him some time ago to draft men who enlisted in some arm of the service before their induction under the Draft act for them to report to him if they failed to notify their draft boards of their enlistment. "There are probably a number of men named in the indictments who have served their country faithfully," said Mr. Ross. "Men who did not notify the draft boards with whom they were registered of their enlistment in service have been officially certified as delinquents even though some of them may have made the supreme sacrifice for their country."

The Federal authorities in the district including Manhattan and all the Hudson River counties up to Albany have a list containing 8,000 names of men who evaded the draft. Efforts are making to find the slackers so that they may be arrested. Assistant District Attorney Ben A. Matthews said it was extremely difficult to find the men because as a rule they were without permanent abode and at the least hint that their addresses were known would move to a new place. The law provides a punishment of not more than one year in prison without the option of paying a fine. The information laid against the men robs them of the protection of the Statute of Limitations and they may be arrested and punished at any time.

City Courts to Close Earlier.

Beginning on July 1 and continuing until Sept. 10 the Magistrates' courts will close at 2 o'clock in the afternoon except when the press of business makes it expedient to keep open beyond that time. This change in time is authorized by a recent act of Legislature. Chief Magistrate McAdoo announced. The Night Court, which is called at 9 o'clock now, will begin its sessions at 7 o'clock after July 1.

WARNS MEANS COUNSEL ABOUT PLOT STORY

Chicago Judge Forbids Predicting Arrest of New York Witnesses.

CHICAGO, June 29.—Charges by Colonel Thomas B. Felder, New York attorney for Gaston B. Means, one of the principals in the King will case, that there was a plot to arrest his witnesses if they came here from New York, today brought a warning from Judge Baldwin against repeating the incident.

Colonel Felder made the charges in a newspaper interview and when attorneys for the Northern Trust Company, trustee of the King millions, objected in court today, Mr. Felder produced a letter from Alexander F. Reichmann, one of the trust company's lawyers, to Assistant District Attorney John T. Dooling of New York, in which the alleged plot was broached.

The letter, after suggesting the feasibility of arresting the Means witnesses, said that Probate Judge Henry Horner of Chicago, who last Fall ruled against the alleged second will of Mr. King, produced by Means, had approved the scheme. Judge Horner learned of the letter last December at when he handed down the decision throwing out the Means case he reprimanded Reichmann, court records show, for using his name in the letter.

Colonel Felder's statement in the newspaper interview said Florence Isabel Lee, New York typist, who is said to claim she typed the second will for Mr. King, would not come to Chicago to testify unless guaranteed against arrest while here.

Convicted Slayer, 19, Weds Girl, 16.

NEW ORLEANS, June 29.—Charles J. Zalenka, Jr., 19 years old, convicted last week of murder and sentenced to be hanged in connection with the recent killing of Mrs. Bertha Mason, today was married in his cell on the "death tier" of the parish prison to Miss Freda Oppenheimer, aged 16, and crippled.

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Golf, Tennis, Polo. Bathing. Dancing. Well kept State Highways for motoring. For reservations, etc.,

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EXCEPTIONALLY FINE ROOMS

BEST OF FOOD

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The Distinctive Boston House

One of the most homelike hotels in the world.

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High and Cool in the Berkshires

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Desirable Cottages with Hotel Service.

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18 Hole Golf, Trap Shooting Tournament.

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Buena Vista Spring Hotel

BLUE RIDGE MOUNTAINS

Buena Vista Springs, Franklin Co., Pa.

A Distinctive Summer and Autumn Resort

A strictly modern hotel with excellent table and service. Altitude 2000 feet. Splendid roads; golf, tennis, etc.

Will Remain Open Until October

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DELAWARE WATER GAP, PA.

Motorists' Paradise. Americans or European Plan. Proprietor of Hotel and Garage. Running Water, Private Baths. Golf. Pleasants' Moving Pictures. Booklet. T. T. DOLBEY.

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Hot Water Gas. Cap. 400. All improvements. RYKE P. D. JOHNSON, Prop. C. C. ALBERT, Mgr.

CANADA.

Nova Scotia

THE RUSTIC VACATION LAND

Here in the Land of Evangeline you will find every requisite and facility for the ideal vacation. Forests and pine and birch woods, quaint villages, Bungalows and log cabins, and homelike hotels at moderate prices. Deep sea, lake and brook fishing, sailing, canoeing, bathing, hunting in season, golf, tennis, motoring and hiking.

Supervised camps for both boys and girls.

Day's journey from New York. Overnight from Boston, via "Yarmouth Line" steamers.

Write for particulars on Tour 300

DOMINION ATLANTIC RAILWAY

129 Washington St., Boston, Mass.

R. U. Parker, Gen. Passenger Agent, Halifax, Nova Scotia.

THE PINES, Digby, Nova Scotia, Hotel and Log Cabins in beautiful grove overlooking Digby Basin and Annapolis Valley. Tennis, Golf, Boating, Bathing, Fishing, Motoring, Dancing. Under Management of Dominion Atlantic Railway. Write for Booklet. Hotel Manager, "The Pines," Digby, N. S.

CANADA—Muskoka Lakes.

Get away to happiness—away to the nerve-resting, pine-scented, sleep-giving air of Muskoka Lakes. There you will find this Hotel of good food, golf, etc. Every room a fireplace. Accommodation in July assured. Booklet. Royal Muskoka P. O., Lake Rosseau, Ont.

Royal Muskoka

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the Matter of ALADDIN RESTAURANT Co., INC., Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to an order of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, the undersigned, Receiver in Bankruptcy herein, offers for sale the property of the bankrupt estate.

The property to be sold consists of the following: Tables, chairs, crockery ware, utensils, fixtures, also the unexpired term of a lease of the premises at 1316 Broadway, New York City, at an annual rental of $17,500 for a period of over nine years, expiring September 14, 1930.

The business is being carried on by the Receiver and will be offered as a going concern or by bids for the entirety including the lease; separate bids will also be received for the lease.

Further particulars in regard to the property may be obtained from the undersigned.

The above described property may be inspected on the premises during this week.

Bids for the above described business as an entirety including the lease, and for the lease separately, may be submitted to the Receiver at the office of Samuel C. Dubenstein, attorney for Receiver, 68 Park Row, New York City, on or before 11 A. M. of July 3rd, 1920, at which time and place the bids will be opened by him and creditors may attend and express themselves in reference thereto. Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check or cash for at least 10% of the amount of the bid. The Receiver reserves the right to reject any or all bids, in which event the said property will be sold at public auction on the premises by the United States Auctioneer on July 8th, 1920, at 11 A. M.

ARTHUR V. DALZIEL, Receiver.

Samuel C. Dubenstein, Attorney for Receiver, 68 Park Row, N. Y. City. Phone Beekman 8276.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of RELIANCE SILK MILLS, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shougood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York, in bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, June 30, 1920, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M. at 436 Fourth Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of office furniture, such as desks, chairs, typewriter, Wales adding machine, metal filing cabinets, safe, counters, shelving, etc. Also the Assignee's right, title and interest in and to the unexpired term of lease of said premises which has twelve years more to run, at a rental of $6,000 a year.

LEONARD BROMME, Assignee.

SHAINE & WEINHIR, Attorneys for Assignee, Cranford and Lexington, 200 Broadway, New York.

THE SOCIALIST INTERNATIONAL.

The most profound agitation among the Socialists of the world today is with relation to the formation of a new international. This is a question of world-wide interest. It is treated in the July FUTURE HISTORY MAGAZINE, which also has articles on how Red agitators are being dealt with in this country, and our new line of immigration. Prices are three features out of 40 in the July issue of Rockyer in Bankruptcy herein, offers for sale the property of the bankrupt estate. of the Constitution of the Czech Republic, a complete review of the Peace problem, the Turkish Peace Treaty, and the latest news of world events in 40 nations. Settlement hike or comment. On news stands today.—Adv.

Kangaroo-The Shoe That Gentlemen Wear

THE skin of the Australian Gray Kangaroo is as soft and pliable as kidskin and as tough and durable as Cordovan. It takes a polish like French waxed Calf and does not peel, scruff or crack.

For the Gentleman who prefers his Boots and Oxfords made of imported Cordovan or Russia Calfskin, we show a variety of carefully selected models in these leathers.

Having in mind existing conditions, Edwin Clapp shoes bear only a fair margin of profit above the actual cost of workmanship, materials and distribution.

WOMEN—

Stop at our Up-town Shop and try on one of our distinctive styles for street wear.

THE Edwin Clapp SHOE

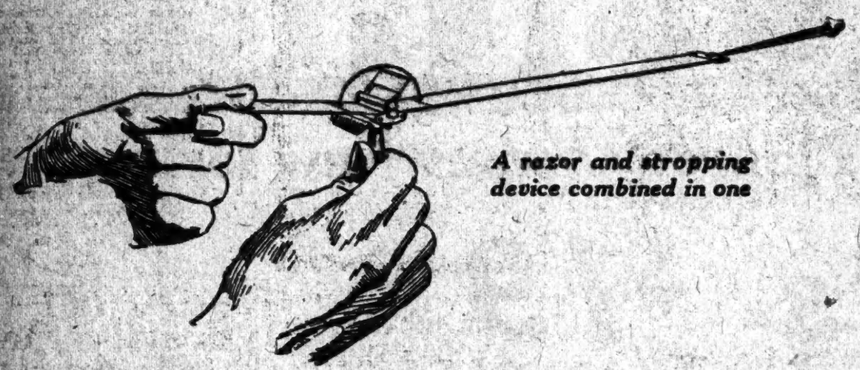
ESTABLISHED 1863

New Down-Town Store

146 Fulton Street—Near Broadway

Up-Town Store

6 East 42d St.—3 Doors from Fifth Ave.



A razor and stropping device combined in one

A "new" sharp edge every day

No "pull," no "scrape" with this unique razor

DOES your safety razor blade grow duller and duller with each shave until you cannot stand it any longer? Do you have endless bother and expense with new blades? If so, you are paying the penalty of shaving with an *unstropped* edge.

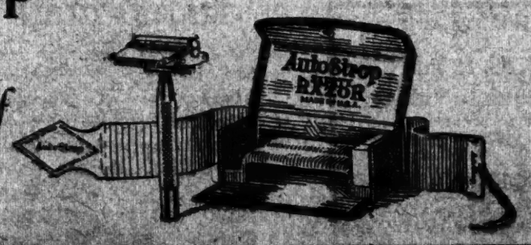
You don't need to put up with the "pull" and "scrape" of fast dulling blades—nor with the bother and expense of using a new blade every few days if you use the AutoStrop Razor.

Because of its unique, patented design, the AutoStrop Razor can be stropped *without removing the blade.* Just slip the strop through the razor head. Give the razor a dozen quick passes over the strop. In ten seconds you have a "new" sharp shaving edge! 500 cool shaves are *guaranteed* from each dozen blades.

Get an AutoStrop Razor today and know the joy of a "new" sharp edge every morning! Ask your dealer about the free trial plan.

AutoStrop Razor

—sharpens itself



1353—Lenox China Salad Set, $30

WEDDINGS

The sight of so many Ovington gifts at a recent New York wedding called forth the remark that it is no wonder that marriage is becoming popular.

OVINGTON'S

"The Gift Shop of Fifth Avenue"

314 Fifth Ave. nr. 32d St.

What Really Went On in the German Embassy?

My Three Years In America

By Ambassador

BERNSTORFF

At Bookstores Everywhere $5.00

CHARLES SCRIBNER'S SONS

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Beauty

TRUE beauty lies in the harmonious assemblage of qualities. The standard of your car demands upholstery of a fitting character. Equip it appropriately with *Shelton Looms* Automobile Fabrics.

A variety of patterns and colors in desirable shades.

The Shelton Looms

THE SEAL OF DISTINCTION

SIDNEY BLUMENTHAL & Co. INC.

393 Fourth Avenue, New York

BOOK REVIEW AND MAGAZINE.

The New York Times Book Review and Magazine in one section, tabloid form, issued as a separate publication every Sunday. Sent to any address in the United States for $1 a year. To Canada, $1.50. —Advt.

SHEVLIN TO CLAMP DRY LID ON TIGHT

Federal Supervising Prohibition Agent Announces Vigorous Law Enforcement.

WANTS AID OF ALL OFFICIALS

Avoids Further Discussion of Friction Between His Office and Brooklyn Authorities.

Declaring that there was nothing to be gained through a prolonged controversy between Federal officials, James Shevlin, Federal Supervising Prohibition Agent for New York State, announced yesterday his purpose not to take part in any further discussion of the friction between his office and Brooklyn Federal officials relative to the enforcement of the prohibition law. He said that he was going ahead with a vigorous enforcement of the prohibition law regardless of any and all obstacles that might be thrown in his way. It will be his purpose, he said, in the future as in the past, to do his level best to enforce the law, and in his efforts he would be glad to have the active co-operation of all city, State and Federal officials.

Mr. Shevlin made an explanation relative to the action of some of his agents in bringing before Commissioner Hitchcock of the Southern District, for arraignment five defendants arrested Sunday in the Eastern District. He said that his agents could not connect with any of the Commissioners of the Eastern District, so they sought Commissioner Hitchcock, who lives in Brooklyn, so that the men might be committed or bail arranged. He said it was not the intention to have the cases brought in the Southern District. It was this action of the agents which called for the criticism of Marshal Power of Brooklyn on Monday.

The Federal Grand Jury in Brooklyn will resume today the taking of testimony in the investigattion of the affairs of the Bacardi Corporation, especially in connection with the seizure of about $70,000 worth of Bacardi rum at Hollis, L. I., which is said to have been distributed as stock by that corporation.

Federal Judge Thomas I. Chatfield, in the Federal Court in Brooklyn, yesterday imposed fines amounting to $1,200 upon eighteen violators of the prohibition law. Fred Schumm, proprietor of a café on Fulton Street, opposite the Borough Hall, was the best known of the defendants and received the heaviest fine. He paid $150 for having liquor in his place of business, while his bartenders were fined $50 each and sentenced to one day in jail.

Wolf Semaker, a bartender of 150 Fulton Street, pleaded that he was not responsible for selling whisky to an agent because he "had not slept for four nights" previous to the sale. "Thirty days in prison and $100 fine for lying," was the answer of the court.

John O'Neill, saloon keeper at 106 Concord Street, was fined $100 and sentenced to one day in jail. Others who were fined included Joseph Conley, saloon keeper, 435 Atlantic Avenue, $100; William McCreary, his bartender, $50; Farrell Lynch, saloon keeper, 227 Myrtle Avenue, $100; Peter Hagen his bartender, $25. Several "bootleggers" and sailors who tried to smuggle whisky from steamships on which they worked were fined small sums.

Daniel Enright, proprietor of a wholesale liquor store on Washington Street, opposite the Federal Building, was arraigned on an indictment charging him with transporting whisky without a permit. He proved that he had nothing to do with the transaction and Judge Chatfield ordered the indictment dismissed. His son John, who was indicted for the same offense, was placed on trial, and his case adjourned until today. Two cases of whisky had been placed in an automobile in front of the store, apparently to be taken away. The father and son were arrested on the charge of not having a permit.

Mrs. Helen Winter, proprietor of a saloon at 25 Hamilton Avenue, Brooklyn, was arrested yesterday by prohibition agents, charged with maintaining a nuisance and selling liquor. She was held in $1,000 bail by Commissioner McGoldrick. Charles Carlson, proprietor of a saloon at 5 Hamilton Place, and his bartender, William Anderson, were held in $1,000 and $500 bail, respectively, on charges of violating the prohibition law.

NEW ENGLAND SEIZES RUM.

Federal Agents Have Seized 35,000 Gallons Since Jan. 1.

BOSTON, June 29.—Federal prohibition agents in New England have seized more than 35,000 gallons of liquor and alcohol, valued at approximately $1,000,000, in raids conducted since Jan. 1, according to William J. McCarthy, Federal prohibition enforcement agent for this section. Thousands of gallons of beer containing more than one-half of 1 per cent. alcohol also have been confiscated.

The liquor is stored in eight warehouses here awaiting removal to Washington.

SUES STEPSON FOR JEWELRY

Exporter Asks Court Aid in Recovering Earrings and Lavalliere.

Louis C. Naisawald, exporter, of 140 West Fifty-seventh Street, asked Surrogate Cohalan yesterday to direct his stepson, Henry Seagrave Carrington, son of the late Mrs. Eda C. Naisawald, to return to him certain jewelry, including diamond earrings and a diamond lavallier, which Naisawald alleges belonged to his first wife. He charged that Carrington, who inherited his mother's estate, after obtaining a court order to examine the Naisawald apartment to take an inventory of the effects there, had compelled his stepfather to give up many articles which were his own property and bought with his money.

Naisawald said he was unable to prove ownership because when Carrington had access to the apartment prior to his mother's death he took the canceled check vouchers, covering the purchases. In asking for the court order, Carrington said he wanted to find a $10,000 diamond necklace which belonged to his mother. The Surrogate reserved decision.

DEED IS FINGERPRINTED.

Novel Signature to Instrument Puzzles Queens County Clerk.

A deed signed with the finger prints of Joseph Steinbolts, who executed it, was offered for record Monday in the Queens County Clerk's office in Jamaica. The deed conveyed to Paulina Roth a one-fourth interest in a burial plot in Mt. Zion Cemetery and was the first instrument of any kind executed in this manner ever filed in Queens.

Clerk Edward W. Cox did not know how to transcribe the finger marks upon the record and asked counsel for an opinion. He was advised to record it as he would a deed that had been executed by signing with a mark, and to make a scroll at the end of the record imitating the finger prints and to write "Joseph Steinboltz with finger marks."

The New York State statutes prescribe a method of recording a deed where a mark has been made but does not mention finger prints, and the County Clerk is anxious to have a court decision. It is recognized that a finger print is a more perfect way of executing an instrument for an illiterate person than his mark but thus far the method has no legal sanction.

TWO VERY POPULAR FEATHER-WEIGHT SUITINGS *for* MEN'S HOT WEATHER WEAR

Priestley's "Gravenette" English MOHAIR

THE STANDARD FABRIC *for* MEN'S HOT WEATHER SUITS

There is an even distribution of cool comfort, style satisfaction and shape retaining quality that particular dressers desire for their summer-time clothes.

The fabric is made in England where Mohairs are always the best the world produces—the garments are tailored in America by the leading makers of summer clothes.

Priestley's Celebrated AERPORE

THE ARISTOCRAT *of* SUMMER SUITINGS

"AERPORE" is a pure worsted fabric made from fine selected half blood stock and yarn dyed. It possesses tailoring qualities that are remarkable for a cloth of such feathery lightness. The fabric has often been called the "Aristocrat of Tropical Worsteds," and with sufficient reasons, for it is the only tropical all Worsted Cloth with perfect tailoring and wearing qualities.

THIS LABEL SEWED ON GARMENT: Priestley's "Gravenette" English Mohair

Every garment bears the PRIESTLEY LABEL. It identifies the fabric—guarantees its genuineness

THIS LABEL SEWED ON GARMENT: Priestley's Aerpore Cloth

FOR SALE BY LEADING CLOTHIERS AND MERCHANT TAILORS

Complete Service

in the design and construction of

SHOPS
FOUNDRIES
STEEL MILLS
CHEMICAL PLANTS
FACTORY BUILDINGS
GASOLINE EXTRACTION PLANTS

STEAM POWER STATIONS
HYDRO-ELECTRIC DEVELOPMENTS
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RAILROAD SHOPS
LOCOMOTIVE TERMINALS
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HOTELS
HARBOR DEVELOPMENTS

DWIGHT P. ROBINSON & CO. INCORPORATED

POWER STATIONS

Have you a Power Problem?

IF you question the efficiency of your power plant—if you think your coal consumption is too great or your labor costs too high—we will make an engineering study of your power situation, make recommendations for changes or additions if they are required, and design, construct and equip such improvements.

We have obtained substantial savings in power costs for many of our clients—often by installing additional equipment or by instituting modern mechanical handling methods—sometimes by designing and building a complete new plant to replace the old one.

We shall be glad to discuss your power requirements, or any proposed engineering or construction work.

DWIGHT P. ROBINSON & COMPANY

INCORPORATED

Engineers and Constructors

125 East 46th St., New York

CHICAGO PITTSBURGH CLEVELAND DALLAS

Consolidated with WESTINGHOUSE, CHURCH, KERR & COMPANY, Inc.

Monroe Clothes

"New York *Styles* America Monroe *Clothes* New York"

All Wool Suits $19

The Lowest Price in Years for High Grade Suits for Men and Young Men

Having what people want—*when they want it*—at a price they will cheerfully pay—is the reason our popular Upstairs Monroe Clothes Shops have served capacity crowds during the past 15 days.

Our original allotment of the product of several of New York's foremost clothing manufacturers is all gone—snapped up by thousands who know value and know where to get it. Our ability to convert their stocks into cash has been the compelling influence that induced these same manufacturers to come through with the balance of their *higher priced stocks*—and we take great pleasure in announcing that we have arranged to sell these also at the inconceivably low prices of $19, $23 and $27.

Every garment is guaranteed with our Monroe Doctrine of *Entire Satisfaction or Money Back*.

We repeat, these Suits are incredibly underpriced—every one of these *all wool* garments represents a wholesale value of from $8.50 to $13 higher than the prices we quote at retail.

There are only approximately 11,000 of these garments—and if the past two weeks' selling is any index, they will be mighty quickly absorbed.

We urge your early attendance if you have occasion to need good clothes at prices that practically *half your cost*.

OPEN EVENINGS UNTIL TEN

$27.50 and $30 Wholesale Values — **$19**

$32.50 and $35 Wholesale Values — **$23**

$37.50 and $40 Wholesale Values — **$27**

Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Refunded

Alterations Free

(Nothing to pay here or elsewhere for alterations when you buy at Monroe Shops)

Monroe Special SUITS $8.50 and up

Palm Beach — THE GENUINE CLOTH

Outing Trousers $4.75
White Flannels $8.50

We Will Exchange or Refund

(Monroe Clothes Shops are a permanent institution—always ready to remedy any dissatisfaction)

We Deliver

(If inconvenient to call we gladly deliver)

MANHATTAN

42nd Street cor. B'way.
50 E. 42nd " " Madison
Nassau " " Frankfort
5 Cortlandt " " B'way
14th St. opp. Acad. Music
34th Street Corner B'way
59th " at Col. Circle
125th " cor. 7th Ave.
Chrystie Street 61 Canal

BRONX

Bergen Ave. at 149th Street

BROOKLYN

413 Fulton Street
Court and Montague Streets
587 Fulton at Flatbush Ave.

NEWARK — 151 Market St.
JERSEY CITY—Newark Ave. & Bay
PATERSON — 220 Main St.
YONKERS — Getty Square

MONROE EXTRA! Pants Feature

All $6, $6.50 and $7 Wholesale Values — **$4.75**

As an added feature to our great clothing event, we offer thousands of ALL WOOL Worsted and Mixture Trousers at *less than wholesale prices*.

These trousers were the entire stock of possibly the best known maker of high grade pants in New York, and you buy any pair at a price slightly higher than first class overalls! If you want to make your present suit last longer or put into service a good coat tucked away in your wardrobe—here's a chance that may never come again.

All $7.50, $8, $9 and $10 Wholesale Values — **$6.75**

Extraordinary Opportunity

U. S. AGENTS SIFT ELWELL RUM CLUE

"Very Satisfactory Results," Says Shevlin After Day's "Bootlegging" Inquiry.

"GERMAN" IS INTERROGATED

Another Wholesale Liquor Dealer Sought in Mystery of Turfman's Murder.

SWANN'S AIDS ARE BAFFLED

Latest Questioned Again—Anonymous Sleuths Flood Office with Their Theories.

Federal agents took a hand in the Elwell case yesterday—the eighteenth day since the turfman and whist expert was slain. The day passed with the police and the District Attorney's staff not a step nearer solution of the murder than the hour the crime was discovered.

Spurred by reports that Elwell had been involved in a plot to dispose of illicit liquor every available agent of the staff of James J. Shevlin, Federal Prohibition Enforcement Agent, was on a city wide hunt last night. And, according to John B. Quigley, Assistant Agent, the search was having "very satisfactory results."

Mystery cloaked the identity of the man sought and no official would reveal what relation, if any, the reported liquor deals had with the turfman's death. The agents, however, in their investigation of the whisky scheme admitted they thought a liquor dealer, referred to as "a German," might aid them materially.

Both Mr. Shevlin and Mr. Quigley were at their offices at the Custom House until late waiting for this man to accompany agents downtown for questioning, but up to midnight "the German" had not been located. Chief Assistant District Attorney Talley, known to have been in possession of certain facts relating to the liquor deal for several days, said he was confident inquiry into the deal might develop something today.

Shevlin Questions One German.

Shortly after 9 o'clock a former liquor dealer, also a German, appeared at Shevlin's office and was questioned for an hour and a half. After he had departed, the agents said he had not been able to assist them much in their investigation. They said their hunt for the German wholesaler would be continued.

The information in the possession of District Attorney Swann's office and the federal dry agents, involving Elwell in the reported illicit whisky conspiracy, is to the effect that the turfman had been charged with a fund of $12,700, collected by associates for the purchase of liquor. Payment on a check drawn by Elwell and dated ahead, was stopped on the day of his death, it was stated.

Efforts to induce officials to discuss the case that apparently had developed out of the rum conspiracy, and that this week back of the eagerness of the police and agents to run down the report, were fruitless. Beyond his brief admission that his agents were out in force investigating Elwell's alleged liquor enterprise, Chief Shevlin refused to go.

Also indicating the interest of the federal authorities, however, two of Shevlin's men were on hand almost with the opening of District Attorney Swann's office yesterday. Mr. Swann delegated Talley to confer with them. Mr. Talley later said he had informed the agents that he was investigating the case, which he said he had first heard from a newspaper reporter, and that up to then he had not unearthed anything definite.

Barnes Again Is Questioned.

Shortly after the visit of the dry agents, District Attorney Swann telephoned to Captain Thomas Walsh, in charge of the detectives of the West Sixty-eighth Street Station, and asked that William H. Barnes be requested to come down to the District Attorney's office. Mr. Barnes has variously been described as Elwell's secretary, valet and man of business. Mr. Swann said he desired to find out from Barnes whether there was any additional information which he could give the authorities.

After Mr. Talley had questioned Barnes for two hours he announced that he had learned nothing whether he knew of any bootlegging in which Elwell had participated. Mr. Talley said Barnes had denied emphatically any knowledge of such matters. The Chief Assistant later said he had asked a café proprietor to come to his office, in an effort to see whether he could give assistance in the case.

Mr. Talley had Mr. Barnes down today," said Mr. Swann, "questioning him in regard to the bootlegging story. Mr. Barnes, I believe, said he thought that his brother who was probably dead, and that he, personally, knew nothing of interest. Mr. Talley found the interview very unsatisfactory, so far as obtaining any information was concerned."

The District Attorney was asked whether he thought any clue to the murder mystery might be developed from the bootlegging investigation. His answer was:

"Well, I don't know. I haven't any opinion on that—yet."

Case Apparently Halted.

Both Mr. Swann and Mr. Talley insisted in declaring the case appeared to have halted and that nothing new in connection with the whist expert's murder had been brought to light. The police also appeared to be in the same situation, although inquiry at Police Headquarters brought only the usual "nothing to say."

"I never was valet to Mr. Elwell," declared William H. Barnes last night after reporters had located him at his home. They have been, however, steward of the Studio Club, of which Mr. Elwell was a member. At times, when Mr. Elwell was abroad, I acted as his secretary in that I answered some of his mail and did things like that. I have been in his home only four or five times and know nothing about its home life. Needless to say, I know nothing about his talk of liquor purchases."

It has been stated that a third bunch of keys was found in Mr. Elwell's home. Of course this refers to a key found on the mantelpiece of Mr. Elwell's room, on the third floor rear of the house. This key was made for a private watchman named Bohn and when the locks of the Elwell home were changed and this key became useless it was taken from the private watchman and put in a vase in the house. It was found some time, just when I don't remember, by Walter F. Elwell, the whist expert's brother, and he put it on the mantelpiece."

Letter Writers Get Busy.

Within the last few days a flood of letters dealing with the murder have been coming into the District Attorney's office, some written by women and some by men. These "crank" letters bring forth the names of persons suspected," they offer novel theories for the crime, one even going so far as to surrender the "murderer" if the reward be large and prompt enough.

Keys to the Elwell home seem to be a favorite topic for deduction by these writing sleuths, although some are falling in spirit, mediums to find the guilty person. Among the many theories offered by the correspondents for the murder of Elwell was the writers' belief that the racing man owed large sums which he refused to pay; then there are letters which declare he was killed because he sought to collect large sums owed to him.

One letter writer advised Mr. Swann that the slaying had been done by a "burglar-murderer," and told the District Attorney to send detectives to a certain cellar and a certain roof where conclusive evidence of the fact would be found. Other letters asserted the identity of the criminal would be disclosed by careful investigation of certain country clubs, the names of which were supplied. A series of the communications advance theories in the case, but almost all of the writers in this class admitted they had never heard of Elwell or the associates they named until he had been killed.

Wants Reward of $10,000.

Women in various cities are given as old time acquaintances of Elwell in some of the letters, and trips as far west as Chicago and as far south at Florida were advocated by the authors as likely to disclose the motive for the crime and the murderer. One man stated that if the District Attorney would offer a reward of $10,000 the murderer would be led into the Criminal Court Building.

Another man, writing from New Jersey, inclosed just a tintype, vintage of Coney Island 1892, with the legend across it, "This is the criminal." Still another communicant forwarded a pair of dice, stated that he knew Elwell well, and expressed his belief that the dice had something to do with the case. Somewhat in line with the dice was the tip of a woman that she understood Elwell was about to "expose the workings of a certain gambler," and that probably was behind the murder.

Another anonymous letter contained newspaper clippings from Asbury Park and the writer's conviction that if Mr. Swann would visit a certain psychic medium the mystery of the murder would vanish. The author of one letter revealed in detail his capacity for solving the murder, but demanded that the District Attorney furnish him in advance with information as "to the rights, responsibilities and protection accorded to witnesses in murder cases," and then maybe he will come down and outline his plan for the apprehension of the criminal.

One Confesses to Murder.

One writer, after pointing out that the authorities had been on the wrong trail from the outset, confessed that he had murdered Elwell and added the information that the automatic pistol with which he committed the deed would be found at the bottom of the Hudson River.

Another writer, a man with an office in the financial district, revealed that the Elwell murder had become a topic of general discussion at weddings in this city these days. He said he had heard a man at a wedding state that Elwell made a practice of turning his affairs with married women to profit, and that at one time Elwell was hired to tell a fashionably dressed young woman that she could "lose the money at bridge." Elwell was then seen to put a roll of bills into his pocket, reported the downtown letter writer.

GUCHKOFF HAS ARMY TO FIGHT BOLSHEVIKI

Ex-War Minister Said to be Well Provided with Funds Raised by Russians.

COPENHAGEN, June 29.—Private advices from Kovno, Lithuania, say that Alexander J. Guchkoff, Russian Minister of War and Navy in 1917 and associated with General Yudenitch in the offensive against Petrograd last Fall, is concentrating near Koenigsberg a volunteer army of 60,000 well-armed men.

He is preparing for a new invasion of Russia.

Guchkoff is reported to be in control of 1,000,000,000 marks raised among Russians in Sweden by a cousin of the late Admiral Kolchak, head of the All-Russian Government of Omsk in opposition to the Bolsheviki, and General Volkoff, an intimate friend of the former Emperor Nicholas. Guchkoff is said to favor a plan for entering Russia by way of Lithuania and Letvia. The report is causing great anxiety among the statesmen of those countries.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—Southern Russia advices received by the State Department indicate that clothing, shoes and medicines are mostly needed by the people in the territory under the control of General Wrangel's anti-Bolshevist forces.

The department has been informed that the country occupied by General Wrangel's troops covers approximately 22,000 square miles of rich agricultural land, with heavy stores of grain. There are said to be 2,000,000 people living in this area.

The fighting is reported to be at times severe and General Wrangel's forces have been described to the department as having considerable spirit and confidence.

GETS MOSCOW'S REPLY.

Lloyd George Not Satisfied by Explanations as to Foreign Debts.

LONDON, June 29.—Leonid Krassin, Russian Soviet Minister of Trade and Commerce, had a conference with Premier Lloyd George tonight at the Premier's official residence in Downing Street. The meeting lasted an hour.

The object of M. Krassin's visit to the Premier was to submit to him Moscow's reply concerning the Soviet Government's attitude toward the foreign debt and private property of foreigners expropriated by the Russian Government.

It is said that the reply was unsatisfactory, but that the negotiations will be continued.

Bart Curzon, the Foreign Secretary, was also present at the conference.

The reply is said to be in the nature of counter proposals of an evasive character. Hence no substantial progress in the negotiations has been made.

Mr. Lloyd George reiterated his previous viewpoint that modifications of the Soviet attitude with regard to prisoners of war and the situation in Persia were essential to the future success of the negotiations.

EDWARDS OUSTS BOARD.

Removes Highway Commissioners and Names Their Successors.

Governor Edward I. Edwards of New Jersey yesterday removed the members of the State Highway Commission, naming a new board in its stead, thus fulfilling one of his campaign pledges, which followed a legislative squabble over giving the Governor control of the board.

The men named as the new Commissioners are David Young of Morris County, Walter F. Whittemore of Sussex County, Thomas E. Collins of Union County, John Ferris of Hudson County, William T. Kirby of Somerset, George Paddock of Essex, George L. Burton of Middlesex. The eighth man has not been named.

West Virginia-Kentucky Union Orders 6,000 Miners to Strike

CHARLESTON, W. Va., June 29.—Six thousand union miners in Mingo County, W. Va., and Pike County, Ky., were today ordered by district headquarters of the United Mine Workers here to refrain from reporting for work tomorrow.

Issuance of the strike order, District President C. F. Kenney announced, followed the refusal of the Williamson Coal Operators' Association to treat with the miners.

GERMANS TO MEET ALLIES AT BRUSSELS

League Acts to Have Them Attend Financial Conference in Belgian Capital.

FIXES MEETING FOR JULY 23

Bourgeois Predict Failure Unless Agreement on Financial Plans Is Reached at Spa.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, June 29.—Leon Bourgeois, President of the Executive Council of the League of Nations, announced this afternoon that the Brussels financial conference would be held on July 23. He also announced that Germany would be invited to send delegates.

In his letter to Premier Millerand announcing the date M. Bourgeois made it very plain that nothing could come of the Brussels financial conference unless allied and German statesmen could agree at Spa on the treaty financial plans.

It is reported that the financial experts named at Boulogne to work out the formula for the partition of German reparation payments have completed their task and that their recommendations will be ready for the Allied Supreme Council meeting in Brussels on Friday. It is not stated what part of the 20 per cent. Italy asked that the experts recommend will be given. Ten per cent. is probably the figure. In view of this award to Italy the Allies will probably increase at Brussels the tentative sum they fixed at Boulogne as being what Germany should pay.

Belgium is making great preparations for the meetings at the capital and at Spa. The King and Queen will give a banquet to the allied diplomats as well as a reception. It is understood the royal hosts allowed the afternoon of Saturday for the business meeting, but had to change their plans upon representations from Paris and London. Sunday afternoon the delegates will leave Brussels for Spa to meet the German Chancellor and his lieutenants on Monday.

There is in Paris no very clear idea as to what the Spa conference will amount to. There are many difficulties in the way of real accomplishment at this time. It is generally believed that it is entirely possible there may be an adjournment for a later meeting between the allied and German statesmen, probably in October. In that case the Brussels financial conference will have to be postponed. M. Bourgeois emphasizes this point in asking M. Millerand to see that the League Council is supplied as quickly as possible with the results of the Spa gathering.

"The Council," he writes, "is profoundly convinced that the negotiations, in view of the economic and financial establishment of the world, can be pursued only if the obligations of Germany and her allies and the financial situation of the Central Empires are clearly determined. Without this prior determination the work of the conference at Brussels will be not only much more difficult, but can produce no result.

"Any worth while base would be lacking for credit operations indispensable to financial reconstruction, whether of countries to whom indemnity is due from Germany or of any other countries. Consequently the Council hopes sincerely that the discussion about to take place among the Allies as well as those at Spa on July 6 will prepare a definite settlement."

M. Bourgeois's letter emphasizes the truth of what I cabled from Boulogne about the Allies' financial plans. They will fail unless the agreement of Germany can be had. Unless Germany agrees to a system of annuities instead of the treaty payment plan, unless Germany consents to the proposed international loan and unless Germany joins earnestly in the Brussels financial conference, the present plans can bear no fruit. Thus by the weight of events Germany is coming to be again an active and important factor in European affairs.

LONDON, June 28 (Canadian Press).—No further statements relative to the Interallied conference held at Boulogne will be made until after the Allied-German meeting at Spa, Premier Lloyd George declared in the House of Commons tonight.

Asked as to conditions in Mesopotamia the Premier said consideration must be given to rights that existed before the war, and asserted the interests of Arab States must be safeguarded.

Germans To Ask for More Ships.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 29.—Premier Lloyd George will leave England on Thursday for Brussels, accompanied by Lord Curzon and Sir C. Worthington Evans. The party will stay in Brussels for preliminary conversations on Friday and Saturday and go to Spa Sunday for the opening of the conference there next Monday.

According to present indications the Spa conference may last a week or ten days. It is understood the Germans will put up a plea to be permitted to retain a larger tonnage of shipping than that accorded by the Peace Treaty.

By the armistice, Germany was allowed to keep sailing ships and steamers of a certain small tonnage for the coasting trade and with neighboring countries. They estimate that the tonnage thus available to them is 200,000 tons. As against this, the German Government claims that to get coal and other goods required, some of which used to come from East Prussia, and to get sufficient imports of Swedish iron ore for their iron industries they need tonnage of 850,000, and they are going to present a balance sheet showing a deficit of 850,000 tonnage.

This, they will argue, does not include overseas trade in food and raw materials, and they will appeal to that part of Article 236 of the treaty, which requires the Reparations Commission to take account of the needs of Germany.

GREEKS HALT ADVANCE.

Consolidating Positions Before Resuming Forward Movement.

LONDON, June 29.—The positions taken by the Greeks in their advance against the Turkish Nationalists from Smyrna, in Asia Minor, are being consolidated, and the forward movement has been stopped to permit of this process, it is announced in advices from Smyrna, dated Monday.

The extreme limit of the advance is substantially that given in the communique of June 26—a line beyond Soma, Akhissar, Ala-Shehr and Relas.

Lord d'Abernon Accepts Berlin Post

LONDON, June 29.—Lord d'Abernon, well known as a financier and Chairman of the Central Control Board of the Liquor Traffic, has accepted the Ambassadorship to Germany, it was announced this evening.

Salvador Ends War Moratorium.

SAN SALVADOR, June 28—The moratorium which has been in operation in Salvador since the World War began and has profoundly affected commerce and finance, was terminated today by an executive decree.

Auto Bandits, Kidnapping a Bookmaker, Fire at Policeman Who Shoots at Their Car

Details of the holdup Monday forenoon of Harry Hamm, a bookmaker, within a block of the Manhattan Junction station of the Long Island Railroad, and a pistol battle between Policeman Edward Gardiner and two of three men in an automobile were brought to light last night through the arrest of Paul Bowen, 24 years old, of 464 Seventh Avenue, Brooklyn. He is charged with having driven the bandits' automobile. Bowen was arrested when he called at the Brownsville station.

Hamm and Albert Spaulding, a friend, were walking through Vesta Avenue to take a train for the Aqueduct race track, when the automobile drove to the sidewalk and two of its occupants covered Hamm and Spaulding with pistols.

One of the men started to search Hamm when Policeman Gardiner approached in civilian clothes and accompanied by his wife. The bandits then dragged Hamm into the automobile, which started at full speed down Fulton Street. Policeman Gardiner started in pursuit afoot, then opened fire on the fleeing automobile with his pistol. He later explained that he was forced to direct his shots at the wheels of the automobile, lest he shoot the victim of the holdup men, who was struggling all the time with his captors in the tonneau of the car.

As the policeman fired his second shot one of the holdup men stood up on the rear seat of the automobile and returned the fire. When the bandit emptied his pistol the second robber took his place. While the shooting was going on, the policeman said, the automobile was slowed down and did not speed up again until both the policeman and the robbers had emptied their pistols.

Shortly after Gardiner reported the holdup to Police Headquarters by telephone another policeman found Hamm about eight blocks away from the scene of the shooting. He was bruised about the head and throat. He said the robbers had beaten him with their pistols, and had taken $1,000 in bills, a diamond ring valued at $650 and a gold watch and chain.

The automobile was found later in a nearby street with four bullet holes in the tonneau. The police say Bowen admitted having driven the car. He said two strangers hired him. As they reached the Manhattan Junction station, he declared, the men ordered him to stop. They got out and went over to two men walking on the sidewalk and started to drag one of them into the car.

Bowen said he thought it a joke until the policeman began shooting. Then, he said, he did not stop the car because one of the holdup men threatened to kill him if he didn't put on full speed. He abandoned the car, he said, as soon as the holdup men left their victim. He will be arraigned this morning.

GENERAL STRIKE CALLED OFF IN ROME

Several Persons Killed and Wounded in Clash with Workers at Terni.

QUIET RESTORED IN ANCONA

Mutinous Bersaglieri Heed Colonel's Call to Duty and Turn Against Anarchists.

ROME, June 29.—A general strike was proclaimed last night, effective today, except in the case of the railways. The tram service suspended and many of the factories and workshops were closed. This, however, was largely due to the celebration of the feast of St. Peter.

This afternoon the executives of the Socialist Party and General Federation of Labor met in the chamber to discuss the question. The federation unanimously opposed the Socialist demand for a general strike and quitted the hall. The remaining delegates rejected the strike motion and adopted a resolution calling upon the proletariat to maintain discipline and hold itself in readiness to strike should the Government fail to keep its promises.

A dispatch from Terni, in the Province of Perugia, says a clash with the workers there, after a meeting of the labor unionists, resulted in four persons being killed and nineteen wounded.

The anarchists who fled from Ancona are trying to stir up trouble in other parts of the province. There have been disturbances at Pesaro, Jesi, Porto Fabriano and Civitanova.

In Romagna there have been attempts to start strikes in various towns.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, June 27.—Those who know the busy, prosperous town of Ancona, with its ancient Roman arch, splendid churches and handsome houses looking out over perhaps the finest natural harbor Italy possesses, would think themselves in a bad dream if they saw the state to which it has been reduced by forty-eight hours of anarchic madness.

The Summer sun shines on the same beautiful harbor, where warships are anchored ready once again to support the forces of law and order in their struggle against an outburst of class hatred. In the centre of the town, where the fighting occurred, houses are barricaded as though for a siege by a foreign foe. Windows gape with shattered glass; walls are scored with bullet marks and the streets are still blocked with broken furniture from looted shops and houses, tree trunks and carts, which were used for the barricades, which were destroyed by artillery fire. Bloodstains on the sidewalks show where the machine guns used on either side did deadly work, or where bands of anarchists attacked the Carabinieri and the soldiers of the Royal Guards.

The nightmare of street fighting is now over and soldiers and police are clearing up the town, searching for arms and ammunition and arresting those who are held responsible for the systematic propaganda which made the outbreak possible. Proof that the disloyalty of the Bersaglieri, whose mutiny was the spark which fired the explosion, was due to anarchist teachings is seen in their recall to discipline by the influence of their Colonel and their work in clearing the streets of anarchists who tried to keep the fire of rebellion alive.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, June 28.—"Venetian ladies, with sweeping fans and unruffled calm, are saving Venice from trouble and disaster," said the modernist sculptor Archipenko, who has just returned from a three months' trip in Northern Italy. He says that public sentiment in Italy is so upset that anything may happen. Risings and strikes, more or less sporadic and local in character, are common everywhere.

In Venice, three or four evenings out of seven, at about 11 o'clock, a Socialist procession attempts to enter the Piazza of St. Mark, and revolutionary songs burst out in different quarters of the city. The special anti-revolutionary police—something on the lines of the German Sicherheitspolizei, speedily make their appearance, and their chief orders the Socialists to retire. The procession moves on unconcernedly. The police commandant gives the order: "Load!" The Socialists still move forward. "Present!" rings out in a sharper tone. Still the manifestants take no notice. "Fire!" cries the officer; but no one fires, because a score of beautiful Venetian girls are strolling calmly about between the opposing groups, waving fans and gossiping comfortably in the cool night air.

Then every one laughs, and the revolution is over—for that night, anyway.

Gorgas's Condition Still Critical.

LONDON, June 29.—The condition of Major Gen. William C. Gorgas, former Surgeon General of the United States Army, continued critical tonight, although some improvement was noted during the day. The General's wife remained in the sick room throughout the day, and Brig. Gen. Robert E. Noble, Assistant Surgeon General of the United States Army, and new head of the Gorgas mission to West Africa, is a frequent caller. Several physicians are in constant attendance.

IRISH RAIL DEADLOCK AFFECTS MORE LINES

Dublin-to-Cork Train Stops When Soldiers Board It—60 Employes Dismissed.

CARSON MAY RAISE FORCE

Asserts That He Will Protect Ulster on His Own Responsibility If Necessary.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUBLIN, June 29.—The deadlock on the railways due to the munitions controversy is increasing. Nearly sixty engine drivers, guards, &c., have been suspended by various companies.

Today the main line between Dublin and Cork was involved. Soldiers boarded a train from Kilkenny to Dublin and Newbridge and the locomotive men promptly refused to proceed.

Two other trains were entered by soldiers and each was consequently stopped. Large numbers of civilian passengers are thus stranded. There was no service between Athenry and Galway. Traders throughout the districts involved are suffering, supplies from wholesale merchants being very uncertain.

Carson Threatens to Act.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 29.—Sir Edward Carson has written to the Secretary of the Ulster Unionist Council stating that he and his colleagues have urged upon the Government the necessity of providing adequate protection for loyal subjects in Belfast, and that he understands the Government is fully alive to the situation and has undertaken to send such forces to Belfast and other districts in Ulster as will secure the lives and property of the people.

The letter concludes: "Should it become necessary, by reason of the inactivity of the Government to carry out the essential duties of government, I shall not hesitate at any cost—with the co-operation and under the control of the Government if it will allow it, and if not then on our own responsibility—to organize our people for defense against those whose crimes are ruining Ireland and making our country a byword among civilized nations."

Airplanes Search for General.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CORK, Ireland, June 29.—Although search for Brig. Gen. Lucas continues without intermission, there is no clue to the secret destination whither he has been conveyed by Sinn Feiners and is being held a prisoner.

Airplanes are sweeping low over the woods and mountains within range of Fermoy, seeking some pointer to his whereabouts. Simultaneously soldiers and police are investigating every probable and improbable recess where he might be detained.

Near Rathcormack, where Colonel Deford was shot and left by the raiders, General Lucas's own car has been found abandoned. It was of American manufacture, with a left-hand steering wheel. The car, with its prisoner, could either have gone north into Tipperary and Limerick by way of Mitchelstown or Mallow, respectively, or south toward Cork City. With regard to the Limerick route and its possibilities there may or may not be some significance in the fact that the district abounds in caves, chief of these being in the Galtee Mountains, behind Mitchelstown, described as "one of the finest natural prisons in the world."

But it is assumed that the capture was planned and executed by superior officers of Volunteers, who would not deposit their captive in any spot obviously inviting examination. It is likely, also, that the General, having regard to the anonymous assurances which have reached the military authorities that he will be accorded the respect and care due to his rank, is not confined under conditions at all primitive.

In recent cases where Irish volunteers have held prisoners, even on such an unromantic charge as theft, the men have been comfortably housed and furnished with good food and smokes by their guards. It is understood that General Lucas will be allowed to write letters, which will be transmitted after censorship. The authorities are working entirely in the dark. No assistance can be expected and most certainly will not be offered by the people. The power of the Volunteers is too dominant and the fate of the reformer too speculative.

It has just heard from an authoritative military source that a letter, undated and not disclosing his whereabouts, but bearing the Fermoy postmark, has been received from General Lucas. It says:

"I am being well looked after, and am properly treated. No anxiety should be felt about me. I have no complaints to make."

General Lucas expresses his disapproval of the conduct of the soldiers in Fermoy on Sunday night.

POPE SEES SINN FEIN AGENT.

O'Ceallaigh Received as Private Individual by Pontiff.

ROME, June 29.—Sean O'Ceallaigh, "diplomatic delegate extraordinary of the Government of the Irish Republic," was received in private audience on Saturday by Pope Benedict.

It was authoritatively stated today that O'Ceallaigh was received by the Pontiff only in his private capacity. O'Ceallaigh approved this statement, saying he had no wish to embarrass the Vatican.

Today The New York Times is forced to omit 31 columns of advertisements.

GERMAN STRIKES HINT RED UPRISING

Food Riots Show Party Control at Breaking Point Despite New Cabinet's Effort.

BAVARIA BALKS DISARMING

Entente Terms, Just Made Public, Held Impossible of Fulfillment with Safety to Nation.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, June 29.—Food riots, in some cases coincident with local strikes, were reported today in various parts of Germany, and might give the impression that rumors about a well-organized Communist rising within the near future were not so improbable as the Communist leaders and other well-informed persons have declared.

Nearly all reports, however, about the German "Red" army that is supposed to work hand in glove with Lenin's emissaries originate from reactionary military sources, which circulate them partly to justify the arming of the country's Junkers "against all eventualities."

The Junkers have adopted this propaganda partly because they hope to impress the Entente with the necessity of Germany keeping a larger army than 100,000 men, to which number it is supposed the Entente will reduce the German forces at the coming meeting at Spa.

For the last mentioned reason, War Minister Gessler and other German officials are backing these rumors to some extent, giving out reports about the secret training of Red companies and battalions, even on the Tempelhofer field, once the scene of Wilhelm II.'s grand parades and other military spectacles.

Lately the Lokalanzeiger and other reactionary papers published detailed accounts with schedules giving the supposed strength of an organized Red army all over Germany, which reports, however, were soon recognized as an obvious effort of some retired member of the former General Staff.

These clumsy methods cannot, of course, produce any but the contrary effect to that intended, which is all the more to be deplored, since conservative opinion here in Germany really does need a larger army than 100,000 to save her from complete destruction by these violent and irresponsible elements that only wait for a chance.

To THE TIMES correspondent today the authorities denied reports that the Communist Party, and much less the Independent Socialist Party, had any plans for the near future requiring the organization of Red armies. They are convinced that "everything will come their way quite naturally after the new bourgeois Government has proved at Spa its incapability of saving Germany from ruin."

Fear Party Leaders May Lose Control.

There is danger, nevertheless, that both the Communist and Independent leaders will lose control over their adherents, and that the food riots, which have cost much treasure and some lives at Hamburg, Bremen, Magdeburg, Essen and other places in South Germany, may precipitate a national calamity.

In all these places, the masses acted spontaneously, ignoring their party leaders and selecting some street orator as leader instead.

Already the mob in Berlin, actuated by newspaper reports from other places, is getting restless because the prices for food and other necessities are still far from compatible with the constantly increasing rate of German exchange and often absolutely beyond the means of the average citizen.

Only yesterday, groups of men, mostly clothed in old and dilapidated uniforms, went about the town inciting the people to imitate Hamburg and the other cities and "help themselves."

In the western districts of the capital, especially Kurfuerstendamm, this agitation assumed an anti-Semitic character, but the people did not permit themselves any rash acts.

The Government, too, had been warned that unruly elements were preparing food riots, and might also besiege the Reichstag, where Fehrenbach's new Government made its début. Consequently, the Reichstag was well guarded, but nothing happened.

Chancellor's Speech Well Received.

Fehrenbach's début as Chancellor was more successful than had been generally anticipated. His speech, listened to by a full house of the Middle parties, out of which the new Cabinet is created, was applauded warmly, the Majority Socialists especially listening eagerly.

The Independents were noisy at times and the extreme Conservatives grim and silent, but Fehrenbach steered cleverly between Scylla and Charybdis, emphasizing that his Cabinet was a "middle class Government malgre lui," and that it was necessary to work with and for the laboring classes. He called thus between labor and the bourgeoisie.

Adolf Gerstarts, speaking for the Majority Socialists, on whom the life of the new Government depends, gives him the reward of an assurance of support "till it is seen if the Government translates its words into deeds." The Majority Socialist organ calls the new Government's policy "a continuation of that of the former Coalition."

The Chancellor's speech, it adds, avoided all challenge to the Socialists, so there is no need for immediate declaration of "war" against the Government. So for a little while the situation is saved, and the Government's representatives at Spa—they will be the Chancellor, Herr Simmons, Foreign Minister, and Herr Wirth, Finance Minister—will be able to represent the great majority of the German people.

The full text of the Entente notes regarding the reduction of the army, disbandment of the military police and handing over of aircraft and material was published this morning. The press comments are bitter in the extreme.

Bavaria Balks Disarmament.

The Bavarian Government has informed the Berlin Cabinet that it regards the demands in the notes as unacceptable, because their fulfillment would endanger law and order and so would stand in the way of the country's economic reconstruction.

In Hamburg, during the week-end, the reporter happenings have been exceedingly serious. Fruit and vegetable shops were quickly cleared by the angry populace, whose attention was then turned to the big stores. These were invaded by ragged mobs that helped themselves to boots and clothing.

Women could be seen making off with yards of cloth wound around themselves. Bootless boys carried away a sufficient number of boots to last them for years. Workers who never had waterproof coats in their lives helped themselves to half a dozen each.

The women, too, took great delight in raiding the fashionable hat shops and the poorer quarters of Hamburg now show the latest fashions in feminine headgear.

MONUMENT TO WRIGHT.

Millerand to Preside at Unveiling Ceremonies at Le Mans.

PARIS, June 29.—The monument at Le Mans to Wilbur Wright, pioneer American aviator, will be unveiled on July 17.

The ceremony will be presided over by Premier Millerand, and Hugh C. Wallace, the American Ambassador, and representatives of the Aero Clubs of France and America will be present.

American Opium Smugglers Reported Caught in China

AMOY, China, June 29.—Two Americans, who are said to have represented themselves as big business men, are alleged to have been caught smuggling opium from Amoy to Manila.

Activity in the opium trade is increasing in spite of the Government's opposition to it. It is reported here that military leaders are forcing natives to grow opium as a source of revenue for the officers.

FEARS CO-OPERATIVE HOUSING PROJECTS

Alderman Quinn Offers Resolution Calling for City Scrutiny of All Deals.

PLEA TO MOVE MATERIALS

Senator Calder Asks Commerce Commission's Aid to Ease Acute Housing Situation.

Attacking the purchase of apartment houses by tenants on the co-operative plan as fraught with financial danger to the investors and charging that co-operative projects were honeycombed with opportunities for sharp and unscrupulous operators and owners to defraud the tenants, Alderman William F. Quinn, at yesterday's meeting of the Board of Aldermen, offered a resolution placing the board on record as opposed to the co-operative principle as it is being worked out at present.

The resolution called upon Tenement House Commissioner Frank Mann to carefully investigate all co-operative housing plans and if necessary take them before the Justices of the Municipal Courts for final inspection before tenants are permitted to participate in any such co-operative transaction.

Some of the objections made by Alderman Quinn to the co-operative system were as follows:

"Such co-operative schemes have proved in the past, wherever they have been operated or tried out for any length of time, to be failures as real estate transactions, as real estate statistics will prove.

"A piece of property so purchased by a number of tenants in an apartment is a dangerous financial liability to the general public, because of the similar conditions which would exist.

"There is an element of danger existing in financial schemes of this kind because of the calling of mortgages whereby some of the tenants would not be in a financial condition to bear their share of the added financial burden brought about by such a demand for a part or whole payment of the mortgage on property of this type.

"The failure on the part of some of the tenants in a co-operative scheme of this kind might bring about a condition whereby all of the tenants would lose in a few years the investment which they had put in the property and the property would revert to the mortgagee.

Foresees Public Menace.

"If there were enough failures of this type on the part of a few tenants in co-operative apartments, a condition of menace to the public would follow.

"These real estate co-operative schemes are honeycombed with opportunities for sharp and unscrupulous operators and owners to defraud and ruin the tenants."

The resolution was referred to the Committee on General Welfare.

"As a matter of fact, the Mayor is weary. He has been here three times already. The Extraordinary Grand Jury has had practically every clerk in his office up here, and they have had his letter files. They seem to think that he should drop all his business and come at their beck and call. The Mayor feels that it is time to register a protest; that it is time he should be treated as a citizen and stand on his rights. This is a continual promenade between the City Hall and the Criminal Courts building."

Mr. Mooney said that the Mayor had refused to answer questions except as directed by the court.

"Every one of you newspaper men here knows that he must have been directed by the court to answer the questions, and that he did answer," continued Mr. Mooney.

He was asked if the Mayor would follow the same course hereafter. He countered: "There won't be any hereafter, will there?"

HYLAN AS WITNESS DEFIES GRAND JURY

Mayor Flatly Refuses to Answer Questions and Causes Halt in Proceedings.

JUSTICE WEEKS IS CALLED

Holds Star Chamber Session of Court and Directs Replies to Almirall Queries.

HYLAN DEPARTS SMILING

Resented Interruption of City's Business by Investigation of Affidavits Against Smith.

Mayor Hylan yesterday defied the Extraordinary Grand Jury, of which Raymond E. Almirall is foreman. He flatly refused to answer any questions and proceedings were halted to send for Justice Weeks to rule on the matter. The Mayor acted on advice of counsel.

What proceedings went on after Justice Weeks arrived could only be conjectured, for the Justice ordered every one except the jury and the Mayor to leave the court room. Then the Mayor answered the questions at the direction of the court. Less than half an hour later he came out smiling and left the Criminal Courts building. He refused to discuss the incident and referred questioners to Edmund L. Mooney, his personal counsel.

There was a visible flurry of excitement in the Criminal Courts building when it became known the Mayor had refused to answer questions, and by the time Justice Weeks arrived, fully twenty-five persons had gathered in the courtroom. Among them was First Assistant District Attorney Talley. He was allowed to remain after the others had been ordered out. A crowd lingered in the corridor until the Mayor came out, when it was inofficially said he had answered the questions without being declared in contempt.

The Mayor was one of half a dozen witnesses called before this jury. He arrived at the Criminal Courts building in the middle of the afternoon accompanied by Mr. Mooney and Corporation Counsel O'Brien. It was rumored that the jury intended to question him concerning affidavits attacking James E. Smith, Assistant District Attorney.

It was said this was the fourth time Mayor Hylan had been summoned by the jury and, Mr. Mooney said later, the Mayor felt the city's business should not be interrupted in this manner. So when requested by William Randolph Hearst, Special Deputy Attorney General, to appear yesterday he at once sought the counsel of Mr. Mooney.

The Mayor is reported to have stated his position with the first question. Justice Weeks was notified immediately but it was late in the afternoon when he arrived. In the meantime counsel for Mr. Mooney and Mr. O'Brien sat in an ante-room of the jury chambers. As the jury filed into the courtroom, the Mayor also entered. Then the courtroom was ordered cleared, although the Mayor announced he would be satisfied to have the ruling in open court because he thought the people should know what their Mayor was doing.

"Remember about the Duke of York?" asked Mr. Mooney, speaking for the Mayor after the secret session.

"The Duke of York, he had five thousand men,
He marched them to the top of the hill
And he marched them down again."

"It is just the same with us. This is the third time we have marched up the hill, and we are leg weary. There are certain persons, including lawyers with the big head, who need a certain amount of parade and eclat. This is a moving-picture parade of which I am obliged to be a part. So be sure and snap me right—that's all there is to this. I like to take everything seriously, but I cannot have that attitude toward the Duke of York."

As a matter of fact, the Mayor is weary. He has been here three times already. The Extraordinary Grand Jury has had practically every clerk in his office up here, and they have had his letter files. They seem to think that he should drop all his business and come at their beck and call. The Mayor feels that it is time to register a protest; that it is time he should be treated as a citizen and stand on his rights. This is a continual promenade between the City Hall and the Criminal Courts building.

Mr. Mooney said that the Mayor had refused to answer questions except as directed by the court.

"Every one of you newspaper men here knows that he must have been directed by the court to answer the questions, and that he did answer," continued Mr. Mooney.

He was asked if the Mayor would follow the same course hereafter. He countered: "There won't be any hereafter, will there?"

COMIC OPERA UNIFORMS ARE BANNED IN MEXICO

De la Huerta Orders Reform at Generals' Expense—Osuna Heads New Revolt.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, June 29.—The comic opera unifor

THE BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday .....8 per cent. for the best names
Monday .....8 per cents for the best names
The quotations are for six months' paper.

Gray Goods Again Dull.

Snap to demand was again lacking in the local market for gray goods yesterday, due partly to the heat and partly to the desire of the trade to keep an eye on happenings at San Francisco. Sales of importance were few and far between. Nearby business was done on 38½-inch 60-48 printcloths at 19 cents, while spot 64-56s in the same width brought 21½ cents. In the sheetings, nearby sales were put through on 5-yard goods at 16¾ cents and on 8.50s at 15½ cents. Otherwise buying interest was lacking.

Bands Back in Bright Colors.

A little inquiry has developed in the woolen market for cloths used in making band uniforms. During the war, with the dye situation what it was, the bandmen were forced to use materials that, according to their way of thinking, were very drab and sombre. Now that they can once more obtain brilliant violets, flaming reds and other bright and gaze-compelling hues, they are very much eager for them. The business that comes in this way is described as very desirable, owing to the peculiar color characteristics and the limited number of those who can supply the materials required.

Regarding Signed Contracts.

With the woolen market intent on adopting a binding sales contract which will be signed by buyers, there are those in the trade who recollect similar attempts in the past. One man told how, some years ago, the firm adopted a triplicate form of signed order and purchased a large quantity of the forms. The salesmen used the new order blanks for two days and then fell back to their old method of taking an order on any piece of paper they were handy. Years after, in moving, the pile of discarded signed order forms was found in the stockroom.

Wanted on Consignment.

Encouraged, doubtless, by the number of consignments offered by clothing manufacturers who are using this method to sell surplus stocks of Spring clothing, some buyers have requested Fall deliveries on the same basis. This is a step, however, that will be much opposed by the manufacturers, who are willing to consign their surpluses of Spring goods but see no reason why new merchandise should be offered in that fashion. Sentiment in the market is decidedly against consigning Fall goods, and the manufacturers say that any of their number to use this method will have much to regret.

Cutting Falls Off.

The effect of the large number of operatives in the clothing industry without jobs does not seem to have the desired effect of creating greater efficiency among the workers employed. According to a large manufacturer, production from his cutting rooms is 40 per cent. below normal. This reduction in output, he said, has made it necessary to lay off some of the tailors because not enough garments were out to supply work for the other hands. In the tailoring shops he estimated that production is about 20 per cent. below normal. Because there is still the loss of production even though many employes are idle, he does not look for a great increase in efficiency.

No Early Opening.

A good deal of interest attaches to plans for the Spring opening of woolens, in normal times this occurred after July 4. During the war, however, the openings were much delayed. Owing to the quiet in the trade now it was thought that an early opening might be expected for the next season. Cancellations on heavyweights have been so large that little remains to give the mills work. The impression is growing, however, that the opening will not be very early, because in the present unsettled condition of the market the mills recognize that early orders will not count for much, no matter how low the prices may be. To avoid a repetition of the present season's occurrences, the policy thought best now is to open late.

They Read Like Circus Posters.

Now that things are beginning to warm up in the way of sacrificing shoes at retail in order to get them moving, there are beginning to appear in the windows of even well-known stores signs which are not altogether unlike in phraseology and typography some of the more modest announcements of a circus. Adjectives such as "extraordinary," "colossal," "gigantic," &c., are used more or less liberally, and quite a little red ink also is used to cross out the old prices. In short, the stores in question are adopting, temporarily at least, the window-advertising tactics of the fire sale merchant. Even one of the most conservative of the men's shoe shops announces cuts of 25 to 40 per cent. under a caption that can almost be read from across the street.

Will Sell the Goods This Time.

While admitting that the rather poor results obtained by most merchants on their trips with advance lines of Fall merchandise would have a tendency to lump buying up later in the season and put a strain on the producers, a local manufacturer of novelty handbags yesterday asserted that he did not expect any ill effects from it. "There will be a good demand for all kinds of merchandise before the season is over," he said. "It will be late and bunched up, but there will be this difference as compared with recent seasons when buyers showed a tendency to hold off: the manufacturers will be willing to sell their merchandise. The tendency in the last few years has been to warn buyers to place orders early under threats of getting left, although in most cases goods were made up and were being held back until the demand accumulated to such a point that getting higher prices was the usual thing. That day has passed, and the manufacturers realise it. Orders taken now will be filled when they should be."

Why He Is Satisfied.

While most users of raw silks who bought for forward deliveries before the recent slump came are rather "peeved" at themselves for doing it, such is not the case with the man who buys for a prominent knit-goods concern. "In our business," he said yesterday, "we can buy only the best grades of silk. We bought a large quantity of a certain grade at $12 a pound just before the slump came on in earnest, when by holding off a while we could have got the same chop for $9. On the face of things we made a bad deal, but actually we did not. All bales of the same class of silk do not grade the same, and right here is where the catch will come in for the man who bought at $9. While he is getting 'so-so' silks at the figure he paid, we will be getting the choicest of the lot for our $12. Had we bought at $9 we would have got the same stuff he will, for the sellers will hold the best silks for a rise. Already having paid the equivalent of an advance of $3 a pound, we are certain to get the quality we need. As we must have fine silk at almost any price, we really lost nothing by buying when we did."

This Is Looking Ahead.

Despite the fact that the first Basic Style Show of the United Waist League of America only came to a close last night, plans were announced yesterday afternoon concerning the second one, which is to be held at the headquarters of the league next January. In the handling of the coming show, according to Executive Director M. Mosessohn, there will be several changes. To begin with, the exhibit will be so increased that the entire building, instead of the auditorium only, will be given over to it. Popular-priced models will be added to the display and will be shown by themselves. There will also be a section apart for cotton waists. American creations in the more expensive goods will be shown in a separate room, and the same will be true of the French models displayed. Basic styles will dominate in the models to be shown in the auditorium. During the nine days' run of the first show it is estimated that close to 10,000 persons identified with the waist industry in one way or another, including retail buyers, visited it.

BUSINESS RECORDS

In Town.

CUBAN ATLANTIC TRANSPORT CORP.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Cuban Atlantic Transport Corporation, located at 130 Church street, by these creditors: Marcelino Garcia, $300, and Charles E. DuBois, 330 and Teodomiro Pena, $37. It is stated that the company chartered barges to carry sugar from Cuba to the United States and coal from the United States to Cuba. Liabilities are said to be $500,000 and the liquid assets about $100,000. The company is said to have a claim against the Government.

KLANG, ROSEN & CO.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Samuel Klang, Henry Rosen and Jack W. Pollowitz, copartners, trading as Klang, Rosen & Co., furs, at 40 West Seventeenth Street, by R. Siegel, creditor for $1,000. Isaac Mandel has appointed Louis F. Dapper receiver in $2,000 bond. Liabilities are said to be $10,000 and assets $5,000.

LENKOWSKY—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Sam Lenkowsky and Meyer Lenkowsky, co-partners, trading as Kleinman & Lenkowsky, fur dealers, at 51 East Eighth Street, by H. Stein, creditor for $1,000. It is stated that the liabilities are about $20,000 and the assets about $5,000.

BENJAMIN MARGULIES—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Benjamin Margulies, dealer in dry goods, at 138 Eldridge St., by these creditors: L. Raff, $500; L. Kross, $628 and F. Nolder, $300.

G. & F. RESTAURANT CO., INC.—Judge Hand has appointed Elmar Chrystie receiver in $1,000 bond, in place of John L. Lytle, with orders to continue the business for ten days.

LAFAYETTE FASHION SHOP.—Judge Hand has appointed Clarence M. Lewis receiver for Charles Katz, trading as Lafayette Fashion Shop, retail women's wear, at 2,200 Third Avenue, in $1,000 bond. It is stated that the liabilities are about $12,000 and the assets about $2,000.

PORTA-BILT CO., INC.—Judge Hand has appointed Arthur Y. Dalziel receiver for Porta-Bilt Co., Inc., building garages, at 5 Columbus Circle, in $1,000 bond.

ABRAHAM BERNSTEIN and HARRY BERNSTEIN, furs, at 61 East Ninth Street, have made an assignment to Simon Rubinton.

BEAD-AR-ART CORPORATION, manufacturer of beaded articles, at 5 Columbus Circle, has made an assignment to Arthur Pollaseck.

GLASS FOUNDERS CORPORATION.—Judge Hand has appointed Paul D. Kerman receiver for Glass Founders Corporation, in $250 bond, in an equity suit for $48,700, claim for money loaned, brought by William Maxwell and Francis T. Maxwell, as executors of the estate of Robert Maxwell, deceased. Glass Founders Corporation has a plant in Hilltown, N. Y., and offices in New York City. It is stated that the company owes other unsecured debts aggregating upward of $40,000, and that it has assets of about $103,856.

JUDGMENTS

Filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Arnsow, Hyman—L. Gunsyphine.....$160.15
Bentley Motors Co.—Wm. Y. Stuart.....
change Bank of Parkersburg, Iowa..447.94
Alfred J. Huggins Automobile Co., Inc.—
C. & T. Motor Car Corp.....540.40
Abramson, Joseph—Brills Mfg. Co., Inc.200.62
American Union Line, Inc.—Worthington
Pump and Machinery Corp.....622.15
Brenner, Jacob, receiver—I. Silver.....150.00
Bittner, Sam—S. Bilcher.....141.91
Bonwit Teller & Co.—Marie Antoinette
Hotel Co., Inc.....182.90
Blackman Storage and Trucking Co.—
Graton-Bernstein Sales Corp.....226.02
Bickel, Joseph L. & A. Motors Co., Inc.247.68
Bennett, Edwin B.—J. V. Campbell.....4,969.25
Caughy & Co., Inc.—D. C. Reid.....7,205.53
Chasan, Harry—A. Friedman et al.....261.20
Castrogiosi, Bernardo and Catherine—
G. Biagio.....629.17
Cadet, Max, Jr.—M. Freidus.....194.76
Cleveland & Akron Bag Co.—M. Potash
et al.....12,464.90
Dare Lumber Co.—Link Belt Co.....4,131.74
Demountable Non-Chatter Band Co.—
Chas. De Cou.....208.78
Delmore, Alf. or Alfred—J. Galloway.....526.24
Erlich, Otto K.—P. L. Greiner & Son
Inc.....1,147.88
Fuller Motor Co. (Furleaux Express)—
M. Mosessohn et al.....206.15
Friedman, Joseph—I. Rosenbein.....328.75
Friedman, Rose—K. Kramer.....472.00
Gerhaus & Co., Inc.—Husser, Trimm &
Co.....731.40
Gevers Construction Co., Inc.—Bauer &
Thanik Corporation.....466.80
Greenwald, Hyman—Fair Price Poultry
Co., Inc.....183.32
Hamilton Metal Wrapper Corp.....1,480.05
Hackel, Barney—S. Cohen.....307.90
Hotchkiss, Samuel J. & G. Lippman.....410.00
Hamp—E. F. Dougherty et al.....337.40
Hamp—A. H. Covert et al.....838.32
Hamp—H. Eisler—J. Lichorish.....618.70
Ingraham, Elroy M. (Economy Silk
Mills)—Lonsdale Mercantile Co., Inc.....533.06
Kahn, Irving—I. D. Bookstaver.....276.57
Kavolsky, Benjamin—B. Castellano.....367.32
Kaplan, Morris—Cohen Corporation.....101.61
Kalman, Samuel—Wm. B. Kiss Co.....196.67
Lanto Vincenso—J. Lachinsky et al.....372.65
Le Blanc, Alexis—S. Kats.....247.30
Lyons, Edward—F. Reitano.....112.36
Lawrence, Morris M.—F. M. Gordon..1,692.85
M. & G. Mfg. Co.—A. Silberfeld.....485.40
Markel, Julius—G. G. Weston.....120.41
Minden, Marcy F.—N. Rosenbaum....2,540.94
Mason, Morris and Jacob—L. Fishman..237.75
Montgomery, Austin H., and William
W. Young—J. W. Ford et al.....404.45
Mason, Morris—L. Fishman et al.....
Nordone, Frank—E. S. Ireland et al.....106.55
Otrobhen Steamship Corp.—Western
Union Telegraph Co.....1,255.15
Pittsburgher Products Corp.—Cent. Co. and
Max M. Hart—Municipal Trading Co.,
Inc.....427.91
Regan, Peter—D. H. Jackson, costs.....134.40
Shkolen, Louis and Harris—Same, costs.....106.85
Shkolen, Esther—Same, costs.....106.60
Seidman, Max—M. Betsh et al.....972.10
Schreiber, Morris—T. Wiskowitts.....530.10
Schiff, Walter I.—E. Klobert.....1,696.73
Tuller, Nisse—M. Goldberg et al.....342.65
Tansky, Sam, and Charles Sendey—S.
W. Barash.....120.68
Travelers' Co.—Elwood-Myers Co.....228.18
Un-X L D Products Corp.—Auth Elec-
trical Specialty Co.....608.31
Universal Appraisal Co., Inc.—G. Lawrence.....184.50
Valse Corp.—L. Vogel.....116.02
Wendell, Joseph—J. L. Cooper.....1,071.30
Wormser, Marshall, Morris et al.—Montgomery and William W. Young—J. W.
Ford et al.....209.22

In Bronx County.

Kavolsky, Benjamin—B. Castellano...$367.32
Miller, Frank W.—H. J. O'Neill.....120.22
S. Mayer, Inc.—R. Marrone et al.....176.41

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor and date when judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Schissel, Morris—R. Kahlenberg, June 5, 1918.....$500.00
Sturm, Hans—W. Schroeder, Oct. 15, 1919.....843.98
Finch, Louise A., receiver—S. E. Furnald, Jan. 27, 1919, released.....1,514.68
Burchard, Anson W.—G. I. Skinner, Jan. 16, 1918.....10,013.62
Cumming, Frederick H.—Same, Jan. 16, 1918.....1,013.62
Commodore Launch Co., Inc.—E. Cohen, April 22, 1920.....460.30
Kahn, Hans, Inc.—Davis & Sullivan Co., March 23, 1920.....518.92
Mieruteisen, George and Spyros—Smith Co., Ltd., June 28, 1910.....4,868.59
Hudson & Manhattan R. R. Co.—I. Lang, June 26, 1915, reversed.....534.72
Fox, Victor—Nat Lewis, Inc., July 2, 1919.....103.75
Ford, Robert A.—Independent Electrical Supply Co., Inc., May 15, 1920.....288.51
Stephany, William—H. Juburg et al., Feb. 20, 1920.....116.40

In Bronx County.

Gianone, Raffaele—A. Sarno, March 21, 1918, vacated.....$34.47

BUYERS' WANTS.

Thirteen cents per word each insertion.

APRONS, House Dresses and Petticoats Wanted—Will buy quantity lots for spot cash at special prices; no regular values will be considered; send samples and quotations today; no interviews granted. Revue de Modes, 132 Madison Av.

ARTIFICIAL SILK Wanted—Quantities. Murray Hill 2980.

BARONETTE SATINS Wanted—Fantasi, Kumsi-Kumsa, in all colors; spot cash. Call with samples, Store, 34 East 20th. Madison Square 2675.

BOLIVIA Wanted—Stevens's silver tip, 6/40, color 945. Rapoport & Gottlieb, 108 Madison Av.

BOLIVIA Wanted—Brown and pekin, Dolland's 8/36, spot cash. I. Punt, 142 West 26th St.

BROADCLOTH, Silvertone Velours, Suedine and Tricotine Wanted—112, 15062, 344, 11059, 12068, 6086, all shades. Aronow Bros., 45 West 27th. Watkins 4089.

BROADCLOTHS Wanted — American 112 black, peau de cygnes for cash. Myer Gans Co., 151 West 26th.

BROADCLOTH, Burgundy Wanted—Spring 2068.

CHARMEUSE Wanted—In all qualities; also 2332, quantity; spot cash. Call with samples, Store, 34 East 20th. Madison Square 2673.

CHARMEUSE Wanted—Also satin satin crepe, peau de cygnes. Schloss Bauer & Appleton, 468 4th Av., Madison Square 969.

CHARMEUSE Wanted—Black, navy, taupe and brown; Empire 1030, or similar. Madison Square 6540, Ext. 14.

CHARMEUSE Wanted—Susquehanna. Splendora, navy and black. Harry Bidlinger, 20 West 27th.

CHARMEUSE AND SATIN Wanted at reasonable price. 409 West 26th, 1st floor.

CHARMEUSE Wanted—Preston's navy and black. Simpson, 3 West 32d.

CHARMEUSE, TRICOTINES Wanted. 116 West 27th St., 2d floor.

CHECKS Wanted—Open for large quantity of Jullifard's 5000, at a price. Spring 5650.

CHINCHILLA, white and corduroy, wanted. Julius L. Goldstein, 155 West 25th. 3956.

CLOTH, Denim, Wanted—Open to buy for cash large quantities black and navy Denim or poplar cloth, any width. Chelsea 7905.

COATS Wanted—Large jobber placing orders on better coats and wraps, ladies' misses' and juniors. 14 East 27th (8th floor).

COATS Wanted—Large jobber placing order on ladies', misses' and junior coats of the better kind. 14 East 27th, 9th floor.

COATS Wanted—Jobber will look at samples of Fall coats and wraps all week. Hosing & Cohen, Inc., 1,353 Broadway, 9th floor.

COATS Wanted—Children's; jobber looking at samples of all grades. Call after 1 P. M., 20 West 27th, fourth floor.

COATS Wanted—Exclusive coat jobber placing stock orders on cloth coats. 45 West 25th, 3d floor.

COATS Wanted—Exclusive jobber looking at coats, better grade, all week. 4th floor, 12 West 27th.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted—Jobber placing orders on snappy styles, 5th floor, 45 West 27th.

COATS, SUITS Wanted — Placing orders, mornings only. M. B. Kaufman, 3 W. 35d.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted for Fall; better grades. Rosenfarben, 144 West 27th.

COATS, SUITS, Jobs Wanted—Silk and wool; dresses, skirts. H 63 Times.

COATS, Suits Wanted — Jobber placing orders. 7th floor, 35 West 31st.

COATS Wanted—Looking at Fall coats. 10th floor, 3 West 30th.

COATS and Suits Wanted—Mornings only. 10 West 20th St., 1st floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted. 11 West 32d, 5th floor.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—Grey drill, grey sheeting, colored drills, ginghams, Palmer & Co., 5 Thomas st., whipcord, voile, bleached sheetings; pay cash. E 362 Times.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—Quantities unbleached and finished sheeting, print cloth in seconds and shorts. S 634 Times Downtown.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—Devonshire or similar cloth, plain shades only. B. W. Co., 73 5th Av., Stuyvesant 5436.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—All kinds for children's dresses, Wednesday only. Rosenau Bros., Inc., 1182 Broadway.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—Dark grounds, printed voiles; must be cheap. Hub Waist Co., 131 Spring St.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—Will buy 32c spot each 3 and 4-thread crepe de chine in any quantity. Call with samples, Store, 34 East 29th. Madison Square 4641.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—Open for quantities 4-thread crepe de chine; must be cheap for cash. Leading Shirt Waist Co., 119 West 25th. Watkins 894.

CREPE DE CHINES Wanted—In flesh, for cash. Freydberg, 85 5th Av.

DRESSES Wanted — Large jobber buying new smart Fall models of tricotine serge, satin and Georgette dresses; show samples all week. 29 West 32d St., 11th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on satin, taffetas, Georgettes for Fall. Call with samples. 6th floor, 34 West 32d St. See Mr. Saltinger.

DRESSES Wanted—Contractors' high grade tricotine and charmeuse; call all week with samples between 9 and 11. 116 West 29th St., 9th floor.

DRESSES AND SKIRTS Wanted—Placing orders on Fall dresses and skirts; samples seen between 9-1. Brown Cloak and Suit Co., 43 West 33d.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber ready to work with reliable contractors on Fall dresses. Call with samples. Mr. Morris, Vim Dress House, 15 West 37th.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber open for smart and snappy Fall models of tricotine and serge; show samples all week. 32 West 27th (3d floor).

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing large orders on satins and serges for the Fall; call with samples. Lyceum Dress Co., Inc., 30 East 26th St.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at better grade of charmeuse and tricolette; ready to place stock orders. Henry Simonoff & Sons., 40 West 29th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking on new Fall numbers; tricotines, serges, satins; orders placed on new models only. 147 West 35th, 9th floor.

DRESSES—Wanted — Better made printed voiles, organdies and sport dresses to close out at a sacrifice. Berman Cloak Co., 1,193 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted — Suits, Winter coats, waists, skirts, silk underwear; better trade jobs; cash. National, 15 Lispenard. Canal 1447.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on silk and cloth; better kind; your material. Call before 12, 17th floor, 141 West 36th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on ladies' and misses' satin and silk dresses. Call all week, 116 West 27th, 11th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at silk and cloth dresses, regular and stouts. Tenth floor, 12 West 31st.

DRESSES Wanted—Looking at Fall lines in satin, tricotines, voiles, &c., afternoons only. 48 West 24th, 10th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Fall silk and cloth dresses; call all week. Room 611, 20 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Fall dresses. Call afternoons, fifth floor, 29 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobs of silk, cotton and georgette dresses for cash. Chelsea 7858, 3d floor, 153 West 37th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Fall dresses in all materials. 32 West 32d St. (10th floor).

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on satin and tricotine dresses for Fall. 15 West 30th St., 2d floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at high grade silks and charmeuses. Lapides, 39 West 32d, 10th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing stock orders on satin dresses; call with samples. 40 West 27th, 10th floor.

DRESSES Wanted — Flowered georgette serge, satin, tricotine; stout. S. Rudowitz, 129 West 29th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at Fall samples, silks and cloths. Room 903, 1,182 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted—Looking at Fall models charmeuse and tricotine. 109 West 38th, 1st floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Fall satin dresses. 1,140 Broadway, 3d floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing orders on serges, tricotines, satins. 39 West 32d, 16th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Open for quantity georgette for cash. 9 West 31st, 1st floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Satin and voile; low price only. H. Levine, Breslin Hotel.

GEORGETTE Wanted—Plain and printed, for spot cash; call with samples. Store, 34 East 29th. Madison Square 2673.

GEORGETTE Wanted—900 pieces 2x2; good construction; white and flesh, $1.40, 1,182 Broadway, Room 1207.

GEORGETTE Wanted—Open for big quantity of printed georgettes. Zuck & Gordon, 48 West 33d St.

GOLDTONES and Tinseltones Wanted. Nat. C. Hirshfield, 1,180 Broadway.

JERSEY Wanted — Lightweight preferred; open for quantity at price. Chelsea 7856.

KHAKIS, Palm Beach Cloths, Drills, Silks Wanted—Job lots or future delivery. Call with samples, A. M. Murphy, 152 Broadway.

KERSEY Wanted—502 American black only. Natkin & Laitin, 12 East 12th. Stuyvesant 619.

KERSEYS Wanted—American 15020, all colors, cash. Watkins 2648.

LAMBTEX—Pony skin and Furnoffs Wanted. Madison Square 2706.

PANAMA Wanted—100 pieces, blue only; 50 pieces Lawrence 18/36, and 50 pieces Whitman's 228. Apply to Mr. Friedman of Hotel Woodstock, Room 820, between 9 and 10.

PEACHBLOOM Wanted—Navy or F. & H. navy yelding. Watkins 9285.

PEAU DE CYGNES Wanted—Navy and Belgian, for cash. Mr. H. Levine, Breslin Hotel.

PLUSHES Wanted — Peco, Behring, Baldin seal and B-5, black, quality, lowest price. Regal Garment, 1,210 Broadway. Phone Madison Square 7049.

PLUSHES AND SERGES Wanted—Peco's H. H. lapinee, Behring, karami, 7120, 7805, 9385, 9315; velour cloth. Stuyvesant 9630.

PLUSHES Wanted—Will exchange sealvia, minimi 4014 for animals on coat backs. Chelsea 9920.

PLUSH Wanted—Peco, can use quantity at a price. Hiller Bros. & Hiller, 13 West 27th.

PLUSH Wanted—We are in the market for cotton plush. S. Levine, 50 East 10th.

PLUSHES Wanted—Peco; large quantity. Gelfond, 141 West 28th.

PLUSH Wanted—Guaranteed Spalette. Madison Square 2708.

POIRET TWILL Wanted—In navy, good quality and price. E. & Lawrence, Newport Costume, 105 Madison Av.

POIRET TWILL Wanted—Canton silks, tussah, sees and Jap lining. M. Kirschner & Sons, 14 East 26th.

PONGEES Wanted—12 momme, natural; cash. Madison Square 4640, Ext. 14.

PONGEES Wanted—12, 14, 16, momme in bond. Stuyvesant 6706.

POPLIN Wanted—All wool at reasonable price, for cash. Phone Mr. Rutens, Greeley 614.

POPLINS Wanted—American, 30610 or 9325, navy and black; cash. Watkins 2676.

RADIUMS Wanted—40-inch. Madison Square 2708.

SATINS Wanted—Good quality, cheap. 34 East 32d, 5th floor. Madison Square 9038.

SATIN DE CHINE Wanted—Good quality, cheap. Gordon V. Lyons, 121 West 20th.

SATINS Wanted Quantity. M. Kirschner & Sons, 14 East 26th.

SATIN Wanted—White, for cash. Freydberg, 85 5th Av.

SATINS Wanted—In all colors, 24 and 40 inches, for spot cash; call with samples. Store, 34 East 29th. Madison Square 4641.

SATINS Wanted—Open to buy for cash quantity of messaline and peau de cygne. Call Kreeger Bros., 373 4th Av.

SATIN Wanted—Cotton back in pink, blue, old rose and lavender, for cash. Freydberg, 85 5th Av.

SATIN Wanted—Skinners quality 107, white and colors. 1. B. Kleinert Rubber Co. Ask Mr. Gorman.

SATINS Wanted—Snuquehanna, Splendora, navy and black. Harry Bidlinger, 20 West 27th.

SERGES AND TRICOTINES Wanted—9, 11, 2699, 519, 809, WFX, 54296, 2304, 5615, 907, 9686, 6841, and all other popular numbers. Field & Sea, 30 East 20th. Stuyvesant 6785.

SERGES Wanted—296, 7120, 6130, 7301, 7614, 54289, 4061, 104, 9, 99, 6936, 235, 838, SBGL, VSL, PPL; also tricotines in all makes. Markus Bros., 44 East 21st. Stuyvesant 9853-6853.

SERGES Wanted—About 2,000 yards 11 to 12 ounce O. D. serge; submit samples by mail to Frank Rubber Co., 4 South 6th St., Philadelphia.

SERGES, TRICOTINES Wanted—9686, 235, 104, 9, 519, 112, 110, 2009, 6838, 907, 9541, 6706. Majestic Textile Mills. Gramercy 3402.

SERGES Wanted—Open for a quantity of 7130, 54289, 7612, 104, 7301, 7614, to be spot cash. Jos. F. Cohen, 79 5th Av. Stuyvesant 9410.

SERGES Wanted—Open for large quantities of serges and tricotines for cash. David Batterson, 112 East 19th. Stuyvesant 5290.

SERGES Wanted—Open for Amoskeag 4002, blue, at a price. Dainty Maid Manufacturing, 36 West 17th.

SERGES Wanted—Open for quantities of 6, 104, 7120, 7301, VSL, PPL, BPNL, 228, WLP, Watkins 9008.

SERGES Wanted—67 all wool navy, short cuts at a price; also bright red. Bieber, 37 Greene St.

SERGES Wanted—Black 6086, or similar, in exchange for our navy, or will buy. Watkins 6184.

SERGES Wanted—WFX, 54289; also tricotines; at a price. Linde & Rubin, 129 West 27th St.

SERGES Wanted—Navy, Simpson's 4258 or similar, heavyweight, all cotton. Chelsea 10077.

SERGES Wanted—11433, 54289, 7130, also other serges. Kolker, Madison Square 9097.

SERGES and Tricotines Wanted—All makes, also silvertones, 19080. Madison Square 6516.

SERGES Wanted—Whitman 9 or similar quality, Rothblum-Goldberg, 33 West 26th.

SERGES and TRICOTINES Wanted—7130, 119 West 25th. Watkins 894.

SERGES Wanted—100 pieces 11433; spot cash. Marion Dress Co., 9 West 33d St.

SERGES Wanted—Black, navy, 67, 6936, 235, 7130, 7301, Horowitz. Stuyvesant 2185.

SERGES Wanted—American Woolen 964B, blue; any quantity. Madison Square 6705.

SERGES Wanted—7130, black and navy; quantity for cash. Watkins 2843.

SERGES Wanted—70 or similar, in brown. 13 West 28th St., 9th floor.

SERGES Wanted—104 11483, tricotine 907, 9708, 2990, S. Z. Stein. Chelsea 3824.

SERGES Wanted—7301, SBGL, 7130, 104, 54289, 9056, 9. Madison Square 1040.

SERGES Wanted—Black 9, 99, 6936, 234. Madison Square 8815.

SERGES Wanted—104, 9, 54289; will pay spot cash. Stuyvesant 5539.

SERGE Wanted—For cash. Lipshits & Fiedelbaum, 32 West 32d.

SERGES Wanted—119, 7614, 94 MFL, navy; cash. Spring 5897.

SERGES Wanted—Quantity of Garfield's 519, or similar cloth. Phone Greeley 162.

SERGES Wanted—Spot cash for 7120 and U S 907 or similar. Watkins 7090.

SERGES Wanted—2004, 119, 7614, 104, 9, 11438; also tricotines. Chelsea 6338.

SERGES Wanted—104, 519, 9, 5782, 6907, 6938. Madison Square 843.

SERGES Wanted — Whitman 2272; large quantity. Gramercy 4476-6.

SERGES Wanted—Under 150 ounce Ninghai in bond or stock. Stuyvesant 6706.

SHIRTINGS Wanted—What have you got to close out in silk shirtings? We are open for any quantity. Rainbow Shirt Corp., 189 Greene St. Phone Spring 6625.

SHIRTINGS Wanted—Will buy for spot cash any quantity silk shirtings. Call with samples, Store, 34 East 29th. Madison Square 4641.

SILKS Wanted—Open for large quantity of wash suitings. Hamilton Textile Corp., 112 East 23d St.

SILK Wanted—For spot cash, 4-thread crepe de chine. Call with samples, store, 34 East 29th.

SILK Wanted—Artificial silk; quantities. Vanderbilt 1086.

SILKS Wanted—Satins, messalines, peau de cygnes, wash satins, printed georgettes, plain georgette, pongee, crepe de chine, 5, 4, 3 thread; also any kind of silk shirtings; no lot too small or too large; we are noted for paying the highest cash prices. Call with sample piece, N. Y. Silk Exchange, 537 4th Av. Madison Square 1804.

SILK Wanted—Will buy for cash 360 and 150 denier English or American A quality artificial silk at a low price. E. G., 807 Times Downtown.

SILKS Wanted—For spot cash, 12 momme pongee, large or small quantities. Call with samples, Store, 34 East 29th. Madison Square 2673.

SILKS Wanted—Printed Jap silk, 7 momme; also 5 momme, 3 thread crepe de chine in quality for cash. Gershowitz, 15 Eldridge. Orchard 4811.

SILKS Wanted—Open for quantity of fancy silks suitable for linings, at a price. Mr. Kurash, Madison Square 7145.

SILKS, Jap, Wanted—Suitable for dress linings, 6 and 12 momme, at a price. 44 East 32d, 5th floor, Madison Square 2698.

SILK Wanted—Jap, 4 or 4½ momie, white or black; any quantity; cash. 1,170 Broadway, Room 906. Madison Square 5330.

SILKS Wanted—Crepe de Chine in light colors and crepe meteor; send with sample pieces, 18 West 27th, 3d floor.

SILKS Wanted—Tricolette, in all colors and qualities, for spot cash. Call with samples, store, 34 East 29th.

SILKS Wanted—Open to buy 100 pieces 3-thread white crepe de chine. Madison Textile Corp., 112 East 23d.

SILK, Jap, Wanted—4 momme for cash, small or large quantities. Louis A. Silk Co., 142 5th Av.

SILKS Wanted—12 momme and ninghi, 120-130 ounce, quantity, at a price. Madison Square 2619.

SILKS Wanted—Jerseys and taffeta, quantity for cash. M. Reiss & Son, 1,163 Broadway.

SILKS Wanted—Jap, Kaga, 5 MM., 50-100 pieces, pongee 12, 14, 16 MM. Stuyvesant 2704.

SILK Wanted—Seco, Burton Bros. economy silk; all colors; cash. Madison Square 8674.

SILKS, Jap, Wanted—Printed; quantities no object. Zimbler & Tannet, 220 5th Av.

SILKS Wanted—Duplan charmeuse 2522 or similar. Belmar Dress, 35 West 38th.

SILKS Wanted—Taffetas, light shades only. Post Skirt Co., 47 East 20th St.

SILKS Wanted—Open for quantities. 7th floor, 23 West 31st.

SILVERTONES Wanted—Open for quantity of all wool and cotton warp in all shades at a price. Jos. F. Cohen, 79 5th Av. Stuyvesant 3410.

SILVERTONES Wanted—All colors; also light weight velours. Niedelman & Hoffman, 49 West 25th St.

SILVERTONES and VELOURS Wanted—Large quantities, all shades. I. & M. Phillips, 6 West 33d.

SILVERTONES Wanted—Oxblood, burgundy and other shades; American 6082, cash. Chelsea 5072.

SILVERTONES Wanted—19436, brown tricolette, navy; quantity; cheap. Chelsea 4567.

SILVERTONES Wanted—Stevens or similar; all shades. Beverly Waist Co., 1,184 Broadway, 4th floor.

SILVERTONE Wanted—American 15050, open, brown, reindeer. Phone Chelsea 7856.

SILVERTONES Wanted—15035; also broadcloth 112 and plushes. Spring 4389.

SUEDINE Wanted — American 13058, all shades; spot cash. Stuyvesant 4572.

SUITS Wanted—Exclusive jobber looking at suits, better grade, all week. 4th floor, 12 West 27th.

SUITS Wanted—Jobber looking at popular priced snappy Fall models. 11 East 31st, 2d floor.

SUITS Wanted—200 suits for July sales in stock. Hirschhorn Bros., 12 West 27th.

SUITS Wanted—Jobber open for medium priced Fall suits. 3d floor, 29 West 35th.

SUITS Wanted—Snappy styles only of the better grade. Swede Co., 38 West 32d St.

SUITS Wanted—Jobber placing stock orders on Fall suits. Goldstein, 575 5th Av.

SUITS Wanted—Jobber open for good suits. 1 East 28th St., 1st floor.

SUSQUEHANNA POPLIN 111 Wanted—Open for 50 pieces navy and black; must be cheap; spot cash. Phone Greeley 6616.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Black and navy, in all qualities; spot cash. Call with samples, store, 34 East 29th. Madison Square 2673.

TAFFETA Wanted—Changeable and plain; also Peau De Cygnes at a price. E 2108 Times Annex.

Tricolette Wanted—Black. J. Duhs, 127 West 25th St.

TINSELTONES Wanted—Holden & Leonard all shades; open for large quantity. Aetna Garment, 10 East 33d.

TINSELTONE Wanted — Holden Leonard brown; any quantity. Sol. Cohen. Madison Square 7258.

TRICOLETTES Wanted—Pay cash for the remnants or damaged goods. Harlem 6054.

TRICOTINES Wanted—44 4 price, navy, black, all qualities; also Poiret twills; serge 104, 9, 11438, 7120; manufacturer. Vanderbilt 4684-1380.

TRICOTINES AND SERGES Wanted—Garfield 4718, black and navy, shade 2068, Lorraine 3080, serge 519. C. H. D. Robbins Co., 150 Madison Av.

TRICOTINES AND SERGES Wanted—11433, 2332, 54289, 104, 7120, 7612, 0385, 09077, 4718, 5782, H. Pantach, 49 East 20th. Stuyvesant 3070.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Andrews 5782; open to buy 50 pieces for cash. J. Klotz & Bperain, 36 West 22d St. Gramercy 1516.

TRICOTINES Wanted—7161 or similar; any quantity if price is right. 44 East 32d, 9th floor. Madison Square 3088.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Can use quantity Somerset 09077 and 5782; Andrews 5782. Rabinowitz, 38 West 32d.

TRICOTINE Wanted—All kinds, open for a quantity at a price. Jos. F. Cohen, 79 5th Av. Stuyvesant 9410.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Navy, all makes, at a price. Stern Miller Co., 22 West 32d. Madison Square 8572.

TRICOTINE Wanted — Navy, American or similar; also Stevens 4314 velotfe. Harry J. Schiffer, 10 East 33d.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Will buy U. S. 907 or similar tricotine at a price. Hirschhorn Bros., 12 West 27th.

TRICOTINE Wanted—All makes, 11058, Falcana; cash. H. Cohen Co., 1,123

Millinery Gossip

MR. JOBBER—

Yesterday we called attention to the group of lines to be seen intelligently displayed from Broadway thru to Crosby Street in our up-to-date Show Rooms. Models from uptown Pattern Hat Houses and the very smartest novelties and blocks in Hand Blocked Hats are prominently displayed.

From Blodgett of Detroit we show Silk and Velveta combined in a new Pattern—and "Babe Ruth" was generally accepted yesterday from this firm.

But, friend, one of our most important items this Fall is the Children's Hat lines, made South, National Straw Hat Works of Atlanta.

Needless to mention (as usual) "Sterling" are under market prices and over the usual mark as to Novelty in Copper, Gold and Silver designs.

Listen, brother: we are nothing if not up to the minute. We will tomorrow have installed a ticker to give San Francisco nomination returns. Make our office your home for service as well as merchandise.

Ike Stern

309 Broadway. Thru to Crosby.

WHOLESALE ONLY

ANDERSON

Imported and Domestic

GINGHAM

Imported

ORGANDIE and VOILE

Dresses

On the racks for

IMMEDIATE DELIVERY

S. Blate & Sons

37-43 WEST 26TH ST

New York City.

WHOLESALE ONLY

WE DON'T CARE

a hang about your politics, but we do care about your trade.

WE'RE GOING TO GET IT too, and what's more, WE'RE GOING TO KEEP IT by our ironclad standard of

HIGH IN QUALITY but no HIGHER IN PRICE

WATCH US DO IT!

Benger-Nathan

Incorporated.

THE HOUSE EXCEPTIONAL FOR COTTON FABRICS OF MERIT

611-21 Broadway, New York.

Wholesale Only

DRESSES

Navy Taffetas

Satins

Right Off The Racks

at very Attractive Prices

To Close Out—Desirable JOBS at sensationally low prices. Fashionable materials.

GINSBERG BROS.

6-8 West 32nd St.

Wholesale Only

Imported & Domestic

GINGHAMS ORGANDIES AND VOILE

DRESSES

Regular and Extra Sizes on the Racks for Immediate Delivery

Glockner Dress Co.

40-42-44 West 27 St.

Wholesale Only.

Wash Dresses

FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY

NEW MODELS

NEW MATERIALS

NEW STYLES

Remarkable Values at Bargain Prices

M. WEISMAN & SONS

34-36 West 32d Street, N. Y.

Wholesale Only.

HOLSTEN YOUNG AND COMPANY

WOMEN'S MOTOR COATS

Waterproof & Rubberized Tweed Coats

LINEN AND SILK AUTO DUSTERS

34-36-38 WEST 37TH ST.

Wholesale Only.

WOULD RUN ROADS AS A SINGLE SYSTEM

'Ghastly Transportation Tangle' Calls for Such a Remedy, Colver Tells Ad Club.

SEES MENACE IN COAL TIEUP

Plenty of Cars Sidetracked, He Says in Washington Address—Condemns Taxing Industry.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—The railroad situation in the United States has become involved in a ghastly transportation tangle, in the opinion of William B. Colver of the Federal Trade Commission, who, in an address before the Washington Ad Club at its fortnightly luncheon today, suggested the operation of the country's railroads as a unit as a means of relieving present transportation difficulties.

"Here we are at the end of June," Mr. Colver said, "and one-fifth of the season of lake navigation is gone. One-tenth of the needed coal for next winter's supply has been moved to the head of the lakes. This, unless remedied, means untold suffering and industrial shutdown in the Northwest next winter. The industries of New England are actually closing down, in midsummer, for lack of coal.

"The number of open-top cars delivered at the coal mines is now and always has been the absolute measure of the possible production of the mines. And in this month of June, the most favorable, from a weather standpoint, both as to production and transportation, the coal mines by and large were allotted about 15 per cent. of the cars which they needed. The coal miners nominally receiving a wage so high as to seem unheard of and being able to work only one day a week, see their families going hungry. A scale of wages per hour does not mean much unless we know how many hours are to be worked or how many days.

"Margin per ton to the producer or distributer may mean profiteering or it may mean an actual loss, depending entirely upon volume of business.

Plenty of Cars Available.

"Since 1916 you have heard a continual clamor about car shortage, and that is taken to mean that there are not enough cars an that the poor, starved railroads ought to have more cars. The fact is that if the available open-top cars, after liberal allowance to other industry, requiring such cars had been made, were loaded with coal and moved at canalboat speed, being allowed twenty days for a round trip, and being allowed shop time for repairs in excess of the requirements of experience, there are enough cars now on the tracks to move all the coal that this country could possibly use and have a surplus requirement which would take care of over 50,000,000 additional tons, or nearly a 10 per cent. overload factor of safety.

"Within a few days we will begin to harvest a new crop of wheat, and 20 per cent. of their last year's crop is still in the hands of Kansas farmers, because they have not been able to get cars to move that wheat. Other sections of the country are similarly situated. The farmers have borrowed money on this 1919 wheat. The bankers cannot finance the 1920 crop until the loans on the 1919 crop are paid. Those loans cannot be paid unless the grain can get to market. And yet we hear predictions of $25 flour and 25 cent bread.

"So far as I know, there is just one thing upon which both the believers in private ownership of railroads and the believers in Government ownership of railroads fully and absolutely agree: It is that maximum efficiency can only be had from the railroads of the country if these railroads are one operating unit.

"So long as the railroads are operated separately with separate ownership of motive power and rolling stock, no railroad, not even the richest one, can operate profitably and with reasonable rates if it has to supply itself with a motive power and rolling stock equipment capable of taking care of its peak load.

Condemns Separate Operation.

"The rolling stock, and more especially the motive power equipment, under separate operation is divided up into watertight compartments. If the Government is to supply the credit for a great increase in the number of locomotives and cars, and if the millions and millions of dollars which have been set aside for that purpose are employed by treating the railroads as separate operating entities, in the end no road will have or can afford to have a complete and adequate equipment, and we will only have put out of the public purse a little more in each watertight compartment, with a very fair chance of having accomplished nothing more than an addition to seasonal and regional congestion.

"If the ghastly transportation tangle were cleared up, advertising would still have in its path an obstacle which it must surmount or, better still, remove, before it can reach a 100 per cent. delivery of results—which is its end and aim. It would have to meet and overcome an unreasonable, unhealthy and indecent price structure before it could return full results to the advertiser. So, then, advertising and advertising men should be, and must be, interested in the subject of taxation.

"We have had a perfectly good war and now we must arrange to pay thirty or forty billions of dollars for it. If the burden of paying that debt is laid upon business, and if we are to continue to tax industry, effort, energy and production, then those taxes, and all of them, are going to be reflected back into sales prices which the consumer must pay before advertising can deliver results. If, on the other hand, we should choose to tax idleness and inaction and failure to produce, we should cease to penalize productive effort and to give bonuses to speculation and to disuse. That would be distinctly good for the advertising game.

"I am for public works, but only when we can afford them, and only in a reasonable proportion to the total national expenditure. I would rather see a new factory built in a town than a new post office or new city hall. I would rather see a new silo than a new concrete culvert. I am for good roads, but I would rather see the good road run from a mill to a freight depot than from the Sheriff's office to the cemetery."

LESS FISH IN COLD STORAGE

Decrease of 21,109,517 Pounds, or 43.2%, Shown in Report.

There has been a big slump in the amount of fish in cold storage as compared with a year ago, according to a summary given out here yesterday by H. D. Koop, local representative of the Bureau of Markets, United States Department of Agriculture. The summary shows the holdings of frozen fish amounted to 278,780,840 pounds on June 15 last, as compared with 48,840,358 pounds on June 15, 1919, a decrease of 21,109,517 pounds, or 43.2 per cent.

The holdings of cured herring on June 15 last were 16,574,045 pounds, compared with 20,983,222 pounds on June 15, 1919, a decrease of 6,409,177 pounds, or 31.2 per cent. The holdings of mild cured salmon on June 15 last were 5,809,713 pounds, compared with 5,002,790 pounds on June 15, 1919, an increase of 716,923 pounds, or 14.1 per cent.

$350,000,000 Reverts to Treasury.

The United States Treasury will receive $350,000,000 as a result of the action of the stockholders and Directors of the United States Grain Corporation in voting to reduce its capitalization from $500,000,000 to $150,000,000, it was announced last night. The original capital of $150,000,000 will be returned to the Treasury in full in final liquidation now in process, it was added.

RECEIVER FOR CHEMICAL CO.

Jersey Firm's Liabilities Placed at $180,000, with $750,000 Assets.

Special to The New York Times.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., June 29.—An involuntary petition in bankruptcy was filed today against the Nisaco Chemical Company of Newmarket, who are large manufacturers of cobalt. The three petitioning creditors, Serge L. Shulenberg of Plainfield, Dwight Furness of New York and Dr. Charles I. Richardson of Elizabeth, claim salaries aggregating $4,100. Adrian N. Lyon of Perth Amboy, referee in bankruptcy, named Attorney Robert N. Crane of Plainfield receiver.

The liabilities are given as $180,000 and assets as $750,000. The company states it expects to pay every claim in full.

FUR INTERESTS UNITED.

All Branches of Trade Appear to be in Favor of Fighting Strike.

Although no vote was taken it appeared to be the consensus of opinion of the 4,000 fur manufacturers, dealers in skins, dressers and dyers, who attended the general meeting of the trade in the Masonic Hall, Sixth Avenue and Twenty-fourth Street, yesterday afternoon, that the fur manufacturers would have the hearty support of the entire trade in a "finish fight" with the International Fur Workers' Union, which has paralyzed the fur industry in this city through the strike which began on May 27 last. Ten thousand workers are idle as a result of the strike.

The position of the manufacturers was fully explained to the meeting yesterday by President Fred Kaufman of the association; Adolph Engel, O. G. Becker, Max Thorn, Morris Shamroth, Max Cohen, I. Chalkin and Richard Jaeckel. Settlement of the strike, it was generally agreed, was a matter between the manufacturers and the workers. The three organizations working together in the fight against the union are the Associated Fur Manufacturers, Inc., Mutual Fur Protective Manufacturers and the Fur Division of the National Garment Retailers' Association.

It is understood that the main purpose of yesterday's meeting was to inform all interests just what the situation was in order to placate a number of apparently hostile dealers who have become resentful because the strike left them without an outlet for their heavy stocks. The manufacturers believe that the meeting has resulted in enlisting the hearty support of virtually all branches of the industry.

VISITING TEACHERS SEE CHILD CENTRES

In the Afternoon Conference Holds Meeting at School for Social Work.

CHILDHOOD IDEAS LASTING

Dr. Leonard Blumgart Emphasizes the Importance of Early Impressions.

The National Association of Visiting Teachers, which is holding its annual conference in this city, went to the Morningside Nutrition Centre, the Manhattan Trade School and the Children's Court yesterday morning. In the afternoon it held an open meeting at the School for Social Work, 289 Fourth Avenue.

Mrs. Joseph R. Swan, Chairman of the Education Committee of the Women's City Club, acting as Chairman, Dr. Leonard Blumgart, Psychiatrist of Cornell University Clinic, talked on "The Emotional Life of a Child." He said that early impressions sometimes affected a child, and he instanced the case of a man whose mother had always said to him, "Don't do this" and "Don't do that." The fear of things remained with him into his manhood.

Principal Louis Marks of P. S. 64, Manhattan, spoke on "The Place of the Visiting Teacher in the Elementary Schools."

Andrew W. Edson, Associate Superintendent of Public Schools, who has charge of the visiting teachers in this city, said there were 550 public schools, and there should be 550 visiting teachers. They had at present only six. He hoped to have that number soon increased to twenty-four.

The conference will be closed today by a meeting at the Women's City Club, 22 Park Avenue, at which Miss Sara M. Holbrook of Hartford, Conn., will preside. The subject will be the "Common Problems of Visiting Teachers."

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

AKRON, Ohio—A. Foisky Co.; K. F. Feddersen, gen'l mdse.; 6 W. 32d; McAlpin.
ALLENTOWN, Pa.—Heas Bros.; Miss M. Buts, jewelry, belts; 225 5th Av.; Pennsylvania.
AUSTIN, Texas—T. H. Williams & Co.; T. H. Williams, dry goods; 1,150 B'way.
BALTIMORE—American Wholesale Corp.; M. G. Frazier, muslin underwear; M. M. Kirchenbaum, women's Fall silk dresses; 254 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—Sample Shop; A. Schneiderman, jobs silk, organdie dresses; The Annex.
BALTIMORE—The Hub; D. Katzenberg, fur coats, furs; 120 W. 32d, 13th floor.
BOSTON—Gilchrist Co.; J. B. Hartford, toilet goods; Miss McClusky, wash dresses; Miss E. Keltner, muslin underwear, street dresses, infants' wear; Miss R. Rice, hosiery, knit underwear; Miss Marcus, girls' coats, dresses; A. Cohen, coats, skirts, dresses; Mr. Winchester, waists; 200 5th Av.
BOSTON—Jordan, Marsh Co.; J. T. Donovan, men's hosiery, underwear; E. I. Lahty, laces; W. T. Myer, silk waists, sweaters; J. T. Reed, men's, women's, children's hosiery, knit underwear, basement; 432 4th Av.
BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons; Mr. Hannon, men's furnishings; Mrs. Milliken, infants' wear; Mr. Hunting, women's coats; Mr. Phillips, women's coats and suits and skirts; 225 5th Av.
BOSTON—E. T. Slattery Co.; Mr. Gilbert, mfg. dresses; Mr. Winchester, waists; C. F. Durrant, boys' wash suits, men's Fall suits; 200 5th Av.
BOSTON—R. H. Stearns Co.; W. I. Wood, ribbons; 200 5th Av.
BOSTON—L. Rothstein, jobs, cotton dresses; Room 405, 43 W. 27th.
BOSTON—J. H. Jacobs, jobs cotton dresses; Room 405, 43 W. 27th.
BOSTON—Chandler & Co.; G. F. Johnson, furs; 230 5th Av.
BOSTON—A. Ullian & Co.; A. Ullian, cloak, suit materials; Breslin.
BRIDGEPORT, Conn.—Howland D. G. Co.; J. D. Canfield, men's furnishings, knit underwear, hosiery, handkerchiefs; E. J. Godfrey, misses' cloaks, suits, infants' wear, muslin underwear; 404 4th Av.
BRUNSWICK, Ga.—S. Kaiser & Bro.; L. H. Haym, hosiery, underwear, piece goods; 45 Leonard.
BUFFALO—Wm. Hengerer Co.; Mrs. M. G. Lightner, laces, embroideries; Miss M. H. Hogg, pictures; Miss N. M. Morris, leather goods; 2 W. 37th St.
BUFFALO—J. N. Adam & Co.; Miss B. E. Mayo, trimmed, untrimmed hats, &c.; 2 W. 37th St.
CHICAGO—Hillman's; S. E. Obermeyer, laces, embroideries, bdkfs., notions, trimmings; 277 5th Av.
CHICAGO—The Fair; W. H. Lawrie, silk, cloth, skirts; 225 4th Av.
CHICAGO—Mandel Bros.; Miss E. Carney, misses' dresses; 13 East 22d.
CINCINNATI—McAlpin Co.; J. C. Smith, linens; 23 E. 26th.
CLEVELAND—Ames Co.; D. C. Ross, millinery; 150 W. 32d.
COLUMBUS, Ohio—Union Co.; Mrs. M. M. Kerstetter, dresses, skirts, waists; 116 W. 32d; Pennsylvania.
COLUMBUS, Ohio—F. & R. Lazarus & Co.; Miss N. McClemonds, muslin, silk underwear; 225 5th Av.
DALLAS—I. H. Weil & Co.; I. H. Weil, representing; H. Gursky, jobs, silk dresses, skirts; H. Millets, jobs, hosiery, underwear; P. Berwald, jobs, children's, women's shoes; 1,261 B'way, 10th floor.
DETROIT—Crowley-Milner & Co.; Mrs. E. I. Ward, waists; 120 W. 32d.
DETROIT—A. Krolik & Co.; J. Krolik, representing; 377 Broadway.
ELMIRA, N. Y.—S. F. Iszard Co., Inc.; H. Y. Iszard, cloaks, suits, waists, furs; F. K. Iszard, dress goods; 404 4th Av.; McAlpin.
ESCANABA, Mich.—Oshinsky Bros.; R. Oshinsky, dresses, waists, skirts, ready to wear garments; The Elks Club.
FALL RIVER, Mass.—R. A. McWhirr Co.; R. Reinstein, silks, woolen dress goods; H. R. Mackenzie, wash goods; 404 4th Av.
FORT MORGAN, Col.—Reuler's; G. C. Reuler, jobs, wash dresses, waists; H. R. Hibbs, men's clothing, furnishings; 120 W. 32d.
HARTFORD, Conn.—Brown, Thompson & Co.; G. Reardon, cloaks, suits, waists, furs; 230 5th Av.
HARTFORD, Conn.—Sage, Allen & Co.; Miss H. Sellers, handkerchiefs, laces, embroideries, veils, neckwear, dress trimmings; C. E. Goodsell, toilet goods, drugs; 404 4th Av.
INDIANAPOLIS—H. P. Wasson & Co.; C. W. Miller, men's furnishings; 120 W. 32d.
LITTLE ROCK, Ark.—Pfeifer Bros.; A. Pfeifer, misc. manager; 352 4th Av.
LANCASTER, Pa.—Hage & Bro.; I. U. Groff, wool dress goods, silks; 404 4th Av.
MIDDLETOWN, Conn.—James H. Bunce Co.; C. W. Cramer, ready-to-wear, silks, waists, wash dress goods; 404 4th Av.
NEW HAVEN, Conn.—Shartenberg & Robinson Co.; W. H. Finch, dress goods, leather goods, silks, linings; 404 4th Av.
NEW HAVEN, Conn.—The E. Malley Co.; R. A. Mills, cloaks, suits, furs, waists; 404 4th Av.
NORFOLK, Va.—Whichard Bros. Co., Inc.; H. W. Whichard, piece goods; 256 Church.
NORTH ADAMS, Mass.—Liepshutz Bros.; S. Goldstein, ready-to-wear; 1,161 B'way, Room 505.
OMAHA, Neb.—Burgess-Nash Co.; H. H. Abbott, men's, boys' clothing; 200 5th Av.
PAWTUCKET, R. I.—Shartenberg & Robinson Co.; A. S. Cote, dress goods, silks; 404 4th Av.; Hermitage.
PHILADELPHIA—Stewart's; Miss B. Koenig, dresses; J. Goldberg, jobs, silk, cotton dresses; 120 W. 32d.
PHILADELPHIA—Blaumer's; Miss Phillips, infants', girls' bath robes, buntings; 120 W. 32d.
PHILADELPHIA—J. Wanamaker; A. G. Cressman, muslin underwear; waists, infants' wear; Broadway and 10th; Breslin.
PHILADELPHIA—J. F. Dittman & Co.; J. F. Dittman, cloak, suit materials; 2 W. 33d; Pennsylvania.
PHILADELPHIA—The Fair; L. J. Schulman, jobs dresses; 9 W. 20th, care of Oberinger Co.
PHILADELPHIA—F. J. Rosenau, all kinds of cotton goods; 1,182 B'way.
PHILADELPHIA—Frank & Seder; H. L. Bernbaum, cloaks, suits, skirts; 10 W. 36th.
PHILADELPHIA—M. Norwick & Son; A. Norwick, piece goods; The Annex.
PHILADELPHIA—L. Wiesen & Co.; H. W. Feristein, dress materials; The Annex.
PHILADELPHIA—Erie Waist Co.; H. Kessler, waist materials; 30 W. 32d; The Annex.
PHILADELPHIA—Franklin Sweater Mills; A. I. Lichtenstein, yarns; Breslin.
PITTSBURGH—Lewin-Neiman Co.; B. Neiman, representing; Miss Killen, Miss Robbins, Fall suits; 1,261 B'way, 10th floor.
PITTSBURGH—F. Ginsburg & Co.; F. Ginsburg, hosiery, underwear, sweaters; Breslin.
PITTSBURGH—Frank & Seder; E. Frank, jobs waists, basement; 16 West 36th.
PITTSBURGH—Frank & Seder; I. Seder, cloaks, suits; 16 West 36th.
PITTSBURGH—Frank & Seder; S. Finkelhor, cloaks, suits; 16 West 36th.
PORTLAND, Me.—Eastman Bros. & Bancroft; J. B. Armsbey, silks, woolen dress goods, cotton dress goods; 404 4th Av.
PROVIDENCE—J. Samuels & Bro.; Miss M. F. Tuley, laces, embroideries, neckwear; 120 W. 32d.
ROCHESTER—B. Forman Co.; B. Forman, representing; 225 5th Av.
SALEM, Mass.—W. G. Webber Co.; E. A. Potter, silks, wool dress goods, linings; 404 4th Av.
SAN FRANCISCO—S. L. Lessynsky & Co.; J. Israel, A. N. Neussbaum, suits, dresses; 146 Madison Av.
SAN FRANCISCO—United Hat Co.; H. J. Kossoy, wholesale millinery; Pennsylvania.
SCHENECTADY, N. Y.—H. S. Barney Co.; C. E. Raymond, piece goods; 404 4th Av.
SEATTLE—The Bon Marche; Miss Graves, blouses, petticoats; 225 5th Av.
SIOUX CITY, Iowa—Davidson Bros. Co.; A. Davidson, gloves, women's furn. goods; Miss M. Darmody, representing; Miss K. Ryan, waists, petticoats; 1,261 B'way.
SPRINGFIELD, Mo.—Heer Stores Co.; L. C. Dail, jobs muslin underwear, blouses, silk skirts; 1 East 33d.
ST. LOUIS—Stix, Baer & Fuller D. G. Co.; L. Baer, house dresses, blanket robes, girls' dresses, middies' waists; Miss M. Keating, corsets, brassieres; Miss M. Kearney, Miss H. Coulson, infants' wear; 1,107 Broadway.
SYRACUSE, N. Y.—E. N. Kotz Dept. Store; L. C. Kotz, coats, dresses, skirts; McAlpin.
WOONSOCKET, R. I.—Harris & Mowry Co.; M. J. Cossette, silks, dress goods, linings, white goods, bargain basement; 404 4th Av.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

A good manufacturing or sales proposition of meritorious article is sought by young men who have $5,000-$10,000 to invest. Phone Bryant 6153, or write details. E 247 Times.

$50,000 to invest in amounts of $5,000 to $10,000 for purposes of sales promotion in reliable established business; strictest investigation required. B 175 Times.

Capital to invest, together with sales promotion services, in reliable established business possessing large field for expansion. B 174 Times.

Discount your accounts receivable; advance money on merchandise, notes and trade acceptance purchased. Room 401, 5 Beekman St.

Young man, $1,000 and services; reliable manufacturing business only. C 29 Times.

CAPITAL WANTED.

Established automobile finance company, doing splendid business and enjoying high credit standing with banks and clients, desires to interest additional capital; excellent opportunity for good profits and safety of investment for party of financial standing able to invest $250,000. F 801 Times Downtown.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

Metropolitan distributer of high-class truck (sizes 1½, 2½, 3½, 5 ton worm and 5 and 7 ton chain drive) is allotting agencies to financially responsible parties. We have financial plan to meet your needs. Which territory are you interested in? Write to Suite 706, 489 5th Av., or call Murray Hill 5241.

We have increased our plant and can deliver large quantities of brass and copper stampings and drawn work; quantity production only considered; tell us your requirements. Address Metals, Box 108, Station F, Manhattan.

New York business man, successful record, desires sales control for New York of high class line that will reach big volume sales; highest credentials. Box 313, General Post Office, New York.

Let us do your manufacturing and you do the selling; we want quantity work in metal stampings or drilling, polishing, grinding, assembling, acetylene welding. S. Weixler, 24 Union Square, 9 to 10 mornings.

Business woman, sailing early July, in London six weeks, will execute small commissions; personal service will be carried and delivered verbatim. Z 2138 Times Annex.

San Domingo representative will represent American exporters; any line. C 851 Times.

FOR SALE.

BALANCE OF LARGE SUBURBAN DEVELOPMENT FOR SALE.

About 400 lots located at New Brunswick, N. J.; wonderful opportunity for an ambitious and industrious party; sold on easy terms. Address Development, Box H. W., 629 Times Downtown.

Beautiful, attractive boarding or rooming house; 18 rooms, 4 baths, all improvements; 8 minutes' walk to 42d and Cortlandt St. ferry; immediate possession; terms moderate. Owner, 69 Liberty Place, Highwood Park, Weehawken, N. J.

FOR SALE.

HIGH CLASS, PROFITABLE DRESSMAKING ESTABLISHMENT. 5TH AV. SECTION; BOOKS AUDITED; OPEN FOR INSPECTION TO THOSE INTERESTED. B. D., 245 TIMES.

Modern picture theatre, 1,200 seats, with stores, offices and apartments; wonderful organ; fine residential district in large nearby city; owner leaving town; bargain at $160,000. Room 205, 1,493 Broadway.

A well-equipped machine shop operated under skilled and efficient management with a capacity of 100 men is looking for a manufacturing proposition; can also handle tool work. C 856 Times Downtown.

Resident buying business, established clientel of retailers in the wearing apparel field; very small expense; can be bought at reasonable price; reason for selling, other business interests. C. R., 216 Times.

For Sale—Warehouse receipts 1,500 gallons Melville Rye liquor in barrels, age about 4 years; located in Baltimore, Md.; insured. For information write Box D. Z., 1214 Wilson Building.

Millinery store on Upper Broadway, doing good business, reasonable price; party must leave town. Call Academy 1787, Mr. Spar, or write 2826 Broadway.

Will sell soda and lunch counter; long lease, low rent; busy section, downtown. C 833 Times Downtown.

GARAGE AND MACHINE SHOP FOR SALE. CALL 434 7TH ST., WEST NEW YORK, N. J.

For Sale—Leasehold, 5th Av. section. "L. M., 195 Times.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Patents—Over 75 years' practice; all communications strictly confidential; handbook on patents free on request; special facilities for office consultations. Munn & Co., patent attorneys, 615 Woolworth Building, New York.

Drafting and designing tools, jigs and fixtures, automatic machinery. Chandler Service Corporation, 74 Ashland Place, Brooklyn, N. Y.

WHOLESALE ONLY

SUMMER DRESSES

of the better kind

in

Silks Georgettes

Pussy Willow Organdies

Plain and Dotted Voile

White Pastel & Printed Swisses

In all colors

Nets in Plain and Fancy

For immediate delivery at attractive prices.

Propp & Gerrick

35 West 32nd St., N. Y. 30 West 33rd.

PRE-INVENTORY SALE

WHOLESALE ONLY

The Best Values

ever offered to the cutting up and retail trade

Every piece of goods in this offering is of staple stock and first-grade quality, which we wish to close out before taking inventory.

The materials are:

SATINS WASHABLE SATINS

TAFFETAS GEORGETTES

CREPE DE CHINES CHARMEUSE

Can be had in all desirable colors

DO NOT DELAY! Phone, Wire, Call or Write TODAY!

LUVAN SILK CO.

44 EAST 23RD STREET 5th Floor NEW YORK

WHOLESALE ONLY

STOP AT TIP TOP

For Best Dress Values

WE CAN SHIP TO-DAY

Cotton Voiles, Heavy Tricolettes
Printed Georgettes, Silk Foulards
Tricolette & Flowered Georgette
Combinations, Sport Suits

ALL COLORS AND SIZES

Tip Top Waist & Dress Co.

35 West 32d St. N. Y. 34 West 33d St.

OPEN TO BUY

STOCK OF WOOLENS

QUANTITIES AND ODD LOTS

Kindly Call with Samples.

OSCAR KIRSCH,

56 West 22d Street.

Wholesale Only.

CLOSING OUT

Fine

LINEN AND CRASH SUITS

White—Copen—Rose

E. STUFER & CO., Inc.

12 East 33d Phone Vanderbilt 4443

WHOLESALE ONLY

JOB DRESSES COTTON and SILKS

Sizes: 16 to 42.

LINDE & RUBIN

129 West 27th St.

Wholesale Only

Final close-out

2000 Cotton Dresses

white embroidered voiles

nets, organdies

dotted swisses

and fancy voiles

to close out at a price.

Greenberg Wiener Co.,

31 W. 27th St.

Wholesale Only.

DRESSES

Organdies AND Voiles

On-the-racks at

SACRIFICE PRICES

Seneca Dress House

27 West 27th St., N. Y.

Wholesale Only.

JOBS of HOUSE DRESSES

For Basement Sale.

Call Today, 10 A. M.

Retail Research Assn.

215 FIFTH AVE., N. Y.

SILKS WANTED

A financially responsible concern located in the best section of Philadelphia desires all kinds of silks for the retail trade on consignment.

Address all communications to B C 858 TIMES.

Wholesale Only.

SILK FABRICS FOR THE WHOLESALE TRADE

LIONDALE MERCANTILE CO., INC.

Importers. Converters.

24 West 32d St., N. Y. C.

Phone Madison Square 6878.

UNIVERSAL DISCOUNT CO.

Jack Rosenthal

100 Fifth Avenue, New York

WORMSER & CO.

Commercial Bankers

95 Fifth Ave. Phone Stuy. 3360

Accounts Financed.

Advances on Merchandise.

I. H. WEIL & CO.

DALLAS, TEXAS

WANTS TO BUY FOR CASH

$50,000 WORTH

OF HIGH-GRADE TIMELY WANTED MERCHANDISE

IN THE FOLLOWING LINES

DRESSES	CHILDREN'S WEAR	APRONS
SUITS	MILLINERY	HAND BAGS
COATS	UNDERWEAR	NECKWEAR
BLOUSES	CORSETS	HANDKERCHIEFS
HOSIERY	KIMONAS	UMBRELLAS
SHOES		

THE VALUES MUST BE EXTRAORDINARY!

See Our Buyers at Our Purchasing Office

I. H. WEIL & CO.

S. SOLOMON 1,261 Broadway

WHOLESALE ONLY

IMPORTED DOMESTIC

ORGANDIES

ALL SHADES

Immediate Delivery

COHN-HALL-MARX CO.

Tel. Franklin 4800. 93 Franklin St., New York

Wholesale Only

Another DAILY Surprise

Surplice Drop Stitch

Tricolette Overblouses

"The Price Is the Surprise."

All Shades and Sizes—Ready for Shipment.

DAILY WAIST CO.

35 West 32nd St. N. Y. C. 34 West 33rd St.

WHOLESALE ONLY

3,000 Cotton Dresses

All the leading materials and styles

To close out at a low price

Navy Taffeta Dresses

New styles; very moderately priced; ready to ship

Bronner Bros. & Hadra

18 West 27th St., N. Y.

SILK MANUFACTURERS TAKE NOTICE

The time is ripe for progressive mills to be represented by up-to-date selling organizations. From now on it will be impossible to sell your production to a handful of concerns; the entire country must be covered.

Our organization covers the entire country and our up-to-date salesroom is located in the best section of New York.

We are interested in the exclusive sales representation of a most up-to-date mill which is able to make both plain and box loom fabrics and MUST HAVE OVER 100 LOOMS.

We have no mill connections at present and our idea department can be utilized almost entirely to the styling of the right mill.

Unusual Opportunity for the Right Manufacturer.

ADDRESS BOX 277, 200 CABLE BLDG., N. Y.

AUCTIONS. AUCTIONS.

BURLING, DOLE & CO., Auctioneers

At 599 and 601 Broadway, New York

ADVANCE NOTICE

Important Auction Sale

RAW OSTRICH FEATHERS

Large Shipment Fine Western Feathers

All Descriptions and Grades

when cleared from Custom House will be offered at Public Auction in about a fortnight.

Full notice of sale later. Write for circular.

Burroughs Adding and Calculating Machines. Bargain at $95. Guaranteed one year. Also Adding and Calculating Machines at auction. John E. Hanson, 27 Church St., Room 101, ground floor. Cortlandt 8784.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN—THIS IS to notify you that Leonard Lorentowicz, formerly the Treasurer and a Director of the Central European Corporation of the Woolworth Building, New York City, has resigned as Treasurer and Director of that concern. He is in no way interested either financially or otherwise in said company, and will not be responsible to anyone extending credit relying upon his connection with the said Central European Corporation.

(Signed) LEONARD LORENTOWICZ.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

THE UNDERSIGNED will sell for account of whom it may concern at public auction on Wednesday, June 30, 1920, at noon on said date, at the offices and garage of the One Hundred and Thirty-fifth Street Garage Corporation, at 135th Street and Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, one (1) second-hand "White" seven-passenger open touring automobile, model of 1917, having collapsible leather fabric top, two spare tires, self-starter and electric lighting system, Buhmez serial number 40717 and motor G. N. 136. Car can be inspected at said garage at any time prior to and on the day of sale. The All-Russian Central Union of Consumers' Societies, Inc., as owner of said automobile, hereby specifically reserves the right to bid upon the property at the time of the sale.

HENRY READY, Auctioneer,
139 West 33rd Street,
Opp. Hotel Pennsylvania.

KIDDER, PEABODY & CO.

115 Devonshire St. BOSTON — 18 Broad St. NEW YORK

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Investment Securities
Foreign Exchange
Letters of Credit

Correspondents of
Baring Brothers & Co., Ltd.
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A Booklet of Sound Investments

We have prepared a new Booklet which briefly describes:

6 Equipment Trust Certificates
4 Notes due within a year
12 Issues due within twenty-nine years
4 Preferred Stocks

These issues represent the most attractive now on the market.

Complimentary copy of this Booklet sent on request.

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INVESTMENTS FOR YOUR JULY FUNDS

TO YIELD ABOUT
6% to 8%

Special circular describing numerous issues of well diversified investments, including practically all of the recent offerings of railroad, equipment and corporation bonds, both long and short term.

Write for Circular No. 1288 "Conservative Investments."

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Legal Investment for New York Savings Banks & Trustees.

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SCHOOL 4's

DUE
MAY 1, 1923-25

PRICES TO YIELD

6%

Send for descriptive circular T-91

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31 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK
Boston St. Louis Chicago

Munds, Rogers & Stackpole

Crucible Steel

Rock Island

International Mercantile Marine

Our letter, sent upon request, discusses these companies.

MEMBERS
N. Y. Stock Exchange
N. Y. Cotton Exchange
Chicago Board of Trade

25 Broad St.

Uptown Office
16 Vanderbilt Ave.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Move Irregularly in Another Extremely Dull Day—Money Relatively Easy.

There was even less to yesterday's stock market than there had been to that of the day before. The turn-over for the full five hours was only 215,000 shares yesterday, as against 253,000 shares on Monday, and in only two issues, Baldwin Locomotive and General Motors, were there more than 10,000 shares dealt in. Prices moved irregularly, for the most part, and if there could be said to have been any trend then the trend was downward. But it was the heaviness engendered by extreme dullness more than that which develops because of the pressure of sales.

In the late trading there was some slight improvement in some of the industrial stocks and a few of the railroads moved up fractionally at that time, but none of the movements was of any parucular consequence. The only feature in the day's business was a sharp break in Delaware & Hudson stock, which carried the price down about 8¾ points before it was checked. Subsequently a good part of this loss was recovered, but for a time the stock was pronouncedly weak. The fall was accompanied by rumors of an impending reduction in dividend, but it is still somewhat early to forecast this, as the Directors will not take action in the matter for some little time.

The market for listed bonds was heavy and among some of the so-called "oddline" bonds there was outstanding weakness, with some declines running to as much as ½ point or more between sales. Outside of the Stock Exchange the bond market was reported as being exceedingly dull and without much feature.

Nothing occurred in the money market to warrant special attention. On the board call loans opened and renewed at 9 per cent., but receded to 8 per cent. in the afternoon. There was not a very heavy demand for funds and the amount of accommodation offered was entirely sufficient for all requirements. The withdrawal of $14,000,000 by the Government seemed to have no effect on the market, nor did the preparation for today's paying off of the remaining $40,000,000 of the $50,000,000 Belgian acceptance credit exert any noticeable influence.

The exchanges were dull and continued heavy. Sterling opened firm enough, with demand quoted in the neighborhood of $3.95⅝, but in the early afternoon it eased about a cent in the pound, but later recovered about half of the decline. Continental exchanges were also alternately firm and mildly heavy, with the day's business showing slight net losses. Nothing more was said concerning impending gold shipments or arrivals. The $1,250,000 which was reported out of London last week should arrive the latter part of this week and may get here in time to be counted in the end of the week bank statements. Whether any more is in transit or not has not been stated, but there is an opinion entertained in banking circles that American bidders, or British bidders who have obligations to meet here, will probably secure the bulk of the new Transvaal gold coming to the London market, so that whether or not the British and French Governments decide to make further "official" shipments, there should be a small but reasonably constant flow of the metal in this direction for some time.

Foreign Exchanges.

LONDON, June 29.—Bar silver, 53¼d. Money, 5¼ per cent. Discount rates—Short bills, 6¼ per cent.; three-month bills, 6 11-16 per cent. Bar gold, 104s.

PARIS, June 29.—Prices were heavy on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 58f 85c. Exchange on London, 43f 10½c. Five per cent. loan, 88f 30c. The dollar was quoted at 12f 16½c.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

TUESDAY, JUNE 29.

Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.

High.	Low.	Renewal.	Last.
9	8	9	8

Call Loans on Acceptances.

Prime eligible acceptances.....6@6⅛

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'L.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
Sixty days.....	8¼	Sixty days.....	8
Ninety days.....	8½	Ninety days.....	9
Four months.....	8	Four months.....	8¼
Five months.....	8	Five months.....	8¼
Six months.....	8	Six months.....	8½

Discount Rates, Federal Reserve Bank.

Commercial paper—
15 days, 7; 16 to 90 days, 7
Liberty Bonds, Victory Notes—
15 days, 6; 16 to 90 days, 6
U. S. Treas. ctfs. of indebtedness—
15 to 90 days, 6½
Bankers' acceptances, 15 to 90 days, 6

Open Market Rates, Bankers' Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Banks, 60 to 90 days.....6¼@6⅛
Non-member and private bankers, eligible, 60 to 90 days.....6¼@6⅛
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days.....5 @7

Commercial Paper.

3 to 6 months.....	5
Other Names.	
3 to 6 months.....	8

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

Sterling—	High.	Low.	Last.	Change.
Demand	$3.95⅝	$3.94⅝	$3.95	+.00⅛
Cables	3.96⅜	3.95½	3.95⅝	+.00⅛
France—				
Demand	12.14	12.22	12.22	—.04
Cables	12.12	12.20	12.20	—.04

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.	Yesterday's Close—Demand	Cables	Cables.
4.8665 London	$3.95	$3.95⅛	$3.95⅝
5.1813 Paris	12.22	12.20	
5.1813 Belgium	11.58	11.56	
5.1813 Italy	16.98	16.96	
China—			
Hongkong	75.50	75.00	
Shanghai	103.50	103.00	
Peking	113.50	114.00	
40.20 Holland	38.50	38.625	
19.30 Greece	12.95	13.00	
5.1813 Switzerland	5.51	5.49	
23.44 India—			
Bombay	39.50	39.75	
Calcutta	39.50	39.75	
Straits Settlements	46.50	46.75	
49.83 Japan—			
Kobe	51.25	51.50	
Yokohama	51.25	51.50	
19.30 Spain	16.63	16.68	
50.00 Philippine Islands—			
Manila	49.50	49.75	
19.30 Scandinavia—			
Copenhagen	16.18	16.23	
Stockholm	21.90	21.98	
Christiania	16.46	16.53	
South America—			
42.44 Buenos Aires	41.90	42.00	
23.44 Rio	23.75	23.85	
51.44 Russia (currency)	Bid.	Asked.	
100 rubles	1.80	1.85	
500 rubles	1.75	1.80	

The following exchange rates are quoted in the open market:

	Cents Per Kronen. Checks.	Cables.
23.83 Germany	*2.63	2.68
23.85 Poland	.78	.77
20.28 Austria	.72	.73
20.26 Jugoslavia	1.44	1.46
20.26 Czechoslovakia	2.50	2.53
19.30 Belgrade	*6.60	6.65
19.30 Finland	14.94	4.90
19.30 Rumania	*2.55	2.60

*Cents per mark. †Francs. ‡Let. §Dinar.

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers— Nominal.	Commercial. $3.99	$3.87⅝

Clearing House Statement.

Exchanges, $879,446,721; balance, $73,813,113; Sub-Treasury credit balance, $32,705; Federal Reserve credit balance, $61,348,124.

Domestic Exchanges.

Rates on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 15@15c discount; San Francisco, par.

Canadian Exchange.

Closing rate for New York funds in Montreal, $127.50 premium per $1,000; Montreal funds in New York, $120.86 discount per $1,000.

Silver Quotations.

Bar silver in London, 53⅛d; in New York, 99⅛c domestic, 98c foreign; Mexican dollars, 69⅛c.

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

Company	Rate	Payable	Holders of Record
Alliance Realty	1½ Q	July 16	July 10
Atch., Top. & S. F.	1½ Q	Sept. 1	July 30
Bal. & Ohio, pf. (No. 85.00)	Q	Aug. 2	July 15
Lima Locomotive, pf.	1½ Q	July 31	July 15
Met. St. Ry. & L. pf.	1½ Q	July 31	July 30
Otis Elevator	2 Q	July 15	June 30
Do pf.	1¼ Q	July 15	June 30
Prod. & Refiners	12½c Q	Aug. 2	July 20
Do. pf.	1¾ Q	Aug. 2	July 20

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
25 railroads	52.77	52.41	52.71	+ .72
25 industrials	111.22	110.53	110.84	— .29
50 stocks	81.99	81.37	81.71	— .09

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
June 28	82.22	81.58	81.85	— .53
June 29	82.55	82.22	82.38	+ .10
June 25	82.54	81.86	82.28	+ .34
June 24	82.39	81.69	81.94	+ .13
June 23	82.04	81.31	81.81	+ .31
June 22	82.30	81.39	81.50	— .73

MONTHLY RANGE OF STOCKS.

June.	—High.—	—Low.—	Last.
*1920	83.50 June 12	80.83 June 2	81.77
†1919	89.50 June 4	82.56 June 16	87.40
1918	73.37 June 27	68.74 June 1	72.47
1917	84.45 June 13	81.11 June 20	82.31
1916	89.60 June 12	83.50 June 20	86.03

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

*1920	84.07 Apr. 8	83.45 Feb. 13	81.77
†1919	89.50 June 6	80.45 Feb. 13	87.40

Full Years.

1919	96.80 Nov. 3	80.45 Jan. 21	89.68
1918	70.34 Nov. 12	64.12 Jan. 15	70.90
1917	90.46 Jan. 4	57.47 Dec. 20	65.88
1916	101.51 Nov. 20	80.94 Apr. 22	86.22

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

40 issues	68.02	—Net Change— Day.	Month.	Year.
		.08	—1.43	—11.54

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

June 28	66.10	—.10	June 10	66.63	—.02
June 26	66.20	—.02	June 18	66.65	+.00
June 25	66.22	—.16	June 17	66.56	—.13
June 24	66.32	—.01	June 14	66.69	—.11
June 23	66.33	—.14	June 15	66.80	+.01
June 22	66.47	—.18	June 14	66.79	—.08
June 21	66.65	+.02	June 12	66.87	

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

*1920	72.51	Jan. 3	65.57	May 21	66.02
†1919	79.05	June 7	76.00	Mar. 21	77.56

Full Years.

1919	79.01	Jan. 3	71.05	Dec. 8	72.06
1918	82.36	Nov. 12	75.65	Sep. 27	76.78
1917	80.48	Jan. 23	74.24	Dec. 20	76.80

*To date. †To corresponding date last year

$50,000,000 LOAN IS PAID.

Final Installment of the Belgian Acceptance Credit Is Met.

The final installment of $40,000,000 of the $50,000,000 acceptance credit arranged a year ago for Belgian interests will be paid off today. The first $10,000,000 of the credit fell due June 10, and was paid. The credit was arranged by a syndicate of American banks for several Belgian industrial interests to provide funds to purchase American goods. It was in the form of three months bills, with three renewals, making the credit run a year.

At the beginning of this month a $50,000,000 twenty-five-year loan was floated for the Belgian Government by J. P. Morgan & Co. and the Guaranty Trust Company, and it was understood the acceptance credit would be paid off out of the funds raised.

THIRD AV. LINE HAS DEFICIT.

Statement for May a Disappointment to Financial Circles.

The comparative statement of income of the Third Avenue Railway System for the month of May, which was issued yesterday, was somewhat of a disappointment to the financial district. After all deductions there was a deficit of $64,698 as compared with a net income of $466 in May, 1919. Total operating revenues increased $101,488 to $1,102,180, but an increase in total operating expenses of $157,983 more than offset it. Maintenance of way and operation of cars were the two expense items which increased the most, the former jumping from $89,971 to $128,362 and the latter from $306,539 to $366,621.

STRIKE BY CAPITAL PREDICTED BY BACHE

Surtaxes Forced One Man to Buy $25,000,000 Municipal Bonds, Says Banker.

ASKS GROSS SALES TAX

Broadway Association Adopts a Resolution Asking Repeal of Excess Profits Levy.

A warning that capital may be forced to strike in self-defense was sounded by Jules S. Bache of J. S. Bache & Co., bankers, in an address, "The Blight of Taxation on American Business," to 200 members of the Broadway Association at a luncheon yesterday at the Hotel Astor. Mr. Bache said he did not recommend such a strike, but that repressive taxation was driving capital away from industry to seek investment in municipal and tax-exempt bonds.

"If present conditions continue," he said, "I fear that we will have plenty of labor and plenty of management, but that capital will disappear and will be forced to strike for lack of protection."

His advocacy of a gross sales tax inspired the following resolution, which was adopted unanimously:

"Resolved, That the excess profits tax, the surtax and all excise, special and stamp taxes of the Revenue act of October, 1918, be repealed and a gross sales tax, otherwise known as a gross turnover tax, be substituted therefor."

To show that capital is being diverted by taxation from industry into municipal and tax-exempt securities, Mr. Bache cited the case of a New York man who he said had subscribed $25,000,000 for the entire issue of bonds of a municipality. The speaker said seven-eighths of the financial advertising in the newspapers was for municipal bonds, an indication of the trend of investment.

"The declarations heard on all sides that the excess profits tax must go, even though there seems no immediate likelihood of this type of taxation being repealed, do not go far enough," said Mr. Bache. "The super-tax on incomes must go, and go speedily, or all incentive to increase earnings will be removed. Possibly other and better methods may be discovered, but for the moment nothing seems to recommend itself as well as the commodity or gross sales tax. We must raise $4,000,000,000 annually during the next few years at least, for I see no evidences that our representatives in Washington mean to permit this to be decreased materially in the immediate future. How can we raise $4,000,000,000 and not paralyze industry? To raise it under the present methods, to my mind, means the continuation both of the excess profits tax and of the insufferable super-tax. It means that great capitalists will continue to withdraw their money from business enterprises, and invest it in municipal and other tax-exempt bonds, leaving the burden of enterprise on those of moderate means and on the active business element of the country."

Mr. Bache said that in "the good old days" there were 300,000 to 400,000 investors who could be counted on to rededicate to the development of their country the surplus over their annual incomes, but these had disappeared.

"The weakness in our method of levying taxes," he said, "is that the taxes are devised and voted upon by men who are dependent on the votes of their immediate communities for re-election, and an ideal taxing situation can never be brought about until that fundamental objection is eliminated.

"The most frequently urged objection against the sales tax is that it falls in equal proportion upon all alike, and it is fortunate that this should be so. No longer can the foreigner living within our doors do so without paying his full share of the upkeep of the country if this system of taxation were to be adopted.

"I do not anticipate relying entirely upon the commodity tax for raising all the moneys necessary for the maintenance of the Government. Nor do I think it would be fair to do so. There should be a normal and even a substantial income tax, since otherwise absentee landlords, either of real estate or securities, would entirely escape taxation. But I believe that with a minimum sales tax, if strictly levied on all transactions, the income tax would never need go above 5 per cent. unless it were found desirable to levy a reasonable super-tax in order to reach very large fortunes and raise for us all the money we needed."

Mr. Bache said he was not optimistic enough to believe the changes which he advocated in our system of taxation would come at once, but he asked his hearers to do what they could to hasten it.

STEEL STOCKHOLDERS GAIN

United States Company Shows That 87,229 Have Common Shares.

Figures compiled by the United States Steel Corporation at the close of the books for the June disbursement show that there were then 87,229 holders of the common stock, the widest distribution ever recorded. At the end of the first quarter of the year the common stock holders numbered 84,583, which was the previous high mark. The June disbursement in 1919 was paid to 74,071 holders of the shares. As compared with these figures the present statement shows a gain of 18 per cent.

The last dividend to preferred stock holders was paid to 79,283 holders, as compared with 78,633 holders when the disbursement for the first quarter of the year was made. Some idea of the gain in common stock holders can be had from a comparison with 1917 figures. In June of that year the recipients entitled to the dividend numbered 43,842. In the three-year period the gain is therefore nearly 100 per cent.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—Revenue receipts and expenditures:

	This month.	Fiscal year.
Customs	$28,073,409	$316,674,321
Internal revenue—		
Income and profits tax	727,135,384	3,927,073,599
Miscellaneous	110,263,914	1,442,320,198
Misc. revenue	39,518,420	602,011,163
Total	$904,991,129	$6,288,679,283
Excess of receipts over disbursements, exclusive of principal of public debt	510,477,353	
Excess of disbursements over receipts, exclusive of principal of public debt		29,775,350
Expenditures	361,000,767	5,862,342,704

BIG DIVIDENDS PAID BY STANDARD OIL

Group of Companies Distributes $54,110,092 in the Last Half Year.

NEW STOCK GETS A SHARE

Total of $747,754,366 Dividends Paid Since Dissolution of Old Standard in 1912.

During the first half of this year the Standard Oil group of companies distributed $54,110,092 in dividends to stockholders. The first quarter disbursement was $20,796,696, and in the second quarter the dividends amounted to $27,313,396, the increase over the first quarter being largely due to the fact that several new issues of preferred stock were put out and came in for dividend distributions. Since the dissolution of the old Standard Oil Company of New Jersey in 1912, the Standard Oil companies have paid out in dividends $747,754,366.

The following table shows the dividend disbursements by half year periods since the dissolution:

	First Half Year.	Second Half Year.	Total.
1920	$54,110,092	.....	$54,110,092
1919	53,156,021	$52,744,556	105,901,477
1918	53,240,749	50,240,167	103,480,916
1917	43,525,920	50,482,003	90,857,923
1916	*32,585,539	46,042,336	78,627,875
1915	29,610,602	32,790,602	62,401,204
1914	34,350,942	29,381,942	63,732,884
1913	†71,304,519	36,590,942	107,895,461
1912	23,304,142	29,582,492	51,736,634
	$419,969,126	$327,785,240	$747,754,366

*Includes $250,000 disbursed by Colonial Oil Company in liquidation and $6,985,786 disbursed by National Transit Company from accumulated assets to reduce its capital 50 per cent.

†Includes $20,335,352 disbursed by Standard Oil Company of New Jersey from repayment of loans to former subsidiaries.

The largest payments have been made to holders of Standard of New Jersey stock. In the second quarter of the year this company paid $4,916,919 to common stockholders and $1,720,921 to preferred stockholders. The Standard Oil Company of California paid $2,475,066 to stockholders in the second quarter, the Standard of New York, $3,000,000; the Ohio Oil Company, $3,400,000; the Standard of Indiana, $1,800,000; the Illinois Pipe Line, $1,600,000, and the Prairie Oil and Gas Company, $1,440,000.

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Asked.
Antimony	7.50	7.75	7.50	7.75
Quicksilver	$90.00		$90.00	
Aluminium	32.00	*33.00	*32.00	33.00
Iron, No. 2X sil'n	49.05	50.05	49.05	50.05

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 18¾@19c, 60 days.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £ s. d.		Monday. £ s. d.	
Copper, spot	85	15 0	84	15 0
Copper, futures	88	0 0	87	5 0
Tin, spot	246	5 0	245	0 0
Tin, futures	250	5 0	247	0 0
Spelter, spot	39	10 0	38	15 0
Spelter, futures	41	10 0	40	15 0
Lead, spot	33	5 0	32	0 0
Lead, futures	33	10 0	33	5 0

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Trading More Restricted.

Another recession in volume of trading was shown in stock market operations yesterday. The total turnover was only 215,143 shares, which would appear to indicate that even the professionals are losing interest. The character of the market is shown by the trading in United States Steel. Yesterday the volume of business in this issue was only 8,000 shares. On busy days in the stock market sales of Steel common have been recorded in excess of 400,000 shares or about double the total business of the market yesterday. A turnover of 215,000 shares may not be small by comparison with some of the record small days of years ago, but conditions have changed materially since then. For instance, there were 227 issues traded in yesterday and this would make the business done average less than 1,000 shares for each issue. A host of new issues have come on the board in recent years, hence the degree of dullness, compared with some ten to fifteen years ago, can be determined only by approximation.

***

Armour Financing.

It was rumored yesterday that Armour & Co. might come into the market to do a substantial bit of financing. Nothing of very definite character was to be obtained on this point and the gossip mart furnished three stories of how the financing was to be undertaken. One was to the effect that new common stock would be put out, while still another had to do with a bond or note issue. The company always has a large floating debt and it was reported that this was to be funded. The third version of the prospective financing credited the subsidiary companies, formerly an integral part of Armour & Co., with undertaking financing for their individual interests.

***

Vote on Holiday Today.

A special meeting of the Governors of the New York Stock Exchange has been called for this afternoon, at which time it is believed that a vote will be taken on the petition of the members for the declaration of a holiday on Saturday. A petition asking for the holiday has been in circulation for some time and it was reported yesterday that it contained nearly 600 names. The membership of the Exchange is limited to 1,100 and of this total the active members are believed to number between 800 and 700. If these figures be correct the petition carries with it the full weight of the active membership. Barring unforeseen developments it is believed that the petition will receive favorable action.

***

Raids.

Those of the professional contingent who are still active in the market were playing the bear side yesterday. Raids were directed several times against special groups of stock, but there was not the power behind the selling to have any pronounced effect on prices. The activities of the bears in the opinion of many indicate more than anything else that the market has been thoroughly liquidated. At the present time collateral borrowings are at a decidedly low point, and it is for this reason that the call money rates, whether high or low, have little effect on prices.

***

Steel Common Stockholders.

Figures compiled by the United States Steel Corporation indicate an increase in the number of stockholders. This in itself is something of a market barometer. The corporation has maintained such figures over a long period of years and they show that when Steel was low the number of shareholders increased and that when the price for Steel common advanced, the stockholders decreased. This would appear to prove that the public buys at the bottom and sells at the top, which is rather a contradiction of the general supposition with regard to the public and stock market operations.

***

A Big Order to Fill.

It has been estimated by close observers of the railroad situation that in the next three years the equipment needs of the railroads to put them in normal operating condition approximate 8,166 passenger cars, 237,450 freight cars and 4,400 locomotives. The three-year period dated from Jan. 1, 1920, and it now appears that even the first year's requirements as shown above may not be met. It is expected that the final allocations to individual roads from the $125,000,000 fund recently appropriated will be announced by the Interstate Commerce Commission soon and will result in the placing of orders for equipment totaling that amount. How much of this equipment can be delivered by the end of the current year is a question that time alone will tell, but in some quarters it is not expected that the amount will be large.

***

Consolidated Gas Gains Ground.

The granting of a temporary injunction to the Consolidated Gas Company restraining the State, county and public service officials in this district from enforcing the 80-cent gas law and permitting the company to make a temporary charge of $1 in place of the old rate was almost immediately reflected in the market action of the stock. When the news was flashed on the financial ticker services the stock advanced sharply on better buying than it has experienced for some time. The interpretation placed on the action of the Federal court was that the regulating bodies may change their position and be willing to meet the company at least half way in the matter of its applications for increased rates. Six of the company's subsidiaries participate in the higher rate under the injunction. The Kings County Lighting Company obtained a similar injunction.

***

Reasons for Car Shortage.

Conservative railroad executives in discussing the present car shortage are becoming less and less inclined to place all of the blame on the Railroad Administration. In fact it has been asserted by more than one executive that had the roads been really foresighted in the matter they would not have opposed the allocations of equipment purchased at what was then considered as top prices. Especially this should have been true of some of the roads to which were allocated equipment which was appropriate for their use. At the same time it is the opinion in other quarters that one of the evils of the present situation is the inadequate demurrage charge of freight equipment. This fails to pay as much interest on the money invested in equipment as the companies are having to pay for the money which purchased the cars. Some advocate a sharp advance in the rates to a point which will at least pay a reasonable interest on invested capital. It is also the opinion that such rates would put a stop to the use of freight cars as warehouses for valuable merchandise, the profits upon which when sold easily pay the demurrage now in effect.

***

D. & H. Under Pressure.

There was another drive directed against the shares of the Delaware & Hudson Company yesterday. Accompanying the movement, which had all the appearance of a bear raid, was the rumor that dividend action might be expected at a meeting of Directors today. For a time the offering of the stock served to cause a decline of more than 5½ points. Subsequently, however, it was stated by an official of the company that today's meeting would be entirely of a routine character, and there was an immediate recovery by the stock, which finally closed with only a fractional net loss for the day. Before Federal control of the railroads began Directors of the company met in December and declared a full year's disbursements. Since 1918 quarterly declarations have been made, the last payment being sent out on June 21. According to rumor Directors are not due to meet for dividend discussion until August, when the September payments will be considered. Yesterday the stock sold off to 83¼, the lowest price for many years.

Present Prices

No panic exists and it is generally recognized that there is but little possibility of a panic. Nevertheless bonds, notes and stocks are selling in many instances at panic prices. It is obvious that real opportunities exist to make investments on terms that are most advantageous.

Write for our investment suggestions

Ask for Circular No. G-97.

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Chicago Boston Buffalo Cleveland Philadelphia Minneapolis Baltimore

A Railroad Bond On a 13% Income Basis

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Further details on request for circular.

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49 Wall Street New York

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS.

TUESDAY, JUNE 29, 1920.

	1920.	1919.	1918.		1920.	1919.	1918.
Day's sales	215,143	1,168,555	360,587	Year to date	122,600,081¼	140,751,667	73,987,690

Closing Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
32	34	100	Advance Rumely	32½	32½	32½	32½	
63	65	100	Advance Rumely pf	64	64	64	64	+1
60½	61	100	Ajax Rubber	61	61	61	61	...
2	2¼	100	Ala. Juncaus	2½	2¾	2½	2½	— ⅛
36¼	37	300	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	36½	36½	36½	36½	— ⅜
86	87	100	Am. Agricul. Chem	86½	86½	86½	86½	+ ½
89	90½	300	Am. Beet Sugar	89½	89½	89½	89½	— ¼
39¾	40	300	Am. Can	39¼	39¾	39¼	39¾	— ⅛
138	138⅝	900	Am. Car & Fdry	138½	138½	138½	138½	— ⅛
44	46	800	Am. Cotton Oil	44⅝	45	44⅝	45	+1½
16	17	900	Am. H. & Leather	15⅝	16	15⅝	16	+ ⅛
58	60	100	Am. Ice pf	58	58	58	58	—1
10⅝	11¼	200	Am. La. Fire Eng	11	11	11	11	...
96⅝	97¼	1,700	Am. Locomotive	96½	97⅛	96	97	...
16⅝	16¾	1,700	Am. Safety Razor	16⅝	16⅝	16⅛	16⅜	+ ⅛
23½	23⅞	200	Am. Ship & Com	23⅜	23⅞	23⅜	23⅞	+ ½
57	57¼	1,500	Am. Smelt. & Ref	57⅛	57½	57	57⅛	— ⅛
73½	74½	100	Am. Smelt. Sec. pf. A	73½	73½	73½	73½	—1
37¾	37⅞	1,100	Am. Steel Fdries	37½	37¾	37	37½	— ⅛
86	88	100	Am. Steel Fdries pf	87	87	87	87	+ ⅛
105	108	100	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	105¼	105¼	105¼	105¾	—1
87	87⅝	200	Am. Sumatra Tob	88	88	87⅝	87⅝	— ⅛
92⅝	93	500	Am. Tel. & Tel	92⅝	93	92⅝	92⅝	+ ⅛
220	224	200	Am. Tobacco	225	225	223	223	—3
200	227½	100	Am. Tob., class B	210	210	210	210	...
95¾	96¼	200	Am. Woolen	95¾	96	95¾	96	— ⅛
94	95	100	Am. Woolen pf	94½	94½	94½	94½	+ ⅛
49	50	100	Am. Zinc, L. & S. pf	47	47	47	47	—2
55	55¼	300	Anaconda Copper	55	55¼	55	55¼	+ ⅛
3	3¼	100	Assets Realization	3¼	3¼	3¼	3¼	— ⅛
79½	80	200	Atch., Top. & S. F.	79½	79⅝	79½	79⅝	+ ⅛
73⅜	73¾	2,300	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	73⅜	73⅝	73⅜	73⅝	+ ⅛
161½	163	500	At. Gulf & West I	160¼	162	160¼	162	...
23	24½	50	Austin Nichols	23	23	23	23	...
117¼	117⅝	10,700	Baldwin Loco	117½	117⅝	116⅝	117⅝	...
30½	30¾	400	Baltimore & Ohio	30½	30¾	30½	30¾	...
40½	40¾	100	Batt. & Ohio pf	40½	40¾	40¼	40¾	+ ⅝
40	41	800	Barnsdall, Class A	40	40	40	40	— ⅛
141¼	142¼	7,800	Barrett Co	142⅜	142⅜	140⅝	141¾	—2¼
20	20⅜	200	Bethlehem Motors	20½	20½	20½	20½	— ⅛
88⅜	89¼	2,600	Beth. Steel, Class B	88⅜	89¼	88⅜	88⅝	+ ⅛
8¼	8⅝	300	Booth Fisheries	8½	8½	8½	8½	— ⅛
100	115	300	Brown Shoe	104½	104½	104½	104½	+3
5	6½	100	Bruns.Ter. & Ry. S	6	6	6	6	— ⅛
103¼	105	100	Burns Brothers	105¼	105¼	105¼	105¼	...
7¼	7¾	100	Butte Copper & Z	7¼	7¼	7¼	7¼	— ½
17⅝	18⅜	200	Caddo Cent. O. & R	18⅜	18⅜	18⅜	18⅜	...
67½	68

STANDARD OIL ISSUES

THE EFFECT OF STOCK DIVIDENDS ON STANDARD OIL STOCKS

WE HAVE PREPARED A CIRCULAR NO. 1 Y. GIVING A RECORD OF THE MARKET ACTION, OVER A PERIOD OF YEARS, OF STOCKS OF STANDARD OIL COMPANIES WHICH HAVE DECLARED STOCK DISTRIBUTIONS.

CARL H. PFORZHEIMER & CO.
Dealers in Standard Oil Securities
Phone 4800-1-2-3-4 Broad 25 Broad St., N. Y.

Railway Steel Spring Company

The present favorable position of this stock is clearly brought out in our Special Letter of this week.

The retirement of the entire bonded debt of the Company is shown to be the pre-eminent factor in their outlook for immediate prosperity.

Interested inquirers can obtain copy of our complete analysis by mailing two cents postage for Circular No. 520. Mention your name and business address.

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The present low level of bond prices is a temporary condition occasioned by economic forces which are rapidly being adjusted.

The investor may now purchase sound, high-grade bonds which offer an attractive return during the coming years.

Write for our investment suggestions.

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RAIL HEADS TAKE UP EXPRESS PROBLEM

Executives at Meeting Tomorrow May Suggest Court After U. S. Guaranty Expires.

While no formal announcement has been made of the program which will be discussed at the member road meeting of the Association of Railway Executives tomorrow in the Grand Central Terminal, it was learned yesterday that among the items taken up will be the situation with regard to the express companies. The Government guaranty to the express companies will expire at the end of September and something must be done to meet the present conditions. The companies need the guaranty and their relationship with the carriers is so close that it is generally believed the association may make some suggestions.

It was the belief in railroad quarters that the meeting also will talk over the situation with relation to Pullman cars. None of this kind of railroad equipment has been constructed in the last three years and the supply of cars is inadequate.

Also it is understood that the association will take under consideration the matter of carrying out the Interstate Commerce Commission's order for the collection of all transportation charges while a good deal of attention probably will be given to the question of how the cost of new equipment may be kept. That the equipment allocation recommendations of the association's Committee on Loaning Fund which have been forwarded to the commission will be considered is a foregone conclusion. In brief, the meeting will be given over to a discussion of new developments in the railroad situation since the preceding meeting.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

TUESDAY, JUNE 29, 1920.

	1920.	1919	1918.
Day's sales	$13,527,900	$11,157,000	$5,066,000
Year to date	1,090,162,400	1,622,136,489	760,002,000

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:

U S Liberty 3½s, 1932-47: 10 at 91.10; 2 at 91.12; 10 at 91.14; 50 at 91.12; 122 at 91.10; 10 at 91.08; 35 at 91.06; 11 at 91.04; 28 at 91.02; 10 at 91.00; 43 at 90.98; 10 at 90.96; 10 at 90.94; 10 at 90.92; 40 at 90.90; 1 at 90.88; 1 at 90.86; 1 at 90.84; 1 at 90.82; 1 at 90.80; 1 at 90.78; 1 at 90.76; $20,000 1st conv 4½s, 1932-47: 20 at 85.90; 1 at 85.80; 2 at 85.90; 1 at 85.70; 45 at 85.80; 5 at 85.70; 1 at 85.60; 3 at 85.80; 1 at 85.70; 6 at 85.60; 5 at 85.50; $90,000 2d conv 4½s, 1932-47: 351 at 88.14; 38 at 88.12; 94 at 88.10; 11 at 88.08; 38 at 88.06; 50 at 88.02; 100 at 88.00; 300 at 87.92; 10 at 87.94; 20 at 87.96; 150 at 87.98; 6 at 88.00; 20 at 88.02; 10 at 88.04; 22 at 88.06; 4 at 88.08; 20 at 88.10; 37 at 88.12; 10 at 88.14; 18 at 88.16; 1 at 88.18; 30 at 88.20; 1 at 88.22; 1 at 88.24; 1 at 88.26; 1 at 88.28; 1 at 88.30; 1 at 88.32; 1 at 88.34; 1 at 88.36; 1 at 88.38; 1 at 88.40; 1 at 88.42; 1 at 88.44; 1 at 88.46; 1 at 88.48; 1 at 88.50; 1 at 88.52; 1 at 88.54; 1 at 88.56; 1 at 88.58; 1 at 88.60; 1 at 88.62; 1 at 88.64; 1 at 88.66; 1 at 88.68; 1 at 88.70; 1 at 88.72; 1 at 88.74; 1 at 88.76; $3,088,800 registered 4s, 1925: 1 at 86.80; $4,000 4½s, 1926: 10 at 88.72; 40 at 88.70; 1 at 88.72; 1 at 88.74; 1 at 88.64; 50 at 88.64; 120 at 88.62; 398 at 88.60; 10 at 88.58; 1 at 88.56; 104 at 88.54; 24 at 88.52; 5 at 88.58; 50 at 88.52; 130 at 88.48; 106 at 88.46; 10 at 88.42; 253 at 88.44; 17 at 88.46; 174 at 88.48; 20 at 88.42; 1 at 88.44; $23,000 1st cv 4½s, 1932-47: 23 at 85.90; 1 at 85.80; 2 at 85.90; 1 at 85.70; 45 at 85.80; 5 at 85.70; 1 at 85.60; 3 at 85.80; 1 at 85.70; 6 at 85.60; 5 at 85.50; $90,000 2d cv 4½s, 1932-47: 351 at 88.14; 38 at 88.12; 94 at 88.10; 11 at 88.08; 38 at 88.06; 50 at 88.02; 100 at 88.00; 300 at 87.92; 10 at 87.94; 20 at 87.96; 150 at 87.98; 6 at 88.00; 20 at 88.02; 10 at 88.04; 22 at 88.06; 4 at 88.08; 20 at 88.10; 37 at 88.12; 10 at 88.14; 18 at 88.16; 1 at 88.18; 30 at 88.20; 1 at 88.22; 1 at 88.24; 1 at 88.26; 1 at 88.28; 1 at 88.30; 1 at 88.32; 1 at 88.34; 1 at 88.36; 1 at 88.38; ½ at 88.40; 1 at 88.42; 1 at 88.44; 1 at 88.46; 1 at 88.48; 1 at 88.50; 1 at 88.52; 1 at 88.54; 1 at 88.56; 1 at 88.58; 1 at 88.60; 1 at 88.62; 1 at 88.64; 1 at 88.66; 1 at 88.68; 1 at 88.70; 1 at 88.72; 1 at 88.74; 1 at 88.76; $3,088,800 registered 4s, 1925: 1 at 86.80; $4,000 4½s, 1926: 10 at 88.72; 40 at 88.70; 1 at 88.72; 1 at 88.74; 1 at 88.64; 50 at 88.64; 120 at 88.62; 398 at 88.60; 10 at 88.58; 1 at 88.56; 104 at 88.54; 24 at 88.52; 5 at 88.58; 50 at 88.52; 130 at 88.48; 106 at 88.46; 10 at 88.42; 253 at 88.44; 17 at 88.46; 174 at 88.48; 20 at 88.42; 1 at 88.44; 10 at 88.46; 12 at 88.38; ½ at 88.40; 12 at 88.42; 1 at 88.44; $2,372,000 4th 4½s, 1933-38: 38 at 85.44; 25 at 85.36; 2 at 85.40; 60 at 85.42; 1 at 85.38; 21 at 85.40; 31 at 85.42; 2 at 85.40; 1 at 85.38; 1 at 85.36; 1 at 85.34; 1 at 85.32; 1 at 85.30; 37 at 85.26; 2 at 85.28; 84 at 85.24; 1 at 85.22; 2 at 85.20; 1 at 85.18; 1 at 85.16; 35 at 85.18; 105 at 85.12; 2 at 85.10; 113 at 85.20; 46 at 85.16; 35 at 85.14; 97 at 85.12; 1 at 85.10; 51 at 85.16; 2 at 85.18; 5 at 85.20; 10 at 85.22; 2 at 85.18; 1 at 85.16; 15 at 85.14; 41 at 85.16; 79 at 85.20; 10 at 85.24; 2 at 85.22; 11 at 85.20; 14 at 85.22; 1 at 85.24; 1 at 85.26; 1 at 85.28; 1 at 85.30; 1 at 85.32; 1 at 85.34; 1 at 85.36; 1 at 85.38; 1 at 85.40; 1 at 85.42; 1 at 85.44; 1 at 85.46; 1 at 85.48; 1 at 85.50; 1 at 85.52; 1 at 85.54; 1 at 85.56; 1 at 85.58; 1 at 85.60; 1 at 85.62; 1 at 85.64; 1 at 85.66; 1 at 85.68; 1 at 85.70; 1 at 85.72; 1 at 85.74; 1 at 85.76; 1 at 85.78; 1 at 85.80; 1 at 85.82; 1 at 85.84; 1 at 85.86; 1 at 85.88; 1 at 85.90; 1 at 85.92; 1 at 85.94; 1 at 85.96; 1 at 85.98; 1 at 86.00; $99,000 2d cv 4½s, 1932-47: 351 at 88.14; 38 at 88.12; 94 at 88.10; 11 at 88.08; 38 at 88.06; 50 at 88.02; 100 at 88.00; 300 at 87.92; 10 at 87.94; 20 at 87.96; 150 at 87.98; 6 at 88.00; 20 at 88.02; 10 at 88.04; 22 at 88.06; 4 at 88.08; 20 at 88.10; 37 at 88.12; 10 at 88.14; 18 at 88.16; 1 at 88.18; 30 at 88.20; 1 at 88.22; 1 at 88.24; 1 at 88.26; 1 at 88.28; 1 at 88.30; 1 at 88.32; 1 at 88.34; 1 at 88.36; 1 at 88.38; ½ at 88.40; 12 at 88.42; 1 at 88.44; $1,586,000 4½s, 1925-32: 1 at 86.80; 1 at 86.90; 1 at 86.92; 1 at 86.94; 1 at 86.96; 1 at 86.98; 1 at 87.00; 1 at 87.02; 1 at 87.04; 1 at 87.06; 1 at 87.08; 1 at 87.10; 1 at 87.12; 1 at 87.14; 1 at 87.16; 1 at 87.18; 1 at 87.20; 1 at 87.22; 1 at 87.24; 1 at 87.26; 1 at 87.28; 1 at 87.30; 1 at 87.32; 1 at 87.34; 1 at 87.36; 1 at 87.38; 1 at 87.40; 1 at 87.42; 1 at 87.44; 1 at 87.46; 1 at 87.48; 1 at 87.50; 1 at 87.52; 1 at 87.54; 1 at 87.56; 1 at 87.58; 1 at 87.60; 1 at 87.62; 1 at 87.64; 1 at 87.66; 1 at 87.68; 1 at 87.70; 1 at 87.72; 1 at 87.74; 1 at 87.76; 1 at 87.78; 1 at 87.80; 1 at 87.82; 1 at 87.84; 1 at 87.86; 1 at 87.88; 1 at 87.90; 1 at 87.92; 1 at 87.94; 1 at 87.96; 1 at 87.98; 1 at 88.00; 1 at 88.02; 1 at 88.04; 1 at 88.06; 1 at 88.08; 1 at 88.10; 1 at 88.12; 1 at 88.14; 1 at 88.16; 1 at 88.18; 1 at 88.20; 1 at 88.22; 1 at 88.24; 1 at 88.26; 1 at 88.28; 1 at 88.30; 1 at 88.32; 1 at 88.34; 1 at 88.36; 1 at 88.38; 1 at 88.40; 1 at 88.42; 1 at 88.44; 1 at 88.46; 1 at 88.48; 1 at 88.50; 1 at 88.52; 1 at 88.54; 1 at 88.56; 1 at 88.58; 1 at 88.60; 1 at 88.62; 1 at 88.64; 1 at 88.66; 1 at 88.68; 1 at 88.70; 1 at 88.72; 1 at 88.74; 1 at 88.76; 1 at 88.78; 1 at 88.80; 1 at 88.82; 1 at 88.84; 1 at 88.86; 1 at 88.88; 1 at 88.90; 1 at 88.92; 1 at 88.94; 1 at 88.96; 1 at 88.98; 1 at 89.00; 1 at 89.02; 1 at 89.04; 1 at 89.06; 1 at 89.08; 1 at 89.10; 1 at 89.12; 1 at 89.14; 1 at 89.16; 1 at 89.18; 1 at 89.20; 1 at 89.22; 1 at 89.24; 1 at 89.26; 1 at 89.28; 1 at 89.30; 1 at 89.32; 1 at 89.34; 1 at 89.36; 1 at 89.38; 1 at 89.40; 1 at 89.42; 1 at 89.44; 1 at 89.46; 1 at 89.48; 1 at 89.50; 1 at 89.52; 1 at 89.54; 1 at 89.56; 1 at 89.58; 1 at 89.60; 1 at 89.62; 1 at 89.64; 1 at 89.66; 1 at 89.68; 1 at 89.70; 1 at 89.72; 1 at 89.74; 1 at 89.76; 1 at 89.78; 1 at 89.80; 1 at 89.82; 1 at 89.84; 1 at 89.86; 1 at 89.88; 1 at 89.90; 1 at 89.92; 1 at 89.94; 1 at 89.96; 1 at 89.98; 1 at 90.00; $776,000 registered 4s, 1925: 1 at 85.20; Anglo-Fr 5s: 5 at 101½; 37 at 99¼; 64 at 99⅞; 104 at 99½; Argentine 5s: 1 at 71½; Chinese Ry 5s: 1 at 42½; City of Parisine: 10 at 92⅞; 9 at 92⅝; 10 at 92; Dot Canada, '21: 3 at 97½; 5½s, 1921: 1 at 97¼; 10 at 91¾; 5 at 97⅛; 6s, 1926: 1 at 87½; 5½s, 1928: 10 at 90; 5s, 1931: 1 at 84½; Jap Govt 4½s sterling loan: 1 at 74; 25 series: 6 at 72½; 14 at 72⅜; 9 at 73; 4s sterling loan: 31 at 59⅜; 5 at 58⅝; 12 at 58; 2 at 58½; King of Belg 7½s rects: 67 at 94; 9 at 98⅜; 21 at 98; 9 at 98½; 2 at 98⅝; 12 at 98; R of Cuba 5s of 1904: 2 at 90¼; Un K of Gt Br & Ire 5½s '21: 10 at 97; 51 at 97½; 2 at 97⅜; 14 at 97⅛; 1 at 97⅞; 5½s 1922 receipts: 9 at 92⅞; 11 at 93; 5½s 1929 receipts: 10 at 88¾; 5½s 1937: 10 at 84⅞; 3 at 86; 100 at 85½; 17 at 86½; 1 at 86¾; 10 at 85½; 4s: 10 at 87¾; 2 at 87⅝; 1 at 82½; U S of Mex 5s: 3 at 38½; 1 at 38¾; 1 at 38½; 10 at 38½; 4s: 10 at 27¾; 2 at 27⅝; N Y C 4s 1964: 1 at 82½; Am A C cv 5s: 2 at 97⅞; 1 at 98; 1 at 97⅜; deb 5s: 1 at 92¼; Am Sm & Ref temp 1st 5s: 1 at 77⅞; Am Tel & Tel col 4s: 1 at 78½; 2 at 78⅜; 10 at 78¼; Armour & Co 4½s: 1 at 76½; 2 at 76⅜; 19 at 76¼; col tr 5s: 7 at 74⅝; 1 at 74½; 5 at 74⅜; Armour & Co conv 4s: 1 at 77⅜; 2 at 77⅛; 8 at 77; At Top & S Fe gen 4s: 1 at 74; 2 at 73⅞; 1 at 74; Con Gas cv 7s: 7 at 99⅝; 5 at 99½; 1 at 99⅜; 1 at 99⅛; 1 at 99; Cuba Cane conv 7s: 1 at 74; 7 at 97⅝; 1 at 97⅜; 5 at 97; 97 at 97; Del & Hudson 1st & ref 4s: 5 at 70¾; temp 7s: 6 at 100; D & RG con 4s: 28 at 90¾; 2 at 90⅝; 3 at 90; 1st ref 5s: 5 at 84½; 1 at 84⅜; 4 at 84¼; adj 4s stpd: 10 at 44½; 7 at 44¾; 4 at 44½; Erie 1st con 4s: 3 at 81¾; 23 at 81⅞; 1st gen 4s: 1 at 68⅜; 1 at 68¾; 4 at 38¼; cv 4s, Ser A: 1 at 35; 2 at 34⅜; 2 at 34⅝; Ser B: 2 at 34; 1 at 34⅛; Ga & N col 4s: 2 at 60½; 2 at 61; Hud & M 1st & ref 5s, Ser A: 2 at 54½; 3 at 54¾; Ill Cen ext 3½s: 4s, 1953: 6 at 63; 4s, 1952: 5 at 61; temp 5½s: 1 at 83¼; Int Rap Trans 1st & ref 5s: 7 at 50¾; 23 at 50¼; 10 at 49⅞; 1 at 50; 20 at 49¾; Int Agr Corp col tr 5s: 1 at 76; Int M M a f 6s: 1 at 84½; 2 at 84¾; 10 at 84½; Iowa C ref 4s: 1 at 37½; Kan C So 5s: 1 at 67; Kan C Ter 4s: 11 at 64; L S & M S 4s, 1951: 3 at 76; Leh V c tr 5s, temp rects: 1 at 62¾; Lisg & My 7s: 1 at 102¼; Long Isl ref 4s: 1 at 60⅝; 1 at 60; Lorillard 7s: 1 at 101⅜; 5s: 11 at 77; L & N unif 4s: 40 at 76; 7s, JPM rects: 1 at 90¾; L&N,SM jt 4s: 2 at 82; Mid Sti c tr 5s: 10 at 77¼; 2 at 78¼; M,St P&SSteM 1st con 4s: 3 at 71½; 3 at 71¾; Mo,K&T 1st 4s: 1 at 53; 1 at 52¾; MK&T of T 4½s: 10 at 24½; Mo Pac gen 4s: 18 at 51¼; Mob & Ohio 8f L & C gtd 4s: 2 at 66; Natl Tube 5s: 2 at 85½; N O T & M cons 6s: 1 at 89¾; N O Term 4s: 4 at 40; N Y C deb 6s: 1 at 86¾; 2 at 86½; gen 3½s: 1 at 62¼; 1 at 62; 7 at 61¾; deb 4s 1934: 1 at 70¾; 1 at 70; 1 at 71; L S col 3½s: 3 at 57; N Y C & St L deb 4s: 1 at 65¼; N Y Dock 4s: 1 at 73; N Y N H & H conv deb 6s: 3 at 65¼; N Y State Rys cons 4½s: 5 at 50¼; N Y Tel 4½s: 1 at 74⅜; 1 at 74½; 1 at 74; 2 at 74⅛; 1 at 74¼; 1 at 74⅜; 1 at 74½; 1 at 74⅝; 1 at 74¾; 1 at 74⅞; 1 at 75; 1 at 75⅛; 1 at 75¼; 1 at 75⅜; 1 at 75½; 1 at 75⅝; 1 at 75¾; 1 at 75⅞; 1 at 76; 1 at 76⅛; 1 at 76¼; 1 at 76⅜; 1 at 76½; 1 at 76⅝; 1 at 76¾; 1 at 76⅞; 1 at 77; 1 at 77⅛; 1 at 77¼; 1 at 77⅜; 1 at 77½; 1 at 77⅝; 1 at 77¾; 1 at 77⅞; 1 at 78; 1 at 78⅛; 1 at 78¼; 1 at 78⅜; 1 at 78½; 1 at 78⅝; 1 at 78¾; 1 at 78⅞; 1 at 79; 1 at 79⅛; 1 at 79¼; 1 at 79⅜; 1 at 79½; 1 at 79⅝; 1 at 79¾; 1 at 79⅞; 1 at 80; 1 at 80⅛; 1 at 80¼; 1 at 80⅜; 1 at 80½; 1 at 80⅝; 1 at 80¾; 1 at 80⅞; 1 at 81; 1 at 81⅛; 1 at 81¼; 1 at 81⅜; 1 at 81½; 1 at 81⅝; 1 at 81¾; 1 at 81⅞; 1 at 82; 1 at 82⅛; 1 at 82¼; 1 at 82⅜; 1 at 82½; 1 at 82⅝; 1 at 82¾; 1 at 82⅞; 1 at 83; 1 at 83⅛; 1 at 83¼; 1 at 83⅜; 1 at 83½; 1 at 83⅝; 1 at 83¾; 1 at 83⅞; 1 at 84; 1 at 84⅛; 1 at 84¼; 1 at 84⅜; 1 at 84½; 1 at 84⅝; 1 at 84¾; 1 at 84⅞; 1 at 85; 1 at 85⅛; 1 at 85¼; 1 at 85⅜; 1 at 85½; 1 at 85⅝; 1 at 85¾; 1 at 85⅞; 1 at 86; 1 at 86⅛; 1 at 86¼; 1 at 86⅜; 1 at 86½; 1 at 86⅝; 1 at 86¾; 1 at 86⅞; 1 at 87; 1 at 87⅛; 1 at 87¼; 1 at 87⅜; 1 at 87½; 1 at 87⅝; 1 at 87¾; 1 at 87⅞; 1 at 88; 1 at 88⅛; 1 at 88¼; 1 at 88⅜; 1 at 88½; 1 at 88⅝; 1 at 88¾; 1 at 88⅞; 1 at 89; 1 at 89⅛; 1 at 89¼; 1 at 89⅜; 1 at 89½; 1 at 89⅝; 1 at 89¾; 1 at 89⅞; 1 at 90; 1 at 90⅛; 1 at 90¼; 1 at 90⅜; 1 at 90½; 1 at 90⅝; 1 at 90¾; 1 at 90⅞; 1 at 91; 1 at 91⅛; 1 at 91¼; 1 at 91⅜; 1 at 91½; 1 at 91⅝; 1 at 91¾; 1 at 91⅞; 1 at 92; 1 at 92⅛; 1 at 92¼; 1 at 92⅜; 1 at 92½; 1 at 92⅝; 1 at 92¾; 1 at 92⅞; 1 at 93; 1 at 93⅛; 1 at 93¼; 1 at 93⅜; 1 at 93½; 1 at 93⅝; 1 at 93¾; 1 at 93⅞; 1 at 94; 1 at 94⅛; 1 at 94¼; 1 at 94⅜; 1 at 94½; 1 at 94⅝; 1 at 94¾; 1 at 94⅞; 1 at 95; 1 at 95⅛; 1 at 95¼; 1 at 95⅜; 1 at 95½; 1 at 95⅝; 1 at 95¾; 1 at 95⅞; 1 at 96; 1 at 96⅛; 1 at 96¼; 1 at 96⅜; 1 at 96½; 1 at 96⅝; 1 at 96¾; 1 at 96⅞; 1 at 97; 1 at 97⅛; 1 at 97¼; 1 at 97⅜; 1 at 97½; 1 at 97⅝; 1 at 97¾; 1 at 97⅞; 1 at 98; 1 at 98⅛; 1 at 98¼; 1 at 98⅜; 1 at 98½; 1 at 98⅝; 1 at 98¾; 1 at 98⅞; 1 at 99; 1 at 99⅛; 1 at 99¼; 1 at 99⅜; 1 at 99½; 1 at 99⅝; 1 at 99¾; 1 at 99⅞; 1 at 100; $2,067,500 Viet Lib Loans 4½s, 1922-23: 25 at 86.56; 105 at 86.54; 27 at 86.56; 200 at 86.54; 500 at 86.52; 50 at 86.54; 90 at 86.56; 100 at 86.54; 20 at 86.52; 1 at 86.54; 19 at 86.56; 1 at 86.54; 1 at 86.52; 1 at 86.54; 1 at 86.52; 1 at 86.54; 1 at 86.52

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CAR PRIORITY ORDER FAILS TO AID MINES

Majority of Operators Are from 25 to 50 Per Cent. Short, Says Association.

PUTS BLAME ON RAILROADS

Some Seem Reluctant to Obey Rule —Plentiful Supply of Coal Waits on Carriers.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—The National Coal Dealers' Association declared today, in an authorized statement, that, although the order of the Interstate Commerce Commission giving a thirty-day priority on open-top cars to the bituminous coal mines had been in effect for eight working days, only a slight improvement in the car supply was reported today from the coal fields.

"The majority of mines are experiencing car shortages running anywhere from 25 to 50 per cent. of the normal supply," said the statement.

"The failure of the railroads to comply with the commission's order has been due partly to the interference in movement of coal cars due to the switchmen's strike. But, apart from this, there is an apparent lack of disposition with some of the carriers rigidly to put the commission's order into effect. Many of the railroads still are allowing coal cars to be used, as formerly, for the transportation of other commodities, including pleasure automobiles, and in this way depriving the mines of the equipment so badly needed to ship coal.

"The coal operators have ordered strict enforcement of the Interstate Commerce Commission's priority order as the means of solving the coal shortage problem, both as it affects coal for immediate use and for storage next Winter. Without the cars the operators are unable, as they have been for weeks, to get coal from the mines to the consumers. As a result of the lack of cars, mines in all the fields right now are idle from two to four days a week.

"All over the country great manufacturing plants, public utilities and other large consumers are clamoring for an immediate supply of coal so as to avert a shutdown of industry. The coal operators can supply all the coal the country needs if the Interstate Commerce Commission's order is rigorously carried out. It is all a matter of coal cars and nothing else.

"While the cry has been raised against shipping any coal for export, the fact is that almost no coal at all is being shipped out of the country at this time. In the five months ending May 31 only 4 per cent. of the entire bituminous coal production of the country was exported.

"Just as soon as an adequate supply of open-top cars is placed at the disposal of the mine owners there will be enough coal on its way to the consumers to fill every demand, and there need be no fear of a coal famine next Winter."

GEORGIA ROAD SHOWS GAIN.

Central Reports $1,282,650 Net Earnings, Equal to $7.65 a Share.

The report of the Central of Georgia Railway Company for last year, which was issued yesterday, showed in the corporate income account a net income after the deduction of charges and taxes of $1,282,650. This was equal, after allowances for the preferred dividend, to $7.65 a share earned on the $5,000,000 common stock. The 1918 earnings were $6.10. The yield on the common in 1918 was, after lapover items amounting to $340,732 had been deducted, in addition to the preferred dividends.

It cost the Government $1,805,106 to operate the road in 1919, as the payment of guaranteed rental amounted to $3,406,306, as compared with the Federal net income of $1,603,702.

Electric Bond Co. Income Swells.

The report of the Electric Bond and Share Company for last year shows gross income of $3,114,871, as compared with $2,599,674 in 1918, and net income of $1,197,471. Surplus after the payment of preferred and common stock dividends was $355,216, as compared with a 1918 surplus of $257,763. Total dividends paid increased from $1,192,318 to $1,342,255 last year.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Halsey, Stuart & Co. and the National City Company are offering at 92 and interest to yield about 8.20 per cent. $1,500,000 Chicago, North Shore & Milwaukee Railroad 7 per cent. secured notes due July 1, 1930.

Thayer, Drew & Co. are offering $90,000 village of Groton, N. Y., coupon or registered 6 per cent. water bonds, due 1921 to 1950, at a price to yield 5.50 per cent. These bonds are exempt from New York State tax as well as Federal income tax and are legal investment for New York savings banks and trust funds.

The Equitable Trust Company of New York has issued a pamphlet containing a brief summary of the principal amendments to New York State laws of interest to banks and trust companies made by the New York State Legislature which adjourned April 24, 1920.

Arthur E. McCabe, formerly with the Bankers Trust Company, has become associated with Salomon Bros. & Hutzler as manager of their Liberty bond department.

Donald S. Ferguson, formerly with the National City Company, is now associated with the sales organization of Eastman, Dillon & Co., New York City, and will act as their representative in Boston and vicinity.

William C. Alexander has been appointed an assistant credit manager of the Guaranty Trust Company of New York.

A booklet on wool and wool manufacture, written primarily for the layman, has been issued by the First National Bank of Boston. It has been written by James P. Warburg of the staff of the bank and traces the wool industry from the raising of sheep to the marketing of the finished product.

EARNINGS

Railroads.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE for May—

	1920.	1919.	1918.
Gross	$5,789,371	$4,904,377	$4,202,788
Bal. after tax	150,068	303,420	886,016
Net op. deficit	132,450	*295,192	*840,561
5 mos.' gross	31,417,050	27,955,311	21,963,402
Bal. after tax	5,122,807	4,002,153	6,059,571
Net op. income	4,619,540	3,972,331	5,864,361

*Income.

BUFFALO, ROCHESTER & PITTSBURGH for May—

Gross	1,588,768	968,329	1,478,165
Def. after tax	56,897	242,095	*184,432
Net op. income	157,218	†257,801	200,527
5 mos.' gross	7,100,912	5,437,515	6,445,263
Def. after tax	388,737	625,508	*265,975
Net op. income	500,721	†640,884	608,136

*Income. †Deficit.

BUFFALO & SUSQUEHANNA for May—

Gross	258,414	161,443	157,800
Def. after tax	36,260	27,670	1,481
Net op. income	14,337	†30,821	38,242
5 mos.' gross	1,131,736	828,251	901,540
Def. after tax	81,262	143,679	*71,260
Net op. income	68,500	†154,537	233,657

*Income. †Deficit.

CANADIAN PACIFIC for May—

Gross	16,459,986	13,569,411	13,814,116
Net after exp.	3,197,942	3,033,160	3,637,775
5 mos.' gross	75,577,011	60,144,993	56,434,969
Net after exp.	8,797,366	9,196,056	11,894,837

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON & QUINCY for March—

Gross	13,865,875	11,278,417	11,193,853
Bal. after tax	879,471	1,486,291	2,431,308
Net op. income	630,094	1,295,611	2,340,005
3 mos. gross	43,682,839	33,405,843	29,212,822
Bal. after tax	7,564,359	5,186,007	4,855,231
Net op. income	6,672,761	4,741,496	4,622,242

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON & QUINCY for April—

Gross	12,380,912	11,161,012	11,686,409
Def. after tax	658,395	*1,440,919	*2,935,356
Net op. deficit	1,139,472	*1,200,333	*2,862,717
4 mos. gross	56,063,750	44,566,853	40,879,722
Bal. after tax	6,906,054	6,635,927	7,790,581
Net op. income	5,513,288	5,949,830	7,674,954

*Income.

DETROIT & MACKINAC for May—

Gross	155,128	130,486	140,680
Def. after tax	36,641	21,474	*18,070
Net op. deficit	24,051	20,982	*22,528
5 mos. gross	717,851	583,464	576,431
Def. after tax	121,396	159,113	*51,862
Net op. deficit	73,153	172,213	*51,359

*Income.

MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS SYSTEM for April—

Gross	5,156,796	4,660,403	4,188,642
Bal. after tax	80,470	222,938	556,550
Net op. deficit	62,680	*140,570	*503,862
4 mos. gross	21,927,832	17,935,576	15,667,667
Bal. after tax	459,564	68,404	1,272,745
Net op. deficit	768,980	*14,171	*779,777

*Income.

NASHVILLE, CHATTANOOGA & ST. LOUIS for May—

Gross	2,072,974	1,584,851	1,587,616
Bal. after tax	247,019	39,105	278,850
Net op. income	293,571	51,641	345,056
5 mos.' gross	9,790,722	7,601,023	7,410,206
Bal. after tax	831,120	†183,938	1,407,769
Net op. income	991,478	†63,445	1,632,595

†Deficit.

NORFLOK & WESTERN for May—

Gross	6,423,482	5,925,049	6,572,181
Bal. after tax	230,230	635,862	1,756,673
Net op. income	766,270	653,647	1,871,228
5 mos.' gross	30,300,435	29,801,394	28,242,900
Def. after tax	448,814	*3,849,693	*5,674,792
Net op. income	1,139,686	3,999,028	6,275,112

*Income.

NORTHERN PACIFIC for May—

Gross	7,891,880	7,574,797	7,200,523
Def. after tax	976,347	*147,388	*1,361,745
Net op. deficit	146,046	*362,225	*1,808,077
5 mos. gross	42,405,531	37,524,437	34,480,446
Bal. after tax	2,000,000	4,894,184	6,705,280
Net op. income	4,000,074	5,430,288	8,543,891

*Income.

ST. LOUIS-SAN FRANCISCO SYSTEM for April—

Gross	6,839,841	6,070,224	5,691,544
Bal. after tax	800,147	1,023,563	1,062,937
Net op. income	512,670	1,114,606	965,861
4 mos.' gross	20,216,457	24,306,034	20,180,625
Bal. after tax	4,152,398	2,724,101	2,882,970
Net op. income	3,267,476	2,027,010	2,366,205

ST. LOUIS SOUTHWESTERN SYSTEM for March—

Gross	2,522,764	1,494,774	1,882,761
Bal. after tax	557,150	†164,860	508,640
Net op. income	388,278	†106,773	580,501
3 mos. gross	7,106,950	4,437,345	4,918,770
Bal. after tax	1,051,157	†240,197	1,384,494
Net op. income	1,165,091	†205,007	1,437,732

†Deficit.

Public Utilities.

DUQUESNE LIGHT CO. AND SUBSIDIARY for year ended Dec. 31—

	1920.	1919.	Increase.
Gross	1,009,983	910,559	188,424
Net earnings	261,688	321,166	*59,458
5 mos.' gross	6,050,740	5,124,525	954,215
Net earnings	1,975,168	1,944,945	31,221

*Decrease.

ELECTRIC BOND AND SHARE CO. for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Gross income	3,114,871	2,599,674	2,140,020
Net income	1,197,471	1,450,981	2,068,390
Pfd. dividends	563,525	511,773	487,110
Com. dividends	778,730	680,545	644,880
Surplus	355,216	257,763	933,701

PHILADELPHIA CO. SUBSIDIARIES for May—

	1920.	1919.	Increase.
Gross	2,519,488	2,064,970	454,518
Net earnings	974,381	790,980	183,401
5 mos.' gross	14,771,718	12,619,108	2,152,610
Net earnings	7,190,500	5,969,619	1,206,890

UTAH POWER AND LIGHT CO. (Including the Western Colorado Power Co.) for May—

Gross	482,780	406,704	75,995
Net after tax	202,452	186,575	15,877
Total income	216,246	194,914	21,332
Sur. aft. chgs.	72,707	54,832	18,875
12 mos.' gross	6,072,307	5,586,142	485,295
Net after tax	2,876,204	2,913,951	*37,687
Total income	3,003,731	3,045,553	*41,822
Sur. after chgs	1,342,740	1,317,643	25,097
Bal. af. pf. div	755,877	791,948	*36,071

*Decrease.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
Angio-French 5s	90¾	91¼
Argentine 5s	70	71½
Belgium 7½s	98	98½
Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1921	97⅛	97⅜
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1921	97⅛	97½
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926	87⅜	87¾
Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1929	89⅝	90⅜
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	84½	86
Prov. of Alberta 4½s	84	..
Chinese Government 5s	42½	43½
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1944	70½	71
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1949	69	72½
Republic of Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949	71	73
Dominican Republic 5s	85⅝	86¼
City of Bordeaux 6s	84½	85¼
City of Copenhagen 5½s	73¼	74¼
City of Lyons 6s	84¼	85⅛
City of Marseilles 6s	84⅞	85¾
City of Paris 6s	92½	92⅝
Japanese 4½s	73⅜	74¼
Japanese 4½s, second series	72¾	73¾
Japanese 4s	55½	56½
City of Tokio 5s	52	52⅞
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1921	97	97¼
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1922	92⅝	93
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1929	88¾	89¼
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1937	84¾	84⅞
United States of Mexico 5s	35	35½
United States of Mexico 4s	27	28
Italy 6½s	..	92

UNITED STATES ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r. 1930	100¼	101¼
2s, c. 1930	100⅝	101⅛
4s, r. 1925	104¼	105½
4s, c. 1925	104½	106⅛
Pan 2s, r. 1936	100¼	101⅜
Pan 2s, c. 1936	100¼	101⅜
Pan 2s, r. 1938	100¼	101⅜
Pan 2s, c. 1938	100¼	101⅜
Pan 2s, r. 1961	77	81
Pan 2s, c. 1961	77	81
P I 4s, '34	78	85
P I 4s, '35	78	85
P I 4s, '36	78	85
Dist of C 3-65s	..	98

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	28½	30
Alas G M.	1⅝	1¾
Alb & Sus.	120	140
A A Cables	100	108
Allis-Ch M pf.	86¼	90
Am Bk N.	42⅞	44
Do pf.	41	44
Am B Sug pf.	82	97
Am B M.	113¼	114
Am B S & Pdy	81	93
Do pf.	218	230
Am C pf.	88¼	90½
Am C & F pf.	105	110½
Am D S.	11	11½
Am Exp.	130	134½
Am H & L pf.	89	90
Am Int.	85¼	85½
Am Ice	41¼	43
Am Lin.	82	82½
Do pf.	90	93
Am Lo pf.	96½	99½
Am M & G.	35	37½
Am Shipb.	..	128
Am S & R pf.	90	92
Am Snuff.	100	105
Do pf.	77	87
Am S Ref.	122	124
Am S Tob pf.	85¼	91
Am T & C.	47	50
Am Tob pf.	87	88
Am Wh pf.	87	95
Am Wr Pa pf.	42¼	43½
Am Zinc.	13½	14
Ann Arbor.	12	14
Do pf.	25	30
Asso D G.	31½	33½
Do 1st pf	64	66
Do 2d pf.	73	75
Assoc Oil.	85	100
Atl Ref.	1,175	1,225
Do pf.	104	105½
A, B & A.	7	8
Atl C L.	54	58
A, G & W I pf.	62	65
Aus N pf.	81	88
Auto Sales.	..	10
Do pf.	..	22
Bald L pf.	93	97
B'dall, B.	35	40
Bar L.	50	70
Do pf.	80	95
Barrett Co pf. ex d.	102	110
Batop Min.	1	1¼
Beth Cr'k.	23	35
Beth Steel.	86	88
Do 7% pf.	95	110
Do 8% pf.	107	107½
B'klyn Ed.	83½	90
B R T.	10⅝	11⅜
Do ctfs.	7¼	8⅞
B U Gas.	48	51
Br Sh pf.	93	97
B, R & P.	80	..
Do pf.	73	..
Buff & S.	..	63
Do pf.	..	45
Burns Bros pf.	100	115
Bush Ter.	81	83
Butte & S.	21¼	22½
But'k Co.	12⅝	13
Cal P pf.	65½	68
Cal & Ar.	56	60
Can So.	40	50
Cases Plow.	14⅞	16
Case (J I) pf.	93	94½
Cent L pf.	98	101
C R I & P pf.	21¼	21⅝
C & N W	97⅜	101
Chi & Alt.	7	9
Do pf.	10	15
C & E Ill.	68	74
Do pf.	6	7
Chi Gt W pf.	21½	21⅝
C & N W	97⅜	101
Chi Pn T.	89¾	95
Chi, R I & P 6% pf.	61	62¼
Chi, St P, M & Om.	57	62½
Do pf.	84	95
Chile Cop.	15	15½
C, C, C & St L.	48	52
Do pf.	64¼	66
Cl & Pitts.	57	62
Clu-Peab.	75	77
Do pf.	90	100¾
Col & So.	21¾	22½
Do 1st pf	45	48
Do 2d pf.	40	50
Col Gr pf.	83	84
Comp T R.	40	50
Con Cig pf.	70	80
Cont Ins.	70	75
Corn P R pf.	103	104
Crex Carp.	52	59
Cruc S pf.	90	94½
C-Am Bug pf.	100	110
De B M.	32	33
D & Co pf.	93	97
Det Ed.	98	102
Det U Ry.	..	90
Dis Match.	100	110
D, S S & A	3	4
Dur H pf.	92	93
Elec S B.	112	130
Elk H C.	19	22
Do pf.	36	38
Em Brant.	15	20
Do pf.	76	82
End-John.	87¼	88
Erie & P.	45	55
Fairbanks.	58	70
F M & S.	10½	12½
Do pf.	25	30½
Fisher Bdy	110	119
Do pf.	100	106
F'port Tex.	22¾	23¾
G, W & W.	12¼	12¾
Gen Ch pf.	90	95
Gen Cig pf.	92	100
Gen M pf.	17	20
Do 6% d.	72	72½
Do 7% d.	84	88
G'drich pf.	86¾	89
G, M & N.	12¾	13¾
Hartman.	82	85
Hendee M.	31½	33
Homestake	52	55
Int-Cons.	3½	3⅝
Do pf.	11¼	11¾
Int Agric.	21½	22
Int H pf.	100	107
Int Mot Tr 1st pf.	77	79
Do 2d pf.	65¼	68
Int N pf.	90½	90¼
Int Pa pf.	95	106
Do pf. s.	74	74½
Int Salt.	60	..
Iowa Cent.	5½	6
Jewel Tea.	9	10
Do pf.	30	36
Jones B T.	22¾	24
K C Ft S & M pf.	50	..
Kan C So.	16	17½
Kayser(J) ex div.	88	100
Do 1st pf.	100	115
Kelly S T.	105	105½
Do pf.	83	84½
Do 8% pf.	96	99
Kelsey Wh.	55	70
Do pf.	84	90
K & D M.	2	6
Do pf.	20	30
Kress(S H)	90½	110
Do pf.	100	..
Lacl Gas.	38	40
L E & W.	9	11
Do pf.	15	19
L R & T.	29	30
Ligg & M.	145¼	153
Do pf.	137	145
L-W Blsc.	45	48
Do 1st pf	98¾	103
Do 2d pf.	105¾	125
Lorill'd Co pf.	94	100
Louis & N.	98	98⅞
M'Kay Cos.	63	65
Do pf.	60	60¾
Mallinson.	20½	24
Do pf.	..	70
Man B'ch.	½	2½
Man Shirt.	24	26¾
Man Sug.	12½	13½
Do pf.	76	81
Marlin R.	..	58¼
Martin-P.	19¼	22
Math Alk.	31	40
Max Motor.	20	22½
Do ctfs.	15	20
Do 1st pf	38	43
Do ctfs.	33	37
Do 2d pf.	10	25
Do ctfs.	6	7
Mex P pf.	93½	97
Mich Cent.	78	85
M & St L.	12½	13⅝
M, St P & S S M.	67	70
Do pf.	80	85
Do 1st.	50	54
Mon Pow.	60	63
Do pf.	90¼	96
Mor & Ess.	58	65
Mullins B.	37	39
Do pf.	95	..
N C & St L.	100	110
Nat Acme.	83¾	84
Nat Biso.	107¼	110
Do pf.	103	106
Nat Cl & St.	80½	82
Do pf.	95	100
Nat C & C.	8¼	9
Nat Enam.	68	69¼
Do pf.	93	95
Nat Lead.	75	77
Do pf.	102	103
Nat Sta.	14	16
1st pf.	84	88
New C C.	12¾	12⅝
N O T & M.	31½	33
Mex T & Pdy	97	99
N Y A B.	90	95
N Y C & St L.	27¼	28½
Do 1st pf	55	65
Do 2d pf.	45	49
N Y Dock.	30½	35
Do pf.	47	51
N Y L & W.	78	83
N Y O & W.	16½	17⅜
Norf So.	19	24
N & W pf.	64	66
Nunnally.	15¼	16
Nova S S.	53	56
Ohio Body.	25½	26½
Ohio F S.	49	53
Otis Elev.	120½	130
Otis Stl pf.	..	101
Owens Bot.	46	52
Pac Coast.	20	30
Do 1st pf.	36	40
Do 2d pf.	45	60
Pac Mail.	30	32
P T & Tel.	44	49
Pan-Am B.	33½	33¾
Penney pf.	89	93
Peo G, C.	35¾	36
Peo & E.	8	11
Pere M pf	57	58¼
Do pf.	..	47
Pett-Mull.	30	40
Do 1st pf	95	..
Pierce-A pf	50¾	50¾
Pierce O pf	55	56
P Jones.	50	58
Do pf.	84	88
Pierce O pf	82¾	83¾
Pitts C pf.	85½	86¼
P, N W & C pf.	115	120
Pitts S pf.	85	91
P & W Va.	27½	28
Do pf.	72	76
Pond C C.	17	19
Pr Stl Car pf.	98	100
P S, N J.	..	63
P'man Co.	110	111
Rand M.	28	29
R H Sec, I C stk ctfs.	..	40
Ry Stl Spr.	96	98½
Do pf.	96	100
Rdg 1st pf	42¾	43
Do 2d pf.	42½	43¼
Rem Type.	60½	63
Do 1st pf.	..	36
Do 2d pf.	88	90
Rens & S.	95	105
Rep Truck.	48	50
R R Rein.	15	17
St J Lead	15½	15⅝
St L S F pf.	29	33
Savage A.	47	50
Sea C Sug.	21	22½
Seab A L.	7	7½
Do pf.	12½	13½
Sears-R.	201	205
Do pf.	..	112
Shat-Ariz.	8⅝	9½
S-S S & T.	60	60¾
Do pf.	87	89
So P R S.	283	309
So Ry pf.	55½	55½
S & T pf.	80½	91
Stand Mill.	125	155
Do pf.	75	85
Stewart W.	39¼	40¼
Stern B pf.	90	97¾
Sup Stl 1st pf.	98	..
Do pf.	96	..
Tenn C I.	280	450
Third Av.	11¼	12½
Tide W'G.	195	215
Tob P pf.	87¾	91½
Tol St L & West.	9	15
Do ctfs.	11	15
Do pf.	15	21
Do pf, c.	17	21
Und. T pf.	105	117
Un Cig Sts.	130	178
Do pf.	100	104
U D 1st pf.	46	47
U Drywf'g.	53½	60
U Rys Inv.	9¼	10
U S C I P pf.	43½	45
U S Exp.	6¾	6½
U S R 1st pf.	107½	108½
Va-Car Ch pf.	100	100½
Va R & P.	15	17
Vul Detin.	17	24
Do pf.	70	88
Wal pf. A.	22¼	23
Do pf. B.	14	15
W F Exp.	50	53
W Md 2d pf.	14	18
W Pac pf.	63	64½
West U T.	81½	86
West A B.	102	104
W & L E pf.	15½	18
White Mtr.	30½	51
Wis Cent.	25	27
W'w'th pf.	104½	110
Wor Pump.	65	66
Do pf. A.	80	80

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Apex, N. C., Elec. Lt. 6s
Asheville, N. C., Various 5s
Auburn, N. Y., Water Filtration 4½s
Baton Rouge, La., Permanent Imp. 4s & Pub. Imp. 4½s
Bell Co., Ky 5s
Bergen Co., N. J., Bridge & Rd. Imp. 4½s
Bergen Co., N. J., Bridge (July 15) 4½s
Bloomfield, N. J., Fire Dept. 4s
Brightwaters, N. Y., Dock 6s, Paving 6s
Broward Co., Fla., Spl. Road & Bridge Dist. No. 1 6s
Buenos Ayres Cent. Ry 4½s
Buffalo Creek R.R. Co. 1st Rel. 5s
Buffalo Creek R.R. Co. 2nd 5s
Cairo, Ga., Water Works & Elec. Lt. & Town Hall 5s
Camden Co., N. J., Various (July 2) 4s & 4½s
Canandaigua, N. Y., U.F.S.D. No. 1 4s
Cedartown, Ga., High School 5s & School Imp. 6s
Clinton, N. C., Street 6s
Dade Co., Fla., Spl. Road & Bridge Dist. No. 1 6s
Dade Co., Fla., Spl. Road & Bridge Dist. No. 2 5s
Dade Co., Fla., Bridge Highway & Jail 5s
Dade Co., Fla., Spl. Road & Bridge Dist. No. 3 6s
Daytona, Fla., Sewer & Drainage 5s
Detroit, Monroe & Toledo S. L. Ry 5s
Dunn, N. C. 6s
Durham, N. C., Fdg. & School 4½s & 5s, Sewer 4½s, Water 5s
Duval Co., Fla., St. John's River Bridge 5s
Easton Trans. Co. 6s
Elberton, Ga., Paving, Elec. Lt. & School Bldg. 4½s & 5s
Elyria, O., Water Works 4½s
Englewood, N. J., School, Series A, Series B, Series C 5s
Essex Co., N. J., Land (July 2) 4½s
Essex Co., N. J., Park 4½s
Fairmont Coal Co 5s
Fairview, N. J., Fdg. 5s
Fort Pierce, Fla., Pub. Utility 6s
Fresno City Water Co. 5s
General Pipe Line Co. of Cal. 1st 6s
Glassport, Pa., School Dist. 4½s
Glassport, Pa., Boro. 5s
Greensboro, N. C., Street, Sewer & Water Works 4s
Greenwich, Conn., Rfdg. 4½s, School 4½s
Greenwood Co., S. C. 4½s
Griffin, Ga., Sewer, Water & Light 5s
Guanajuato Pow. & Elec. Co. 6s
Hawaii Territory Imp. (July 2) 3½s
Henderson, N. C. 5s
Hillsborough Co., Fla., School Dist 5s&6s
Hillsborough Co., Fla., County Road 5s
Homestead, Fla., Municipal Imp. 6s
Jennings, La., School 5s
Key West, Fla., Refd. 5s
Lawrence, N. Y., St. Imp. 4.60s
Lynchburg, Va., Pub. Imp. 4½s
Leland, Miss., Con. School
Marquette & Bessemer Dock & Navigation Co. Deb.
Mebane, N. C., Water & Sewer
Mecklenburg, S. C., Bridge 5s
Memphis, various 5s
Memphis, Tenn., Education various
Miami, Fla., Imp. 5s & Municipal Imp 5s
Miami Beach, Fla., Park 5s
Monticello, Ga., School Lt. & Water 5s
Mt. Olive, N. C., Pub. Imp. 5½s (July 12)
Mutual Life Ins. Co. 5s
Natsenas Co. of Calif. 6s
New London, Conn., School Rfd. 4½s
No. Indiana Ry. Co., July 1, '18, July 1, '19 5s
North Spring Lake, N. J., Water 5s
Norwalk, Conn., Refd. Sewer & Water 4s, Paving 4½s
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JULY INVESTMENTS

We have prepared for investors a carefully selected list of conservative bonds to enable them to take full advantage of the present unusual opportunity for profitable use of surplus funds.

This list comprises United States and Foreign Government, Railroad, Public Utility and Industrial Bonds and is classified according to groups.

In compiling this circular, liberal yield, safety of principal and marketability have been the chief factors considered.

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JULY COTTON FALLS AND MARKET BREAKS

Favorable Weather Reports, with Bad Trade News, Bring List Down.

BIG DECLINE IN EXPORTS

Day's Foreign Output but 1,843 Bales, Making 7,338 for First Half of Week.

The upward drive in July, which featured the trading in cotton contracts on Monday and resulted in advancing the whole list, appeared to have run its course yesterday and after a somewhat spasmodic attempt at resumption, during which the July option got up 85 points to 37.95, the market broke. July did not go off nearly as much as the rest of the list, but it lost as much net as it had gained in the first hour, while some of the distant months late in the day were selling off for net losses of as much as 75 points.

Weather reports were exceedingly favorable and the trade advices were as pessimistic as usual. Added to this, exports for the day were very small, amounting to only 1,843 bales, all out of Mobile for British ports, and making the total for the first half of the week the record low figure of 7,338 bales. The falling off of the export movement received more attention than usual yesterday, probably for the reason that the market was heavy anyway and any additional bearish factor was apt to loom large.

Advices concerning the weather were highly favorable, with the exception that temperatures were reported somewhat lower than could be desired in a few sections. But the lower temperatures, it was believed, will do no material harm unless they continue for several days. Meanwhile, in most parts of the belt, growing conditions were nearly ideal and the bears made the most of the situation.

The bad trade news was both domestic and foreign. From New England came word of falling demand for cotton goods and some rumors of price cuts, while Manchester reports were the same doleful things that have been coming across for the past fortnight. In some of the trade circles there is a tendency to discount the foreign advices, on the ground that they are being made to appear worse than conditions actually are in the hope of depressing American prices, but it is pretty generally conceded that the foreign trade is slowing down.

Arrivals of American cotton at Liverpool have been light recently, as is natural considering the diminished exports from this side, but spot cotton has been rather heavy there and sales have been none too extensive. Also, part of the sales have represented resales by the Manchester interests.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Previous Day.
July	37.95	37.95	37.25	37.50	37.60
Oct.	33.50	33.55	32.80	33.21@33.23	33.54
Dec.	32.32	32.53	31.65	31.85@31.90	32.37
Jan.	31.73	31.73	30.98	31.25	31.76
March	31.20	31.20	30.45	30.70@30.72	31.20
May	30.75	30.77	29.98	30.20	30.70

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, unchanged at 38.75c for middling upland; sales nil.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston 38.75c., New Orleans 39.75c., Savannah 41.50c., Augusta 41c., Memphis 40c., Houston 39.25c., Little Rock 40c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	4,973	4,286	18,978
Exports	1,843	353	5,163
Exports, season	6,157,743	6,122,977	4,332,315
New York stocks	96,920	20,280	104,790
Port stocks	832,695	950,149	1,345,004
N. Y. arrivals	4,795	1,401	

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton was dull at 26.45d for middling. Sales, 3,000 bales, of which American, 2,000. Imports, 1,000 bales, none American. Futures opened steady 11 to 25 points up, and closed steady 1 point up to 18 points down on the day. Prices, July, 23.93d; Oct., 22.44d; Dec., 21.22d; March, 20.31d. Manchester: Yarns and cloths were dull.

FOREIGN SECURITIES.

	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.
Arg'tine (unlisted)	5	Sep., 1954	68½	69½
Belgium (Rest'n)	5	1934	81½	84½
†Belg'm Lin. of '20	5		84	85½
Belgium, 5-year	6	Jan., 1921	99	99½
†British funding	4	1960-1929	270	275
British Victory	4	1920	300	309
Brit. Nat. W. L.	5	1922	379	388
Brit. Nat. W. L.	5	1927	373	381
Canada	5½	Dec., 1922	95¾	97¼
Canada	5½	Nov., 1923	95¾	97¼
Canada	5	Dec., 1925	91¾	94¾
French Victory	5	1923	73½	75½
†French loan, '17	4	1943	55	61½
†French loan, '18	4	1943	53½	61½
†French loan, '20	5	1920	83¼	90¼
Italy, Treas., 3-yr.	5	1923	56	61
Italy, Treas., 5-yr.		1925	56	61
Russia	5½	Dec., 1921	24	27
Russia, ruble, bds.	6½	Feb., 1926	29	33
Sweden	6	June, 1939	95	98
Switzerland	5½	Aug., 1929	42	45

*Par £100. †1,000 francs.

MEAT PACKERS TO CONVENE

Will Hold Sessions at Atlantic City Sept. 13, 14 and 15.

CHICAGO, June 29.—Meat packers from all parts of the country will gather at Atlantic City September 13, 14 and 15 to discuss problems affecting the industry, Thomas E. Wilson, President of the Institute of American Meat Packers, announced today.

One of the problems confronting the industry, he said, is the cost of beef. Producers have been marketing cattle below the cost of production, according to Mr. Wilson, and many packers report losses on beef.

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

(Quoted on a percentage basis.)

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1920-'27	4½	8.62	7.50
Bethlehem Steel	1920-'27	7	7.75	7.25
Buff., Roch. & P.	1920-'33	4½@5.6	7.50	7.00
Canadian Pacific	1920-'32	4½@6	7.00	6.75
Chicago & N. W.	1920-'23	4½	7.40	6.40
C., R. I. & P.	1920-'27	4½@5	8.25	7.50
C., St. L. & N. O.	1920-'24	5	7.75	7.50
C., G. C. & St. L.	1920-'29	5 @6	9.00	7.00
Delaware & Hud.	1922	4½	7.25	6.50
Erie Railroad	1920-'27	4½@5	8.50	7.50
Grace Steamship	1920-'34	6	7.80	7.00
Illinois Central	1920-'27	4½@6	7.50	6.50
Inter. P. Stmship.	1920-'31	5	8.50	7.75
L'ville & N'ville	1920-'23	5	7.40	6.60
Michigan Central	1920-'33	5 @6	7.50	6.50
Minn. & St. L.	1920-'27	5 @6	8.00	7.00
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1920-'24	5	9.50	7.50
N. Y. Central	1920-'32	4½@6-7	7.75	6.50
Norfolk & West.	1920-'24	4½	7.37	6.50
Northern Pacific	1920-'50	7	7.75	6.87
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1920-'20	4½@6-8	8.35	7.25
Pacific Fruit Exp.	1922-'35	7	7.20	6.50
Penn. Gen. Fref'l	1920-'24	4 @4½	7.50	6.50
Reading Co.	1920-'27	4½	7.50	6.80
Seaboard Air L.	1920-'37	4½@6-8	8.50	7.50
Sinclair Refining	1920-'31	6	8.50	7.50
Southern Pacific	1920-'34	4½	7.40	6.75
Southern Ry.	1920-'36	4½@5	7.75	7.00
Union Pacific	1924-'35	7	7.60	7.00
Virginian Ry.	1920-'50	6	7.80	7.20
White Oil Corp.	1920-'33	6	8.60	7.75

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

CORN.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	1.17¼	1.14¾	1.15¼	1.17⅝	1.78
Sept.	1.73¼	1.70	1.71	1.72½	1.76¾
Dec.	1.58	1.56	1.57¼	1.58⅞	1.53¾

OATS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	1.04¼	1.02	1.03¾	1.04⅝	.92¾
Sept.	.87¾	.86¼	.87	.88¼	.85¾
Dec.	.84¾	.83¾	.83⅞	.86¼	.80¾

In the local market cash oats were quoted as follows: No. 1 white, nominal; No. 2, $1.33@$1.33½; No. 3, $1.32@$1.33; No. 4, $1.30@$1.31; fancy, $1.36; ordinary, $1.32.

RYE.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	2.15¼	2.15	2.15½	2.16	1.38½
Sept.	1.87¾	1.85¼	1.87	1.87⅞	1.42¾

PROVISIONS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
July	22.52	20.40	20.42	20.42	34.05
Sept.	21.60	21.50	21.50	21.47	34.50
Ribs—					
July	18.07	18.02	18.02	18.00	27.70
Sept.	19.15	19.10	19.12	19.10	27.90
Pork—					
July	33.90	33.65	33.60	33.65	56.40
Sept.	35.75	35.60	35.60	35.65	49.25
July	13.65	13.50	13.50	13.50	13.80

COTTONSEED OIL.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Closing Bid.
July	15.60	15.45	15.60	15.60
August				14.20
September	16.75	16.60	16.75	16.75
October	16.75	16.63	16.75	16.75
November	16.80	16.80	16.80	16.76
December	16.81	16.81	16.81	16.79
January	16.75	16.55	16.75	16.85
February				16.80

COFFEE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Closing Bid.
July	12.95	12.50	12.50	13.80
September	13.05	12.85	12.86	13.15
December	13.10	12.90	12.90	13.24
March	13.16	13.00	13.00	13.32
May	13.19	13.15	13.15	13.42

PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER—Yesterday's receipts were 9,130 packages. Market ruled firm on the choice and fancy grades of creamery, with demand absorbing the stock quite closely. Medium grades were fairly plenty and selling at irregular rates, with ladles and packing quiet. Creamery, higher than extras, lb., 50½@60c.; extras, 92 score, 59c.; firsts, 90 to 91 score, 55@58c.; firsts, 88 to 89 score, 53@55½c.; seconds, 83 to 87 score, 46@52c.; lower grades, 42@45c.; unsalted, higher than extras, 62½@63c.; extras, 61@62c.; firsts, 55@60½c.; seconds, 49@54c.; State dairy tubs, finest, 57@58c.; good to prime, 53@56c.; common to fair, 44@52c.; reprocessed, extras, 59@61c.; firsts, 48@49c.; ladles, current make, firsts, 45@46c.; seconds, 41½@42c.; lower grades, 40@41c.; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 42@42½c.; No. 2, 41c.; lower grades, 37@40c.

EGGS—The receipts yesterday were 16,941 cases. The market was firm on the light offerings of very high-grade fresh eggs, and a moderate demand for good medium qualities. The more seriously defective stock, a large part of the supply, still pressed for sale at weak and irregular prices. There was improvement in the value of the great bulk of the offerings. Fancy nearby white eggs were scarce and higher and good medium qualities cleaned up better. Californias were in liberal supply. Many lots are coming in badly broken. Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 50@51c.; extra firsts, 47@49c.; firsts, 46@46c.; seconds, 38@41c.; dirties, No. 1, special packings, 34½@35½c.; regular packings, 33@34c.; No. 2 and poorer, 25@32c.; checks, fair to choice, dry, 30@33c.; State, Pennsylvania and nearby Western, henmery whites, extras, 58@60c.; extra firsts, 55@57c.; firsts, 52@54c.; gathered whites, firsts to extra firsts, 52@57c.; undergrades, 40@51c.; Pacific Coast, whites, extras, 57@58c.; extra firsts, 55@56c.; firsts, 53@54c.; undergrades, 46@50c.; small, 38@42c.; other Western and Southern, gathered whites, 44@51c.; State, Pennsylvania and nearby Western, henmery browns, extras, 53@55c.; gathered brown and mixed colors, graded extras, 50@51c.; firsts to extra firsts, 45@49c.

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The Directors of the Michigan Limestone & Chemical Company have declared a quarterly dividend of 1½% on the preferred stock of the corporation, payable July 15th, 1920.

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SPECULATORS HOLD SUGAR FOR PROFIT

Concessions Have Been Made to Canners and Preservers with Special Rail Service.

TELLS OF $250,000,000 LOAN

Officials Ask Why Power of the Government Has Not Been Invoked to Aid Householders.

In a statement given out last night Mrs. Louis Reed Welzmiller, Deputy Commissioner of Public Markets, declared that while there appeared to be "plenty of sugar for speculative purposes" and "concessions have been made to the canners and preservers," whereby "they have even obtained special service from railroads and a special price, the housewives have been left in the lurch."

"Samuel A. Berger of the Department of Justice," the Deputy Commissioner said, "is authority for the statement that $250,000,000 has been loaned to finance a speculative condition, or, in other words, to finance or promote speculation in sugar. It is claimed this sugar is in Cuba.

"Mr. Berger said that that office could not consider the situation of the housewives of New York State when he was asked for a special allotment for the women of the State. I suggest that since New York is a pretty considerable portion of the United States Government, the Federal department may well consider action in their interest. The present condition of sugar is an outrage against civilization. If the United States Government cannot act, where is the power that can?

"I was waited on by representatives of 5,000 women in the Bronx, in whose interest I saw Armin W. Riley of the Department of Justice, who told me that if the women could buy sugar in sufficiently large quantities to skip the price of the wholesaler and the retailer—in carload lots—he would guarantee the same price as that given the preservers and canners. A carload lot is equal to 40,000 pounds."

Mrs. Welzmiller also issued a statement last night, in which she said that more than a million loaves of bread are wasted each week in this city.

The Rev. Frederick G. Willey, pastor of the Sanford Street Methodist Church, East Orange, N. J., in an appeal issued yesterday proposed a thirty-day ban on soft drinks and ice cream sodas to reduce the high cost of sugar.

In the Municipal Term of City Magistrate's Court yesterday Magistrate Charles N. Harris dismissed the complaint against Morris & Co., packers, of the Bronx, summoned on a charge of having 109 2-3 dozen eggs unfit for human consumption. There was no evidence on which the company could be held, the court declared.

Prof. Werner's Estate Apportioned.

Dr. Adolph Werner, professor emeritus of the City College, who died at the age of 80 in August of last year, left an estate that was appraised at $31,232 net in the Surrogates' Court here yesterday. His sisters, Ida Werner and Sophie Hoeber, and his nephew, Eugene H. Hoeber, all of 401 West End Avenue, received bequests of books appraised at $400 and a life estate each in $27,517.

DR. STODDARD LEFT $41,000.

Author-Clergyman's Will Divides Estate Between Four Daughters.

The will of the Rev. Dr. Charles Augustus Stoddard, author and emient Presbyterian clergyman, who died June 3, at the age of 87, was filed in the Surrogate's Court yesterday. It disposes of $19,000 in real estate and $22,000 in personal property. The will divides the estate into six parts, three of which go to Mrs. Marian Jennings, a daughter, of 2 East Eighty-second Street, and one each to his daughters, Ethel J. Parsons of Paris, Irene M. V. Hoffman, 35 West Fifty-first Street, and Jermain Duncan, 22 East Forty-seventh Street. William M. V. Hoffman and Stuart Duncan, sons-in-law, are named executors.

Liberal Bequests to Many Charities.

Appraisals made yesterday in the Surrogates' office apportion these amounts among a number of charities under the terms of the will of Mrs. Anna M. Schmitt-Raier, who died last December at 971 Park Avenue: Wartburg Orphan Farm School of Mount Vernon and the German Ladies' Society of New York, $25,324 each; German Hospital, $20,866; Otillie Orphan Society of Jamaica, L. I., and Home for the Aged of Chauncey Street, Brooklyn, $25,824 each. Smaller sums were left to the German Evangelical Aid Society of New York, the Young Men's Christian Association and the Young Women's Christian Association. The net value of the estate was fixed at $748,827.

Major Roosevelt's Estate Appraised.

Its appraisal in the Surrogates' Court here yesterday showed the total value of the estate of the late Major James A. Roosevelt to be, in the gross, $115,904, and in the net $109,227. Major Roosevelt, whose mother was a sister of President Lowell of Harvard University, was a second cousin of Colonel Theodore Roosevelt. He died on board the liner Great Northern in March of 1919, at the age of 34, while on his way home from France, where he was in command of a supply train of the 77th Division. The appraisal apportions $50,227 to the Major's widow of 690 Park Avenue, and $50,000 goes to his aunt, Amy Lowell of Brookline, Mass.

Weather in Grain and Cotton States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—Forecast:

N. C., S. C. and Mich.—Probably fair Wed. and Thurs.; not much change in temp.

Ga., Fla., extreme N. W. Fla., Ala. and Miss.—Generally fair Wed. and Thurs.

Tenn.—Fair and continued warm Wed. Thurs., local thunder showers.

Ky.—Partly cloudy Wed., followed by local thunder showers Wed. night and Thurs.; not quite so warm.

Ind. and Ohio.—Local thunder showers Wed.; not quite so warm in e. Thurs., partly cloudy.

Ill. and Mo.—Unsettled; but mostly fair Wed. and Thurs.; not much change in temp.

Wis.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.; not much change in temp.

Minn.—Fair Wed., probably becoming unsettled Thurs.; not much change in temp.

Iowa—Unsettled Wed. and Thurs., local thunder showers; not much change in temp.

N. D.—Fair in e., probably showers in w. Wed. Thurs. unsettled.

S. D. and Neb.—Unsettled Wed. and Thurs., probably local thunder showers.

Kan.—Unsettled, but mostly fair Wed. and Thurs.; continued warm.

Mon. and Wyo.—Unsettled Wed., probably local showers. Thurs. partly cloudy; not much change in temp.

NEW INCORPORATIONS

New York Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, June 29.—Forty-eight new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $2,622,500, were chartered today. They include:

Harry Levy Service Corp., Manhattan, film agency, 1,100 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 5,000 common, no par value; active capital, $140,000; I. A. Harris, H. A. Mintz, H. Levy, 552 Riverside Drive.

Canaseraga Electric Co., Canaseraga, $35,000; J. G. Craig, F. Dolleph, C. I. Shaw, Canaseraga.

Ship Information, Manhattan, printing and publishing, 50 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 50 common, no par value; active capital, $5,250; R. B. Romaine, H. M. Hitchcock, S. B. Pohlman, 319 West 82d St.

Antler Garage Corp., Brooklyn, $10,000; C. Goodman, B. Ruderman, B. S. Kelkin, 267 Clifton Place, Brooklyn.

Chapman Knitting Mills, Yonkers, $250,000; P. Chapman, V. Beaver, E. A. Obstfeld, 75 West 126th St.

D. H. Millard & Co., Buffalo, tractors and farm implements, $50,000; U. S. Thomas, W. B. May, O. H. Millard, Buffalo.

Niagara Frontier Traffic Bureau, Buffalo, $7,500; E. B. Ryerson, E. J. and C. M. Delaney, Buffalo.

Vogel Baking Co., Brooklyn, $10,000; M. Salomon, A. and G. Vogel, 5,721 5th Av., Brooklyn.

Monmouth Mills, Manhattan, textiles, 1,000 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 1,000 common, no par value; active capital, $105,000; B. L. Champe, R. H. and J. H. Cohen, 170 West 75d St.

Pope & Williams, Yonkers, realty and personal property, $20,000; C. L. and E. Pope, E. H. Williams, Yonkers.

Josaelde Realty Co., Manhattan, $100,000; J. S. Bernstein, H. M. R. Goodman, H. Weinberger, 253 Broadway.

Garford Motors Export Corp., Manhattan, 100 shares common stock, no par value; active capital $10,000; E. M. Wills, M. Van Alen, R. Brown, 117 East 76th St.

Queens-Bellaire Coal Co., Queens, 150,000 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 200 common, no par value; active capital $16,000; G. A. and F. G. Haubitzer, A. Vogel, Queens.

Carhart Bros. Foundry, Syracuse, $75,000; H. A. and R. H. and G. C. Carhart, Syracuse.

Thoosian Distributing Co., Manhattan, fruit products, $25,000; N. Trienfe, C. Rubano, A. Vutrice, 8,242 1st Av.

Silvan Distributing Co., Manhattan, distilled spirits, $5,000; S. Liefits, A. A. and T. F. McNulty, 101 West 86th St.

S. L. Henken & Co., Manhattan, jewelry, $10,000; I. B. Reinhardt, L. Lubin, S. L. Henken, 2,223 Ditmas Av., Brooklyn.

R. Fossati & Co., Manhattan, restaurant, $5,000; R. V. and E. Fossati, H. Bianchi, 536 East 17th St.

A. H. Colton & Co., Manhattan, stocks and bonds, $100,000; C. D. Sinclair, F. A. Morrell, Jr., W. R. Colton, 15 Broad St.

R. J. McGaughey, Manhattan, pet. stock, $5,000; R. J. McGaughey, G. W. Cumming, H. Delaney, 149 Arden St.

Steel Wheel Corp., Manhattan, $350,000; M. L. Crames, M. Buchter, I. Orleans, 130 West 113th St.

Bedfordshire Corp., Brooklyn, realty, $14,000; C. Wex, G. L. Mills, G. A. Gavin, 391 Ocean Av., Brooklyn.

Bally Electrical Supply Co., Manhattan, $250,000; H. Hammersly, H. Rothstein, L. D. Bally, 1,025 East 16th St., Brooklyn.

Great Northern Transportation Co., Rochester, bus routes, $60,000; J. and R. and R. H. Powers Rochester.

Amalgamated Scaling Co., Manhattan, steamship repairing, $100,000; J. Ellgers, G. A. and F. A. Percival, 14 Butler Place, Brooklyn.

Willoufred Warehouses, Manhattan, $30,000; J. H. and F. J. and F. W. Schwiers, Jr., 215 West 106th St.

Diagnostic Unit and Sanitarium, Richmond, $60,000; F. Coonley, H. A. Craig, G. E. Brown, Clifton, S. I.

Union Provision Stores, Brooklyn, $5,000; I. and M. Schaap, H. J. Mercer, 165 Nagle Av.

Forty-eight Stone Street, Manhattan, make tobacco, $50,000; S. A. and E. P. Georgopuelo, W. H. Wilson, Jr., 390 Decatur St., Brooklyn.

Ahrens Realty Corp., Manhattan, $100,000; M. O. and J. J. and M. L. Ahrens, 74 Lafayette St.

Rector Carburetor Co., Manhattan, 2,000 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 3,000 common, no par value; active capital, $215,000; F. G. Haag, G. C. Delacey, J. F. Allen, 11 Broadway.

Forty-second Street Commercial Studio, Manhattan, photographic, $5,000; R. Seelay, G. H. Mann, S. D. Kessler, 51 Chambers St.

East 104th Street Poultry Corp., Manhattan, $5,000; S. D. Specter, A. A. Ewald, E. M. O. Pratt, 2,328 Hoffman St.

Lewis Levinson Realty and Construction Co., Brooklyn, $10,000; J. Dalliani, H. and L. Levinson, 3,513 Clarendon Road, Brooklyn.

Lenox Candy Shop, Manhattan, $5,000; V. M. Gottesfeld, A. Varouxis, A. Kapier, 46 Lenox Av.

Chemical Equipment Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; E. O. Friedman, V. E. Bergstrom, T. B. Beattie, 15 Dey St.

Standard Cotton Stores, Yonkers, $20,000; A. M. Levine, G. Mintz, S. Cohen, Yonkers.

Flint & Co., Manhattan, trading, 2,000 shares common stock, no par value; active capital, $10,000; C. W. Webb, F. Stewart, C. P. Flint, 25 Broad St.

Mechahicsville Co-operative Wholesale and Retail Society, Mechanicsville, $5,000; J. F. Ryan, M. J. Cook, A. J. Williams, Mechanicsville.

Benmar, Manhattan, farm produce, $25,000; S. L. and M. B. Jenks, M. C. Cotter, 239 East 48th St.

Porcelain Insulator Corp., Lima, Livingston Co., $250,000; W. F. Harvey, D. H. Finucane, E. P. Doran, Lima.

Jule Garment Co., Gloversville, $15,000; J. E. and M. C. Dannis, F. Benton, Gloversville.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Pyramid Building Corp., Manhattan, $1,000 to $65,000.

Granville Forwarding Co., Manhattan, $5,500 to $25,000.

Telephone Collection Co., Bronx, $30,000 to $60,000.

P. G. Cameron Co., Bronx, $10,000 to $15,000.

Frederick J. Valentine, Brooklyn, $10,000 to $25,000.

Oceanview Realty Operating Co., Brooklyn, $20,000 to $200,000.

Oral Antiseptic, Buffalo, $25,000 to $500,000.

Jardin Co., Brooklyn, $5,000 to $100,000.

George R. Meneely & Son, Watervliet, $35,000 to $150,000.

Regua Electrical Supply Co., Rochester, $25,000 to $50,000.

Wollensack Optical Co., Rochester, $300,000 to $400,000.

CAPITAL REDUCTION.

Flint Export, Import & Shipping Corp., Manhattan, $1,000,000 to $250,000.

REORGANIZATIONS.

American Numbering Machine Co., Brooklyn, carry on business with $200,000 and 500 shares preferred stock $10 each, 2,000 shares common stock no par value.

Thatcher Manufacturing Co., Elmira, carry on business with $3,150,000 and 25,000 shares preferred stock $100 each, 130,000 common no par value.

Wolf Co., Manhattan, carry on business with $300,00, 7,000 shares common stock no par value.

Albany & North River Moulding Sand Co., Albany, carry on business with $10,000 and 1,000 shares common stock no par value.

NAME CHANGES.

Ebsary Fireproofing and Gypsum Block Co., Manhattan, to Ebsary Gypsum Co.

Pierce-Arrow Used Car Exchange, Manhattan, to G. R. Ruckert Co.

International Playthings Corp., Albany, to I. P. C. Universal Corp.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Bernstein Millinery Outlet, Manhattan.

Geo. B. Wills & Co., Manhattan.

Allen Tobacco Co., Manhattan.

Rodney Renting Co., Manhattan.

Rankier Realty Co., Manhattan.

K. G. Yerg Printing Co., Manhattan.

Endurance Tire and Rubber Corp. of New York, Manhattan.

700 West 179th Street Corp., Manhattan.

Niagara Livery and Motor Car Co., Manhattan.

Art Print Service Corp., Manhattan.

Basadma Realty Corp., Bronx.

Clark Patents Co., Buffalo.

Vedder & Brown, Schenectady.

Tully Milk Co., Tully.

MERGER.

Sonnenberg Piano Co., Yonkers, with Sterling Piano Co.

Consumers' Dye Wood Products Corp., Manhattan, with American Dye Wood Co.

Brenna & Speiman, Albany, with Brennan & Donahoe.

Delaware Charters.

DOVER, June 29.—Charters filed:

Indian Prairie Oil Corp., New York; $1,100,000; Ernst N. Block, A. G. Gobriels, Theodore Ernst, New York.

Shasta Copper Co., $1,000,000; Theodore L. Ernst, S. M. Block, J. J. Flannery, New York.

Empire Food Products Co., $500,000; Robert K. Thistle, A. Roy Myers, Raymond J. Gorman, New York.

Nykot Sales Co., $500,000; M. L. Horty, M. C. Kelly, S. E. Mackey, Wilmington.

Provident Enterprises, $250,000; Charles F. Lutz, Aurillo Baldini, Charles A. Allen, Rome, N. Y.

United Barber Shops, $320,000; William F. O'Keefe, George G. Steiger, E. E. Aberle, Wilmington.

Espejos Petroleum Corp., $150,000; Theodore L. Ernst, S. M. Block, L. S. Dumeanil, New York.

Davison Oil Corp., $100,000; John T. McGovern, M. E. Molan, C. C. Plumb, New York.

Overland Sales Co., $20,000; Joel Cohen, Fannie Cohen, Alice M. Smith, Wilmington.

Cralle Hops Oil & Gas Co., $50,000; F. H. Hansell, J. Vernon Pimm, H. M. MacFarland, Philadelphia.

Vernola Syndicate, $1,000,000; Cornelius A. Cole, Hackensack, N. J.; Robert A. Van Voorhis, Jersey City, N. J.; Arthur R. Oakley, Pearl River, N. Y.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Lackawanna Oil Co., New York, $500,000 to $1,000,000.

Rex Motor Car Manufacturing Co., New Orleans, La., $1,000,000 to $3,000,000.

NAME CHANGES.

Michigan Co-operative Oil Co., to National Co-operative Oil Co., Grand Rapids, Mich., $22,000 to $300,000.

General Security & Trust Co., to General Security & Agency Co., Philadelphia.

Union Motor Car Corp., to Washington Motor Co., Exton, Ohio.

Czecho-American Trading Co., to Czecho-Slovak Trading Co., Philadelphia.

DIVIDENDS.

LIMA LOCOMOTIVE WORKS, INCORPORATED,
30 Church Street,
New York.

June 28, 1920.

The Board of Directors has declared a quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters (1¾%) per cent. upon the Preferred Stock of this Company for the three months ended June 30, 1920, payable July 31, 1920, to stockholders of record at the close of business on July 15, 1920. Transfer books do not close.

LI A. LARSEN,
Secretary and Treasurer.

HOLLY SUGAR CORPORATION.

A quarterly dividend of 1¾%, covering the period from May 1, 1920, to August 1, 1920, has this day been declared on the Preferred stock of the Holly Sugar Corporation. Said dividend is payable August 2nd, 1920, to stockholders of record July 15, 1920. Checks will be mailed.

By order of the Board of Directors.

A. E. CARLTON, President.

June 28, 1920.

UNITED STATES SAFE DEPOSIT CO.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors held on June 29th, 1920, a dividend was declared by the Bank of Seven (7) per cent. for the entire year, payable June 30th, 1920. Transfer books will be closed on June 29th and opened on July 1st.

JOSEPH ADAMS, Secretary.

INDUSTRIAL ADVISERS AND COUNSELLORS

This company is at the service of bankers and investors to advise regarding the investment and commercial value of new industrial enterprises; and is likewise at the service of manufacturers to develop new products, to devise new operating, financial and sales methods, and to manage industries.

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WHERE IS THE FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM LEADING US?
Many Americans, whose opinions carry weight, view with alarm its present tendencies.
Read
THE STREET
The Illustrated Financial Weekly

FINANCIAL NOTICES.
Steel & Tube Company of America
6% General Mortgage Bonds, Series B.
Due July 1, 1944
Interest due July 1st on the Steel & Tube Company of America 6% General Mortgage Bonds Series B, July 1, 1944, will be paid at the offices of the First National Bank, 2 Wall Street, New York City.
H. H. SPRINGFORD, Assistant Treasurer.

You May Profit By Investment
AT PRESENT LOW EXCHANGE RATES
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The product of the company is one which is an absolute all-year-around necessity and on which the opportunity for participation is very rare.
For further information to those wishing to participate in this issue, write
Box Z 2247 Times Annex.

Are Stocks a "Buy"?
The stock market has dropped nineteen points since last November.
Is it time to get in on the next broad movement upward?
—Or are stocks going lower still before they rise?
Babson's
Barometer Letter of June 15th gives the plain unbiased facts on the present unusual combination of circumstances confronting investors.
It contains information of vital importance.
With these facts before them many investors can see what's ahead and govern their investments accordingly.
Report on Request
Copies of this Barometer Letter are available for distribution to interested executives, gratis.
Tear out the Memo—*now*—and hand it to your secretary when you dictate the morning's mail.
Merely ask for Bulletin 11-F-7
The Babson Statistical Organization
Wellesley Hills, 82, Boston, Mass.
Largest Organization of Its Character in the World
TEAR OFF HERE
Memo For Your Secretary
Write Roger W. Babson, President of the Babson's Statistical Organization, Wellesley Hills, 82, Boston, Mass., as follows: Please send a copy of Special Bulletin No. 11-F-7 "*Are Stocks a Buy?*" and booklet, "*Getting the Most from Your Money*", gratis.

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EST. 1877
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C. W. Pope & Co.
As developments warrant, we prepare special letters concerning the various unlisted issues. They appear about once a week and will be mailed on request.
Correspondence solicited; it will receive personal and detailed attention.
No Margin Business Accepted
25 Broad St. New York City.

LIBERTY BONDS
All denominations bought for cash.
Based on the closing we pay:
$42.06 for a $50—3½% Bond, 54 Coupons
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Tel. John 3174-5-6-7. 34 Pine St., N. Y.

SAVINGS BANKS.
Citizens' Savings Bank
56 & 58 BOWERY, COR. CANAL ST.
120TH SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND
The Trustees have ordered interest at the rate of FOUR (4%) PER CENT. per annum to be paid to depositors on and after July 19th, 1920, on all sums of $5 and up to $5,000, which have remained on deposit for the three or six months ending June 30, 1920, in accordance with the by-laws and rules of the bank. Money deposited on or before July 10 will draw interest from July 1.
HENRY SAYLES, President.
EDWIN A. LAHM, Secretary.
CARL A. RICHTER, Assistant Sec'y.

SAVINGS BANKS.
No Matter Where You Are
you may maintain direct banking connections with the WILLIAMSBURGH SAVINGS BANK through the United States mail. Our mail department is fully equipped to handle any volume of business promptly and to your entire satisfaction. In accordance with a recent amendment to the New York State Banking Laws, we will receive and pay interest on sums up to $5,000.
Send for our booklet, "BANKING BY MAIL"
THE WILLIAMSBURGH SAVINGS BANK
175 BROADWAY, BROOKLYN, N. Y.
Dividend July 1st, 1920 at the rate of 4% Per Annum
Dividend Payable on and After July 20th.
DEPOSITS MADE ON OR BEFORE JULY 10TH WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM JULY 1ST.
ASSETS EXCEED $100,000,000
Money to Loan on Bond and Mortgage

THE BROOKLYN SAVINGS BANK
INCORPORATED 1827
Pierrepont and Clinton Streets
ENTRANCES
Pierrepont St. and 300 Fulton St.
Interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum
will be credited to depositors July 1, 1920 (payable on and after July 20th), on all sums entitled thereto. Deposits made on or before July 10th will draw interest from July 1st.
CROWELL HADDEN, President
LAURUS E. SUTTON, Comptroller
ARTHUR C. HARE, Cashier
CHAS. C. PUTNAM, Asst. Comptroller

SEAMEN'S BANK FOR SAVINGS
76 Wall Street
THE TRUSTEES HAVE ORDERED THAT INTEREST be paid to depositors entitled thereto for the six months ending June 30, 1920:
On accounts not exceeding three thousand dollars at the rate of FOUR PER CENT. per annum.
Payable on and after Monday, July 19, 1920. DANIEL BARNES, President.
GEORGE M. HALSEY, Cashier.
WILLISTON H. BENEDICT, Secretary.
New York, June 10, 1920.
—NOTICE—
Deposits to draw interest from July 1st or Oct. 1st or Jan. 1st or Apr. 1st must be made on or before the last day of the previous month.

NORTH RIVER SAVINGS BANK
81 West 34th Street.
100TH SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND
The Board of Trustees has declared a semi-annual dividend at the rate of
FOUR PER CENT.
per annum on all deposits entitled thereto, payable on and after July 19, 1920.
Deposits to $5,000 made on or before July 10th will draw interest from July 1st.
We hold depositors' Liberty Loan Bonds for safe keeping.
CHARLES ROHE, President.
GEORGE T. CONNETT, Sec'y & Treas.

Broadway Savings Institution
5 & 7 Park Place, N. Y.
137th Semi-Annual Dividend
4% PER ANNUM, payable on and after July 19th, 1920.
Deposits made on or before July 10th will draw interest from July 1st, 1920.
INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS
FROM $5 TO $5,000
UNDER AMENDED BANKING LAWS.
H. F. Hutchinson, Pres. L. V. Ferris, Sec'y.

NEW YORK SAVINGS BANK
N. W. Cor. 14th St. and 8th Avenue
Dividend July 1st, 1920, at the rate of
FOUR PER CENT
per annum on all sums of $5 and over entitled thereto under the By-laws.
DEPOSITS MADE ON OR BEFORE JULY 10TH WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM JULY 1ST.
WILLIAM FELSINGER, President.
CLARENCE L. BLAKELOCK, Treasurer.
WALTER R. BRINCKERHOFF, Sec'y.

Greenwich Savings Bank
(Incorporated 1850)
S. E. Cor. 6th Ave. & 14th St., New York.
FOUR PER CENT.
on all sums from $5 up to $5,000
Interest per annum payable on and after July 19, 1920.
Deposits made on or before July 10 will draw interest from July 1, 1920.
JAMES QUINLAN, President.
CHARLES M. DUTCHER, Treas.
FRANCIS M. BACON, Jr.,
B. OGDEN CHISOLM, } Secretaries.

Central Savings Bank
IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK
CORNER 4TH AVE. AND 14TH ST.
Interest at the rate of
FOUR (4) PER CENTUM
per annum will be credited depositors for the six months ending June 30, 1920, on all sums entitled thereto under the By-laws not exceeding five thousand ($5,000) dollars, and will be payable on and after July 21, 1920.
Deposits made on or before July 10, 1920, will draw interest from July 1, 1920.
HUBERT CILLIS, President.
A. KOFFEL, Treasurer.

United States Savings Bank
S. W. Cor. Madison Ave. and 58th St.
A dividend has been declared for the three or six months ending June 30th, 1920, at the rate of
FOUR PER CENT
per annum, payable on or after July 19, 1920, on all deposits entitled thereto.
From $5 to $5,000
Deposits made on or before July 10th will draw interest from July 1st, 1920.
WM. CRITTENDEN ADAMS, President.
ADOLPHE F. LE GOST, Treasurer.

We Will Buy or Sell
Aeolian Weber
Piano & Pianola
Preferred
Corn Exchange Bank
Rights
Buckeye Pipe Line
Equitable Gas Light
(Memphis) 5s, 1929
Illinois Pipe Line
National Fuel Gas
Stock
National Park Bank
Rights
Charles E. Doyle & Co.
Broad St., N. Y. Tel. Broad 7196-7-8-9

Watch—
OKLAHOMA
Recent drilling operations in Northwest Oklahoma are proving the contention of oil men that the next oil boom will be in that state.
We have just prepared a circular entitled "WATCH OKLAHOMA," which describes in every-day language the progress being made, together with map showing new oil fields being opened up and drilling trend. Further the circular points out those large companies most likely to benefit from the present activities.
Ask for circular 35.
SENT WITHOUT OBLIGATION.
M S Wolfe & Co.
ESTABLISHED 1906
41 BROAD ST., NEW YORK.
Phone: Broad 25

K|H
American Piano Preferred
Atlantic Steel Common
American Gas & Elec. Pfd.
Am. Wat. Wks. & El. 2d Pfd.
Commonw. P. Ry. & Lt. Pfd.
Curtiss Aero. & Motor Pfd.
East Coast Fish. Com.&Pfd.
Gillette Safety Razor
General Baking Com. & Pfd.
Hale & Kilburn Com. & Pfd.
Herschell-Spillm'n Mot. Cm
Mich.Lim.& Chem.Cm.& Pf.
Porto Rico Telephone Pfd.
Republic Ry. & Light Pfd.
Semet Solvay
U. S. Finishing Com. & Pfd.
U. S. Distributing Corp.
Kiely & Horton
40 Wall St., — New York.
Phone: John 6330

FOREIGN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
The temporary low rates of foreign exchange make it possible to purchase sound interest-bearing securities at especially attractive prices.
Write for our Booklet F.G.B. 23 describing the principal issues of the European nations.
DUNHAM & Co.
Investment Securities
43 Exchange Place New York
Telephones 8300-16 Hanover.

We Specialize in
Liggett's
International
Ltd., Inc.
Class A Common Stock
(Par $100)
Gwynne Bros.
Broad 8378. 25 Broad St., N. Y.

J. K. Rice Jr. & Co. Will Buy
100 American Cyanamid Pfd.
100 Air Reduction
100 Corn Exchange Bank "Rts."
50 Davis Coal & Coke
100 Empire Steel & Iron Com. & Pfd.
100 Ludlum Steel Machine.
J. K. Rice Jr. & Co. Will Sell
100 Atlas Portland Cement Com.
100 American Cyanamid Com.
50 Bucyrus Common
25 Niagara Ins. "Rights"
10 F. F. Collier & Sons Pfd.
50 Semet-Solvay
J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co.
Direct Wire to Chic. Junc. 66 Wall St., N. Y.

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
2,100	‡Acme Coal.	3	2¾	2¾
3,000	‡Allied Pack	20	17	17
1,000	‡Aluminum	22¾	22½	22½
100	‡ Do pf	96	95	95
200	‡Am Candy	7⅛	6¾	7¼
200	‡Am Chicle	40¾	40¾	40¾
100	‡A Chicle pfs	93	93	93
400	‡Auto Fuel S	61	60	61
100	‡Brit-Am Ch	7¼	7⅛	7¼
400	‡Brit-AmTob	14¾	14	14⅝
300	‡Bucyrus Co	32	31	31
2,000	‡Car Lt & P	3	2¾	3
150	‡CentAguirre	6½	6	6
1,000	‡Chi Nipple	7¼	6¾	7¼
100	‡ConleyT Foil	26	25	25
400	‡Cont Mats	10	9⅝	9⅝
100	‡Empire St	30	30	30
100	Do pf	78	78	78
1,200	‡EmpireT&S	8¼	7⅞	8⅛
1,000	‡Farrell Coal	28¼	28½	28½
3,500	‡Gen Asph	73⅛	72¾	73⅛
300	‡G'dy T pf	128	127	128
8,800	Grape-Ola	2¼	2	2¼
7,900	Do pf	3⅜	2⅞	2⅞
2,500	‡Guantanamo			
	Sugar	24½	23⅝	24
800	‡HerculesPap	23½	22⅝	23½
200	‡Hydraul Stl	50	50	50
100	‡ Do pf	90	90	90
1,100	Indian Pack	8⅜	8⅛	8⅜
100	‡Kay Co Gas	1¾	1¾	1¾
100	Key Solether	15	13	15

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

280	‡Anglo-Am O	23¼	23⅛	23⅛
10	‡B O of N Y	385	385	385

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

20,000	‡Allied Oil	27	25	25
5,000	‡Amal Roy	34	30	34
3,700	‡A Bell W O	⅝	⅝	⅝
2,000	‡Arcadia Oil	1¼	1	1¼
500	‡Ark Nat Gs	12¾	12	12¾
4,000	‡ Do rts	¼	¼	¼
200	‡Atl Gulf O	81	81	81
700	BigheartP&R	10¾	10¼	10¾
1,700	‡Boone Oil	3⅜	3⅛	3⅜
8,000	‡Bos-Wyo O	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
200	‡C S B T S	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
2,900	‡Cushing Pet	1	⅞	1
1,100	‡Duquesne O	4	3⅞	3⅞
3,000	‡Elk Basin P	7⅞	7⅝	7⅞
700	Engineers P	1¼	1¼	1¼
200	Esmer O&G	¼	¼	¼
2,080	‡Federal Oil	2¾	2⅞	2⅞
100	Fensland Oil	8¾	8¾	8¾
3,800	‡Filtrol Co	2¾	2½	2¾
200	‡Gulf-Gill O	25⅝	25¼	25¼
2,800	‡Harvey C-O	⅝	⅝	⅝
200	‡Houston Oil	74	71½	71½
2,000	‡Hudson Oil	⅝	⅝	⅝
500	‡Indian R n	20	19¾	19¾
700	‡Inter Pet	35	33½	34⅜
2,100	‡Invincible O	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
500	‡Lone S Gas	21	20⅝	21
400	‡Maphar Oil	7¼	7	7

MINING STOCKS.

500	Alas-RCMet	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
100	‡Am Mines	1	1	1
500	Ariz Globe C	⅝	⅝	⅝
2,500	‡Atlanta	1¼	1	1¼
4,700	‡Bel Dixie	2½	2½	2½
5,200	‡Bel Ext p	3	3	3
2,500	Big Ledge	½	½	½
3,200	‡Booth	4	4⅛	4⅛
3,000	‡Boss & Mon	62	61	62
2,700	‡Caledonia	24	23	23
1,000	‡Cal&Jerome	¼	¼	¼
2,000	‡Candel Sil	¼	¼	¼
320	‡Carson H G	28	27¼	27¾
2,000	‡Cashboy	7	6	6
200	Cen Va Sil	2¼	2¼	2¼
4,300	‡Cortez Sil	61	59	61
2,000	Div Ext p	24	23	24
2,500	Emma Sil	⅞	⅞	⅞
4,500	Eureka C M	¼	¼	¼
1,700	‡Eureka H	1	1	1
1,500	‡Gold Z Div	12	11	12
1,200	‡GoldenGate	½	½	½
5,000	‡Goldf Con	6⅝	6	6⅝
1,500	‡Gold Dev	2	2	2
1,000	‡GoldMex	2	2	2
2,000	‡Gr Bend	⅞	1	2
250	Hecla Min	4½	4	4½
100	Hon-Am Syn	16¾	16¾	16¾
1,500	‡Iron Mask	2	2	2
1,000	‡Jim Butler	13	12	13
2,700	‡Jumbo Ext	6	5	5½
1,000	‡Kewanna	1¼	1	1¼
6,000	‡Lake Div	5½	5	5½
1,700	‡Lake C Ex	2	2	2
1,500	‡MacN Min	1⅝	¾	¾

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$10,000	‡Allied Packers 6s	71½	70⅝	70⅝
15,000	‡Am Tel & Tel 6s, 1922	93¼	93⅛	93⅛
10,000	‡Anglo-Am Oil 7½s w i	99⅝	99½	99⅝
25,000	‡Belgian 6s, 1925	85	83½	84½
35,000	‡C C C & L 5s, 1963	94	94	94
50,000	‡Chi No W 7½, 1930 w i	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
100,000	‡French 4s	58	58	58
100,000	‡French 5s	73	73	73
25,000	Goodrich 7½, 1925 w i	94½	94¼	94½
1,000	‡Gov of Sweden 6s	85¾	85¾	85¾
20,000	‡Inter Rapid Transit 5s	60	60	60
12,000	‡Kennecott Copper 7s	93	92¾	92¾
20,000	‡Texas Co 7½ Notes	97¼	97¼	97½
25,000	‡Western Elec 7s	98½	98½	98½

GERMAN BONDS.

Marks.				
100,000	‡Berlin 4s	26	24¾	25¾
50,000	‡Bremen 4s	26	26	26
50,000	‡Cologne 4s	26	26¼	26¼
100,000	‡Greater Berlin 4s	25	25	25
100,000	‡Frankfort 5s	32	32	32
100,000	‡Hamburg 4½s	26	24¼	25¼

*Odd lot. †Sells cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Monday. Bid.	Monday. Ask.
4½s July, 1967	92	93	92	93
4½s Nov., 1957	92	93	92	93
4½s Mar., 1963	92	93	92	93
4½s Nov., 1957	92	93	92	93
4½s May, 1957	92	93	92	93
4½s Apr., 1958	86	87	86	87
4½s Nov., 1964	86	87	86	87
4½s Mar., 1962	86	87	86	87
4½s Sept., 1960	86	87	86	87
4½s Mar., 1960-30	86	87	86	87
4s May, 1958	81⅛	83	81⅛	83
4s May, 1959	81⅛	83	81⅛	83
4s May, 1957	81⅛	83	81⅛	83
4s Nov., 1956	80½	82	80½	82
4s Nov., 1965	80½	82½	80½	

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

3¼s 1924-1961	6.00		6.00
3¼s 1940-1953	5.25	5.00	5.25
3¼s 1930-1939	5.50	5.00	5.50
3¼s 1922-1929	6.00	5.00	6.00
3¼s 1920-1921	6.00	5.00	6.00
3¼s 1905-1953	5.50	5.00	5.50
1924-1930	5.75	5.00	5.75
3¼s 1920-1925	6.00	5.00	6.00

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
	510 Cities Service	326	327	321	330
	2,150 Cities Service pf	65	64¾	64¾	65¼
	1,250 Cities Service pf, B	6	5¾	5¾	6¼
	5,121 Cities Service bk. shares	36	35¾	35¾	36¼
$47,500	Cities Service deb. C	95	93	93	96

	Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Elec Power 10	10	11
Adiron Elec Pow pf	70	72
Am Gas & Electric	102	107
Am Gas & Elec pf	35¼	37¼
Am Light & Trac	118	120
Am Light & Trac pf	79	82
Am Power & Light	45	50
Am Power & Light pf	65	70
Am W W & Electric	3	4
Am W W & El 1st pf	35	39
Am W W & Elec partic	8	8
Appalachian Power	1	2¼
Appalachian Power pf	8	10
Carolina Pow & Light	24	28
Colorado Power	9	12
Colorado Power pf	78	85
Columbus Electric pf	63	69
Con Pow, Ry & Lt	23	29
Con Pow, Ry & Lt pf	30	40
Consumers Power	70	75
Consumers Power pf	80	85
Eastern Tex Elec	60	65
Eastern Tex Elec pf	62	67
El Paso Electric	60	72
Elec Bond & Sh pf	79	81½
Empire Gas & Fuel pf	83	86
Federal Light & Trac	7	8

	Bid.	Asked.
Federal Lt & Trac pf	43	46
Galveston-Hous Elec	17	22
Galveston-Hous El pf	55	60
Miss River Power	16	18
Miss River Power pf	51	56
Northern States Power	30	35
North States Power pf	79	81
Northern Texas Elec	63	69
Northern Tex Elec pf	94	97
Pacific Gas & Elec pf	80¾	81¼
Puget Sd Pow & Lt	14	16
Puget Sd Pow & Lt pf	53	55
Republic Ry & Light	9	10
Republic Ry & Light pf	37	40
Southern Cal Edison	82	85½
Southern Cal Edison pf	94	96
Standard Gas & Elec	13½	15
Standard Gas & El pf	37	39
Tampa Electric	104	112
Tenn Ry, Lt & Power	1	3
Tenn Ry, Lt & Pow pf	1¾	3¼
United Light & Rys	20	21
United Light & Rys pf	57	59
Western Power	14½	16
Western Power pf	58½	60

Bonds.

$1,000	Am W W & E col 5s	48	50
1,000	Ark Val 7s	100	
1,000	Cin Gas & Elec 5s	75	78
1,000	Col Gas & El deb 5s, '52	82	83
1,000	Conn Power 5s	78	82
1,000	Dallas Elec 6s	100	
1,000	East Tex El 5s	17	20
1,000	El Paso Elec 1st 5s	77	83
1,000	Empire Gas & F 6s	84½	86½
1,000	Empire Ref 6s	77	80
1,000	Midwest Util 6s	84	86
1,000	Miss Riv Pow 5s	71½	73½
1,000	Nor States Pow 5s	73	75
1,000	Pacific Gas & Elec 5s	82	83
1,000	Seattle Elec 5s	75	82
	Stand Gas & El 6s	82	86
	Stand Gas & El 7s	91	96
1,000	Utah Securities 5s	84	86
	West St G & E 5s, '41	76	78½

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Monday. Bid.
Ang-Am O Co, Ltd	22	23	23
Atl Lobos Oil Co	32	36	34
Do pf	90	100	98
Atlantic Ref Co	1130	1250	1150
Do pf	104	106	104
Borne-Scrymser	425	475	425
Buckeye Pipe Line	94	98	94
Chesebrough Mfg Co	220	230	220
Do pf	103	108	103
Continental Oil	110	115	110
Crescent Pipe Line	28	30	28
Cumberland Pipe Line	130	150	140
Eureka Pipe Line	98	100	98
Galena Signal Oil	40	45	44
Do pf new	90	93	90
Do pf old	90	95	90
Illinois Pipe Line	150	170	150
Imperial Oil, Ltd	100	106	109
Indiana Pipe Line	85	88	85
Int Pet Co, Ltd	34	35	34
National Transit	23	25	25
New York Transit	135	147	152

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Monday. Bid.
Northern Pipe Line	92	96	93
Ohio Oil Co	285	290	286
Pa-Mex Fuel	42	45	42
Prairie Oil & Gas	530	570	550
Prairie Pipe Line	198	205	198
Solar Refining Co	333	350	325
Southern Pipe Line	115	120	115
South Penn Oil	270	280	270
S W Pa Pipe Lines	84	88	84
Stand Oil of Cal	308	312	309
Stand Oil of Ind	650	670	650
Stand Oil of Kan	520	540	520
Stand Oil of Ky	400	420	420
Stand Oil of Neb	420	450	420
Stand Oil of N Y	385	390	385
Stand Oil of Ohio	420	440	420
Do pf	102	105	102
Swan & Finch	70	80	70
Union Tank Car	107	110	107
Do pf	94	97	94
Vacuum Oil	375	390	375
Washington Oil	21	23	27

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
146	Allis-Chalm	36½	36¼	36½
180	Am Can	39¾	39	39¾
20	Am Drug	11	11	11
100	Am Safe Raz	16⅝	16⅜	16⅝
210	Am Locomo	96¾	96½	96¾
100	Am Ship & C	23⅝	23⅜	23⅝
150	Am Smelt Ref	57¾	56⅞	56⅞
100	Am Stl Fdrs	37¾	37½	37½
100	Am Sum Tob	87⅞	87⅜	87⅜
100	Anaconda	55⅝	55¼	55¼
1,720	B'dwin Loco	118	116⅝	117⅝
130	Balt & Ohio	39½	39¼	39¼
150	Barn'l Leath	142½	140⅝	142½
416	Beth Stl, B	88⅝	88¼	88¼
165	Caddo Oil	18¾	18⅝	18¾
100	Cosden & Co	34⅞	34¾	34⅞
700	Cuban-A Sug	50¾	49⅝	50¾
100	Cent Leath	66¼	66⅛	66¼
120	Ches & Ohio	52	52	52
160	C, M & St P	32¾	32¼	32¼
100	Do pf	48⅝	48¼	48⅝
200	C, R I & P	36¼	35⅞	36
100	Chino Cop	28¼	28⅛	28¼
100	Coca-Cola	55¾	55¾	55¾
100	Colum Graph	20¾	20⅝	20⅞
180	Con Textile	33¾	33¼	33½
140	Con Gas	80⅝	80½	80⅝
25	Cont Candy	11¼	11¼	11¼
140	Corn Prod	24¼	24¼	24¼
520	Crucible Stl	146¾	146¼	146½
470	Cuba C Sug	52	51¼	51¼
250	Del & Hud	85¼	83⅝	85¼
110	Erie	11⅜	11⅛	11⅜
140	Do 1st pf	18¼	18¼	18¼
120	Famous Play	81⅝	81⅝	83⅝
100	Fisk T & R	32¼	32¼	32¼
1,240	Gen Motors	24¼	23¾	24¼
200	Haskell-Bar	73⅝	73¼	73⅝
140	Int Mer Mar	31½	31¼	31½
100	Do pf	90¾	90¾	90¾
215	Int Nickel	17½	17⅜	17½
230	Int Paper	74½	74	74½
2,025	Island Oil	7	6⅝	6⅝
100	Kennecott	24¾	24⅝	24⅝
120	Key T & B	27¾	27¼	27¼
220	Lee Rub & T	29¾	29¼	29¼
220	Lorillard	89¾	89¼	89¾
220	Loew's Inc	39¾	39¼	39¾
120	Mex Pet	179⅛	177⅛	179⅛
220	Midvale St	41	40¾	40¾
940	Mid States O	20¾	27½	28¾
50	Mo, K & T	24	24	24
140	Mo Pacific	24¾	24⅝	24⅝
540	Nat Ana Ch	74⅜	73⅝	73⅝
120	N Y Central	68	68	68
110	NY, NH & H	29	29	29
120	North Pac	71¾	71	71
130	Ohio Cities G	40	39¾	39¾
160	Okla P & R	4¼	4¼	4¼
120	Punta Alg S	101¾	99¾	101¾
180	Pan Am	102¾	101½	102¾
230	Pennsylvania	38¾	38⅛	38⅝
130	Pierce Oil	10¼	10⅛	10⅛
130	Pere Marq	24½	24¼	24¼
160	Phillips Pet	43⅞	43½	43⅞
100	Press St C	97¾	97¾	98
50	Ray Con C	19⅝	19⅜	19⅝
240	Reading	84¾	84	84⅜
540	Republ I & S	92	91	92
160	Sinclair Oil	33½	33¼	34¼
315	So Pacific	92¾	91⅝	91⅝
130	So Railway	23¾	23¼	23¼
100	Strom Carb	48⅝	48⅝	48⅝
550	Studebaker	70⅝	69¾	70¾
455	Texas Co	47⅜	47⅛	47⅜
150	Tex & Pac	39⅝	39¼	39¼
100	T & P L & R	51¼	51¼	51¼
190	Uni Re Stor	78¼	77½	78¼
185	Union Oil	31⅞	31⅞	31⅞
120	Uni Food P	65⅞	65¼	65⅞
140	U S Ind Alc	92	91⅝	92
130	U S Rubber	94¼	93⅝	93⅝
120	U S Realty	55⅝	55¼	55¼
2,010	U S Steel	92	91⅝	92⅜
130	Utah Copper	65¼	64	65¼
1,040	Vanadium C	84⅞	83¾	84⅝
120	Westing El	47¾	47¼	47¾
250	Willys-Over	18⅝	18⅜	18⅝

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	ArundelCorp	30½	30½	30½
250	Celestine	110	105	110
50	CentFirelns	10	10	10
21	Con Power	96	96	96
11	Con Coal	75½	75½	75½
35	Davison Ch	34½	34½	34½
113	Mt Ver Mills	54	54	54
10	Md Casualty	72½	72½	72½
1	New Amst Cas	23	23	23
190	United Rys	13	13	13
52	U S Fidelity	122½	122	122

Bonds

$1,000	Cosden 6s	86¾	86¾	86¾	$2,000	Con Pow 5s	92½	92½	92½
2,000	ConPow 4½s	73	73	73					

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
200	Adventure	75	75	75
60	Anaconda	55¼	54⅝	55¼
1,182	Big Heart	10¾	10	10
7	Cal & Ariz	79½	79½	79½
14	Cal & Hecla	370	361	361
210	Carson	27⅝	27½	27⅝
10	Cop Range	37¾	37¾	37¾
400	Davis-Daly	8¾	8¼	8¼
10	East Butte	12¾	12¼	12¼
50	Franklin	1¾	1¾	1¾
100	Helvetia	2⅝	2½	2½
40	Island Creek	57	56½	57
25	Do pf	80	80	80
10	Isle Royale	30	30	30
50	La Salle	2¼	2¼	2½

Railroads.

20	Bos Elev	63	62	63
4	Bos & Prov	137	137	137
50	Bos Sub El pf	5	5	5
32	NY NH & H	29	29	29

Miscellaneous.

10	Am Oil	4¾	4¾	4¾
4	Amosk x d	70½	70½	70½
203	Am Tel	93	92½	93
23	Am Woolen pf	94¾	94½	94½
40	Beacon Choc	8	8	8
100	Bos-Mex Pet	2¾	2¾	2¾
45	Century	2¼	2¼	2¼
205	East Mfg	33	32½	32½
70	East S S	19½	19½	19½
24	Edison	144	144	144
2	Gen Elec	138¾	138¾	138¾
358	Gray	20¼	19¾	19¾
24	Greenfield	39½	39½	39½
20	Int Prod pf	46	46	46
120	Island Oil	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝
70	J T Connor	13⅞	13⅜	13⅞
362	Libby	12¾	12	12
57	Mass Gas	80½	80½	80½
20	Do pf	58	57¾	58
36	Mergenthaler	126	123	125
54	Nat Leather	11¼	11	11
5	N E Tel	94¾	94½	94½
90	Pac Mills	160	160	160
5	Plant pf	90¾	90¾	90¾
100	Root	37¾	37	37
110	Simms Mag	20½	20¼	20½
100	Swift	108¾	107½	108
125	Swift Int	35¾	35⅜	35⅝
15	Torrington	67	67	67
21	Un D 1st pf	48½	47¾	47¾
4	Un Fruit	108	108	108
135	Un Shoe	40	39¾	39¾
100	Ventura	16¾	16	16¾
375	Waldorf	20¾	20¾	20¾
75	WarrenBros	73	72	73
10	Do 2d pf	68	68	68
25	Wick Wire	23¼	23	23¼

Bonds

$1,000	Am Ag C 5s	91¾	91¾	91¾
1,000	Bell Tel 7½s	98¼	98¼	98¼

CHICAGO.

Stocks

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,080	Arm't Leath	13⅝	13⅛	13⅝
11	Do pf	83¾	83¾	83¾
685	Armour pf	92¼	92¼	92½
100	Briscoe	49	49	49
200	Com Edison	101¾	101¾	101¾
825	Cont Motors	10¾	10¼	10¾
25	Holland Sug	16	16	16
100	Hupp	16	16	16
315	Lindsay Lt	8	7⅞	8
600	Mont Ward	32¼	32	32
855	Libby	12¾	12¼	12¾
2,000	Libby rights	1¼	1	1

Bonds

$2,000	Com Ed 1st 5s	78¼	78	78
1,000	Pee G 1st ref	59¾	59¾	59¾

DETROIT.

Stocks

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Charcoal	3	3	3
100	Do pf	4	4	4
550	Cont Motors	10¼	10¼	10¼
150	Det Edison	100	99¾	100
40	Ford	393	385	385
20	Lincoln Mots	44	44	44

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
138	Am Stores	44¼	44	44
30	Brill	40¾	40½	40½
30	Ins Co N A	29	29	29
125	Lake Su C	13½	13½	13½
36	Lehigh Nav	57⅝	57	57⅝
107	Phila Elec	22	21⅝	21⅝

Bonds

$1,000	Am G&E 5s	72	72	72
5,000	Es & P T 4s	54	54	54
1,000	L Val 6s	93	93	93
1,000	L Val C 5s	85¾	85¾	85¾

PITTSBURGH.

Stocks

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
35	Am W G M	110	110	110
2,180	Ark Gas	12	11¾	12
15	Barnsdall CG	39	39	39
50	Carbon Ryd	1¾	1¾	1¾
50	Do pf	4	4	4
1,620	Gut-Gillespie	26	25¾	25¾
15	H Walker pf	96	96	96
100	Key Co Gas	2	2	2
519	L Sta Gas	27	26	27
1,985	Marland Rfg	4¾	4¾	4¾
50	Mfrs L & H	53	53	53
45	N Fireproof	6¾	6¾	6½
70	Ohio Fuel O	23	22	23
50	Ohio Fuel S	51	50¾	51
346	Okla Gas	32	31¾	31¾
1,000	Pitts Jerome	9	9	9
400	Pitts O & G	15¾	15¾	15¾
35	P

GERMANS HERE FOR SHIP CONFERENCE

North German Lloyd Officials Met by President of New American Mail Line.

HEINEKEN INTERVIEWS SELF

Director General Denies Teuton Expansion at Sea Before War Was Due to State Aid.

Headed by Philipp Heineken, the Director General, a group of officials of the North German Lloyd Co., one of the leading transatlantic steamship lines before the war, arrived here yesterday on the Nieuw Amsterdam of the Holland-America line. The party included George Seyde, Secretary of the company; George Oeding, naval constructor, and Charles Stapelfeldt and Max Walters, directors.

They were met at the pier by Francis R. Mayer, President of the recently organized United States Mail Steamship Co., and Charles Von Helmuth, former General Agent of the North German Lloyd in this city.

Mr. Heineken refused to discuss the objects of the visit but the presence of Mr. Mayer recalled a recent announcement that the United States Mail Steamship Co. was negotiating with the North German Lloyd for the use of its piers. The Shipping Board has allocated fifteen former German steamers to Mayer's company. It was said an important conference would be held with the Germans following which the parties interested would go to Washington.

When newspaper men asked Mr. Heineken for an opinion as to the future of German shipping, he replied by giving out a prepared statement in which he interviewed himself.

No Basis for an Opinion.

"Speaking generally, I have no opinions," this statement said. "I do not see how any one could find a basis for an opinion in the existing state of uncertainty. What the conditions will be during the next few years it would be idle to discuss. And as to the more distant future I think it better for us Germans not to venture on a forecast, but to leave it to others to draw their own conclusions from the facts of the past.

"In this connection, however, I would like to point out that we have a duty which we owe to ourselves, which is to see that the contribution made by German shipping in the advancement of international overseas commerce and travel is freed from the cloud of misapprehension which at present distorts the picture to our prejudice. I am referring to what I may call the European picture. Here in the United States the conditions were different. There was not the same feeling about German shipping. Our efforts to provide the best possible services in regard to safety, comfort and speed were ungrudgingly recognized.

"In what way were your efforts misapprehended on your side of the North Atlantic?" Mr. Heineken asked himself in his statement.

"Our achievements could not be denied, but they were set down to State aid and not to enterprise and skill in shipbuilding and commercial aptitude and energy in the management of our shipping.

"As a matter of fact German shipping received less Government support than did the shipping of any other nation, despite of this, the accumulative effect of such charges has been to create a widespread conviction that German shipping owed its success to State aid which is without any foundation."

Lord Pirrie Is Quoted.

As backing up his contention, Mr. Heineken quoted Lord Pirrie, head of the English shipbuilding firm of Harland & Wolff, as recently saying that in some ways the war had been a God-send to Great Britain and the United States since in a few years Germany would have had control of the shipping industry of the world. Continuing, Mr. Heineken's statement said:

"Lord Pirrie is too well informed to round off his frank statement with the usual tag that Germany's success in shipbuilding and shipping was due to State support. In the same interview, Lord Pirrie referred to his co-operation with the late J. Pierpont Morgan in effect an Anglo-American community of shipping interests. But what was the result of his lordship's attempt to let America participate more largely in the world shipping? The British Government immediately granted an annual subsidy of £150,000 (about $725,000) to the Cunard Company with which to fight the Morgan combine, as they termed it, besides advancing a large sum of money at an absurdly low rate of interest, which was equivalent to an additional round sum in cash.

Speaking Only for Himself.

"When Lord Pirrie says he welcomes the growth of American shipping, he is surely speaking for himself and not for his countrymen. It would be astounding if he were. How can they possibly profit by American competition in shipping? Germany, on the other hand, can cordially welcome the advance of American shipping without similar qualification.

"Great Britain's position on the ocean had become so dominant that any vigorous new comer was regarded as a menace. The growth of the German mercantile marine was looked upon as aggression and so it must always be so long as one individual nation is overwhelmingly powerful in any particular field.

"Now, however, that the United States has seriously set itself to create a merchant navy commensurate with its international position and commerce, there will be something approaching a state of equilibrium and, with the disappearance of the hegemony of the sea, the benefit susceptibility will be removed."

SURPLUS PROPERTY DEPOTS

Six Army Offices Established to Dispose of Stocks.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—A revised sales policy of disposing of surplus war materials held by the Surplus Property Division of the Office of the Quartermaster General was announced today at the War Department.

This policy will result in a decentralization of surplus property activities, transferring the majority of the duties to the several depot officers in the field. The new sales program becomes effective July 1.

Under it the United States will be divided into six surplus property areas, each under charge of a depot officer. These are as follows:

Boston, Northeastern Supply Zone.
New York City, Eastern Supply Zone.
Atlanta, Ga., Southeastern Supply Zone.
Chicago, Central Supply Zone.
San Antonio, Texas, Southern Supply Zone.
San Francisco, Western Supply Zone.

These six offices for surplus property purposes will be known as control depots. Depot officers in charge will be responsible for all surplus property activities within their respective areas, including surplus property in the army reserve depots, under such instructions as may be issued from time to time.

Request for authority to sell accompanied by a recommendation as to price, method of sale and proposed date of sale will be submitted by them to the Quartermaster General, Director of Purchase and Storage Surplus Property Division, at Washington, for approval before any definite action is taken.

A supervisory sales control organization will be maintained in Washington to approve methods of sale, minimum prices, dates of sale and transfer of surplus stocks from non-marketable locations to marketable points. There also will be maintained an organization to handle bulk sales in the Surplus Property Division.

MURPHY CASE POSTPONED.

Arguments on Conspiracy Indictments Set for Oct. 4.

Argument in the case of Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall, and others indicted on alleged conspiracy charges in connection with the Hartes-Murphy glucose dealings, was postponed yesterday until Oct. 4 by Justice Bartow S. Weeks in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court.

Counsel for Mr. Murphy, Arthur J. Baldwin, John A. McCarthy, Ernest B. Walden, Assistant District Attorney James E. Smith and the Corn Products Refining Company appeared in court and asked for further time before making any motions they deemed necessary. The defendants were not present.

William M. K. Olcott, representing Baldwin and McCarthy, said that in view of the length of the indictments, the number of counts and of people concerned and in view of the fact that two of the defendants are away, one in Europe and one in San Francisco, he would ask for a two weeks' postponement. Other counsel joined in the request.

Justice Weeks pointed out that he is scheduled to sail for Europe on July 10 as one of the American Commissioners to the Olympic Games and that the arrangement could not be postponed. He therefore set the time for making motions the first Monday in October.

COAL DUE THIS WEEK.

Utilities Officials See No Danger of a Shutdown.

J. W. Howe of the Tidewater Coal Exchange said yesterday that he did not believe enough coal could reach the city for the relief of public utilities until the latter part of this week or early next week. He had just returned from Washington, where he talked over the coal situation with the Interstate Commerce Commission. He blamed railroad congestion for the slow movement of all classes of freight.

While in Washington Mr. Howe tried to obtain a modification of the order of the Interstate Commerce Commission prohibiting the export of coal and granting a priority to New England on all shipments of fuel. He said that until the public utilities in this State and in the New England States had been supplied with enough coal for their needs no export permits would be issued, except in special instances in the case of outgoing ships bound for European ports.

Today the local public utilities will prepare reports of their coal supplies. Some, it is said, have been receiving coal during the past week, but in how large quantities will not be known until their reports are submitted.

Alfred M. Barrett, acting Chairman of the Public Service Commission, said that, so far as he knew, there was no change in the situation. He said that the Interborough Rapid Transit Company had between 12,000 and 15,000 tons of coal on hand, and that the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company had two days' supply. According to reports gathered from various official sources, there is no immediate danger of a shutdown of any of the utilities.

URGES RECONTROL OF FUEL.

Bill in Canadian House Would Remedy Bad Situation.

OTTAWA, June 29.—Re-establishment of fuel control, under direction of the Board of Railway Commissioners, is authorized in a bill introduced in the House of Commons today.

Cabinet members reported that the fuel situation has become serious, receipts of coal from the United States during the first five months of the year having averaged a daily shortage of 125 cars of anthracite and 200 of bituminous, and present receipts being very irregular.

Sir Robert Borden said that since the United States had placed an embargo on the export of coal to Europe Canada probably would have to do likewise.

400 DOCTORS UNITE TO AID DR. HAMMER

Will Petition Court Today in Behalf of Performer of Illegal Operation.

WANT PENAL LAW AMENDED

Thomas Sheehan, Tammany Captain, Indicted on Charge of Trying to Bribe Juror.

A petition signed by 400 physicians and surgeons will be presented to Judge Louis D. Gibbs in the Bronx County Court today when Dr. Julius Hammer of 1,468 Washington Avenue, the Bronx, recently convicted of manslaughter in the first degree, will be arraigned for sentence. The petition is a forerunner of a movement among members of the medical profession of the State to amend the penal law so as to make it possible for physicians to perform the operation commonly known as curettage upon women in order to save the life of the patient without fear of the operation surgeon spending twenty years in jail on a charge of manslaughter.

It is planned to form a new protective organization among the members of the medical profession and appeal to the State Legislature for instant relief. According to Dr. Abraham Goldman, President of the Bronx County Hospital Association, few of the signers of the petition are personally acquainted with Dr. Hammer.

"The Dr. Hammer incident is but an example of what the medical profession today has to contend with," declared Dr. Goldman. "Every reputable physician in this State is laboring under the fear that he himself will be the next victim of a law which not only should have been taken off the statute books years ago, but, which is resulting greatly in handicapping the medical profession.

"The conviction of Dr. Hammer is a blow to the profession as a whole. Under the present law it was inevitable that sooner or later some reputable physician would fall victim to it. For years we have fought to remedy this evil whereby a jury of laymen can declare an operation unjustified despite the expert opinion of many members of our profession."

According to Dr. Isaias Alexander Lehman, 1,727 Washington Avenue, Bronx, the operation performed by Dr. Hammer was justifiable.

The Bronx Grand Jury investigating the alleged attempt to bribe a juror in the case of Dr. Hammer returned an indictment yesterday charging attempted bribery against Thomas Sheehan of 744 East 168th Street, Tammany District Captain of the fourth Assembly District, the Bronx.

Sheehan is charged with having approached Joseph L. Maher of 1,100 Forest Avenue, the Bronx, a juror in the trial of Dr. Hammer, and telling Maher "that he knew where there was $1,000 for him if he would influence a verdict in the doctor's favor."

District Attorney Francis Martin said the July Grand Jury would delve into other facts surrounding the alleged attempt at bribery.

BORDEN'S MILK GOES UP.

Advance of Cent a Quart for July Announced by Fox.

The Borden's Farm Products Company announced yesterday an advance of one cent a quart in its milk prices for July, the increase being the same as that announced on Monday by the Sheffield Farms Company. There also will be a similar advance in cream units, making the new schedule: Grade B, quart 14 cents, pint 10 cents; grade A, quart 19 cents; extra heavy cream, 29 cents one-half pint; route cream, 21 cents one-half pint; certified milk, 26 cents a quart. The price of grade B, quarts is the same as of last July.

In announcing the increase in prices, Patrick D. Fox, President, said the cost of labor alone amounts to one cent a quart increase over last year. Supplies generally are up 20 per cent., while coal consumed by pasteurization plants has advanced 30 per cent., he said. "The increased volume of business, coupled with added efficiency of operation, has enabled us to hold our price to last year's level," Mr. Fox said. "The public has appreciated our efforts to hold down the milk price by stimulating consumption."

POLISH BOND ISSUE SOLD.

Offering of $50,000,000 Begun June 13—May Float Another Loan.

The sale of $50,000,000 of Polish bonds which was begun at a mass meeting of Poles in New York City on June 13 has been completed, according to a statement given out yesterday by the American Polish Chamber of Commerce. The bonds were disposed of at mass meetings and through personal appeals of Polish societies and churches. The greater part of the money subscribed was paid when the subscription was made, and the remainder, it was said, would be paid by the first of October.

The Polish Government plans to use the loan to buy raw materials and machinery in this country. Because of the success of Poland's venture in International finance, it is thought by Polish officials here and business men interested in the redevelopment of Poland that another loan will soon be floated. This second loan is expected to receive greater aid from the banks.

BIG GARAGE DEAL.

White Company Sells Its West End Avenue Holdings.

The White Company of Cleveland, manufacturers of automobile trucks, have sold to an investing client of John M. Thompson and Joseph S. Furlong, 205 to 213 West End Avenue, between Sixty-ninth and Seventieth Streets.

The property, which consists of three garages, occupying a plot 100 by 100, one of them being six stories in height and the others three stories, has been held at $225,000. The buildings were erected by William Crawford in 1900 and sold to the White Sewing Machine Company in January, 1901. In September, 1906 the property was transferred to the White Company, which used it as a service station for touring cars until 1917, when the company commenced the manufacture of trucks and moved to its present location, 631 West Fifty-seventh Street. On its removal the company leased the property until Oct. 1, 1923.

At the expiration of the present lease the new owner will make extensive alterations, including the installation of another elevator. This is the second large garage sold by these brokers in the last ten days, they having recently sold for the Atlas Garage Company, 492 to 506 West 197th Street.

School Adds to Realty.

The Barnard School for Boys, located at West 244d Street and Cayuga Avenue, Fieldston, Riverdale, has purchased additional land to the west of its present holdings. George Howe was the broker.

Staten Island.

Cornelius G. Kolff sold for H. A. Boreman of the Standard Oil Company of New York his residence at 49 Beekman Place, corner Wardwell Avenue, Westbrighton, to C. Johnson of Elizabeth, N. J.

COMMERCIAL LEASES.

Storage Company Acquires Sixty-third Street Plot.

L. J. Phillips & Co. leased for the C. & L. Lunch Company, A. Chinis & S. Levine two buildings, on lot 50 by 100.5, at 47 and 49 West Sixty-third Street, adjoining the northeast corner of Broadway. Part of the plot at this point was recently leased by the C. & L. Lunch Company from the Wendel estate. The lunch company will occupy the immediate corner for a cafeteria and sublet the other stores in the corner property.

The lessee is the Vesta Storage Battery Company, John C. Boice manager, which has started extensive alterations on the premises from the plans of W. Alber Swasey.

The Vesta Company will occupy large space in the building for its New York district salesroom, factory, warehouse and service station. The lease is for a term of twenty-one years, and the consideration, including taxes and cost of alterations, involves about $350,000.

William A. White & Sons leased for August Klipstein to Snow's Fountains Holding Corporation, the building at 120 Pearl Street, running through to 86 Water Street for ten years at a net rental of approximately $100,000.

Brown, Wheelock Company, leased in the new Textile Building, Fifth Avenue, Thirtieth to Thirty-first Street, for George Backer, one-half of the eleventh floor for a long term of years to Follansbee, Clegg & Co.

The Haggstrom-Cullen Company leased the store at 171 Amsterdam Avenue for James Landeen to the Sheffield Farms Company for three years.

Louis Schrag, leased for Lax & Abovwitz, the store in 124 West Twenty-first Street, to Migliacco & Manno.

The Cross & Brown Company leased for the S. & A. J. Cooper Realty Corporation to the Lerner Stores Corporation space on the Broadway front of the Mecca Building, 1,600 Broadway, at Forty-eighth Street. This is a part of the old Café de Paris. The lease is for a term of years at an aggregate rental of about $200,000.

AGAINST ZONE LAW CHANGE.

Borough President Opposes Sheridan Square Theatre Project.

Henry H. Curran, President of the Borough of Manhattan, sent a report yesterday to the Committee on City Plan and Public Improvements of which Henry Bruckner, President of the Borough of the Bronx is Chairman, recommending the denial of the petition for a change from a residential to a business zone of property bounded by the north, south and east sides of Sheridan Square and the east side of Grove Street between Waverley Place and Washington Place. The application for the change in classification sought to permit the erection of a theatre on the north side of Sheridan Square.

In opposing the change, President Curran said: "During recent years there has been a tendency to reclaim a small portion of this part of the city for residence purposes and this was recognized by the Zoning Commission by assigning it for residence use. The argument in favor of the change is that land has a smaller value for residence than for business purposes. There is some doubt as to the validity of this argument in view of the great scarcity of houses generally and of the great demand for living quarters in this immediate locality. There is also grave doubt in my mind whether labor and material should be diverted at this time from the construction of residences to the construction of places of amusement."

OLD COLONY CLUB REMAINS.

Will Occupy Temporary Quarters in Hotel Manhattan.

The closing to the public today of the Hotel Manhattan will leave the Old Colony Club of New York in sole possession of probably the largest quarters of any organization of its kind in the world. Because of delay in arranging new quarters for the club on the first floor of the Hotel Biltmore it will have to remain in the Manhattan for some time, it was said yesterday. As far as could be learned the club will be the only tenant of the building during the early stages of the work of converting the hotel into an office building, which will be operated by the National City Company under a long term lease purchased from the Bowman hotel interests. Alterations in the first floor of the Biltmore for occupation by the Old Colony Club are now being made by a large force of workmen. The Wilmington Club of the Old Colony Club will be opened tomorrow in the Hotel du Pont and the Richmond Club will be opened in the Hotel Richmond on July 15, it was announced.

Albert J. Norton, President of the Club, will go to London and Paris some time this month to participate in the opening of Morley's Hotel in Trafalgar Square, London, and the Hotel du Rhin in the Place Vendome, Paris, both hostelries to be occupied and operated by the club.

APARTMENT HOUSE SALES.

$85,000 Heights Property Passes Into New Control.

Isaac Lowenfeld and William Prager sold to George Blumenthal 511 and 513 West 169th Street, 50 by 82, a six-story new-law apartment, housing twenty-four families, with a rent roll of $13,000 and held at $85,000. The broker was Lodl Greenberger.

The Marian Realty Corporation has sold the six-story elevator apartment house at 46 West Seventy-third Street on a plot 50 by 102.8, adjoining the southeast corner of Columbus Avenue.

Sisca & Palladino sold for Herman Schwartz 157 East 118th Street, a five-story flat, on a lot 25 by 100.

In the Bronx Schwab & Co. sold for Philip Sporn and Max Brover the two four-story new-law apartment houses at 281 to 285 Bonner Place, each 23.8 by 75 each and held at $50,000.

OUSTINOFF BUYS HOME.

Russian Consul General Here Gets Amityville Property.

Joseph P. Day sold to Michael Oustinoff, for many years the Russian Consul General here, the country estate known as Knightwood, at Amityville, L. I. The tract contains about six acres facing on the Merrick Road, together with a three-story frame residence, a large garage and stable.

The property has a frontage of about 600 feet on Amityville Creek, connecting with the Great South Bay. The Merrick Road frontage is 713 feet. The seller was F. W. Shumaker. The purchase price was $52,000.

Queens Borough Transactions.

George Onderson bought for occupancy from Henry Ducker the dwelling and plot 30 by 107, at 100 State Street, Flushing. J. Albert Johntra was the broker.

The Rickert-Brown Realty Company sold to A. C. Arthur a two-story dwelling on Ditmars Avenue, between Goodrich Street and Merchant Street, Arleigh, for $11,000.

Brooklyn Buyers.

The B. F. Knowles Company resold 978A Myrtle Avenue, a store and apartment building, for a client to a Mr. Braversky for investment.

Realty Associates sold to Anton M. Hansen the two-family dwelling, with garage, at 233 Sullivan Street, one of a row of twenty-one houses just completed. William Detering was the broker.

Buys $200,000 Realyn Estate.

Cocks & Willets sold to Charles C. Auchincloss the Martha T. Willets estate known as "The Big House," at Realyn, L. I. The property consists of forty-five acres, improved, and is one of Long Island's show places. It was held at $200,000.

DWELLING BUYERS FEATURE MARKET

$325,000 Residence at 1,028 Fifth Avenue, Adjoining Home of Herbert L. Pratt, Is Sold.

BUYER'S NAME WITHHELD

Hamilton Institute for Boys Acquires 339 West Eighty-sixth Street for Its Occupancy.

Residential properties figured prominently in a quiet realty market yesterday. Despite the seasonal inactivity which invariably sets in about this time each year, there continued to be a strong buying demand, which interested itself in private houses.

On Fifth Avenue, a valuable residence at the southeast corner of Eighty-fourth Street and known as 1,028 Fifth Avenue, was sold by Mrs. Jonathan Thorne to a client of the Brown-Wheelock Company, who will occupy. The house, five stories in height, covers a lot 25.8 by 100, and is assessed at $325,000. Adjoining, at 1,027, is the new home of Herbert L. Pratt, which he acquired last Summer.

Other owners in the block are William Salomon and Frederick W. Vanderbilt. The house at 1,026, formerly owned by the Kingsland estate, was sold at auction two weeks ago by Joseph P. Day for $351,000.

Hamilton Institute Buys.

N. Archibald Shaw, Principal of the Hamilton Institute for Boys, established on the west side for twenty-eight years, purchased for the occupancy of the school the four-story building at 339 West Eighty-sixth Street, on a lot 20 by 100.8½, from Nellie D. Fraser, who has owned the property since 1895. The brokers in the sale were Vasa K. Bracher and C. Royce Hubert.

New Home for Mission.

James L. Van Sant has sold to the Christian Emanuel Mission Church 81 West 134th Street, 17.6 by 100, a three-story dwelling, which will be used for church purposes after alterations are completed. J. E. Linton was the broker.

Mr. Van Sant has purchased from Edward Shaivey 195 West 132d Street, a three-story dwelling, 15 by 100. S. A. Kelsey was the broker.

Other Dwelling Deals.

James H. Cruikshank purchased from Ella L. Pulsifer 122 West Seventy-ninth Street, a four-story dwelling, on a lot 18 by 102, held at $32,000. A. V. Amy & Co. were the brokers.

Harris, Vought & Co. sold for the estate of Grace Wolff and others the three-story dwelling on lot 15.5 by 99.5, at 134 East Seventy-fourth Street. The buyer will occupy after making extensive alterations.

Stuart L. Craig bought for $58,000 the residence of the late Theodore C. Janeway at 121 East Sixtieth Street.

Julius Nehring sold for Sallie Wachman to Jacob Prizer 517 West 173d Street, a three-story dwelling. The buyer will occupy.

Hester D. Estes has purchased from Elizabeth N. Todd the four-story house at 109 West Ninety-second Street.

W. Gilman Thompson bought from George M. and Elizabeth B. Parker the three-story house at 142 East Sixty-second Street, on a lot 20 by 100.5.

Westchester County.

Henry J. Kaufmann sold the six-family apartment house and large plot in Pleasantville, owned by the estate of Peter J. Kaufmann, Jr., to a client of Chauncey B. Griffen & Co.

The estate of Mrs. Phyllis E. Dodge on the Harriman Road, Irvington-on-the-Hudson, and adjoining the Beltshoover and Hugh Hill estates, has been sold to John L. Thurston of the Hildreth Varnish Company. The property consists of about four acres of land with a mansion. After additions and alterations have been made Mr. Thurston will occupy it as his residence. George Howe was the broker.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.
AT 14 VESEY STREET.
By Joseph P. Day.

Lexington Av, 2,185, e s, 99.11 ft s of 128th St, 4-story tenement, 20x80; trustees' sale; sold to Vincent Miata for $8,700.

Park Av, n e cor 121st St, 4-story tenement, 25.11x75; trustees' sale; sold to Giuseppe Fusco for $12,100.

Kingsbridge Terrace, 3,062, s s, 50 ft w of Perot St, 2½-story frame dwelling, 50x 40.8x irregular; voluntary sale; sold to John Hagen for $12,850.

Fort Independence St, 3,401, n s, 177.1 ft w of Bailey Av, 2½-story frame dwelling, 25x 80.8x irregular; voluntary sale; sold to Frank Garland for $7,600.

Fieldston Road w s, 150 ft s West 238d St, vacant, 162.6x95; knocked down at $3,900.

Liebig Av, 100 ft n of West 261st St, vacant, 162.6x95; knocked down at $6,000.

9th Av, e s, 275 ft s of Broadway, Astoria, L. I., vacant, 25x100; sold to Henry Ditts for $1,350.

St. Nicholas Place, 43, adjoining the n w cor of 152d St, 4-story dwelling, 22x64.2; voluntary sale; sold to Thomas G. Horton for $15,500.

Hester St, 194-96, s e cor of Baxter St (Nos. 128-9), runs s 100x e 75x n 25x w 25x n 75x w 50 to beginning, two 6-story brick loft and store buildings; Mary A. Collins against Sarah Gabriel et al; I. Newton Williams, attorney; Wm. H. Mitholland, referee; due on judgment, $5,603.40; taxes, &c., $72,821.80; sold to the plaintiff for $74,821.80.

By Henry Brady.

3d Av, 1,767, w s, 75.11 ft s of 96th St, 25x100, 5-story brick tenement and stores; Lincoln Trust Co. against Chas. Cahn et al; Middlebrook & Borland, attorneys; Chas. M. O'Keefe, referee; due on judgment, $19,898.18; taxes, &c., $350; sold to the plaintiff for $12,000.

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Very desirable space, about 3,500 sq. ft.; immediate possession!
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FOR SALE.
PRIVATE DWELLINGS
Between West End Ave and Riverside Drive.

82D STREET.
Four story and basement; 14 rooms; possession October 1.

84TH STREET.
Three story and basement; 10 rooms, 4 baths, electric lights; parquet flooring throughout; immediate possession.

87TH STREET.
Four story; 14 rooms, 4 baths; immediate possession.

S. L. FARAS,
31 Park Row. Tel. Barclay 7785.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

The Eastchester Company
composed of seven prominent, far-sighted New York business men, formed twelve years ago to purchase a vast tract of Bronx property

Must Now Be Dissolved
to settle the estates of several of the deceased members, including the

Estate of Lawrence E. Sexton
who bequeathed his interest in the Eastchester Company's New York City property to

Harvard University

The property these men purchased twelve years ago is between the Pelham Parkway and Gun Hill Road (210th St.) Stations of the N. Y., Westchester & Boston R. R. and lies on both sides of this fast electric line. It has large frontages on Allerton Ave., Eastchester Road, Burke Ave., Gun Hill Road (210th St.) and Mace Ave. and is near the Allerton Ave. station of the White Plains Road Subway.

1492 NEW YORK CITY EAST BRONX LOTS
TO BE SOLD SEPARATELY

Each and every lot must now be sold for whatever it may bring, regardless of value, without protection or reserve at

Absolute Public Auction
On Tuesday, July 13th, 1920
at 12 o'clock noon, in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 Vesey St.
EXCEPTIONALLY LIBERAL TERMS
10% on Day of Sale, 10% in 30 Days, Balance (80%) in
24 EQUAL MONTHLY INSTALLMENTS

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May remain on mortgage for three years. Title Guarantee & Trust Co. Policies Free

INSPECT PROPERTY TO-DAY— Take Bronx Park Subway to 180th St. or West Farms station—transfer to N. Y., Westchester and Boston R. R., get off at Gun Hill Road station or take the Bronx Park subway to 180th St., transfer on same platform to White Plains Road Extension, get off at Allerton Avenue. Representatives at both stations.

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LENOX HILL DWELLINGS
EAST 75TH ST. BETWEEN LEXINGTON & 3RD AVES.
At Extremely Low Prices, with Possession.
$25,000 to $30,000
Suitable for Remodelling
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Successors to Harris & Vaughan
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55 East 65th St.
Apartments,
Co-operative Ownership
7 or 8 Room Suites
Priced $2,200 and $3,500
Also one apartment, 6 rooms, 2 baths
Conservative proposition, small investment
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$16 FIFTH AVE.
22 ft. 6 in. Front
5 story American Basement Dwelling. 17 Rooms, 6 baths and Elevator.
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
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141 Broadway.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TO A QUICK PURCHASER
$35,000.
An ideal modern home of 12 rooms, reception hall, 3 large living rooms, 3 master's, 3 maids' rooms, 3 baths, 3 toilets, kitchen, 3 porches, large wardrobes, cedar closet, 3 open fireplaces; hot water heat, gas and electricity, hardwood floors and trim; basement, cottage living and dining rooms; 2-car garage; exclusive summer lawns, fruit and vegetable garden; plot 100x200; reasonable terms; one of the choicest homes in Westchester County.
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MOTOR OUT TO
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and see the houses ready for July occupancy.
Remember, every house built in Arleigh has been sold before completion, and you must buy now if you want a home in the Fall.
From Queensboro Bridge follow left branch of elevated road to Ditmars Avenue Station.
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MERRICK, L. I.
Situated 300 yards from Merrick road, facing the lake; about one acre of ground, with two story and attic, shingle house, built in 1914, consisting of 13 rooms, 4 baths, with separate toilets and showers; vapor heating plant, tennis courts, garages for two cars, with full accommodations for chauffeur. For full particulars apply
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GREAT HOUSE BARGAIN
$4,900 buys beautiful $10,000 house; foreclosed sale; fine surroundings; near station; half hour Manhattan; large plot; wide boulevard; parquetry, open fireplace, tiled bath, tiled kitchen; artistic decorating; $2,000 cash; easy payments; save brokerage.
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One to five acres, near Lagsburg Estate and golf course.
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WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE
Immediate Possession.
RICHARD CROKER'S FORMER HOME
At WHITE PLAINS
House contains 16 rooms, including 3 acres of ground, and is remodeled with all modern improvements. Price $30,000
APPLY
ELY J. RIESER, OWNER
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Telephone Madison Square 8300.

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For Rent
ADIRONDACK CAMP
Blue Mountain Lake, N. Y.
1,000 Ft. Lake Front
Living room 18x28. 7 bedrooms, 5 bathrooms; 2 open canoes. Launches, boats, canoe. Tennis court, vegetable garden, pure spring water. Membership in nearby golf club and supply of ice and wood included in
RENT $3,000
MARCUS M. MARKS, Owner, 200 Fifth Ave., N. Y.

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DAINTY ENGLISH VILLA
WILL SACRIFICE BEAUTIFUL NEW HOME FOR $3,750 CASH; BALANCE OF $6,750 ON EASY TERMS SECOND MORTGAGE (ALMOST LIKE RENT). SUITE IS READY FOR OCCUPANCY; $6,000 NOW ON FIRST MORTGAGE CAN REMAIN; HAS 9 LARGE ROOMS, TWO TILED BATHS, SPLENDID LIVING ROOM, 15x30; FINEST STEAM HEAT, PARQUET FLOORS, RUNNING WATER, ELECTRIC LIGHT, EVERY CONVENIENCE; BEAUTIFULLY FITTED IN KITCHEN; 200 FEET; FINE GARDEN SPACE; CLOSE TO PRETTY LAKE STOCKED WITH FISH; 8 MINUTES' CONCRETE; NECESSITIES; GOOD MARKET; SCHOOL AND CHURCH CLOSE BY; THIS IS A CHANCE OF A LIFETIME TO OBTAIN A HOME AT A FRACTION OF REAL WORTH; COULD NOT BE DUPLICATED AT LESS THAN $6,500. IDEAL COMMUTING TO NEW YORK CITY. ADDRESS BRITISH POST OFFICE BOX 100, CITY HALL STATION, NEW YORK CITY.

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When the titles to your real estate are incontestable, you are secure in the possession of your property. If your Persons and Rockland real estate titles are insured in our company, there is no possibility of doubt. Write for booklet.
North Jersey Title Insurance Co.
HACKENSACK, N. J.

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11,000 SQ. FT. SPACE
All on one floor
Good Light—Midtown Section
Immediate Possession.
Principals only. Apply to
THEO. C. YOUNG, Agent,
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OFFICES
Facing Times Square
Apply to Supt.
Putnam Bldg., B'way & 43rd St.
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THEO. C. YOUNG, Agent
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5TH AVE. CORNER
Above 23rd St.
One Floor to Rent
Unusual opportunity, 81.60 per square foot.
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30 East 42d St.
Telephone 2266 Vanderbilt.

LOFT TO LET
Third Ave., cor. 87th St.
50x100. Very Light.
For Manufacturing.
Freight and Passenger Elevator Service. Steam Heat. Will divide.
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Near 28th Street
Loft to let; 26x70. Immediate possession. Reasonable rental.
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HESS *Business Property*

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OWN YOUR OWN APARTMENT
in the
CONCOURSE APARTMENTS
Just Completed.
S. W. cor. Grand Concourse & 183rd St.
Two blocks from Subway, 6th & 9th Ave. L

No rent or assessments. Rented portion of the house pays all running expenses.

A sound business investment. May be sublet, making 20% return on invested capital.

Business and social references required.

CONCOURSE APARTMENTS
527 Fifth Ave. 183rd St. & Grand Concourse
Phone 3157 Vanderbilt Phone 3582 Fordham

The Roxborough, N.W.Cor. 92d St. & B'way
AN INNOVATION
We have a most attractive proposition.
Apartments of 6, 7, 8 Rooms for Sale
FREE RENT & INCOME
12-Story Fireproof Apartment Building
For details call, write or phone
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"The Gardens Beautiful"
HOLLIS PARK GARDENS
HOLLIS, Queens County, L. I.
Special Sale of Plots

All improvements—asphalt roadways, parked streets, boulevards, gas, water, electric light and telephone conduits; concrete sidewalks and curbs on all streets; amply restricted. 22 minutes from City Hall or Herald Square. Hillside Avenue runs through property. A chance to obtain exceptional values in a highly restricted residential Park having excellent transit facilities.

For Particulars Inquire Agent on Property, or
Hollis-Bellaire Real Estate Co., Inc.,
60 Wall St., N. Y. C. Phone 7466 Hanover

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished. | APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

375 Park Ave. Annex
8 ROOMS AND 3 BATHS
R. C. VOTH, on premises

TO LET FOR BUSINESS. | TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

LIGHT, AIRY LOFT
131 West 38th St., corner Broadway.
About 2,500 Square Feet.
Light on all sides. Immediate possession.
Apply Premises or Your Own Broker.
NEWLY FURNISHED OFFICES
LIGHT AND AIRY.
Just Decorated; New Office Furniture.
Telephone Service Included; Immediate Possession.
Apply on premises
1st floor, 1,893 Broadway, corner 28th Street.
Telephones Greeley 2447-2448-2449-2450.

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IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
15 West 36th Street
Adjoining 5th Avenue.
Modern 16 Story Building
Offices & Showrooms
4,200 Sq. Ft. Per Floor
LIGHT ON FOUR SIDES
Julius Tishman & Sons, Inc.
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190 WOOSTER STREET
Vacant lot. To Lease or for Sale
Immediate possession.
Also this lot can also be had.
E. H. LUDLOW CO.
149 Broadway, New York

BROOKLYN.
FACTORIES
BUILDINGS
LOFTS.
NIELSEN
Robert A. Nielsen Company
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FACTORIES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

26,000 SQUARE FEET
1-story brick construction; plot 450x200, power house; well 100,000 gallons daily. Erie R. R. siding. Jersey City. Price $125,000.
NIELSEN
Robert A. Nielsen Company
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100,000 SQ. FT.
5 story and light basement modern factory mill constructed brick building; heart of Brooklyn's best labor district. Complete power plant, light all sides, sprinklered throughout; elevator. Convenient terms. Walter Baker Co., 756 Broad St., Newark.

WALTER BAKER CO.,
FACTORY BROKERS.
756 Broad St., Newark, N. J.
Properties, factory sites, with or without railroad sidings and dock facilities, New Jersey, Brooklyn, Queens Borough and vicinity.

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125,000 SQ. FT.
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
WILL DIVIDE TO SUIT
One-story building, 100% light.
Sprinklered
Railroad Siding
600 H.P. Boilers. 400 H.P. Engines
Any Kind of Labor Assured
Suitable any manufacturing.
Gross & Gross 120 Market St. Newark, N. J.

FACTORIES FOR SALE OR TO LET.
BROOKLYN.

Waterfront Factory
South Brooklyn
Zone; suitable for warehouse; contains gone; suitable for warehouse; contains power plant. Price $70,000. Address B 186 Times.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—West Side.

315 Central Park West
Northwest Cor. 91st St.
14 Rooms and 5 Baths
10 Rooms and 3 Baths
150 West 79th St.
9 Rooms and 3 Baths
Also one *Duplex* apartment of the same size, suitable for physician or dentist.
140 West 58th St.
5 Rooms, 1 and 2 Baths
4 Rooms and Bath
157 West 57th St.
3 Rooms and Bath
Possession in some instances may be obtained prior to Oct. 1st.
Apply on Premises or to
EDGAR A. LEVY LEASING CO.
505 Fifth Ave. Murray Hill 6800.

Own Your Apartment In the City
120, 124, 126 Convent Ave. Cor. 133d St.
High-class non-elevator apartment house.
$3,000 to $6,000
Open for inspection. Possession Oct. 1
One Very Desirable Doctor's Apartment.
Full particulars of
SLAWSON & HOBBS
162 West 72nd St. Tel. 7840 Col.

THE MANHATTAN SQUARE
50 to 58 West 77th St.
Facing Museum of Natural History
Furnished and Unfurnished
SUITES AVAILABLE
For immediate or Fall rental.
Immediate inspection invited.
Ownership Management.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

LUMBER BARGAIN.
8" new ceiling lumber, $35 per M; windows, sash, doors, roofing, pipe, screens; all kinds lumber very cheap.
LEWIS WRECKING CO.,
Westchester 1315.

CITY REAL ESTATE

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

PRIVATE HOUSES FOR SALE.
84th St., near Drive.....$10,000 cash
88th St., bet. Amst. & Col. Ave. $6,000 cash
88th St., near Drive.....$10,000 cash
94th St., near Drive.....$8,000 cash
91d St., bet. Amst. & Col. Ave. $15,000 cash
131st St., bet. Lenox & 7th Ave. $8,000 cash
LYON, 14 WALL ST. TEL. 8575 RECTOR

48 EAST 40TH ST.,
BET. MADISON AND VANDERBILT AVS. (FIFTH AVENUE'S FINEST SECTION).
FOUR STORIES AND BASEMENT.
SIZE 25x100.
EXCELSIOR ESTATES COMPANY.
185 BROADWAY. RECTOR 285.

A GOOD BUY.
Washington Heights—Two connecting single apartments, 50x100; seven rooms and bath on floor; rented low to monthly tenants; price $16,000 each; act quick. CUSACK, 176 West 124.

ATTENTION.
12½-story highest class elevator apartment house, best neighborhood, yearly rentals about $145,000; about $100,000 cash necessary; bargain. B 1090 Times Harlem.

20th St., near 7th Av.—25 feet front, three-story and basement brick building, suitable for alteration into mercantile building; prompt possession. Charles S. M. First, attorney 27 Cedar St.

Cheapest 40-ft. apartment house on Heights; 20-family; rents $6,350; low; price $49,000; mortgage $37,000, only $12,000 cash; ack quick if you want a bargain. SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 West 72d St.

For Sale—Lease on
THREE-STORY and basement; 10,000 sq. ft.; 18-ft. elevator; over two years to run; in heart of automobile district; immediate possession. S 177 Times.

Residence below 116th St., off Riverside, will sacrifice for $60,000, half cash. G. Sinopoli, Lispenard 6733, from 10 to 4 week days.

$9,000 cash buys best little American basement dwelling near West End Av.; 3-year mortgage; possession Oct. 1; price $26,500. Hayward, 2,640 Broadway.

$36,000—5-story American basement, 20'x, near Broadway; 15 rooms, 4 baths, electric light; mortgage $20,000. Renard Co., 1,476 Broadway.

For sale, 3 connecting furnished houses West 20s; 24 renting rooms; 5 years' straight lease; steam heat; price $60,000. McGrath & Warren, 5 Columbus Circle.

Best 6-story walkup on Broadway, near subway station; 42x100; rent $12,000; $35,000 cash; price $75,000. SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 West 72d St.

88th, West—Private dwelling, 10 rooms, 2 baths, parquet flooring, electricity; $26,500, cash $6,000. Pierre, 220 West 42d.

Greenwich Village—Dwelling, bargain; 4 story; $12,500; cash $4,250. Durosa, 158 Broadway.

For sale, 5-story brownstone flat house; 10 families. Full particulars 321 West 113th.

For Sale—36 & 38 East 12th St.; all rented. Charles Greer, Rye, New York.

Private house, 10 rooms, one bath, furnished. Phone Rhinelander 6524.

Private house, 8 rooms, one bath; adults only. Rhinelander 6524.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

$790 on contract and $1,750 in 60 days will buy 2 houses on 3d Av. and 164th St., running through to Boston Post Road; fully rented; no leases; owner must sacrifice for immediate sale. Peter Grimm, 50 East 42d St.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

For Sale—Attractive pre-war built house and garage; plot 60 by 100; 10 rooms; all modern improvements; inclosed porch, parquet floors, tiled bathrooms, hot water and heat; finest location in restricted section; also some furniture, such as porch set (wicker) and Shoninger upright piano. For further information phone Bensonhurst 1144, 8,710 21st Av., Brooklyn.

A rare chance to the right kind of people. Until November; conveniently located in Brooklyn, private residence, attractively furnished; as convenient as an apartment; references exchanged; no children; reasonable. Telephone Main 9080.

Hotel situated in the heart of Brooklyn, 27 up-to-date furnished rooms, to lease for a long term; brokers protected. For particulars write or phone to I. Schulman, 171 Bowery, New York. Tel. Orchard 8286.

$13,500—One-family house, 10 rooms; plot 50 x100; located near Ocean Parkway, Flatbush, Brooklyn, two blocks from school; all improvements. Michaels, Room 603, 220 Broadway, New York City.

TO CLOSE ESTATE

must sell cottage at Bay Ridge, 8 rooms; plot 50x100, $12,000. Brownstone house Clinton St., 9 rooms; $7,000. No agents. Greeley 2929.

Cozy 6-room home with all modern improvements, $9,500. Telephone Prospect 6471.

Four lots, fine location on Avenue Y, near Brighton Beach. G 20 Times.

Richmond Borough—For Sale or To Let.

Dutch Colonial bungalow, garage; Brighton Heights; $7,500 cash. Cooke, 218 Hart Av.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

WHITE PLAINS.
Attractive two-family stucco house; 8 rooms, tiled bath, first floor; 7 rooms, tiled bath, extra servants' lavatory, second floor; hot water heat; plot 50x147; garden and fruit trees; second floor rents for $70 per month; price $15,000, $5,000 cash, second mortgage for 5 years; possession 30 days.

HOWARD SEITER CO.,
7 East 42d St. Vanderbilt 8194.

Eight room house with all modern improvements, electric and gas lights, hot water heat. Lot 50x100. Excellent location. Price $11,000.

New, modern, tile and stucco double house. Six rooms and tiled bath each. All modern appliances, electric lights, hot water heat and gas. Desirable location. Price $21,000. The Olivere Agency, 42 North Main St., Port Chester, N. Y.

Attractive bungalow, six rooms; some improvements; block from good harbor; fine boating, bathing and fishing; large plot of ground; shade trees, garden; convenient station; 1½ hours New York; great bargain, $6,500. W. VANDERWATER, Owner, Room 900, 1,270 Broadway, New York.

BUNGALOW AT PELHAM.
Attractive stucco construction on plot 50x100, near station; 6 rooms, tiled bath, hot water heat, gas and electric light, pretty shrubbery; moving West for business reasons; will sell for $11,500. E. J. Nolan, Pelham Manor, N. Y. Phone 1162.

ARTISTIC NEW HOUSES
now ready at Pelham Knolls, Pelham Manor, built under Title Co. inspection; prices $18,500 to $30,000. Herkimer, Inc., owner-builder, 23 West 43d St., N. Y. Tel. Murray Hill 780 or Pelham 1052.

NOTICE TO HOME BUILDERS!
Foreclosure sale, July 12, 10 o'clock A. M., City Hall, Yonkers; plot 11 Prospect Terrace, Park Hill-the-Beautiful-Yonkers. Be on hand or communicate. K. 417 Times.

For Rent—10-room furnished house with 2 baths, west front locality; reasonable rate. Telephone 783W Far Rockaway, W. Belcher, Inwood, L. I.

Freeport, L. I.—Gentleman's country home, all modern improvements, 5 blocks to station; $3,000 cash, balance terms. Owner, Box 274, Roosevelt, L. I.

AT SCARSDALE—Choice home site, 140x400, $3,500; short walk to station, 38 minutes to Grand Central. J. R. Swift, 1,581 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

Purdy—6 rooms, 1½ baths; commutation Harlem Division; sell $7,000; rent $60; key at White's store; easy terms.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—West Side.

"B'way, cor. 69th St.
HOTEL
Spencer Arms"
NON-HOUSEKEEPING SUITES.
RESIDENT MANAGER
PHONE
"COLUMBUS 3000"
2, 3, 4 Rooms
BRONX.

FOR RENT
3 and 4 Room Apartments
Just Completed.
Open for Inspection.
Concourse Apartments
183d St. and Grand Concourse.
Two blocks from subway station.

BROOKLYN.
109 Montague Street, Brooklyn.
4 rooms and bath $110
5 rooms and bath $0
4 rooms and bath (housekeeping).....125
Clinton Trading Corporation
128 Remsen St., Brooklyn. Main 3660.

Country Real Estate

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

A BETWEEN-SEASON SACRIFICE.
New Rochelle dwelling of 9 rooms, tile bath, gas, electricity, hot-water heat, artistic interior arrangement, excellent decorations and fixtures, large verandas; grounds of rare beauty, well shrubbed, flowers, fruit and shade trees; location is ideal, being in one of the finest restricted parts of the city, and is most accessible; this property must be sold; present owner will make great sacrifice to induce quick sale. DRUMMOND, 17 West 42d St.; telephone Murray Hill 7822.

Plot 100x200; 8 rooms, bath, large attic, front, rear porch, cold room, shades, copper screens, open fireplaces, extra W. C., laundry in basement, electricity, gas, hot water heating, garage, grapevines, shrubbery, 5 minutes to station. Apply 90 Melcurne Av., Mamaroneck.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

VERY UNUSUAL
Colonial dwelling, 7 rooms and bath, 2 car garage; finest section of Hempstead; living room and master's bedroom, each 14.6x22 feet; open fireplaces, tiled bath, built-in tubs; Mott's Vitreous plumbing throughout; high grade lighting fixtures, oak floors, charming decorations; plot 125x140; completely graded, lawn and landscaped; price $16,000; terms $5,000 cash, balance on mortgage. O. L. Schwencke & Co., 277 Broadway, New York.

For Sale—29 North Parsons Av., Flushing, L. I., choicest section, surroundings established and unexceptionable; southern exposure, fine shade, oaks, beeches and maples; plot 75x100; 15 rooms, 2 baths, hardwood floors, open fireplace; hot air and gas; plenty room for garage; a $25,000 property for $17,500; terms arranged; possession 30 days; exchange considered. C. C. Downey, owner, 286 State St., Flushing, L. I. Telephone 821 Flushing.

Own your own beach front—1 acre on the water, 22 min. from Penn. Station, North Shore, Long Island; hollow tile stucco house, 8 rooms, 3 baths, garage with 3 rooms and bath; copper screen flashings, gutters and leaders; flowers, shrubs, trees; price $37,500; quick action gets this bargain; owner going away. Heacock, 1 West 34th St., City.

FOR SALE—Magnificent level tract of about 60 acres, Long Island; easy commuting distance of New York; already plotted and mapped ready for sale as subdivision or acreage garden plots; easy terms; releasure privileges; Title Insurance Policy. Address OWNER B, 416 Suite 405, 110 W. 34th St.

AT BEAUTIFUL GARDEN CITY.
Only $5,000 cash required for charming Colonial home; 7 rooms and 3 baths, open fireplaces, best construction, large plot, trees, shrubs, flowers; 33 minutes to New York or Brooklyn. Phone D. F. Miller, Vanderbilt 8373. 185 Madison Av., New York.

Forest Hills, L. I. (15 minutes from Penn. Sta.)—Colonial nine-room house, two baths (built in), garage, verandas, hardwood floors, white enamel and copper screened throughout; plot 75x100 ft. Telephone Boulevard 6346.

Real value in Dutch Colonial tapestry brick and frame house, 8 rooms, two baths, solarium, fireplaces, hot water heat; brick garage; Douglas Manor, L. I., 23 minutes by express from Penn. Station. J. J. Teal, 115 Broadway, Rector 5311.

Elegant twelve-room house, several special conveniences, large grounded veranda; seven minutes station or bathing beach; excellent commutation; rental, completely furnished, $1,000 season. Telephone Glencove 1117, Box 277, Sea Cliff.

New California bungalow; 6 large rooms, bath; charming, restricted environment; convenient school, shops, golf, beaches, &c.; one minute from electric station; forty minutes from Broadway; $8,500; terms. E. N., 123 Times.

Flushing—Beautiful 9-room home, tiled bath, open fireplace; large living porch; all improvements; near trolley; 14 minutes station; price $10,000; immediate possession. R. L. Paris, 141 West 36th St., New York. Telephone Greeley 6804.

Easy housekeeping bungalow, ideal year-round home in fine community, 45 minutes by electric train, every convenience, right at station, immediate occupancy; terms arranged; see to appreciate. B. W., 14 Times.

Hollow tile, stuccoed, 9 rooms, sun parlor, oak floors throughout, garage, large plot, 30 minutes out; exceptional value, $16,000; cannot be duplicated for $20,000. A. L. Kingsley, 47 West 34th St.; Greeley 6896.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS.
Small house, fireproof construction, tiled roof, 5 rooms, bath; perfect condition; immediate possession, $15,500. Kingsley, 47 West 34th St. Greeley 6896.

California bungalow nearing completion; 40 minutes from Broadway; five minutes from electric station; five rooms, bath; all improvements; $7,000; easy terms. G. B., 160 Times.

CEDARHURST—Ten-room stucco corner house; all modern improvements; lot 100x100; garage; steam heat. Harry Miller, Cedarhurst. Tel. 1059 Far Rockaway.

Attractive Colonial home, stucco; nine rooms, sun parlor, three baths; garage; large plot; location, Garden City, Deming, 403 Washington Av., Brooklyn. Prospect 1207 J.

Desirable furnished bungalow for rent reasonable, or will sell; attractive price. Bennett, California St., Long Beach, West. Phone Worth 4820.

To let, furnished, charming seven room house, restricted neighborhood; bathing; 38 min. Penn. Station. Phone Flushing 3878 M.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

LAKE PLACID.
For Sale—Three cottages, 13, 9 and 5 rooms; highest and most central location, every improvement, sleeping porches, garage with rooms and ice house on property, 378x178 feet; desirable for private use or leasing; will sacrifice for $22,000; terms; completely furnished. Write Harry E. Hazard, Treasurer's Office, Waldorf-Astoria Hotel.

Spring Valley, Rockland Co.—Small estate, 50 min. N. Y., 10-room house, steam; log cabin, tenant cottage, small garage, barn, chicken house; buildings in excellent condition; 18 acres, 8 wood land; stream and rustic bridges; price $14,000; cash $5,500. Dr. A. Slawson, 245½ St. Nicholas Av. Morningside 1020.

Long Lake, Adirondacks—Nine-room furnished camp, improvements, ice house, boat house. Mullarky, 812 Rugby Road, Brooklyn; phone Mansfield 5704 after 6 P. M.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

Come Out Today—Beautiful Craftsman home, 7 rooms, bath, all improvements; large veranda; large living room with open fireplace, built-in bookcases, parquet floors; butler's pantry; electric fixtures; modern gas kitchen; bedrooms in white enamel; spacious attic; paved street; near station, schools, stores, &c.; large plot; 30 minutes N. Y. City; $7,500 cash, balance monthly. John H. Baldwin, Ridgefield Park, N. J. Office opposite station.

SUMMER HOME SACRIFICE.
Bungalow, furnished; telephone, piano, fireless cooker; 6 rooms, bath, open fireplace, shower, hot water, gas range, tubs; large porch, view, fruit, nuts; hill corner, fine view; commute Atlantic Highlands; sell immediately, complete, $3,250. Roeper, 377 Broadway, N. Y., phone Franklin 3327, or Atlantic Highlands 202 W.

Water front, beautiful North Shrewsbury River, near Red Bank, house, 11 rooms, with or without furniture, bath, steam, electricity, gas, 2¾ acres, fruit trees, garden, piper, bathhouse, garage; exceptionally elegant surroundings; golf, tennis, boating, riding; for sale, $27,000; suitable for Summer home or all year round home. Room 27, 116 Broad St. Telephone 9045, Bowling Green.

Handsome new houses, 45 minutes New York, highly restricted section, Englewood, Bergota, West Englewood; ideal surroundings, large grounds, spacious rooms; wonderful bargains, $8,000, $10,000, $15,000; some for rent, $75 to $100. Raymond Moore, Station Corner, West Englewood. Phone Englewood 1716J-1313M.

EAST ORANGE—TWIN HOUSE.
The best built and most attractive house in the neighborhood; 10 rooms and bath each side; owner must sell; mortgage $10,000; price $19,500; details. Heward Goldsmith, 63 Park Row. Telephone 2598 Beekman.

New lots to sacrifice left from estate In restricted section, $250 up. Plainfield, N. J.; good for commuters; two blocks from trolley, 5 minutes from C. R. R. Station; 45 minutes from Liberty St. Station; no agents. Call Bowling Green 10,000, Extension 155, Mr. Stephan.

A GENTLEMAN'S HOME.
30 minutes out, on a beautiful acre plot, with high-class environment; 3 baths; large garage; the details will interest you; $30,000. Howard Goldsmith, 63 Park Row. Telephone 2598 Beekman.

BERNARDSVILLE, N. J.
Sale remarkably fine house, excellent location, 12 rooms, modern improvements; large plot land; buy this save $5,000 on cost of duplicate; terms, possession as desired. C. W. Alpaugh, Bernardsville.

Beautiful home, large plot, excellent environment, convenient to station, school and community tennis courts; 10 rooms, 2 baths; 2 car garage; guaranteed title, material and workmanship; price $22,500, worth $26,000. Walter W. Wilser, Tel. 537 Ridgewood, N. J.

Homeseekers' Attention—A beautiful up to date 12-room detached house, restricted neighborhood, Jersey City Heights; $18,000; possession Sept. 1; principals only. A 930 Times Downtown.

Factory site for sale, 27,500 square feet, located in Jersey City, between two paved streets and on C. R. R. of N. J. track; good soil, no piling, no surplus excavation; near freight depot. S 124 Times.

Beautiful 10-room house, all improvements; fine location, 202 7th Av., near Beach; nicely furnished; reasonable. Phone Market 3066.

Glen Rock—180 Highwood Av., second floor, five rooms, pantry, improvements, garage, garden planted, fruit; $65. Schuyler 9015.

All modern houses for sale; also farms and lots; call for my car at station. W. P. Hairston, 14 Elm St., Rutherford, N. J.

Fine 8-room house, splendid appointments; 30 minutes 42d St. S 180 Times.

Country Real Estate.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

FACTORY FOR RENT OR SALE.
Building can be bought at price that will make space figure less than twenty (20c) cents a square foot per year, or will rent, possession 60 days; mill construction, three floors and cement basement, approximately 35,000 square feet heavy floor carrying capacity, good light on all sides, 100 horse power boiler, 60 horse power engine; wired for electric power; room in driveway for eight automobiles; good labor neighborhood, 1½ blocks from Erie freight station, four blocks Pennsylvania freight station. Grain Scaps Corporation, 204-210 9th St., Jersey City. Phone Montgomery 62.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

Remodeled country home, 1¼ miles from station on Glenville Road; Rock Ridge section, restricted neighborhood; 10 rooms, 3 baths, fireplace, electric lights, hot water heat; lot 100x240; fruits and garden; garage 2 cars; $18,500. Geo. D. Peabody, owner, or local agents.

New Hampshire—For Sale or To Let.

Attractive and comfortable Summer or all year round home at Littleton, N. H., in the White Mountains, 7½ acres, large house, with all modern improvements, including large furnace, city water and electric light, garage, magnificent view of Presidential Range. Lafayette, etc. Descriptive pamphlet and information on application to Henry B. Newhall, 40 West St., New York.

Miscellaneous—For Sale or To Let.

Beautiful country, 20 miles out, orchards, house, barns, crops, easy terms. Elliott, Owner, 154 Nassau St., brokers paid.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

Washington Heights, corner elevator apartment; finest location; 2, 3 and 4 room suites; wonderful investment; rents $45,000; price $375,000; excellent terms; submit proposition. A. Arkin, 5 Beekman St.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

I will take on lease (if reasonable) walk-up or elevator apartment houses for any number of years; responsible. A 900 Times Harlem.

Wanted to rent, house, apartment, 3 bedrooms, near city; not more than 30 minutes station; price $125; Southern family. H 46 Times.

FARMS.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

FIVE-ACRE POULTRY FARM,
50 miles from N. Y.; situated in town of 6,000 population; variety of bearing fruit trees, barn, garage; one cow, 100 chickens; modern chicken houses for 1,500 chickens; land all planted; 7-room house, all improvements; price $9,000; terms. Inquire Bakery, corner 19th, 7th Av.

Farm for Sale—39 minutes from Jersey City; 15 acres cultivated; 10-room house, all improvements; large barn, garage, hen house; fruit trees; $12,000, easy terms. A. Smadbeck, 71 West 35th St.

SUMMER HOMES—Sale or Let.

Brooklyn.

For Rent—One or two rooms, furnished, in most beautiful residence, Sea Gate. Phone 1375 Coney Island.

Westchester County.

Rye—Bungalow, three bedrooms, bath, living-room, screened dining porch; immediate possession, until Labor Day; $550. Attractive cottage, five bedrooms, two baths, until Oct. 1; $1,000. Write, call or telephone, Charles S. Faulkner, Real Estate Broker, Depot Square, Rye. Telephone Rye 123. Both near Oakland Beach.

To rent for the month of August, house at Spuyten Duyvil; 14-room house and garage and about one acre of land, garden, shade trees, &c. Write to Bankers and Lawyers' Advertising Co., 68 William St., New York City.

Bungalows—4, 3 and 2 rooms; also furnished tents 16x16, by the week or season; two minutes from station, 45 minutes to 42d St.; fishing, boating, outdoor sports. C. R. Bienly, Valhalla, New York Central, N. Y.

Mount Vernon—Aug. 1-Sept. 15, attractive 7-room stucco house and garage; near country club. C 626 Times Downtown.

Bronxville—Furnished house, five (5) bedrooms; garage, garden; occupancy at once. Telephone 235 Bronxville.

For Rent—10-room furnished house, Chester Hill section; will rent during Summer. 115 Wallace Av., Mount Vernon.

Long Island.

Seacliff—Rent, nine large rooms, bath, extra lavatories and toilet; newly decorated and furnished; seven minutes station or bathing beach; large verands, grounds; excellent commutation; $900 season. Telephone Glencove 1117.

New furnished bungalows for rent at Neponsit, L. I.; large plot of ground; 6 rooms, bath, separate shower. Apply Neponsit Av., cor. 147th St.; 5 minutes' ride from Rockaway Park station, via trolley; or Brooklyn office, 153 Remsen St. Phone Main 1675.

For Rockaway bungalow and garage, furnished; 5 rooms, bath, hot water, gas, electricity, for rent; just built; on ocean; Simmis Beach; desirable tenants sought. Seymour Realty Corp., 105 Beach 4th St. Phone Far Rockaway 4082.

Long Beach, near the station, to sublet until October 1, 2 most desirable fully furnished apartments; 4 and 5 rooms and baths; all outside and on the corner; every improvement. Telephone Mr. L. B., 6863 Rector.

Great Neck estate, Long Island; beautifully furnished 10 room house, 3 baths, 4 master bedrooms; 2 car garage; 5 minutes to station; 10 minutes to beach; nice grounds and trees; $700 per month. Cathedral 5825.

Ideal Summer home, nine rooms, elegantly furnished; three minutes from station; Newport and 7th Av., Rockaway Park. Phone Belle Harbor 1673.

Long Beach—Ten-room furnished cottage, seven bedrooms, two baths; $1,400; will rent part or exclusive use dining room, kitchen; $900. Box 301, Long Beach.

Long Beach—Charming bungalow, newly furnished; all city improvements; near station. 159 West Fulton St. Phone Long Beach 222.

Adjacent station, 4 elegantly furnished rooms, bath and garage; very reasonable to desirable party. 405 Beach 36th St., Edgemere.

New 6-room furnished cottage, Jamaica, to Sept. 10; immediate possession; $100 month; half hour Pennsylvania Station. Phone E. H. COAN, Greeley 4239.

For sale or rent, five-room furnished bungalow; 186 Beach 43d St., Edgemere, L. I. Phone only Richmond Hill 3780 evenings.

For rent, furnished, eight-room house, yard, garden, improvements, $300 season. Tel. Jamaica 1527-J.

Far Rockaway—Five-room furnished bungalow. Telephone Far Rockaway 4319.

New Jersey.

Maplewood, N. J.—For rent, furnished, July, August or double couple with one child, three master's bedrooms, one bath, separate shower and maid's room. Telephone H. B. Denton, 5670 Harrison daytime, 1203-W South Orange evenings.

In Atlantic City and Ventnor we still have a good selection of moderately priced furnished cottages and apartments for Summer season; advise quick action. H. G. Harris & Co., Guarantee Trust Bldg., Atlantic City, N. J.

Maplewood, N. J.—For rent, furnished, July and August, three master's bedrooms, sleeping-porch, two maids' rooms and three baths; garage; new house. Telephone South Orange 983 any evening.

Beautiful furnished country home; garage; 25 minutes from New York; $250 per month. Call Leonia 500-J.

New York State.

Large furnished housekeeping cottage on lake opposite Paul Smith's hotel; garage. S. Bianchi, 1,142 Madison Av. Lenox 5460.

Connecticut.

Eight-room partly furnished cottage; large barn; eight acres; woods, fruit, two brooks. Alice Pierrepont, New Hartford, Conn.

$475, July-August; Saybrook, Conn.; charming home overlooking Sound; 11 rooms; runs electricity; garage, garden. Converse, 29 Broadway.

Sacrifice—Rent furnished, season, at Sound Beach, near Sound, half acre, garage, shrubbery; season, $650. R 154 Times.

Maine.

Bar Harbor, Maine—Large furnished house, 24 rooms, 9 baths, modern, convenient; garage, garden; 5 minutes from ocean; among large estates; developed by experts; reasonable rental also delightful furnished bungalow. Ordway Partridge, 12 West 44th.

4-room bungalow, furnished, Booth Bay Harbor, Me.; season, $150; fireplace. Phone Audubon 4004-R, or call Esbels, 508 West 149th. Wednesday evening or Thursday.

Massachusetts.

Last Offer—Many good bargains in furnished estates for rent; 14-room mansion, price $3,000; will take $900 for the season; another 16-room house, 2 baths; price $1,200; will take $600; owner has no use for house; another, $900, reduced to $600; quick action to get these places. D. B. Cornell Co., Great Barrington, Mass.

Great Diamond Island, Maine—To rent for season, delightful eight-room Summer cottage, fully furnished, located on shore; bath, electricity, running water, fireplace; bathing, boating; near golf links and tennis courts; 20-minute sail from Portland. Phone after 6, Windsor 3042.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

FLOOR TO RENT
At 42d Street at 5th Avenue.
AN ENTIRE FLOOR.

Over 2,000 square feet at $3 the foot!
LESS THAN HALF THE USUAL PRICE!

Finest Location in New York!

An entire floor on Fifth Av. at 42d St., exclusively yours for $6,000 per year.

Apply to Owner,
A. SIMONSON,
506 Fifth Av., near 42d St.

BEAUTIFUL LIGHT OFFICES.
NEW BUILDING, 119-121 WEST 43D ST., adjacent Broadway, convenient to subway and elevated stations; suites of 1,000 square feet and up, adaptable light manufacturing; immediate possession. Apply
THE HAGGSTRUM, CALLEN COMPANY
1,974 Broadway, corner 67th St.

6,000 SQUARE FEET FIRST LOFT, INTERSECTION OF 5TH AV. AND THE BUSIEST RETAIL STREET; EXCELLENT CORNER FOR RETAIL BUSINESS; ALL SHOW WINDOWS; LONG TERM LEASE. JULIUS FRIEND, INC., 1,133 BROADWAY.

Several Chow dogs for sale very cheap on account of reducing kennels; dogs can be seen any time at Fairfield, Conn., or New York, by appointment. Write Greenacre Kennels, 110 West 40th St. Room 201, New York. Phone Bryant 5307.

STORES, 50x90, AND CONCRETE MODERN BASEMENT; LOFTS 90x80 OR SMALLER; MAY DIVIDE; REAL ELEVATORS; LOFT (STORE FRONT), 2D, 3D AND 4TH TOP; LIGHT FROM 2 LARGE SKYLIGHTS AND 4 SIDES; NOW VACANT. AT 232-238 WEST 39TH. PHONE SPRING 3671.

Large office and showrooms, with display windows; high-class 5th Av. building; 424 St., section; reasonable rent; immediate possession; 1,000 and 500 square feet. Ogden & Clarkson, Corporation, 605 5th Av. Vanderbilt 1124.

Large and small daylight offices with large display windows, suitable for dentist, photographer or architect, at 153 East 42d St., near Grand Central; $50 monthly up. Apply J. M. Silver, or in store on premises.

Most attractive gown shop at Grand Union Hotel, Saratoga Springs, with windows on court and street; have space to sublease millinery, blouses, lingerie, &c. Kate Moretti, Inc., 7 East 46th St.

Desk room beautifully furnished office; green carpet over all, heavy Wilton rugs; everything the best; stenographic service; financial and export district; one block from Broadway; reasonable. Call Cortlandt 2972.

Columbus Av., 51—Exceptionally light loft; plate-glass front; steam heat; electricity; suitable office or light business; $35; lease. J. K. Moore, 301 West 57th St. Columbus 9855.

FOR RENT

Store room, 22 by 90 feet, 660 Penn St., Reading, Pa.; immediate possession given. READING NATIONAL BANK, READING, PA.

Broadway and 46th St.—Beautiful corner office, very light, partly furnished, $100 month; small office adjoining, $50. Morocco, 1,545 Broadway, or phone McDermott, Bryant 5032.

Roll top desk; also furnished or unfurnished office to rent; telephone and towel service; excellent location. Diana, 50 44th Av. (at 9th St). Telephone Worth 250.

Suite of desirable, finely furnished offices to sublet; complete equipment; telephone and stenographers; very central location; immediate possession. Phone Greeley 6513.

Lofts—Two light lofts, 20x70, corner building; light three sides, steam heat; suitable show-room or light manufacturing. Apply Store, 70 44th Av., corner 45th St.

Light loft to let, facing two streets, 21x65 feet; steam heat, electric elevator; good for manufacturing; apply on premises. Nathan Engelhardt; 48 Canal St., N. Y. C.

Floor for office purposes only; immediate possession; about 1,400 square feet; light, steam heat, electricity. Apply 23 Cliff St., near Fulton St. Phone Beekman 1226.

55th St., 243 West, adjoining Broadway, 25x100, store loft for offices or light manufacturing; elevator, all improvements. C 859 Times Downtown.

Will sublet 400 square feet of space, suitable for office or storeroom, good light and modern building. Metropolitan 811k Co., 15 West 38th.

Exceptionally large, light part of store to let, located Broadway between Bleecker and Houston Streets. Apply Borenco Importing Corporation, 556 Broadway. Spring 1209.

CHOICE OFFICES.

I have a large number of offices, ranging in size from 150 to 4,000 feet; inquiries invited. Chester D. Clark, 1521 Park Row Bldg.

Will divide my office, 42d and 5th Av., for months of July, August and September, half for $50; more if needed; room for messenger. Telephone Vanderbilt 830.

To sublease, about 300 square feet on Liberty St., near subway and elevated; two years' lease. Metropolitan Advertising Co, 120 Liberty St. Phone Rector 450.

Lofts or offices, particularly suitable for engravers or other business where light is essential. 42 Duane, 1st floor.

Luncheon, store and basement; excellent corner. 42 Duane, cor. Lafayette. Worth 2516.

Desk in centrally located office; $25 per month; phone and stenographer in office. Room 1002, 110 West 40th.

Part of office or desk space for rent in public stenographer's office; use of phone, &c. Room 204, 10 East 43d St.

Broadway and Cortlandt—800 square feet; immediate possession; sublease to October, 1922. H 963 Times Downtown.

LOFTS AND OFFICES, ALL SIZES, ANY LOCATION. BRYANT PARK LEASING CO., 47 WEST 42D ST. VANDERBILT 854.

Desirable loft, rear half of loft on 5th Av., about 1,500 square feet; no manufacturing. Write T. T., 520 Presbyterian Bldg.

Two adjoining offices with about 470 sq. ft., in very desirable office building. Room 812, 56 Pine St.

Beautiful light show room, suitable for dress or cloak house; rent reasonable; immediate possession. Cohen, 15 West 30th.

Warehouse near Harlem terminal; 6,000 square feet; story and basement. Box 45, 2,119 3d Av.

55th St., 49 West—Basement for exclusive business, suitable for dressmaker or milliner.

Accountants to share office with lawy

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

142D, 547 WEST (corner Broadway)—Delightful outside apartment 6 rooms; mahogany furniture, piano, linen; silver, electric refrigerator; Broadway, facing River; July, August; bargain; $100 month; references. Audubon 1060, Apt. 2B; call after 12.

142D ST., 547 WEST—Seven-room corner apartment; outside rooms; immediate possession to Sept. 15; $175 monthly. Apt. 3A.

157TH, 606 WEST—Four-room apartment; private kitchen; River of Riverside Drive; easy and clean; 5-cent fare from subway; by appointment. Apt. 3E. Audubon 1370.

158TH (near Broadway)—Four light rooms, attractively furnished; piano; Edison phonograph; to Jan., $100 monthly; references. Audubon 8197.

158TH (3,950 Broadway)—5 rooms, southern exposure, elevator. Phone 2940 Audubon.

170TH ST., 715 WEST (overlooking Hudson River)—Three rooms and bath, fully furnished; July, August and September only; $65 monthly; Apply Supt.

175TH, 550 WEST—Sublet, July 1-Oct. 1, 3-room apartment; aluminum utensils, sewing machine; Victrola; reasonable. Phone 5-4 Kriegel, Astoria 1785.

181ST, 728 WEST—Attractively furnished 4-room elevator apartment, sublet. Doran.

182ND, 507 WEST—Six rooms, ground floor, front; suitable for doctor. Apply Superintendent.

204TH, 406 WEST—Modern furnished 5-room flat; reasonable; near subway. Furnished.

4-4 ROOM housekeeping apartments, baths; hot water, steam heat, electricity, telephone; rent $60-$75. Chelsea 5365.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF APARTMENTS 2 to 6 rooms; elevator, non-elevator; $60-$100 month; weekly rates; open Sundays. Furnishings references essential. 215 Manhattan Av. Academy 1647.

All outside, front, elevator apartment; piano; lease. Weber, 510 West 124th.

APARTMENT HUNTING UNNECESSARY—Immediate or October occupancy. Mrs. Disteiman, Specialist, 150 W. 72d. Col. 856.

APTS. OF UNUSUAL CLEANLINESS.

Three rooms, bath and kitchenette, $85 upward; comfortably furnished; telephone, elevator service; no objectionable or questionable tenants; references essential. The Wilsonia, 223-229 West 99th St.

APARTMENTS. Summer bargains, furnished, $135 upward; long leases. Wickliffe Grey, 209 West 73d St. Columbus 3974.

ATTRACTIVE Housekeeping Apartments. THE CATHEDRAL PLAZA, 100 CATHEDRAL PARKWAY, 110th St. bet. Amsterdam and Columbus Avs.; fully furnished apartment, rooms, monthly; 2 rooms, with kitchenette and bath, $70 and up; 3 rooms, with kitchenette and bath, $90 and up. Telephone Academy 615 for information regarding vacancies; linen and maid service at moderate rates; two blocks east of Broadway subway, near 6th and 9th Av. "L"; 8th Av. bus lines stop at door; references essential; special rates by the week.

ATTRACTIVELY furnished 4 rooms in elevator apartment; immediate possession until Sept. 1 at very reasonable price for right party. Phone Wadsworth 9200, Apt. 4A.

Attractive modern apartment, sublet immediately. Particulars phone Mrs. Mackie, Academy 2040.

BROADWAY AND 122D—4 rooms, 2 bedrooms, $100; immediate possession. Cathedral 5826.

BUSINESS girl will share attractive apartment with young lady; reasonable. Phone Morningside 5750, Apt. 6A, evenings.

CENTRAL PARK WEST (63d St.)—Beautiful furnished 9-room duplex; modern's terms; occupancy until Sept. 15. Phone Superintendent, Columbus 8202.

CHANCE to secure permanently and reasonably 2, 3 or 4 rooms and kitchen; $14, $18, $20; all conveniences; electricity; light and clean; pleasant apartment house. Phone Riverside 2272, evenings.

CHARLES ST., 39 (Greenwich Village)—Immediate possession, apartment, 4 cool, outside rooms; housekeeping; all improvements; Summer months. Call between 11 and 3. Apt. 2.

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS.

E. K. Van Winkle, 156 West 72d. Col. 1977.

EDGECOMBE AV., 367 (north of 150th St.)—Six rooms and bath, completely furnished; $100 monthly to responsible party; ideal location; possession July 1.

ELEGANTLY furnished 7-room apartment to immediately until October; locality Riverside Drive, 96th St. Phone Riverside 3180.

For rent, furnished apartment for Summer months; located on most desirable section Riverside Drive; beautiful view of the Hudson River, north and south; 7 rooms, 2 baths; furnishings and appointments up to date; $300 a month; references required. Y 2149 Times Annex.

Furnished rooms, private residence; housekeeping; also apartments. 2,360 Wave Crest, Far Rockaway.

GREENWICH VILLAGE—3 rooms, furnished, bath, Summer. Tel. Watkins 4858 after 5.

HOTEL ALBEMARLE (54th St., near Broadway)—Suite four rooms and bath, two rooms and bath, one room and bath; attractive rates to permanent guests.

HOWARD DRIVE, 70—Four rooms; housekeeping; Summer; $60; piano, telephone. Apartment 7.

HYNHURST AV., 41—Five large, light, airy rooms, comfortably furnished, piano and victrola, elevator; on the top of the hill, fine view of the Palisades of Jersey; subway and August. Lawson, Apartment 3F, telephone Wadsworth 9355.

Issuing circular for high class furnished apartments, 2 to 10 rooms; short or long leases. Cathedral 8825.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE—Magnificently furnished apartment; all new furniture; five rooms; will sublet at $150 monthly or sell contents of apartment for $2,000, or will sell lease; best of references considered. E. Tomlin, Circle 6262.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE AND 160TH—4 rooms, beautifully furnished; beautiful view of river; summer months $135; short or long lease. 2000 Cathedral.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE—Attractive apartment to rent from July 1 to latter part of September; 7 rooms (all outside), 2 baths. Telephone Morningside 6826.

RIVERSIDE, 640—5-room outside apartment, large and cool; beautifully furnished, until October or longer; $150 monthly; worth $250. Phone Thelle, Audubon 9100.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE AND 160TH ST.—Beautifully furnished 5-room apartment; beautiful view of river; $110. Cathedral 9100.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE AND 110TH.—Beautifully furnished 8 room corner apartment; all outside rooms; beautiful view of river; $210. Cathedral 9100.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE 244 (97th)—7 large, cool completely furnished rooms sublet for Summer; unusual sacrifice; rent $100 per month. Apt. 5A. Riverside 1827.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 548 (Apt. 3-B)—Sacrifice for Summer, 7 rooms, beautifully furnished; oriental rugs; piano; linen; silver; $175. Baldwin, Morningside 5790.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 468 (Corner 119th St.)—7 rooms, 2 baths, completely furnished; high class. Manager.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE (at 110th St)—Hendrick Hudson; cool; river view; piano; library; 7 rooms, 2 baths; modern. Inquire within.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 875, CORNER 136TH.—8-room apartment, all rooms including kitchen and bath, facing river and Drive; also 8 rooms; possession now.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 525—Furnished front four-room apartment to sublet, near West 125th St. Apt. 7A.

THREE rooms, bath, for Summer; central location; reasonable. B 1096 Times Harlem.

Three room and bath apartment, to October, $70. Hubert, Columbus 889.

To Sublet for 2 or 3 Months,
2 LARGE ROOMS AND BATH,
HOTEL MAJESTIC,
Central Park West and 72d St.
Inquire before 11 A. M.
TELEPHONE COLUMBUS 187

WADSWORTH AV., 382—Sublet two months, possibly longer, handsomely furnished 7-room apartment, Oriental rugs, Kranich & Bach piano; private house; hot-water heat; all conveniences

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

CLEANING, all kinds, hand and power; reasonable; references; Bates, 2,144 5th Av. Harlem 2367.

, single, Southerner, old Louisiana family, formerly officer in U. S. Army, place for the Summer on a farm or estate, where can make himself ly useful; wages no object; good and healthful surroundings to enable to recover from effect of illness; is strong, healthy and cheerful, and capable of references. Address , 8 28th Times.

experienced investigator, desires work; anything. A 308 Times

young little lame; office factory, shipping, anything. F 102 Times.

of parts, employment, welfare, industrial, &c.; Christian, married; personable; reference furnished. K 539 Times.

PAPER MAN wants work. W 751 Downtown.

ASSISTANT young married man; experienced, accurate; $80. H 916 Times

MANAGER, correspondent, bookkeeper, long experience, strong personality, position leading to future worth his while efforts for success. J. C. Brown, Broadway.

CITY and news writer; young college; varied business experience; desires connection. C 807 Times Down-

CHASING AGENT, American, age 35, married, 9 years' experience, well known manufacturing concern, well versed in buying steel, iron, steel, hardware, tools, paper, and cotton bags, cooperage stock, office and mill supplies, mill equipments; can start with up-to-date methods and systems; absolutely clean record; no objections to out-of-town connections. W 761 Times

CHASING AGENT, assistant, 28, familiar with purchasing of raw materials, machinery and electrical equipment and supplies for metal products manufacturers. Times Downtown.

SALES ENGINEER

advertising experience, now employed, desires to enlarge the limit of his opportunity, and to make a change; good organizer, salesman and detail man; best of references. C 896 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.

young man, 25, married, desires connection as salesman where opportunity to learn the business counts more than salary. C 880 Times.

SALESMAN, 26, capable, determined business getter, eight years' local and export experience, seeks connection with large organization; excellent credentials. C 844 Times.

SALESMAN, 26, clean-cut, aggressive, experienced American; strong personality, executive ability, lives to work and produce; highest credentials. C 881 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, 36, city, road experience, desires connection with reliable firm, salary or commission; excellent references. R 25

SALESMAN—Young man, selling experience, with auto, wishes to connect with live concern; salary. W 760 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN desires connection with silk converter or mill; for big results only. B 374 Times.

SALESMAN, 25, experienced, desires position; city preferred. C 842 Times Down-

SALESMAN, clothing, discriminating, desires permanent position with one of the better shops; $60 Times.

SECRETARY, STENOGRAPHER, ACCOUNTANT.

Young man, with good education and eight years' varied business experience, desires to connect with firm where executive ability and efficiency mean rapid advancement. C 332 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, Christian, conventional ability, thoroughly experienced, some responsible offer; well educated; A1 credentials. A 934 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK, 12 years' experience manufacturing brass and iron beds; also shipping; Max Horowitz, 694 Belmont Av.,

STENOGRAPHER, secretary, 24, correspondence, knowledge bookkeeping, A1 references, responsible position reliable concern. Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 22, three years' experience; rapid, accurate at present employed; $25-$30. F 36 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 21, thoroughly competent; 3 years' experience; references. A 86 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, experienced, Christian, age 25; salary $35. R., 2,978 Lafayette Av.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, capable and dependable, desires position with advancement. B 1 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate, experience; reference; salary $20. Joseph Grosser, 741 Jennings St., Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER, young man, 3 years' advertising and office experience. F 399 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and clerk, Christian, age 26. Friton, 182 West 129th St.

SUPERINTENDENT OF CONSTRUCTION, 8 years' experience and highly recommended, who can intelligently handle building construction and private estates. Address 23 Sanford St., East Orange, N. J.

TRAFFIC MANAGER, extensive experience, efficient, highest references, returning early to New York, wishes connection with same concern. Box 100, Clyde, Ohio.

TRANSLATOR, correspondent, Spanish, Portuguese, A-1, desires position with publishing or manufacturing house. 360 Pacific St., Brooklyn. Miguel Eusenat.

TUTORING — Experienced teacher; high school elementary subjects; Latin specialty. 14 East 35d St., Bayonne, N. J.

WRITER OF EFFECTIVE ENGLISH desires secretarial editorial position requiring efficient pen rather than paste pot and scissors; present position well paying, but energies only partly. B. X., 111 Times.

YOUNG COLLEGE man taking course at Columbia Summer School, 10:30 to 12:30, wishes part-time position with first class house; good family; references. E 405

YOUNG COUPLE wish position; private; valet, chambermaid; man, butler. Write 2,054 East 74th St.

YOUNG FILIPINO desires work part time; references; butler, cook, valet, messenger and clerk; absolutely honest. C 330 Times.

YOUNG MAN, college, technical and business training, desires connection with a mercantile or manufacturing concern. E 392 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 24, desires evening employment; excellent education, good personality, several years' experience engineering and mechanical fields. E 381 Times.

YOUNG MAN wishes to connect with an importing or exporting house; salary secondary consideration; references. F 2236 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, 18, high school education, desires clerical position; knowledge stenography, typewriting, bookkeeping. A 901 Times

YOUNG MAN, 21, of neat address, college graduate, one year's clerical experience, desires position with hotel in country. E 393 Times.

YOUNG MAN, teacher, wants position as companion to young man, or similar employment for Summer. Address Teacher, 166 North Euclid, Westfield, N. J.

YOUNG MAN, 24, ex-army Sergeant, desires position hard, willing worker. C 837 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21, wishes clerical position in office; salary to start $18. Frank Nagel, 940 East 218th St., Bronx.

YOUNG MAN, 17, senior high school student, and writes Spanish. George Parker, 16 East 118th Ct., city.

YOUNG MAN, 19, New York University accountancy student, desires position. B 881 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, experienced automobile man, desires position. B 1008 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, several years' business experience, desires position with reliable firm. 1,868 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 18, 1½ years' office experience, desires position with live concern. C 818 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 22, five years' experience shipping and stock department, desires position with future. A 935 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 22, good personality and appearance, wishes position offering opportunity and advancement; C 847 Times

YOUNG MAN, 20, desires position in business house; has two years' experience in same. F 401 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 18, high school education, desires clerical position during the Summer; salary. C 338 Times.

YOUNG MAN, typist, knowledge shorthand, desires position with advancement. E 383 Times.

YOUNG MAN (2), college students, desire young positions or other interesting work. Times.

YOUNG MAN, hustler, well educated, selling ability, week evenings. S. B., 242

YOUNG MAN, 21, good education, excellent habits, experience, seeks inside position offering prospects. B 387 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, high school graduate, desires clerical position; willing worker and quick learner. C 847 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 23, wellseducated, ambitious, desires to learn healthy, well-paying trade, profession or business. B 396 Times.

YOUNG MAN wants position as shipping clerk; knows business; steady, reliable, references. B 153 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, intelligent, desires position selling or anything. C 837 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21 years, bookkeeper, typist, stenographer. Marks, 520 E. 11th.

YOUNG MAN, 24, desires outdoor position; best references. F 2,236 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, 26, desires position with future. B 1001 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 19, college evening student, desires position. C 878 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

YOUNG MAN, 24, wishes position with executive in machinery line, with future; technical education, capable correspondent, character, self-confidence, seven years' practical machinist experience. A 933 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, well educated, speaks English, Yiddish, Spanish, German and Hungarian, desires connection with reliable concern; excellent references. F. D., 125 East 54th St.

YOUNG MAN, 20, high school graduate, experienced stenographer, knowledge of bookkeeping, desires position with commercial firm; advancement preferred. A 912 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 34, thoroughly acquainted with purchasing, selling, &c., retail and wholesale automobile accessories, graduate consulting mechanic, desires connection. A 942 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 28, competent assistant to purchasing agent, engineer, factory superintendent, or production manager of metal products manufacturers. C 857 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN with ten years' experience, rate, claim, tariff work, &c., desires position as traffic manager or assistant. Address Traffic, Room 1407, Times Building.

YOUNG MAN, 22, high school education, 4 years' business, export experience, typist, desires position offering chance for future; references. C 848 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21, college training, desires evening position; 2½ years' bookkeeping, stenographic experience. C 869 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 20, high school graduate, honest, able and faithful, wishes position with advancement. C 839 Times Downtown.

Employment Agencies.

400 Japanese fancy cooks, faithful butlers. Agency, 804 6th Av., Bryant 7851.

HELP WANTED—Female.

ARTIST—Talented young lady, experienced or beginner, for decorative lace work. Helm, 38 East 21st St.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, insurance brokers office; one who understands Elliott-Fisher bookkeeping machine. Apply Room 1020, 80 Maiden Lane.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER—Girl, 16 to 18 years, to do general office work, with knowledge of stenography; no experience necessary. W. C., Slipper Co., 308 East 12th.

BILLING TYPIST, familiar with export work, in office of first-class concern; splendid opportunity for one possessing proper qualifications; state age, experience and salary expected. W 758 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.

LARGE MANUFACTURING CONCERN DESIRES THE SERVICES OF A YOUNG LADY AS ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER ON THEIR CUSTOMERS' LEDGERS; MUST HAVE KNOWLEDGE OF DOUBLE ENTRY AND GENERAL OFFICE ROUTINE. IN MAKING REPLY STATE EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTATIONS. BOX 319, 209 CABLE BUILDING.

BOOKKEEPER in high-class wholesale house; must be experienced and capable of taking full charge; salary to start $25, with splendid chance for advancement. Address in own handwriting, giving age, experience and references. W 618 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER AND TYPIST FOR CUSTOMERS' LEDGER AND COLLECTION IN MANUFACTURING CONCERN IN BROOKLYN GOOD OPPORTUNITY; STATE FULL PARTICULARS. W 728 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOOKKEEPER, for permanent position by Chelsea manufacturing concern; must be capable of handling, controlling accounts, trial balance, &c.; state age, experience and salary desired. Write O. X., 320 Presbyterian Bldg.

BOOKKEEPER—Thoroughly competent young lady, for mercantile; able to handle all correspondence and collections; also take general charge office. Reply, giving age, experience and salary, W. M., 666 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER to take full charge of set of books and correspondence; general office details; practical experience necessary; good salary and advancement. Apply in person, East Yarn Textile Mills, 906 Broadway, Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER — Lace curtain manufacturer desires the services of a bright and efficient young lady. Apply in own handwriting, giving full particulars and salary desired, B 304 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced young girl, double entry and knowledge of stenography; opportunity for advancement. Call Wednesday between 12 and 1. Sterling Co., 119 West 26th. Watkins 4377.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, rapid, accurate, trial balance, typist, complete charge, by Christian house; salary $25. 420 East 59th St.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER for office and mill house, to take charge of office; state past experience and salary expected. B. N., 700 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, competent double entry; none other need apply; must use typewriter; references. John H. Smith Press, 30 Ferry St.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer, thoroughly experienced with all office details; good penmanship essential; salary $30. K. S., 705 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, who can take stenography. Apply by mail, stating past experience and salary. Larkin Lumber Co., 101 Manhattan St.

BOOKKEEPER and typist, experienced in the manufacturing line. Apply Imperial Skirt Co., 27 West 27th.

BOOKKEEPER—Experienced; high references required. Apply by letter, Bonan, 98 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPER, knowledge of stenography, double entry; must be thoroughly capable. Room 412, 366 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER, typist, Christian firm, capable taking trial balance; references; salary $25. A. D., 202 Times.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER — Must have executive ability; dress line. Skudowitz, 120 West 29th.

BOOKKEEPER with knowledge of typewriting; experienced. Apply Dr. Hyman, 215 West 34th.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer, young girl, high school graduate. Apply Room 1003, 366 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPER AND TYPIST, experienced, as substitute for 3 weeks. United Hosiery Co., 140 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPER — Experienced bookkeeper. Monterey Hotel, 04th St. and Broadway.

CABLE CLERK—Must be thoroughly familiar with standard codes, rapid typist, capable of acting as assistant to head of department. Apply by letter only. W 784 Times Downtown.

CASHIER.

Young lady to act as cashier and do clerical work in large automobile concern, uptown; opportunity for girl who can show good results. Marmon Automobile Co., 1,600 B'way. See Mr. Fenner.

CASHIER for retail trunk store; must be wideawake, accurate at figures and have good handwriting; also will take care of simple store books. Apply Indestructo Co., 330 5th Av.

CASHIERS, 30, for shoe sale; good pay. 71st Armory, 34th St. and Park Av. Mr. Levy.

CLERKS.

CAN YOU OPERATE AN ADDRESSING MACHINE OR HAVE YOU HAD ANY EXPERIENCE AS A GENERAL CLERK? IF YOU HAVE, WE HAVE A GOOD POSITION OPEN FOR YOU IN OUR GENERAL OFFICE WHERE ADVANCEMENT IS RAPID AND THE PAY GOOD. BUT IF YOU ARE WITHOUT EXPERIENCE, WE WILL TRAIN YOU FOR THE WORK AND ADVANCE YOU RAPIDLY, PAYING YOU WELL WHILE YOU ARE LEARNING. CALL AND LET US TELL YOU ABOUT THE WORK.

THE CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,
23 WASHINGTON ST.,
BROOKLYN, N. Y.

CLERKS AND TYPISTS WANTED.

Metropolitan Life Insurance Company; girls, 17 years of age and over; hours, 9 to 4:30 o'clock; salary to start $12; advancement within one to three months; luncheons served free; experience unnecessary. Apply in person between 9 and 4:30 o'clock, Room 5033 Metropolitan Building, 1 Madison Av., at 23d St., New York City.

CLERK—Young lady for clerical and card filing work in home office of an insurance company; permanent position with pleasant surroundings and good hours; make application by letter, stating age, religion, education, business experience, if any, references and salary expected. C 809 Times Downtown.

CLERK in insurance broker's office; must be rapid and good penman; state salary. W 747 Times Downtown.

CLERICAL WORKER, accurate figurer; permanent position; good chance for advancement. Apply Eastman Rubber Works, 219 West 40th St.

CLERICAL—Young lady to assist bookkeeping department; one year's experience preferred. Call Dallet & Weyl, 14 East 32d.

COLLEGE student or teacher; vacation position for volume library work; splendid experience; healthful; $315 for 90 days. Write M., Box 22, 135 East 24th.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR wanted at once, to work in our accounting department; Apply employment office, Chevrolet Motor Co., Tarrytown, N. Y.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR; salary $25. Nollman & Co., 141 Reade St., city.

COOK, chambermaid and waitress, competent; family of 3 adults; country, 30 miles from New York. E. G. Hedden, 1,211 Flatbush Av. Telephone 3700 Flatbush.

DEMONSTRATORS

FANCY GROCERY LINE.

Young women, stylish dressers; liberal salary and expense allowance to demonstrate fancy sandwich meats at New England Summer resorts; permanent. Apply Wednesday, 10 A. M., 340 Willard, Room 610, 522 5th Av.

HELP WANTED—Female.

DESIGNER.

Millinery designer on young girls' and misses' hats for the better trade; to a clever person we offer a yearly position; good salary yearly.

BOX P 706,
341 Fifth Av., N. Y. C.

DESIGNER WANTED.

We are open for a designer who can deliver the goods; no amateurs need apply.

MONARCH DRESS CO.,
11 EAST 26TH ST.

DESIGNER—Talented young lady, experienced, or beginner, for decorative lace work. Helm, 38 East 21st St.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR wanted by large fruit product house; hours 9 to 5, Saturday half day; hot luncheon free; salary $25; excellent opportunity. S 320 Times.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR, rapid, accurate transcriber, preferably with experience technical dictation; light, pleasant office. McGraw-Hill Co., 10th Av. and 36th St.

DICTAPHONE TYPIST—Desirable opening in office of first class concern to experienced dictaphone typist; state full particulars and salary expected. S 305 Times.

FILE CLERKS, stock card record clerks; several young girls in general office of a large automobile company located in Long Island City; pleasant conditions, insurance, &c.; state age, experience and salary desired. Address Precise, Box 48, Long Island City.

FILING CLERKS
AND GENERAL OFFICE ASSISTANTS; STEADY POSITION, CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT.
SIMON ASCHER & CO., INC.,
124TH ST. AND 2D AV., BRONX.

FILE CLERK wanted; one who files stencils. 42 Broadway.

FILE CLERKS wanted. Call Boy Scouts of America, 200 5th Av., Room 856.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER wanted, by small family, Great Neck, L. I.; must take care of laundry; good salary. Call Miss Weitman, Circle 800.

GIRLS,

SCHOOL GIRLS.

When choosing a vocation upon which to enter when you have finished your school work, you should consider that one which offers you the best future.

LONG-DISTANCE TELEPHONE OPERATING

OFFERS

PERMANENT POSITIONS.

STEADY ALL YEAR ROUND WORK.

PROMOTION.

Rapid expansion and increase in business create positions of responsibility, which are filled by promotion from the ranks on the basis of merit.

PAY.

The rate of pay is $15 at the start, with frequent and regular increases for merit and length of service; additional pay is given for special hours, so that in a short time an operator can earn from

$20 TO $25 PER WEEK.

AMERICAN TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH COMPANY,

MAIN FLOOR,
24 WALKER STREET.

Two streets below Canal, near Broadway.

GIRLS, WOMEN.

WE HAVE POSITIONS OPEN AT CLEAN, INTERESTING WORK AS ORDER PICKERS, PACKERS, STOCK PEOPLE, GENERAL WORKERS. THIS IS NOT FACTORY WORK AND WE GIVE AMPLE TRAINING TO MAKE THE WORK SIMPLE AND INTERESTING; EXPERIENCE NOT NECESSARY; PERMANENT POSITIONS; GOOD PAY. WE ARE EASILY ACCESSIBLE TO ALL PARTS OF BROOKLYN; THE SANDS STREET STATION IS THREE MINUTES' WALK TO OUR BUILDINGS. CALL OR WRITE

THE CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,
25 WASHINGTON ST.,
BROOKLYN, NEW YORK.

GIRLS, sample book department cotton goods; also putting up, tieing, banding, string tickets, in double folding department; steady employment. Henry Glass & Co., 46 White St., New York.

GIRL, school graduate preferred, for office work; must write neatly and have knowledge of typewriting. A 928 Times Downtown.

GIRL, capable American, as nursery governess for three children in Atlantic City. Address Mrs. Townshend, Albany Apartments, Atlantic City.

GIRL for general housework, 5-room apartment, small family; Sunday afternoon and 3 nights off; refined white girl only; wages $25. Apartment 10, west, 340 West 86th.

GIRL for clerical work, with knowledge of bookkeeping. Apply Yarn Clearing House, 115 East 29th.

GIRL for telephone and typist; must be high grade. Mosher & Wallace, 55 Broadway.

GOVERNESS, 2 boys, 6 and 8; willing; good home; seashore. Inquire afternoons, Gluck, 158 West 27th.

HAIRDRESSER in girls' Summer camp. B 189 Times.

HOUSEWORKER, general, in the country, close to New York; small family, no washing, good wages; bring reference. Call Fred C. Stryps (Room 610), 320 Broadway. Telephone Franklin 3290.

HOUSEWORKER wanted for small family in Ridgewood, N. J. Telephone Ridgewood 180-M, or write G. S. Demarest, 26 Unadilla Road, Ridgewood, N. J.

HOUSEWORKER, neat; family of two, one child; good home; references required. John L. McNamee, 1,472 Broadway.

HOUSEWORKER—General, white, no washing. 33 West 90th, Apt. 23.

LADY, intelligent, well educated, for welfare work with educational association; salary $1,800-$2,000 and bonus. 1,173 Times.

LAW STENOGRAPHER wanted in law office; competent and refined. Apply in person, 50 Pine St., Room 308.

MAID wanted for young couple and baby; fine home for refined girl in suburbs. Call, between 10 and 12, at 469 5th Av., 8th floor. Ask for Miss Berger.

MAID for second work; seashore; wages $25. Apply Wednesday, 10 A. M., 235 West 75th St. Hewitt, Tel. 9750 Columbus.

MATRON, white, take charge ladies' retiring room local steamboat, attend to passengers and sell toilet articles; must live aboard; good position for Summer. Call 2 West Broadway, one flight up.

MILLINERY MANAGER.

Experienced live young woman wanted as manager for the busiest millinery shop in a large Eastern city; must be a good executive and be able to dress windows in a business bringing manner; exceptional opportunity. Apply

INTERNATIONAL MILLINERY CO.,
63 WEST 38TH ST.

MILLINERY DESIGNER WANTED.
EXPERIENCED DESIGNER ON LADIES' TAILORED AND READY-TO-WEAR HATS.
BERG BROS.,
599 BROADWAY.

MODEL.

A desirable all-year-round position as dress model in fitting department for any woman measuring 38 bust; no previous experience necessary. Apply to

MISS DOUGHTY,
The Butterick Publishing Co.,
Spring and Macdougal Sts., N. Y.
Take 7th Av. subway to Houston St.

MODELS, SIZE 18.
TALL, STYLISH GIRLS
FOR HIGH-CLASS DRESSES;
STEADY; EXCELLENT POSITIONS
FOR THE RIGHT GIRLS.
MINNIE SOLOMON CO.,
31 EAST 21ST ST.

MODELS, SIZE 18.
ATTRACTIVE, TALL, YOUNG LADIES
FOR DRESS HOUSE; LONGEST SEASON; HIGHEST SALARY.
MACK KANNER & MILIUS,
138 MADISON AV.

MODELS,
tall, stylish young ladies' size 38; steady position for right party.
WEINGARTEN & BRUCK,
20 East 33d St.

MODEL, SIZE 16.
TALL, STYLISH YOUNG LADY FOR DRESSES AND SUITS. Long season; apply all week.
AL. GOLDSTON, 99 MADISON AV.

MODELS,
attractive, size 16, for high class dresses; good salary. Apply all week. Simon, 44 East 32d St.

MODELS, SIZE 16.
TALL, ATTRACTIVE; WHOLESALE DRESS HOUSE.
ROTH COSTUMES, 53 EAST 53D.

MODELS, SIZE 16.
Several refined young ladies, for suits and coats. Apply all week. Singer Bros. & Day, 136 Madison Av.

MODEL, SIZE 18.
Stylish young lady for costumes. B. A. Robertson Co., 206 5th Av.

MODRL wanted; size 36; large manufacturing fur house; steady position. Apply Friedman & Hertkovitz, 115 West 27th.

HELP WANTED—Female.

MODELS,

ATTRACTIVE YOUNG LADIES
TO TRY ON
COATS AND WRAPS
IN SHOWROOM
5 DAYS A WEEK;
GOOD SALARY.
WM. FISCHMAN,
15 EAST 28TH ST.

MODEL, attractive, for high-class coat house. Henry Newman, 113 Madison Av.

MOTHER'S HELPER, white, assist with one child; leaving for country; exceptionally good home for capable young lady; good reference required. Call or phone, 9 to 12 A. M., Simon, 730 Riverside Drive. Phone Audubon 3393.

NURSE OR NURSERY GOVERNESS FOR 9-YEAR-OLD GIRL. CALL 1 TO 3, HOTEL PETER STUYVESANT, 2 WEST 86TH, APT. 324.

NURSE, invalid lady, permanent position, 9 to 12 A. M., $7 weekly; live with lady July 23-Aug. 9, $2.50 daily; afternoons off; Washington Square district; references. G 28 Times.

NURSE-MAID, white, young and refined, for permanent position; good home and good wages; to the mountains for July and August; to take care of boy 3 years old. Write B 300 Times.

NURSE, experienced, to take entire charge of 1-year-old infant; country; references required. Call mornings, 10-12, at store, 581 Madison Av.

NURSE—Competent, to take charge of four children; help given; good wages. Telephone Schuyler 46266, or call at 832 West 90th, Wednesday, 10-12 A. M.

NURSE, graduate, for general duties in New York hospital; write, stating experience, references and telephone number if possible. A. C., 261 Times.

NURSE—Experience; children, 3 and 2; baby, 5 months; city; references; wages, $20; today. Home Bureau Registry, 36 West 39th St.

NURSE, experienced; boy 1½ and 6 months; Englewood; Woods Hole (Summer); references; wages $70; today. Home Bureau Registry, 36 West 39th St.

NURSES, graduates, $90 monthly with full maintenance free; night duty. Melrose 3285.

NURSE, graduate or under-graduate, for night duty; small sanitarium. Apply 439 Gates Av., Brooklyn. Phone Bedford 507.

NURSE, child's, experienced, for three children in Atlantic City; ages 3, 6 and 9. Z 2232 Times Annex.

NURSE—Undergraduate for convalescent home at Tarrytown. Apply at once, 420 East 59th St., City.

NURSE—Wet nurse wanted immediately. Apply hospital, 2,076 5th Av.

OFFICE ASSISTANT to make out bills and orders on typewriter; one with knowledge bookkeeping preferred; permanent position; lunches supplied. Apply American Numbering Machine Co., Atlantic and Shepard Avs., Brooklyn.

OFFICE ASSISTANTS—Intelligent and accurate workers for collection department; exceptional prospects. Collins Co., 84 5th Av., 9th floor.

OFFICE CLERK—Young lady, with some knowledge of typewriting preferred, to assist in office; experience not necessary. Call 46 Barclay St., New York City.

OFFICE GIRLS, 14 to 16; good chance for advancement. Address P. O. Box 325, City Hall Station, New York.

OPERATORS—Two key punch operators (Hollerith) wanted by a large fire insurance company; permanent position and excellent opportunity for advancement. Call at 68 William St., 5th floor. Ask for Mr. Brundage.

OPERATOR, telephone, to relieve on "Lamp" board; to do clerical work or typing when not on board; give details as to age, salary and qualifications. A 968 Times Downtown.

OPERATOR, telephone, for small switchboard, $16 to $20 per week. Apply in writing, C 870 Times Downtown.

RECORD CLERK in copy department of daily newspaper, also assistant clerk; must be accurate at figures; write, stating qualifications. A. E., P. O. Box 20, Station D, N. Y.

SALESWOMEN.

OPPENHEIM COLLINS & CO.,
34th St., West,

Require experienced

SALESWOMEN

in their

WAIST DEPARTMENT.

Liberal salaries and commissions on all sales with permanent positions and exceptional opportunities for advancement to those who qualify. Apply at

EMPLOYMENT BUREAU,
33 West 34th St., 4th Floor.

SALESWOMEN.

OPPENHEIM COLLINS & CO.,
34th St. West,

Require experienced

SALESWOMEN

in their

KNIT AND SILK UNDERWEAR DEPARTMENTS.

Those accustomed to serving the best trade. Good salaries and commissions on all sales. Apply by letter or in person at

EMPLOYMENT BUREAU,
33 West 34th St., 4th Floor.

SALESWOMEN, experienced; position permanent; good pay. BERNARD, 531 6th Av.

SECRETARY and assistant in doctor's office; $18. E 374 Times.

SOLICITORS.

Neat appearing, competent, to secure membership and donations for newly organized charitable institution; must be convincing speakers; splendid opportunity for those qualifying; commission basis. Box 286, 209 Cable Building.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST in real estate office; at least 1 year experience; good salary; references. Apply 280 Madison Av., Room 810.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY — Position open offering good future for intelligent girl of business experience; salary $25 to start; advancement if satisfactory; only those seeking permanent position with future need apply. Address T 152 Times.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY — Young lady, good appearance, for interesting position; exclusive office; unusually pleasant environment; knowledge of concrete and operas; practical but not required; state qualifications, give phone. E 402 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced, for permanent position by Christian manufacturing concern, prefer one with some knowledge of bookkeeping; state experience, age and salary desired. Write O. O., 320 Presbyterian Bldg.

STENOGRAPHER—Good permanent position with advancement for competent, industrious party. Fuld, Traube & Co., 103 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER, young lady, in office of automobile manufacturer; experience desired, but not essential; hours 8:30 to 5:30; Saturday 9:30 to 12; salary $22. Apply Biddle Motor Car Co., 1 West 1424.

STENOGRAPHER, English, active and intelligent, with broad knowledge of Italian language; excellent salary to right party. Call between 2 and 5 P. M., Room 421, 405 Lexington Av. Murray Hill 1832.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant to sales manager; responsible; capable handling routine correspondence; state age, salary, experience, references. Confectioners' Supply House, 382 Pearl St.

STENOGRAPHER—Thoroughly experienced, fast and accurate; must spell and punctuate correctly; permanent; advancement; $23-$25 to start; Christian firm. Sixth floor, 3 Waverly Place, Manhattan.

STENOGRAPHER, rapid, accurate; typist, good health, willing to work hard for adequate rewards; salary to start $18 to $20 per week. Reply by letter to Hoffman Specialty Company, Inc., 512 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHERS, 3, large corporation, Christian; must have some experience, permanent position; also 2 clerical positions open; good opportunity. Apply Grand Central Terminal, Room 1024.

STENOGRAPHER, competent; preferably experienced, Elliott-Fisher billing machine operator, for vacation period; may be permanent. Write King Philip Chocolates Co., 136 East 13th St.

STENOGRAPHER—A permanent position for a young woman of good education and three or four years' experience. Elevator Supplies Co., 11th St. and Willow Av., Hoboken, N. J.

STENOGRAPHER — University Treasurer's office wishes young lady to handle subscription cards and take some dictation; give full information and salary expected in first letter. S 313 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.

STENOGRAPHER WANTED, OF IRISH OR ENGLISH DESCENT, IN EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF LARGE CONCERN; HOURS 9 TO 5; SATURDAYS 1 O'CLOCK YEAR ROUND; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED; ANSWERS TREATED IN STRICT CONFIDENCE. MANAGER, P. O. BOX 283, GRAND CENTRAL STATION.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST—A vacancy exists for an efficient stenographer and typist with an old established business; a knowledge of French and Spanish preferred but not essential; permanent position with rapid advancement for suitable applicant. Apply in own handwriting, stating experience, salary and religion, to V 731 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.

And typist on Underwood machine; rapid, accurate and well educated; accustomed to handle mail without dictation; only thoroughly experienced applicants considered; Bronx resident preferable; in replying must state experience fully, salary and when ready to commence.

C. C., 141 WALNUT AV., BRONX.

STENOGRAPHER.

Christian firm desires young lady, 25 to 30 years of age, in a mercantile office, where other girls are employed; salary $20 per week; state in own handwriting, age and experience; resident of Brooklyn preferred. A. M. 475 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER AND ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, EXPERIENCED; MUST TRANSCRIBE NOTES ACCURATELY; PERMANENT POSITION WITH FIRM WHO WILL LOCATE AT NORTH 10TH ST., BROOKLYN, SHORTLY; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY. WALD ELECTRIC CO., 421 CANAL ST.

STENOGRAPHER

wanted in large downtown corporation; excellent opportunity for experienced young lady; accuracy, speed and education essential qualifications; salary $27, with chance for advancement; state age, religion and experience. M. C., 616 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, knowledge bookkeeping preferred, for permanent position; applicant should possess personality and neat appearance; good opportunity for real competent girl; reply by mail only, giving experience, age and salary desired. Suite 411, 1,416 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPIST, experienced, for permanent position with manufacturing corporation near Hunters Point Station, Queensboro subway and Long Island Railroad, salary $22 to start; give full particulars in first letter. Address Stenographer, Box 48, Long Island City.

STENOGRAPHER with knowledge of plain bookkeeping, by Christian automobile concern; pleasant office, rapid advancement for efficiency; salary to begin $20; state experience, references in own handwriting. A 256 Times.

STENOGRAPHER—LARGE COMPANY OFFERS SPLENDID OPENING IN COLLECTION DEPARTMENT FOR BRIGHT STENOGRAPHER SEEKING REAL OPPORTUNITY. ADDRESS, STATING SALARY AND FULL PARTICULARS, K 557 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHERS — Several capable young women in general office of large automobile company located in Long Island City; pleasant conditions, insurance &c. State age, experience, salary desired. Address Accurate, Box 48, Long Island City.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, for law office; previous legal training not necessary, but must take rapid dictation. Apply Room 501, 302 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER in sales department of corporation; salary $70 to $80 monthly, dependent upon experience and ability. Address, giving full particulars, S 308 Times.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST in insurance broker's office. State previous experience if any and salary desired. W 748 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER wanted in sales department of an electrical manufacturing corporation; salary $90 a month; hours 8:30-5. S 318 Times.

STENOGRAPHER AND SECRETARY—Experienced preferred; pleasant working conditions; small office. Landscape Foresters, Ltd., 52 Vanderbilt Av., New York.

STENOGRAPHER—If you are a real stenographer and have a good knowledge of bookkeeping we can use your services. Room 907, 45 West 34th St., city.

STENOGRAPHER, efficient woman, in downtown concern; speed and accuracy required; salary $25; state experience. M 769 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER with filing knowledge; small office; interesting work; state full particulars, age, religion, salary expected. C 348 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY — Excellent opportunity for alert, capable young woman; state salary and experience in detail. H 1024 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, by fire insurance company; office hours 9 to 4; Saturdays 9 to 12; state education, age, experience and salary. W 745 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant, experienced wholesale jobbing house; advancement; state full details. B 1054 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER and assistant bookkeeper; good opportunity for capable young lady. Apply Brian Bros., 444 Broadway after 10 A. M.

STENOGRAPHER in office of first-class concern; splendid opportunity for one possessing proper qualifications; state age, experience and salary expected. S 306 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, Christian firm; state experience and salary to commence; advancement; permanent position. Address Box 158, 217 7th Av.

STENOGRAPHER—Experienced in construction line; permanent position; advancement; good salary. Apply Guarantee Construction Co., 140 Cedar St., Room 801.

STENOGRAPHER.

Permanent position with manufacturing corporation; state experience, age and salary. C. C., 346 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER

and general office worker; some experience necessary; state salary and nationality. L. A., 377 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, several years' experience; good education; executive ability; resident of Brooklyn. Apply Bedford Branch Y. M. C. A., 1,121 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, accurate; our organization offers pleasant surroundings; salary $100 a month. A 965 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER; temporary work, possibly leading to permanent engagement; must be neat and accurate; $20 to start. Apply Rogers-Pyatt Shellac Co., 81 Water St.

STENOGRAPHER next required; must be accurate at dictation; $20. Apply Rolls Royce, Harris Av., near Bridge Plaza, Long Island City.

STENOGRAPHER, Assistant Bookkeeper, capable of handling billing; Christian manufacturing concern downtown. A 945 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, Christian firm, experienced, temporary for at least one month; probably permanent; $20-$25. Call 3112 Equitable Building.

STENOGRAPHER who can do bookkeeping; beginner; good opening for right party. Apply Real Estate Office, 199 East 58th St., New York City.

STENOGRAPHER, intelligent beginner, high school graduate; state salary. A 940 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; temporary work for July and August; $25. W 756 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, willing; good chance for advancement; at least one year's experience. N. Klein & Co., 208 Centre.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, by Christian firm; state salary expected. W 733 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, executive ability, to take charge; excellent opening and salary. Call at once, Roberts Agency, 101 West 42d St.

STENOGRAPHER, EXPERIENCED. APPLY AT ARM

HELP WANTED—Male.

BOOKKEEPER.
Opportunity for young man, experienced on journal, credit and debit work; student of accountancy. Apply
THE GREAT ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC TEA CO.,
130 BAY ST., JERSEY CITY.
Take Hudson Tube to Grove St. Station.

BOOKKEEPER WANTED
in retail jewelry store on charge ledger; $22 to start, with advancement when merited; must be rapid, accurate, a good writer and familiar with trial balances; state age, previous experience and references. T 146 Times.

BOOKKEEPER—AGE 25-35; IMPORTING AND MANUFACTURING CONCERN; MUST BE EXPERIENCED VOUCHER SYSTEM, STATEMENTS, FOREIGN EXCHANGE; STATE AGE, REFERENCES, SALARY, &C.; IMMEDIATE POSITION. BOX 215, 1,620 ST. JAMES BLDG.

BOOKKEEPER and typist wanted; age over 25, with at least 3 years' experience; excellent opportunity for a really capable man able and willing to assume responsibility to grow into a desirable position; apply by mail or call with written application. A. Simonson, 506 Fifth Av., near 42d St.

BOOKKEEPER—Experienced personal ledger bookkeeper, accustomed to handling large volume of business and capable of getting weekly balances promptly; man between 30 and 35 years old preferred. In reply state age, experience and salary wanted. S 285 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and Stenographer, thoroughly experienced with all office details; good penmanship essential; salary $30. B. N., 707 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER for customers' ledger work and accounts receivable, trial balance; Christian firm; state age, experience, and salary desired. B 583 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer wanted, builder's and carpenter's office; state experience and salary wanted. S 300 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced; excellent opportunity; state full particulars in replying. S 311 Times.

BOOKKEEPER—MAN TO HANDLE LEDGERS; SALARY $23. APPLY B. MEIER & SON, 516 WEST CHESTER AV., BRONX.

BOOKKEEPER, typist; to take charge small office; growing concern. E 377 Times.

BOY
in office of large ship repair yard; Christian firm; excellent chance for advancement. ✱
JAMES SHEWAN & SONS,
FOOT OF 27TH ST.,
BROOKLYN.

BOY OR YOUNG MAN TYPIST.
Excellent opportunity for high school or business college graduate; knowledge of typewriting preferred; luncheon served.
THE GREAT ATLANTIC & PACIFIC TEA CO.,
130 BAY ST., JERSEY CITY.
Take Hudson Tube to Grove St. Station.

BOY.
An old and well-known manufacturing firm has an opening for a boy just graduated. This is a good position with an opportunity for advancement. Call or write Mr. Donat,
GILLIS & GEOGHEGAN,
537 WEST BROADWAY.

BOY, with ambition, 15-17, wanted by fire insurance company; office work; opportunity for advancement; address in own handwriting, stating age, references and salary expected. C 875 Times Downtown.

BOY, bright, for office work, in advertising agency; neat appearance essential; good chance for advancement. Call 8:30 A. M., Room 809, 3 West 29th.

BOYS AS MESSENGERS; GOOD WAGES; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY; ADVANCEMENT. POSTAL TELEGRAPH, 253 BROADWAY.

BOY to learn automobile electrical trade; one willing to start at bottom; good opportunity for advancement. Lorenson, 234 W. 54th.

BOY for office work, permanent. Call after 10 A. M., Press Department, 44th St. Theatre, near Broadway.

BOY as stock clerk, large cotton goods house; salary $12; good opportunity. William Alsberg & Co., 826 Broadway.

BOY wanted in office of Christian importing house; Isaac Asenia & Farnan, 397 Washington St.

BOY for export office who wants to learn the business; good chance for advancement. 108 Greenwich St.

BOY WANTED IN OFFICE; CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT; $12 TO START. H. LEVY & CO., 142 WATER ST.

BOY, 17 or 18, for inside, in dress house. 36 West 37th St.

BOYS of ready-to-wear by a large South-ern department store entering to high class and middle class trade; must be a young man with the best of references and experience; must be able to show by his past performances that he is a business builder; for an aggressive man, who thoroughly understands buying and merchandising, quick turnovers, large volume at moderate profits, there is an opening which has and unlimited future. Apply by letter, giving full details as to age, experience and salary expected. Z 2243 Times Annex.

CABINET MEN, 2, steady work. See Mr. Bache, Columbia Graphophone Co., 55 Warren St.

CHAUFFEUR, white, single, 30 or more years old, experienced; city driving; must live with family in country; be generally useful; permanent. Call after 10 o'clock mornings, Ventres, 81 Walker St.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, two-ton truck; wholesale paper; state experience, salary, references. W 755 Times Downtown.

CHEF, short order cook for small but high class service. Apply Hotel Gregorian, 42 W. 35th St.

CLERKS, PLATFORM MEN, WEIGHMASTERS AND VEHICLE HELPERS; POSITIONS OPEN FOR WORK IN NEW YORK, JERSEY CITY, HOBOKEN AND LONG ISLAND CITY; GOOD PAY, RAPID ADVANCEMENT. AMERICAN RAILWAY EXPRESS, 61 MADISON AV., N. Y.

CLERK—Young man for clerical work in home office of an insurance company; permanent position with pleasant surroundings and good hours; make application by letter, stating age, religion, education, business experience, if any, references and salary expected. C 898 Times Downtown.

CLERK—Insurance brokerage office desires young man with experience in liability insurance; prefer one with knowledge of typewriting. Address, stating age, experience and salary expected, W 749 Times Downtown.

CLERK, COLLECTION AND ADJUSTMENT; MUST BE GOOD CORRESPONDENT. APPLY LETTER ONLY, GIVING AGE, EXPERIENCE, SALARY DESIRED, FRANCIS H. LEGGETT & CO., 13TH AV. AND 27TH ST.

CLERKS—Shipping room, millinery house; entry clerks on Elliott-Fisher billing machines; packers, shipping clerks, &c. E 334 Times.

CLERKS WANTED BY W. & J. SLOANE; CHECK AND REVISE MAILING LISTS OF ADDRESSOGRAPH MACHINE. CALL 6 EAST 47TH.

CLERK—Young man for general office work and some typewriting in South Brooklyn; salary to start, $75 a month. A 956 Times Downtown.

CLERK—Christian concern requires young man, 20-35; must be rapid, accurate, neat penman; salary $20 to commence; state age, experience. T 148 Times.

CLERK in insurance broker's office for entry work; must be rapid and good penman; state salary. W 749 Times Downtown.

CLERK for counter trade, wholesale hardware house; advancement; state salary, references, &c. B 1063 Times Harlem.

CLERK, stock, wanted; must have experience underwear and hosiery line; opportunity to advance; $22. S 314 Times.

COLLECTOR—GROWING MUSICAL INSTRUMENT HOUSE OFFERS SPLENDID OPENING FOR EXPERIENCED COLLECTOR FAMILIAR WITH BROOKLYN; ANSWERS CONFIDENTIAL; STATE FULL PARTICULARS AND SALARY DESIRED. K 956 TIMES.

COLLECTORS (2)—Good chance for right parties. Mr. Bache, Columbia Graphophone Co., 55 Warren St.

COST ACCOUNTANT and bookkeeper in import business; must be familiar with foreign exchange; state age, experience and salary expected. E 345 Times.

DEPARTMENT MANAGER for wholesale jewelry house; state fully past experience and salary desired. W 781 Times Downtown.

DESIGNER on monograms and initials; splendid opportunity for competent man; only two designers will be considered. Star Embroidery, 56 West 25th.

DESIGNERS—Valve designers, draftsmen and tool designers wanted; best wages and working conditions; state experience in full. Z 2219 Times Annex.

DESIGNERS, checkers, detailers and tracers on special automatic machinery for bottling, labeling, filling, &c. 351 Jay St., Brooklyn, 2d floor.

DRAFTSMEN, TOOL
Several first-class men experienced on designs, jigs and fixtures, with large machine shop in Greater New York.
BOX 844, 200 CADILE BUILDING.

DRAUGHTSMAN—TOOL DESIGNER; GOOD CHANCE FOR A WIDE-AWAKE MAN TO ASSIST IN IMPROVEMENT OF TOOLING AND MANUFACTURING METHODS OF A LARGE PLANT. Z 2200 TIMES ANNEX.

DRAFTSMAN,
mechanical, first-class, with wide experience on automatic machinery. Apply 7th floor, 31 PROSPECT ST., BROOKLYN.

DRAFTSMAN able to lay out intricate mechanisms under supervision; tool drafting experience desirable. Certified Typewriter Mfg. Co., 59 Ormond Place, Brooklyn.

HELP WANTED—Male.

DRAFTSMEN,
DESIGNERS,
DETAILERS.
REPRESENTATIVE FROM SCHENECTADY ENGINEERING AND DRAFTING DEPARTMENTS WILL BE AT OUR OFFICE TO INTERVIEW ALL KINDS OF DRAFTSMEN, JULY 2 AND 3. CALL FRIDAY, JULY 2, 10 A. M. TO 5 P. M., FRIDAY EVENING, 7 P. M. TO 9 P. M. CALL SATURDAY, JULY 3, 10 A. M. TO 5 P. M. MANY GOOD OPENINGS ANY LINE DRAFTING, MANUFACTURING OR POWER AND SUB-STATION LAYOUTS AND DESIGN.
General Employment Dept.,
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.,
84 WEST ST. NEW YORK CITY.

DRAFTSMEN, thoroughly experienced, wanted; also high-grade designing draftsmen who have specialized in mechanical devices manufactured in quantities; also man on standardization work; interesting and permanent work in beautiful location in Central New York State. Write, giving age, experience, salary expected, &c., to the employment office, International Time Recording Co., Endicott, N. Y.

DRAFTSMEN and designers wanted immediately on plans for sulphite mill extension; want men familiar with reinforced concrete design and equipment and piping layouts; need one good steam plant designer; give statement of experience, references, salary wanted and time could report in first letter; single men preferred; permanent positions for good men; no others need apply. Kipawa Company, Ltd., Mattawa, Ont.

DRAFTSMAN, architectural, 20-25 years, architect's office, large corporation; state age, technical and practical experience, salary; good opportunity for progressive man. Write Box 210, 1,620 St. James Bldg.

DRAFTSMAN
familiar with A. C. and D. C. switchboard design; permanent position; call or write. SPRAGUE ELECTRIC, 527 WEST 34TH.

DRAFTSMAN, structural, mechanical; bring samples of work. Room 600-E, 30 Church St.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical, experienced; must operate slide rule. Apply 511 East 18th St.

DRAFTSMAN who has spare time, day or night, familiar with machinery and factory conditions. C 892 Times Downtown.

ELECTRIC SUPPLY MEN.
Manufacturing has several openings for counter salesmen, service men and claim men. Address, giving full particulars, including salary. H. P., 205 Times Downtown.

ELEVATOR OPERATOR.
(White), night work, high-class apartment house; must furnish good references; salary with bonus $90 per month. Call Wednesday, 9 to 10 A. M., Room 61, 2 Columbus Circle.

EMPLOYMENT MAN, capable, reliable, speaking Polish, Hungarian and Spanish, Italian helpful; steady work; good salary. K 547 Times.

ENGINEER—We have a position open for a college graduate with some business experience to handle details of estimating, production and shipping; the applicant must have a good command of English and be able to dictate a clear business letter; fundamentals of character are of importance, as we want a man who can be developed to fill an executive position; salary $2,000 per year; Christian firm. Box 1096 Times, 2 Rector St.

ENGINEER, experienced in the design, construction and operation of pulverized fuel plants; give full information in first letter; all communications will be kept confidential and returned if desired. C 657 Times Downtown.

ERRAND BOY wanted in downtown office; good hours; wages $15. Manufacturer, Z 2238 Times Annex.

EXECUTIVE, young, wanted; I am in need of a young, ambitious assistant as executive on work requiring quick, keen reasoning faculties, good judgment, correspondent, a liking for hard work and a temperament that will enable him to get along with his co-workers; the opportunity is unlimited. Apply by letter in own handwriting. Z 2251 Times Annex.

EXPORT ASSISTANT — Leading wholesale house has excellent opening for bright young man accustomed to handling correspondence and familiar with export detail to advance into larger responsibilities; state fully experience, references, age, salary. H 51 Times.

FIREMEN
for N. Y., N. H. & H. Railroad; experienced locomotive firemen wanted for service at Harlem River, N. Y.; this is not a strike-breaking advertisement; positions permanent. Apply to C. H. Mottsett, Superintendent, New York Division, 132d St. and Willis Av., New York.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE EXECUTIVE.
Good opportunity is offered by large bank to reliable, energetic young man with banking and foreign exchange experience; give age, full details banking, foreign exchange, and other experience, and names of foreign employers (which will be held in confidence); salary expected. V 783 Times Downtown.

FOREMAN,
experienced in assembly work and handling female help; must also possess thorough knowledge of eyes and pyroxylin; entrance salary $40 to $50 weekly, depending on ability. Write in detail. Address "Foreman," Box 66, Long Island City.

FOREIGN REPRESENTATIVE—Long-established exporting concern needs desirable American to represent them in Cuba; must be familiar with paper and allied lines, speak Spanish and experienced Latin-American selling; full particulars required. C 804 Times Downtown.

HAT SALESMAN WANTED
to represent highgrade soft felt hats; commission basis; give full details of previous connection, experience, references. Z 2091 Times Annex.

INSTRUMENT MAKERS,
EXPERIENCED MAKING ELECTRICAL MEASURING INSTRUMENTS. IF YOU WANT GOOD WAGES, LIVING AND WORKING CONDITIONS IN CITY ABOUT 100,000 INHABITANTS, SEND YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS FOR APPLICATION BLANK. OFFER WILL BE MADE THROUGH MAIL ADDRESS
General Employment Dept.,
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.,
50 WEST ST. NEW YORK CITY.

JOBBER—Large ladies' coat and suit house wants man capable o fassembling shirt line; references confidential. A. F., 203 Times.

LABORERS wanted; wages $4 a day. Apply to Woodlawn Cemetery, 233d St. and Webster Av.

LATHE HANDS, for radio work; must be A-1 mechanic; steady work, good pay. Wireless Improvement Co., 47 West St., below Rector.

LAYOUT MAN, PRACTICAL, FOR AN UP TO DATE OFFICE; THIS IS NOT A POSITION FOR A COMPOSITOR ALONE, BUT FOR A MAN KNOWING HOW TO MAKE UP DUMMIES, COLOR SCHEMES, &C.; YOUR REPLY WILL BE IN STRICT CONFIDENCE. V 787 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

LINOTYPE OPERATORS — Night work. McGraw-Hill, 36th & 10th Av., 11th floor.

MACHINISTS—All around mechanics on radio instruments; must be first-class workmen; fine shop, good wages. Wireless Improvement Co., 47 West St., below Rector.

MAIL CLERK to assort, box and send out mail; hours 8:30 to 5; large daily newspaper; hours 12:30 to 8:30 A. M.; salary $17; give phone number. Z 2248 Times Annex.

MAN, educated, over 30, who can sell correspondence school courses and who will work on commission and stay with it if he can double or treble his past earnings; thorough training given in the field by man who earns $1,000 a month on same terms you get; no capital needed. Box 209, 1,358 Broadway.

MAN to take charge of small plant manufacturing canvas covers. Ferguson, 205 West 40th St.

MAN, intelligent, wanted for our interviewing department. Apply with written references, Morris Clan Co., 1 Union Square.

MANAGER—Old and reliable real estate concern requires services of energetic manager to take charge of suburban vacant property; only experienced party with A1 references need apply. Address Suburban, S. R., 642 Times Downtown.

MECHANICAL or chemical engineer, must be Frenchman, speaking English, wanted to head research department of syndicate introducing American processes into France. C 3 Times.

MEN AND BOYS (100 stock) for shoe sale; good pay. 71st Armory, 34th St. and Park Av. Mr. Levy.

MEN—200 experienced men for shoe sale; good pay. 71st Armory, 34th St. and Park Av. Mr. Levy.

MEN—Bank wants men for night work, hours 12:30 to 8:30 A. M.; also afternoon shift, hours 4:30 to 12:30. V 779 Times Downtown.

MILLING MACHINE HANDS.
EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR MEN WHO CAN SET UP THEIR OWN WORK; 44-HOUR SHOP, WITH ALL MODERN CONDITIONS; DAY WORK IN PRODUCTION DEPARTMENT; WILL BE REQUIRED TO WORK FROM BLUE PRINTS APPLY 8:30 TO
MERGENTHALER LINOTYPE CO.,
PARK AV. AND HALL ST., BROOKLYN.

OFFICE MAN, WITH ALL-ROUND EXPERIENCE IN BANKING AND COMMERCIAL BUSINESS, CREDIT INVESTIGATIONS AND CORRESPONDENCE, WANTED BY NEW BUSINESS DEPARTMENT OF BANKING OFFICE; KNOWLEDGE OF ITALIAN LANGUAGE DESIRABLE BUT NOT ESSENTIAL; GOOD PROSPECTS OF ADVANCEMENT TO RIGHT PARTY WITH GOOD REFERENCES. STATE AGE, EDUCATION, EXPERIENCE AND SALARY REQUIRED TO F 606 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

OFFICE BOYS—Good chance for advancement. Address F. O. Box 824, City Hall Station, N. Y.

HELP WANTED—Male.

OFFICE EXECUTIVE, BOOKKEEPER, REQUIRED BY A HIGH-CLASS LADIES' APPAREL CONCERN; ONE POSSESSING THE KNOWLEDGE OF COST ACCOUNTING, CREDIT AND COLLECTIONS; HAVING RETAIL EXPERIENCE PREFERRED; STATE QUALIFICATIONS AND EXPERIENCE. G 30 TIMES.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, experienced, in concern offering unusual opportunity for advancement; knowledge bookkeeping and typewriting necessary; state age and salary. F. F., 806 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.
Young man for clerical work, with Christian manufacturing concern; salary $14 to $16 for start; good opportunity for advancement. A. A., 547 Times.

OFFICE BOY to do general office work by Christian firm; permanent position; good advancement; state age, nationality, experience, salary desired. A 919 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY, bright, intelligent; good penman; good opportunity. Call P. S. Du Pont Co., 20 East 20th.

OPERATOR on tabulating machine; must be familiar with Hollerith machine and capable of taking charge of department; state reference, salary, &c., H 1023 Times Harlem.

ORDERLY wanted, for day duty. Apply at once, Beth Abraham Home, 612 Allerton Av. Phone Olinsville 702.

PACKERS, EXPERIENCED IN CASE PACKING NOTION AND HOLIDAY NOVELTIES; BRING REFERENCES. A. STEINHARDT & BRO., BROADWAY AND 11TH.

PACKERS for dry goods; only experienced bundle and case packers; steady employment. Henry Glass & Co., 46 White St.

PACKER.
Expert packing; general dry goods. Address Expert, Box 139, Madison Square.

PACKER, experienced in charging. Apply office, F. & W. Grand, 8 East 14th.

PHOTOGRAPHIC PRINTER, thoroughly competent on the finest class of portrait work; to a high grade man a permanent position is assured; give references and salary expected. S. 286 Times.

PHOTOGRAPHIC PRINTER and dark room man; experienced only. Call Underwood & Underwood, 6 East 14th.

PHYSICIAN.
ONE OF THE LARGEST FOOD PRODUCT COMPANIES IN THE UNITED STATES HAS AN OPENING IN ONE OF ITS PLANTS IN NEW YORK CITY FOR A FULL TIME, REGISTERED PHYSICIAN; THIS IS AN EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR A YOUNG MAN STARTING ON THE MEDICAL CAREER TO ENTER THE INDUSTRIAL FIELD FOR PHYSICIANS. IN REPLY STATE AGE, NATIONALITY, EDUCATION AND TRAINING IN DETAIL AND SALARY EXPECTED. NO ATTENTION WILL BE PAID TO LETTERS THAT DO NOT GIVE THIS INFORMATION.
ADDRESS "OA," P. O. BOX 822,
CITY HALL STATION,
NEW YORK CITY.

POLISHERS and cabinet work, 2, steady work. See Mr. Bache, Columbia Graphophone Co., 55 Warren St.

PORTER
for all-night work cleaning office; steady, reliable white man. State age, experience and salary desired to P. O. Box R., Box 40, Postal Station F, New York City.

PORTERS Wanted for Aeolian Concert Hall; $20 per week; overtime extra. Apply Harry Precourt, 34 West 43d.

PORTER wanted, white. Call Consolidated Exchange, 36 Beaver St.

PORTER wanted; salary $18 per week; state references. Upholstery, B 189 Times.

PUNCH PRESS HANDS—Steady work. Apply Dictograph Products Corp., Rockaway Road and Beaufort St., Jamaica, L. I.

SALESMEN.
IF YOU ARE 35 OR OVER AND A REAL SALESMAN AND WANT TO CONNECT WITH A REAL COMPANY WITH CASH ASSETS OVER $20,000,000 WHO REQUIRE SALESMEN IN THEIR BANK ACCOUNT DEPARTMENT ON A COMMISSION BASIS, CALL C. E. CONNELL, 23 WEST 43D ST.

SALESMAN-NEGOTIATOR.
We wish to get in touch with a high-grade man who has closed contracts for an industrial service involving large amounts, and who is in a position to do some traveling; he must be between 30 and 45, thoroughly reliable and available by July 10; this concern has the highest commercial rating and a business record of over a half a century; only those whose annual commissions have averaged $5,000 and over will be considered; remuneration is on a strictly commission basis; state your experience and qualifications fully, including age and nationality. S 303 Times.

SALESMAN—RETAIL FURNITURE.
Genuine opportunity for a bright, clean-cut, ambitious young man of experience and initiative. Write frankly in confidence, giving age, past and present business connections and salary desired, to Stability, S 325 Times.

SALESMAN—A corporation of highest standing, conducting a direct factory to user sales campaign, want salesmen who can talk convincingly on merchandise of merit, automobiles, tires and tubes; fully guaranteed 30% to 50% lower than standard makes; salesmen can earn from $100 up weekly commissions; exceptional territory for man with automobile. Rambler Tire & Rubber Co., 10 West 23d St.

SALESMEN.
Bookmen: Cordially invited to call and inspect ENTIRELY NEW Subscription Proposition, selling from $34 to $84. Strong general appeal. Nothing like it on the market; new scientific selling plans. We furnish names of buyers and first-class leads. An opportunity to make $200 weekly up. Commission basis. Mr. Ballard, 50 Church St., Room 1954.

SALESMEN.
TO TRAVEL FROM DENVER TO THE COAST; MILLINERY IMPORTING HOUSE; FIRST CLASS OPPORTUNITY; STATE PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE, SALARY.
S. P., 170 TIMES.

SALESMEN.
'TWO MEN FOR CITY OR ROAD TO REPRESENT A WELL ESTABLISHED CORPORATION SELLING GOVERNMENT COMPILED INFORMATION; LEADS FURNISHED; COMMISSION, BONUS AND EXPENSES. APPLY 145 W. 36TH ST., 6TH FLOOR AND SEE MR. RUNEY.

SALESMAN, thoroughly experienced for leather hand bags and leather goods; exceptional opportunity; live wire for high-right party who has a large following and can show results we will consider giving him an interest in the business; salary and commission. S 298 Times.

SALESMEN—A few good salesmen to sell a chemical specialty to the grocery and hardware trade on commission basis; can earn at least $10 per day; very good articles to carry as a side line for men selling in this trade. Call between 9:30 and 11 A. M., 29 Pearl St., Room 1201. Ask for Mr. Smith.

SALESMEN—School teachers, male and female; spend your vacation in pleasant, profitable work; THE BOOK OF KNOWLEDGE offers you splendid opportunity; GOOD TERRITORY; LIBERAL COMMISSION. Apply to Mr. Findley, 7th floor, 2 West 45th St., New York City.

SALESMEN to represent long established manufacturer of nationally advertised office supplies; technical experience desirable; salary and expenses; in reply state age, whether married or single and give full details as to reference, experience, salary expected. W 764 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN Wanted—Factory rebuilt tires are in great demand; attractive proposition submitted upon application; unlimited commission about $100 weekly to start; territory assigned; men who can produce; only hustlers need apply. Ask for Mr. Caldwell, care of Eastman Rubber Works, 215 West 40th St.

SALESMEN—Several live wire men who do not talk but act; men who have sold and can sell, with experience in wholesale alcohol and whisky trade, to sell alcohol to the drug trade, wanted by a prominent firm of high standing; good salary. P. S., 90 Times.

SALESMAN who thoroughly understands the carpet and rug business and can measure and finance sales; can find line. Western Pennsylvania department store; good salary and steady position. Z 2340 Times Annex.

SALESMAN—Modern plant does color commercial printing, offers opportunity to gentleman about 45-50, knowledge of printing, to call on trade, also sell specialty; references; small drawing account against commission and future to begin. B 578 Times.

SALESMEN with selling ability and an automobile; own car make $40 daily; commission selling our factory result 5,000-mile guaranteed tire; Goodrich materials used exclusively; territory assigned. Atex Tire Co., 1,776 Broadway.

SALESMAN experienced varnish, for furniture trade; best territory in country now open; unlimited opportunity; write fully, giving experience, average yearly sales and salary expected. Beckwith-Chandler Co., 201 Emmett St., Newark, N. J.

SALESMAN to sell grinders to hardware trade, city and Brooklyn; side line; commission. H 968 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.

SALESMEN,
A million-dollar concern, established sixty years, conducting a national business, wishes to secure two expert salesmen to travel; only men capable of intensive, sustained mental effort and able to negotiate with heads of large concerns are eligible; relatively large sums are involved, a liberal percentage of which is paid for contracts secured; the renewal feature, due to the success of our business, which is financial publicity and research, makes this a permanent connection; our field force is small, but to some of our men we have paid over $30,000 each annually, and expect their earnings to exceed this figure in 1920; if you have the capacity, experience, ability and appearance to justify your reply, state age, nationality and telephone number. S 214 Times.

SALESMEN,
men's underwear and furnishings; only those with department store experience need apply; permanent position and short hours. Callans, 36 Av. and 121st St.

SALESMAN for automobile only; selling experience necessary; drawing account against commission; only those with first-class references need apply. M. S. Motor Corp., 351 East 140th St.

SALESMAN—Experienced piano floor salesman; salary and commission; steady position for right party; references required. Address Salesman, 417 Arbuckle Building, Brooklyn.

SALESMAN—Experienced salesman, by a ribbon manufacturer, for New York State and Middle West; also for South; references; commission and drawing account. S 828 Times.

SALESMAN to call on automobile owners with excellent selling article; we want real men only, who can hustle; the article sells itself without talk; write for appointment; commission. B 572 Times.

SALESMEN—Wanted 10 live, wide-awake experienced truck salesmen with references to sell popular truck; consideration to right parties; commission. Call between 9 and 10 any morning, 605 West 55th St.

SALESMAN
call on large trade for city and surrounding territory; experience in silk waist line need apply; commission basis. Slater-Slater, 214 5th Av.

SALESMEN—Good, fighting canvassers for newspaper campaign; liberal salary or commission. Call Wednesday morning, Tribune Building, Room 614.

SALESMEN, energetic men on commission, to sell automobile device in great demand; automobile knowledge preferred; write, giving particulars. B 576 Times.

SALESMEN—A few real live stock salesmen needed in one of the biggest opportunities in the country; salary. Call on C. G. Galbo & Co., 40 Wall St.

SALESMAN, call on large trade, city and surrounding, following in toy trade; no others; commission basis. Max Bauer, 320 5th Av.

SALESMAN calling on the wholesale jewelry and novelty trades out of town, to take a side line beaded bags, on commission. Box 852, 200 Cable Bldg.

SALESMAN to handle as a side line boys' novelty suits, from 2 to 10 years old; those who travel the South territory; on commission basis. Arnoff, 418 East 70th.

SALESMEN calling on Italian grocery and drug trade, to sell medicinal Ferro China Bitters; no license required; liberal commission. Fialla, 135 West 17th St., N. Y. C.

SALESMAN wanted, to carry side line of sweaters (experienced); commission; call between 10 and 12 A. M., at 780 Park Av., Brooklyn.

SALESMEN (3) for New York and vicinity, famous toilet perfumes; exclusive territory, liberal commission. Call Hotel Continental, between 4-6. Ask for Mr. Swartz.

SALESMAN — Automobile accessory house wants one counter salesman, two stock room men; first class references imperative; salary. 720 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN-MANAGER retail clothing store, nearby city; big opportunity for right man; state experience, references, salary, &c., confidentially. W 752 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN—Silk salesman wanted. New Orleans and Louisiana, Chicago, Cleveland, Boston; experienced only need apply; straight commission. S 326 Times.

SALESMEN wanted on good line of men's overcoats; commission basis. Kalis Mfg. Co., 1,125 Washington St., Boston, Mass.

SALESMAN to sell set-up and folding boxes; salary or commission. Domestic Paper Box Co., 291 Monroe St.

SALESMAN to sell freight paid, shippers' record book to shippers of freight or express; commission. H 964 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN wanted in dry goods store; must speak English and Italian. Apply 634 5th Av., Brooklyn.

SALESMEN for vigorous and energetic newspaper canvass; straight salary. Telephone Vanderbilt 5610.

SALESMAN—Side line rompers, out of town; have established trade with infants' wear buyers; commission. B 570 Times.

SALESMAN wanted to carry a first-class line of dolls on commission basis. Z 2214 Times Annex.

SALESMAN wanted by large silk house to sell cutting up trade; references required; commission basis. S 324 Times.

SECURITY SALESMANAGER
wanted by industrial manufacturing company to act as assistant to vice president in charge of sales, in direct charge of marketing an issue of common stock. This is a high-grade, going concern, backed by men of responsibility and integrity, now employing 500 men; more than $1,000,000 provided by principals; $1,000,000 additional now being raised; product is in world demand; booked orders $3,000,000, waiting list $6,000,000; liberal salary and bonus paid to right man; must be thoroughly experienced and must be able to prove that he has never been associated with the sale of stock issues of a questionable nature; none other need apply; to such a man a permanent position in directing financial affairs of the company is open. S 302 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK
first-class; must be thoroughly familiar with routing and export shipping. N 704 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK, experienced in shirtwaist line; highest references required. Box 336, 200 Cable Bldg.

STENOGRAPHER by a downtown engineering concern, preferably young man with 4 to 5 years' experience; excellent opportunity for man experienced along mechanical lines; salary $125 per month; write, giving experience, references, &c. W 763 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant to sales manager; responsible, capable handling routine correspondence; state age, salary, experience, references; confectioners' supply house. 382 Pearl St.

STENOGRAPHER wanted in a large silk house; only those who can turn out neat work, transcribe notes rapidly and accurately need apply; an exceptional opportunity for the right party. S 247 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.
Bookkeeping experience desired; write, stating experience, nationality, age and salary expected; Christian firm. Box 199, 1620 St. James Building.

STOCK LEDGER CLERK.
Young man for purchasing dept. to keep ledger of purchases and stock; good handwriting, good education and a desire to develop with a rapidly growing manufacturing concern.
INTERTYPE CORP.,
Foot of Joralemon St., Brooklyn.

STOCK CLERK
An experienced stock record clerk; must be accurate and neat with figures; compensation and advancement commensurate with ability; give age, experience in detail, salary. C 353 Times.

STOCK CLERK
experienced in wholesale glove house; splendid opportunity; state age, experience and salary desired. S. C., 783 Times Downtown.

STOCK AND ORDER CLERK experienced in shirtwaist plant; highest references required. Box 336, 200 Cable Bldg.

SUPERINTENDENT wanted to erect skeleton steel, brick and concrete buildings; location New York City; must have a general knowledge of work done by the various trades and only men who have done work of a similar nature and who can run a job independently from start to finish need apply. Apply, giving age, salary, experience, &c., in full. E 385 Times.

TYPEWRITER ALIGNERS, experienced; steady work; pleasant conditions. Gourland Typewriter Mfg. Co., 55 Ormond Place, Brooklyn.

VACATION POSITION—Teacher or college student; educational work; splendid experience; $615 for 60 days; bonus good work. Write L., Box 29, 125 East 34th.

VALET AND BUTLER, white, unmarried man, desired by bachelor; plain cooking; city references required. S 1040 Times Annex.

HELP WANTED—Male.

WATCHMAN, night, for patroling 4-story factory hourly; must be well recommended; reply must state age and wages desired. Z 2257 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN STENOGRAPHER,
must be energetic, with good education, for general domestic sales and export work with an automobile products corporation; experience not absolutely necessary, but desirable; willingness to work hard essential; bright future assured; state age, education and salary expected; replies must be detailed and will be treated confidentially.
S. H., 271 TIMES.

YOUNG MAN with initiative required by small, rapidly growing import house; fine opportunity to make hard work, system and brains count; for quick advancement; write what you can do, mentioning references and salary expected. Jap-Art Brush Co., 154 Nassau St., New York.

YOUNG MAN about 23 wanted in accounting department of a Bronx corporation; knowledge of bookkeeping essential; one having had experience in work on accounts payable register preferred; $23 to start; answer in own handwriting; one living in Bronx preferred, not essential. H 1022 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, about 19, wanted by downtown engineering concern for clerical work in order department; salary $75 month to start; chance for advancement; write, giving experience, references, &c. W 760 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN
AS MODEL FOR LARGE CLOTHING HOUSE. SIZE 35 OR 36 SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR RIGHT PARTY.
SCHWARTZ & JAFFE, INC.
880 BROADWAY, N. Y.

YOUNG MAN—Large wholesale toy concern has excellent opening in invoice department for one who is quick and accurate and ambitious to advance into larger responsibilities; state references, experience, age and salary. H 50 Times.

YOUNG MAN, intelligent, for branch office of large out of town manufacturing corporation; must be able to operate typewriter; Brooklyn resident preferred. Write, stating age, qualifications and salary desired. S 226 Times.

YOUNG MAN wanted large downtown office; good at figures and legible penman; one who has had fire insurance experience preferred; answers should state age, salary, experience. C 882 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, high school graduate, wanted in office of large insurance company; answer in own handwriting, giving particulars as to age and previous experience, if any. A 938 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, full of pep, for floor work; syndicate experience preferred; good salary and plenty of opportunity. Apply Manager, S. S. Kresge Co., 526 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, good address, to wait on customers and do general office work in large uptown furniture warehouse; state age, religion and salary expected. S 323 Times.

YOUNG MAN for stock department; must be accurate at figures; excellent opportunity; state age, experience and salary desired. A 1282 Times Bronx.

YOUNG MAN
wanted to lay out orders on toilet preparations; good salary; pleasant surroundings. Harriet Hubbard Ayer, 323 East 34th.

YOUNG MAN wanted, healthy, moral, to work on farm; will be treated as one of the family. C. 883 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN of good antecedents and education for clerical work. W 762 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN as estimator in wholesale steam and plumbing supply house. W 755 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted for stock in silk commission house; state age, experience, salary expected. A 960 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 20-23, for Christian firm, export, billing dept.; experienced preferred; state salary, experience. C 941 Times.

YOUTH, 16,
just from school, learn wholesale notion business. Address Notion, 139 Madison Square.

A well-known artist will be glad to compensate man or woman of wide acquaintance who will assist him in obtaining commissions for portraits. Artist, Z 2094 Times Annex.

Employment Agencies.

AMERICAN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE
C. P. HASSON, J. J. McLAUGHLIN, Pres., Mgr.,
U. S. REALTY BLDG.,
115 BROADWAY.
Exclusive employment agents for many of the leading concerns of New York.

ORGANIZATION MANAGER — Commensurate salary to one experienced in marketing food products; must be able to organize branch offices and agencies throughout the country, and financial administration; no one who has not earned at least $10,000 to $15,000 a year need apply.

GENERAL MANAGER—Alert, imaginative salesmanager to direct and dictate business policy for sporting goods firm; must have experience and some knowledge of the line.

SYSTEMATIZER — Accountant, accustomed to suggesting and supervising improvements in large organizations; rare opportunity to qualified man; salary up to $4,000 to start.

SALESMANAGER—Attractive drawing account and commission that should earn at least $15,000 a year; executive sales director in high-class firm to organize and direct sales force, handling sales force for well-established firm handling high-class securities.

CUSTOMERS' MAN—$50; young man of exceptional appearance and personality, with some following of stocks, to assist floor manager of well established brokerage firm.

CHECKERS—$250 month; technical man experienced in layouts and construction; must be able to check detail designs and drawings and have some executive ability; fine opportunity in a large corporation.

BOOKKEEPERS—$50; experienced in newspaper accounts well-known New York newspaper.

FACTORY FOREMAN—$35; young man of impressive appearance and good personality to be floor man for a large wholesale warehouse; must have knowledge of production costs and timekeeping preferred.

ASSISTANT FACTORY PROTECTION ENGINEER—$25; young man student, recently graduated from technical school, as assistant to successful fire prevention engineer; fine opportunity for advancement.

STATISTICAL CLERK—$2,000; college man preferred; experienced in analyzing economic reports and charting data; good future with well established corporation.

STATISTICAL CLERK—$25-$30; downtown concern; knowledge of bookkeeping, experienced on stock records, sales analysis, commission records, &c.; very good opportunity; must be filled at once.

ASSISTANT MANAGER—$1

Classified Advertising Rates.

The New York Times

Count six words to an agate line. The Agate Minimum space two lines.)

	Line.
Help Wanted	60c
Situations Wanted—Male	35c
Situations Wanted—Female	60c
Rooms and Board Wanted	45c
Country Board	35c
Summer Resorts	60c
Apartments to Let	45c
Flats Wanted	45c
Apartments and Rooms Wanted	45c
Lost and Found	45c
Lost and Found (Sunday 80c)	65c
Personal	45c
Miscellaneous	45c
Miscellaneous Wanted	40c
	Per Word.
Business Opportunities (Agate Caps 30c)	12c
Agents Wanted	15c

For insertion in the Sunday edition, Real Estate display and Automobile Exchange advertisements must be received in the Times Downtown by 5 P. M. Friday. Business Opportunity and other classified announcements by 12 o'clock noon Saturday.

For insertion in the daily edition, classified advertisements must be received by 5 P. M. on the day preceding insertion.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE

Motor Trucks.

AUTOCAR truck, a bargain; good condition; top, 2-ton; may be seen at Stone's Garage, 20th St. and 11th Av., City; look at it and make offer. Y. M. G. N. Ackermann, Room 502, 347 Madison Av., City. Vanderbilt 1200. Extension 216.

AUTO CAR, 2 ton, covered body; good condition; Overman's tires on rear. Plaza Standard Casing Co., 206 East 56th.

MOTOR TRUCKS—Pierce-Arrow and Maxim platform and dumps; surplus equipment. Pride, 1,328 Broadway, Greeley 3277.

Automobiles for Rent.

CADILLAC and Packard cars, $3; shopping, $4 per hour; driving also by week, month or trip. Chatham Auto Renting Co. Circle 2222.

Wanted to rent, until Sept 15, five or seven passenger motor car, without chauffeur; terms must be reasonable; state particulars. Box 105, Woodmere, L. I.

FIVE-TON TRUCK, general, long-distance or any period arranged rates. Rubin, 2,222 West 19th St., Coney Island.

FORD, 1½ TON, for hire, day, week, month; panel body; owner drives. Walsh, 156 West 14th. Schuyler 3213.

PACKARD Twin Sixes, open, closed; hour, week; sensible rates. Muldoon, Columbus 2100.

CADILLAC, beautiful, late style collapsible, to rent, reasonable. O'Brien, Murray Hill 2000.

CADILLAC landaulet, handsome appearance, touring season; city, country; reasonable. Frankman, Schuyler 3910.

PIERCE 6-passenger, reasonable rates, week, month, trip. Phone Intervale 1170. De Martini.

PACKARD twin-six cars for hire. Williams Service, 204 W. 43d St. Bryant 3530.

PIERCE-ARROW; hour, day, week, or trip; parties. Ford. Audubon 7726.

ATTRACTIVE town cars for hire, month or season; moderate terms. Columbus 398.

SIMPLEX or Fiat touring to hire, hour, day or week. Lenox 546.

Touring cars, limousine to hire; $3 hour; careful chauffeur. Plaza 8435.

PACKARD Twin Six for hire hourly, monthly; other drives; references. Harlem 2417.

CADILLAC private renting service, 121 West 58th St.; reasonable rates. Circle 2500.

Automobiles Wanted.

CADILLAC wanted, limousine, late model; best condition; state lowest price; no dealers. Moore & Co., 647 West 50th St.

Automobile Instruction.

AUTOMOBILE TRAINING BY EXPERTS. Complete shop course $66, with driving and weekly payments. Ask for Catalogue I. STEWART AUTOMOBILE SCHOOL, 250 West 57th St., at Broadway. Leading School—Founded 1909.

AUTO INSTRUCTION. 4 and 8 weeks' courses for Chauffeurs, Mechanics, Salesmen. WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th St., New York. Get booklet and pass. Special ladies' classes.

AUTO INSTRUCTION. REPAIRING AND DRIVING taught short notice; LICENSE GUARANTEED; ladies' classes also. Ford lessons. AMERICAN AUTO SCHOOL, 726 Lexington Av. (59th).

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 235 West 50th—Superior instructors guarantee expert knowledge; inspect equipment or write for booklet; ladies' classes; no increase in rates.

FOR SALE

Miscellaneous.

Piano for Sale—Small plant, ten machines, suitable for underwear, bloomers, shirts or dresses; light three sides; rent, $65; facing Williamsburg Bridge; ready to start work. Apex, 155 Broadway, Brooklyn.

Dining room set, oak, used short time only; worth $1,200; also five small and one large Persian rugs. Weil, 461 1st Av., care of Royal Furniture. Madison Square 8098.

BAKERS' OVENS

Two large bake ovens, nearly new, used in kitchen of naval station; make offer. Crotalshield 1310.

Edison dictating machine and Edison transophone, including hand shaver; like new. Perryville Linen Co., 23 East 22d St.

30-inch hand lever paper cutter, in good condition; reasonable price. Phone Barclay 5000.

For Sale—Blue reed gondola baby carriage; bargain. Apartment 22, 403 West 115th St.

Pianos and Organs.

A small Steinway Grand; big bargain; will consider piano in exchange. 55 West 104th St.

For Sale—Grand piano, unusually handsome case; any cash; must sell at once. Phone Lenox 3.

Clothing.

Several wonderful Italian filet pieces, two beautiful bedspreads, also paradise. Circle 4272.

Furniture.

JUNE BRIDE FACTORY SALE.

Everything for the home; direct from factory to you at wholesale prices.

Big G Furniture Works,

308-316 East 76th St., N. Y.

At a time when much is being said regarding the great scarcity of furniture as a justification of the unusually high prices prevailing in the retail stores, the present offering to sell direct at wholesale prices affords a thinking and discriminating people a most unusual opportunity.

Period dining room and bedroom furniture in all woods and finishes; living room furniture, including davenports, chairs, all over upholstered tapestry and velour at worth-while savings.

The prudent housewife and prospective bride will do well to visit our showrooms and benefit by the extremely low prices now offered.

For a limited time only we will accept $25 bonds at full face value of your choice and have your furniture delivered now on account of the scarcity of housing accommodations we will hold your selection in our storage free of charge.

96 page catalogue No. 48 on request.

THE BIG FURNITURE WORKS,

304-316 East 76th St., just a step east of 3d Av. Tel. 4360 Rhinelander. Showrooms open daily until 6:30 P. M. Saturdays 10 P. M.

STORE AND OFFICE FIXTURES.

Our long and intimate association in this line makes us especially qualified to take care of your needs properly; let us give you an estimate to compare with others.

STANDARD FURNITURE MFG. CO.,

30 Carmine St., near 7th Av., N. Y. City.

Big Bargains—Slightly used office furniture in oak or mahogany; desks, chairs, files, tables, leather furniture, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs, safes. Nathan's, 452 Broadway.

WICKER FURNITURE SALE.

Large willow wicker furniture for all rooms; direct from factory; largest sales floor in Greater New York. Leach Wicker Shops, 19 East 41st; Telephone Murray Hill 4176.

Don't sell your household furniture, carpets, rugs, silver, linens, bric-a-brac, &c., before getting my estimate. May, 2,328 Broadway. Phone Schuyler 5502.

For Sale—Fully equipped office consisting of desks, Monarch and Elliott Fisher typewriters, &c. Bowling Green, 6279, 23 Whitehall St., Room 12.

For Sale—24 small tables, mahogany finish. John E. Ransom, 30 Church St.

Office furniture. Call between 1 and 2, Room 1207, 320 5th Av.

Machinery.

BOILERS—BARGAIN.

2—16 inch steel shells.

2—54 inch steel shells.

2—5/16 inch steel plates.

2—Cross Tube Boilers.

1—16"x18 WRECKING CO., Westchester 1812.

MANUFACTURING PLANT, 3 POWER TABLES, 34 SINGER SEWING, 2 BUTTONHOLE, 2 BUTTON SEWING MACHINES, 3 ELECTRIC MOTORS, CHAIRS, ETC. FIDDIAN & WORMSER, 836 B'WAY.

Furniture Purchased and Exchanged.

Highest cash price paid for furniture, contents of houses, hotels, apartments; pianos, rugs, bronzes, parts of sets, &c. Lenox 1261. Telephone Harlem 2187.

Wanted—Pay full value contents apartments, pianos, books, paintings, bric-a-brac, silver, linens, &c. Murray, 180 University Pl. Stuyv. 9760.

Highest cash for furniture, contents houses, apartments, pianos, china, rugs, bronzes, parts of sets. Phone Intervale 5677.

Cash wanted, medium size, Scotchetts, 820 Park Av. Rhinelander 1511.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT, New York.—ALEXANDER E. BOYD, Complainant, vs. CHERI, INC., Defendant.

On June 29, 1920, an order was made by Hon. Julius M. Mayer, U. S. D. J., requiring all creditors and stockholders of Defendant and all other persons to show cause before the Judge sitting in Room No. 235, P. O. and U. S. Court Building in Manhattan Borough, City of New York, on July 6, 1920, at 10:30 A. M., why the Receiver herein should not be authorized and directed to accept the bid of Bloomingdale Bros. of Ten Thousand Five Hundred ($10,500) Dollars for the insurance of the Receiver to the lease from Bloomingdale Bros. and Defendant and including all of the assets in the premises of Cheri, Inc., at Lexington Avenue, between 59th and 60th Streets, New York City, except two cash registers, and why the sale should not be made free and clear of all liens and claims, and why the said lien and claim, if any, should not attach to the fund to be received by the Receiver upon consummation of said sale, and why the Receiver should not be permitted to adjust the difference between Cheri, Inc., and Bloomingdale Bros. on the question of contribution for the installedness of Cheri, Inc., to Bloomingdale Bros. for the portion of expense of installation of front, show windows and floor in said premises, which Bloomingdale Bros. claim is about Twenty-five Hundred ($2,500) Dollars, by accepting the sum of Twelve Hundred ($1,200) Dollars in cash for the balance of Seventeen Hundred ($1,700) Dollars now in their hands and belonging to Cheri, Inc., for receipts before May 26, 1920; upon condition, however, that Receiver be paid in addition thereto all monies due the Receiver since his appointment and why the Receiver should not be permitted to settle or pay any liens which may exist in any of the said assets.

NOTICE.

Baton Rouge, La., June 28, 1920.

In accordance with the provisions of Paragraph A, Section 1, of Article 234 of the Constitution, and the resolution adopted by the Board of Liquidation of the State debt prior to issuance, the following described bonds of the State of Louisiana are hereby called in for redemption: Fifty-two bonds of one thousand dollars each, numbers M 10,055 to M 10,106, both numbers inclusive, all dated January 1, 1914, and maturing August 1, 1004. The holders of these bonds are hereby notified to present them with all coupons due subsequent to August 1, 1920, attached, either to Hon. Howell Morgan, State Treasurer, Baton Rouge, Louisiana, or to the State fiscal agent banks in the City of New Orleans, or to Harris, Forbes & Company in the City of New York, who will pay the same at face value, plus a premium of 4 per cent. Interest on these bonds will cease after August 1, 1920. JOHN M. PARKER, Governor and President of the Board of Liquidation.

ISAAC E. WELCH, of Hartford, Conn., vs. GRACE V. N. WELCH, formerly of Brooklyn, New York, but now of parts unknown. —Superior Court, State of Connecticut, Hartford County, June 18, 1920.

SECOND ORDER OF NOTICE.

Upon complaint, said cause brought to this Court on the first Tuesday of February, A. D. 1920, and now pending, claiming a divorce, it not appearing to the Court that the defendant has received notice of the pendency of this action and it appearing to and being found by this Court that the whereabouts of the defendant is unknown to the plaintiff.

ORDERED: That notice of the institution and pendency of said complaint and this action shall be given the defendant by publishing this order in The New York Times, a newspaper published in the City of New York and having a circulation in said Brooklyn, once a week for two successive weeks, commencing on or before June 24, 1920. By the Court.

LUCIUS P. FULLER, Assistant Clerk.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of CRESCENT PETTICOAT COMPANY, INC., Bankrupt. In Bankruptcy; No. 27,895.

Upon reading and filing the annexed petition of MAX ROCKMORE, the receiver in bankruptcy herein, duly verified, and upon the bid hereto annexed and on all the proceedings had herein; and on motion of ZALKIN & COHEN and ARCHIBALD PALMER, attorneys for the receiver, it is

Ordered that Joseph Feldstein, Lewis H. Saper and Clifford G. Ludvigh, three disinterested persons, be and they thereby are appointed appraisers herein, to estimate and appraise the property belonging to this estate, said appraisers to be duly sworn, and to report the result of their appraisal to this Court with due convenient speed; and it is further

Ordered that a hearing shall be held upon the offer of William Irving Bloom to purchase the assets now in the hands and custody of the receiver herein and as provided in the offer attached to the said petition, which is to pay in cash therefor to the receiver, a sum equal to fifty-five (55%) per cent. of all just, lawful, provable and allowable unsecured claims against the bankrupt, besides the priority claims and the administration expenses, before this Court, at a Stated Term thereof, to be held at Room 235, in the Old Post Office Building, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 2nd day of July, 1920, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, or as soon thereafter as counsel may be heard; and it is further

Ordered the receiver shall report the result of the appraisal of said assets, and at said time any and all bids for all of said assets may be made, and at which hearing this Court will make such orders for the acceptance or rejection of other disposition of said bid or any other bids as may seem proper; and it is further

Ordered that said property may be inspected by any of the creditors, or any other person or party, at any time during business hours prior to the said date, and that a copy of this order shall be published in the "New York Times" and "Daily News Record", on the 30th day of June, 1920, and on the morning of the date for the hearing of said bid, and a copy thereof mailed to each of the creditors of said bankrupt on or before the 30th day of June, 1920; and it is further

Ordered that the bankrupt, all creditors, stockholders or other parties in interest, are hereby directed to show cause at said hearing why the said bid, or such other bids as may seem proper, should not be accepted, and why such other order in respect to the assets of this estate or any part thereof should not be made as may be deemed just, equitable and proper.

Dated, New York, June 28, 1920.

AUGUSTUS N. HAND, U. S. D. J.

ZALKIN & COHEN, Attorneys for receiver, 1 Chambers Street, New York City, and ARCHIBALD PALMER, Attorney for receiver, 320 Broadway, New York City.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States in the Southern District of New York.—In bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAMUEL RABINOWITZ, LEONARD SACHS and JULIUS BOLOKER, individually and as copartners, trading as ESMINA TOBACCO CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, June 30, 1920, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 47 East 12th Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of finished and unfinished dresses, cotton piece goods, trimmings, buttons, cutting machines, machines, cutting tables, time clock, fixtures, etc.

CLIFFORD G. LUDVIGH, Receiver.

COHEN, ROSENTHAL & SHAPIRO, Attorneys for Receiver, 31 Union Square, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In bankruptcy.—In the matter of HARRINGTON & WALZ, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, July 6, 1920, by order of the Court, at 11 A. M., at 33 North Broadway, Yonkers, N. Y., assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of fixtures and machinery used in the baking business, including 1 Barker Bakery System complete.

HAMPTON D. EWING, Receiver.

WINSLOW & BUDD, Attorney for Receiver, 111 Broadway, New York.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, ss.:

This certificate, issued in duplicate, hereby certifies that the LOUVRE DRESS CO., INC., a domestic stock corporation, has filed in this office on this 25th day of June, 1920, papers for the voluntary dissolution of such corporation under Section 221 of the General Corporation Law, and that it appears therefrom that such corporation has complied with said section in order to be dissolved.

Witness my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the City of Albany, this 28th day of June, 1920.

(Seal.) EDWARD W. TAFT, Second Deputy Secretary of State.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

MOSLE BROS.

82 Beaver Street, New York, June 30th, 1920.

Mr. George P. Victor, Jr., ceases to be a partner in our firm as of this date. Mr. George R. Mosle, Jr., has this day been admitted to partnership in our firm.

GEORGE R. MOSLE,
GEORGE R. MOSLE, Jr.
Composing the firm of MOSLE BROS.

CLIMAX OF DEMOCRACY'S ADVANCE.

In the CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE for July appears the full official text of the constitution of the Czech Republic. This is the high tide of democracy after 2,000 years of evolution. It is a document of the supremest importance to every man or woman who is interested in international affairs. The Turkish Peace Treaty also appears in that number. There are 40 big subjects and the latest news in 50 nations of the world from authentic sources, without comment or bias. On news stands today. —Advt.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—The pressure has fallen in the Eastern and Southern States, and Tuesday night a disturbance of moderate intensity was over the St. Lawrence Valley. It has been attended by local showers and thunderstorms in the Atlantic States north of Maryland and in the region of the Great Lakes and the upper Mississippi Valley. Pressure is relatively low also in Western districts and it here has been local showers in the plains States and the Rocky Mountain and plateau regions.

The weather has become cooler in the region of the Great Lakes, the central Mississippi Valley and the plateau and Southern Rocky Mountain region. It is warmer in the Far Northwest.

In New England and New York local showers Wednesday will be followed by fair weather Thursday, with moderate temperatures. In the Middle Atlantic States, the Ohio Valley and Tennessee there will be local thundershowers Wednesday with slightly lower temperatures and generally fair weather on Thursday. In the region of the Great Lakes, the South Atlantic and East Gulf States the weather will be generally fair Wednesday and Thursday without material change in temperature.

FORECAST FOR TODAY AND THURSDAY.

Northern New England—Showers Wednesday, Thursday fair.

Southern New England and Eastern New York—Local showers Wednesday, Thursday fair, moderate temperature.

Eastern Pennsylvania and New Jersey—Local thundershowers and not quite so warm Wednesday, Thursday probably fair.

Western New York—Partly cloudy and somewhat cooler Wednesday, Thursday fair.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1920.	1919.		1920.	1919.
3 A. M.	71	56	4 P. M.	80	66
6 A. M.	70	52	8 P. M.	68	60
9 A. M.	73	56	9 P. M.	67	58
12 M.	80	60	11 P. M.	65	58

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 76; for the corresponding date last year it was 60; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 72.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 71; at 8 P. M. it was 67. Maximum temperature, 80 degrees at 2:30 P. M.; minimum, 66 degrees at 8:20 A. M. Humidity, 78 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 69 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.94 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.85 inches.

Fire Record.

A.M.		Loss.
1:10	65th St., Transverse Road (auto)	Not given
2:35	666 Prospect Av. (auto); Jacob Hororitz	Not given
3:20	204 W. 143 St.; Beatrice Andrews	Not given
4:06	105 W. 41 St.; Carmody Rest Co.,	Not given
5:25	847 W. 89 St.; Emil Copeling,	Not given
7:15	3 Harrison St.; Austin Nichols & Co.	Not given
8:00	Front of 411 Water St. (auto),	Not given
8:36	Front 79 E. 1 St. (auto); Samuel Eshowsky & Son	Slight
10:00	104 Lexington Av.; Alfred Erelt,	Slight
10:50	222 W. 58 St.; Patrick O'Rorke,	Not given
11:15	4 E. 28 St.; Hotel Latham	Slight
P.M.		
12:50	301 W. 59 St.	Not given
1:40	165 William St.	Not given
2:00	424 E. 52 St.	Not given
2:30	630 Hudson St.; James Wallace,	Not given
3:58	368 West St. (truck); Birdsall's Express Co.	Slight
4:06	127 St. and 1st Av.; National Billing Co.	Slight
4:16	711 7th Av.	Slight
6:10	55 Stanton St.; Julius Bernell,	Slight
7:15	197 W. 23 St.; Manhattan Plaiting Co.	Not given
8:20	515 W. 125 St.; Mary Manuel	Slight
8:25	29 W. 15 St.	Not given
8:30	247 W. B'way; City Japanning & Enameling Co.	Slight
8:55	828 E. 160 St.; M. Levy	Slight
9:15	311 Avenue A; Columbia Lunch Co.	Slight
9:30	Pelham Pkway. & Sagamore Av. (auto); D. Rosen	Slight
9:40	34 W. 16 St.	Not given

Estates Appraised.

BLACK, EDWARD P.—(In Hasbrouck Heights, N. J., June 21, 1919). Securities taxable in New York, $37,079. The whole estate goes to his wife, Emma E. Black, of Hasbrouck.

BURTON, GEORGE R.—(In Providence, R. I., Sept. 14, 1919). Of the total estate of $1,020,808, securities aggregating $166,098 are taxable in New York. His daughter, Alice R. Talbot, of Providence, receives $155,944.

KROM, JOANNA—(Jan. 2, 1920). Total assets, $96,885; net estate, $80,850—cash, $3,068; personal, $13,194; stocks and bonds $75,681. The larger holdings being Yale & Towne Company, $37,510, and Liberty bonds, $6,050. The principal of the nineteen beneficiaries are her grandnephew, Arthur Kingsley Perrot of 30 Broad St., personality aggregating $4,000 and a life estate in $57,510; friend, Sarah Morgan, of 450 West End Av., $600 cash and life estates in $4,314 and in $6,003; grandniece, Jane S. Krom of Irvington, personality segregating $4,153 and a life estate in $5,400, and friend, Harriet Krom of Irvington, $6,404.

SHERMAN, CHARLES A.—(April 24, 1917). Total assets, $396,476; net estate, $194,709—real estate, $15,000; cash, $5,557; personal, $20,454; stocks and bonds, $134,221, the largest holdings being U. S. Steel, $55,687 and commissions due as executor or trustee of four estates, $20,432. His wife, Marie L. Sherman of Hotel New Western, receives a life estate in $125,501 and personalty aggregating $6,383. His aunt, Corrine A. Sherman, same address, receives $62,175.

CHAMBERS, THOMAS S. (in Trenton, N. J., Oct. 21, 1919), leaving a large estate, of which securities to the value of $39,980 are taxable in New York. The whole New York estate goes to his wife, Jennie Scudder Chambers of Trenton.

O'BRIEN, VIRGINIA K. (May 12, 1919). Total assets, $87,104; net estate, $80,680—real estate $18,767, cash $1,521, personal $1,519, stocks and bonds $60,824. Of the twenty-four beneficiaries the principal are her daughter, Emilie W. O'Brien of Harrison, N. J., life estate in $41,672, and her niece, Mary E. Sleight of Montclair, $20,000.

WALKER, MARIA J. (Oct. 30, 1919). Total assets, $34,432; net estate, $31,930—cash $910, personal $2,207, stocks and bonds $31,254. The whole estate goes to her husband, Leroy Pope Walker of 247 West Seventy-first Street.

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—The Bureau of Navigation published the following orders today:

Collins, Cmdr. J. H., to the Delaware as gunnery officer.

Coman, Cmdr. K., to naval operations, Navy Dept., Washington.

Wilcox, Comdr. J. W., to command the Hogan.

Gilfium, Comdr. E. J., to the Buffalo as exec. and repair officer.

Gresham, Comdr. W. F., to naval operations, Washington.

Guthrie, Comdr. A. H., to the Rainbow as eng. and repair officer.

King, Lt. Comdr. T. S., to sid on staff Rear Adm. E. W. Eberle, Comdr. Div. 5, Atl. Fleet.

Haviland, Comdr. W. B., to duty involving flying in aircraft with Atl. Fleet Ship Plane Div., Mitchell Field, Long Island.

Cronin, E. M., to the Bu. of Sup. and Accts., Washington.

Davidson, Lt. R. E., to Naval Air Station, Hampton Rds., with Plane Div.

Growney, Lt. G., to the Idaho.

Haight, Lt. W. C., to Machinists' Mate School, Naval Train. Sta., Hampton Rds.

Holden, Lt. J., to the Relief and on board when commissioned.

Huschke, Lt. P. W. F., to the Arkansas.

Johnson, Lt. J. O., to the Florida.

Mahrinke, Lt. E. C., to the Reno and on board as eng. officer when commissioned.

Wiltse, Lt. Jas. W., to command the H R H-3.

White, Lt. S. H., to the Kittery.

The Civil Service.

City.

Applications for school farm attendant (male and female), Grade 1, will be received until 4 P. M. July 15. Candidates must be at least 20 years of age. The subjects and weights of the examination will be: Experience, 3; duties, 3; practical, 3; citizenship, 1. Candidates must know the methods of teaching children the simple processes of nature as exemplified in outdoor work of the farm and garden. There is one vacancy in the Parks Department, Manhattan and Richmond, at $4 a day.

United States.

The commission announces for Aug. 3 an examination for metallurgist, man or woman, aged 25 to 45, for vacancy in the Navy Yard, Norfolk, Va., at $10.80 per diem. Competitors will not be required to report for examination at any place, but will be rated on education, 60; experience, 40. The prerequisites are graduation with a bachelor's degree in metallurgy or mining engineering from a full four years' course in a college or university of recognized standing, and at least three years' experience in metallurgy, including experience in the manufacture and mechanical and heat treatment of both raw and semi-finished metals and metal products, as well as experience in connection with the inspection and testing of metals and the microscopic and macroscopic examination of metals as required by this position. Age limits do not apply to persons entitled to preference because of military or naval service.

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SHIPPING AND MAILS

THE TIDES.

	Sandy Hook. A.M.	Sandy Hook. P.M.	Governors Island. A.M.	Governors Island. P.M.	Hell Gate. A.M.	Hell Gate. P.M.
High water	7:52	8:10	8:26	8:44	10:44	10:56
Low water	2:00	2:00	2:41	2:41	4:49	4:36

THE SUN.

	Rises. A.M.	Sets. P.M.
	5:27	8:31

Incoming Steamships.

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Nieuw Amsterdam	Plymouth	June 20
Essequibo	Liverpool	June 18
Lake Fray	Barcelona	June 10
Roman Prince	Havre	June 16
Mercury	Antwerp	June 15
Julia	Port Antonio	June 23
Monterey	Havana	June 22
Medina	Naples	June 14
Lake Fitch	Havana	June 21
Brighton	Port Antonio	June 21
Genoa Maru	Havana	June 23
Port Antonio	Barrios	June 22

DUE TODAY.

Canopic	Genoa	June 8
Wakulla	Havre	June 6
Mar Cantabrico	Hamburg	June 4
Abocoen	Gibraltar	June 14
Eastern Coast	Rotterdam	June 12
Algerian	Brixham	June 10
Muskoka	Manchester	June 11
Santa Luisa	Valparaiso	June 13
Byron	Barbados	June 24

DUE TOMORROW.

Belgic	Liverpool	June 23
F. Palasciano	Naples	June 17
H. R. Mallory	Antilla	June 30
Rosalind	St. John's	June 27
Belvedere	Algiers	June 29
Zacapa	Santa Marta	June 23

DUE FRIDAY.

Olympic	Cherbourg	June 25
Regina d'Italia	Messina	June 16

Outgoing Steamships Carrying Mail.

SAIL TODAY.

Steamer. Destination.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.	Carries Mail For
Wheeling Mold, Danzig	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Poland.
Santa Elisa, Cristobal	7:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Canal Zone, Panama, Peru (except Iquitos), Bolivia, Chile.
Fort Hamilton, Hamilton	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Bermuda.

SAIL TOMORROW.

Mauretania, Southampton	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Europe, Africa, West Asia.
Lafayette, Havre	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	France and other countries.
New Texas, Havre	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Senegal, French Guinea, Sierra Leone (other parts of West Africa must be specially addressed).
Arabic, Santos	9:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.	Santos, Rio Grande do Sul, Uruguay.
Providence, Napies	10:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.	Italy (parcel post mails and specially addressed correspondence).
Monterey, Havana	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Cuba, Yucatan, Campeche.
Cristobal, Cristobal	12:00 M.	4:00 P.M.	Canal Zone, Panama, Salvador, Colombia, Ecuador.

SAIL FRIDAY.

West Caruth, Monrovia	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Liberia, Seccondee.
Pancras, Rio Janeiro	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	South Brazil.
Gregory, Para	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	North Brazil and Iquitos.
Iroquois, S'to Domingo	9:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.	Turks Island and Dominican Republic.
Queen Transport, Montevideo	12:00 M.	3:30 P.M.	Argentina, Uruguay, Paraguay.
Korean Prince, Para	12:00 M.	3:30 P.M.	North Brazil and Iquitos (other parts of Brazil must be specially addressed).

SAIL SATURDAY.

Savoie, Havre	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Continental countries, Africa.
Adriatic, Southampton	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	British Isles, Scandinavia, Central Europe, Africa (other countries must be specially addressed).
Mongolia, Hamburg	10:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Germany.
Buenos Aires, Cadiz	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Spain (specially addressed only).
Ulua, Havana	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Costa Rica, Nicaragua.
Rosalind, St. John's	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Newfoundland.
Brazos, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Porto Rico, St. Thomas.
Essequibo, Cristobal	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Canal Zone, Panama, Peru, Bolivia, Chile.
Philadelphia, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Porto Rico (specially addressed only), Venezuela, Curacao.
Bronte, Rio Janeiro	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	South Brazil, Argentina, Uruguay, Paraguay.

Other Outgoing Steamships.

Steamer & Destination.	Time of Sailing. Date.	Hour.	Steamer & Destination.	Time of Sailing. Date.	Hour.
Bessegger, Bergen	June 30	12:00 M.	Mesaba, London	June 30	12:00 M.
Marenge, Hull	June 30	12:00 M.	Vesendyk, Rotterdam	July 1	12:00 M.
Delavan, Belfast	June 30	12:00 M.	Drumore Castle, Cape Town	July 1	12:00 M.
Edgehill, Genoa	June 30	12:00 M.	Lake Geneva, Havana	July 1	12:00 M.
Clan Macphee, Java	June 30	12:00 M.	Bardic, London	July 3	12:00 M.
Lake Elsah, Bristol	June 30	12:00 M.	Lepanto, Antwerp	July 3	12:00 M.
A. F. Luckenbach, Rotterdam	June 30	12:00 M.	Norman Monarch, Piraeus	July 3	12:00 M.
Dochet, Constantinople	June 30	12:00 M.	Poughkeepsie, Havre	July 3	12:00 M.
Camaguey, Santiago	June 30	12:00 M.	Volunteer, La Pallice	July 3	12:00 M.
Lake Shore, Nuevitas	June 30	12:00 M.	Munamar, Antilla	July 3	12:00 M.
Sioux, San Juan	June 30	12:00 M.			

Foreign Ports—Arrivals and Departures.

ARRIVED.

Steamer.	At.	Date.
Philadelphia	St. Nazaire	June 22
West Cohae	Antwerp	June 25
Meissonier	Havre	June 24
Eastern Knight	Alexandria	June 27
Lake Flovilla	Falmouth	June 28

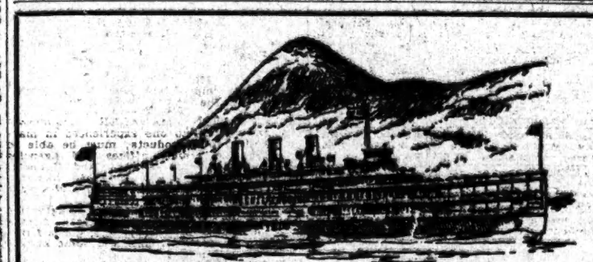
SAILED.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Guillermo	Gijon	June 19
Olympic	Cherbourg	June 25
Bayway	Rotterdam	June 26
Lapland	Southampton	June 25
Conges Peak	Lisbon	June 24

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Stations at 6 P. M. as follows:

Mail.	Steamships.	Mail Closes At N. Y.
Hawaii, via San Francisco	Wilhelmina	July 1
Japan, Korea, China, Siberia, Siam, Cochin China and Netherlands East Indies, via Seattle	Kashima Maru	July 2
Hawaii, Japan and Korea, via San Francisco	Siberia Maru	July 3
Japan, Korea, Siam and specially addressed mail for China, via Seattle	Africa Maru	July 6
Hawaii, Samoan Islands, Australia and specially addressed mail for New Zealand, via San Francisco	Sonoma	July 13
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, New Zealand and Australia, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.	Niagara	July 16
Hawaii, Guam and Philippine Islands, via San Francisco	A. T. Great Northern	July 20



"Washington Irving" "Robert Fulton" "Hendrick Hudson" "Albany"

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Daylight Saving Time

DAY LINE STEAMERS leave daily; including Sunday, Desbrosses St., 8:40 A. M.; West 42d St., 9:00 A. M.; West 129th St., 9:20 A. M.; Yonkers, 9:50 A. M. landing at †Newburgh, †Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson and Albany.

Also steamer leaves, daily, including Sunday, Desbrosses St., 9:46 A. M.; West 42d St., 10 A. M.; West 129th St., 10:20 A. M.; Yonkers, 10:50 A. M., for Bear Mountain (West Point and Cornwall except Sundays), Newburgh, Poughkeepsie and return to West 42d St.

Also on Saturday afternoons steamer leaves Desbrosses St., 1:40 P. M.; West 42d St., 2 P. M.; West 129th St., 2:20 P. M.; Yonkers, 2:50 P. M., for †Bear Mountain, †West Point, Cornwall, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point and Catskill.

†Return steamer same day from points marked †.

IDEAL ONE-DAY OUTINGS

Hudson River Day Line

Desbrosses St. Pier Telephone 3260 Canal New York

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE COMPANY,

AMERICAN LINE

N. Y.—CHERBOURG—SOUTHAMPTON

Philadelphia 12 Noon July 10 Aug. 7 Sept. 4
New York 12 Noon July 17 Aug. 14 Sept. 11
St. Paul ..... July 24 Aug. 21

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Blue cowhide leather bag stenciled C. A. W. and containing papers identifying same as property of Chas. A. Weeks; disappeared at Pennsylvania Station on June 24 at 12:30; liberal reward and no questions asked. Chas. A. Weeks, 25 West 45th St., New York City.

LOST—On 5th av. elevated train, between 59th St. and Park Place, New York, at 9 A. M. Tuesday, June 29, registered letter Detroit, Mich., addressed "Wolcott Hotel, 31st St. and 5th Av., N. Y." Reward. No value to any one except owner. Reply Wolcott Hotel.

LOST—Leather bill-fold containing diamond bracelet set in platinum, also several memorandums, with cash, between Hotel Claridge, and 5th Av. and 42d St., early Thursday evening; $200 reward; no questions asked. H. D. Aery, 50 East 42d St.

LOST—Letter of credit to different banks in America from Skandinaviska Kreditaktie-bolaget Stockholm, to Helge G. Backlund, between Fulton St. and Hotel Belmont or in subway; finder return to Hotel Belmont cashier and receive reward.

LOST—A platinum bar pin set with diamonds in Bronxville, N. Y., Sunday, June 27, vicinity of Willow Circle, Lawrence Park or railroad station; liberal reward offered. Address E. Meyer, 9 Willow Circle, Bronxville, N. Y. Phone Bronxville 208-M.

LOST—Pearl and platinum ring in ladies' wash room, Memorial Hall, Yale University, immediately after commencement exercises June 23; liberal reward; no questions asked; ring has great sentimental value. Morningside 8728.

LOST—Black silk bag, tortoise shell top, gold box, amethyst rosary, about $7, pencil, handkerchief, visiting card, Sunday, about 10:30 A. M., 57th and Riverside, stage between 57th and 7th Av. and 57th and 5th Av.; reward. Circle 4892.

LOST—Will the person who picked up small brown hand bag from chair in lobby of Hotel Algonquin, West 44th St., Sunday night at 9:30 please return same to desk and receive reward. No questions asked. Mrs. H. C. Philbrick.

LOST—About $585 in bills, between Chambers St. and Park Place, on West Broadway; to person returning same will give a reward of 50%. L. S. Fink, 285 Haven Av., N. Y. C. Wadsworth 8812.

LOST—Certificate No. B18298 for 10 shares Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry. Co. preferred stock, in the name of William Marsberger, Jr. If found, please communicate with W. W. Lanahan & Co., Calvert Bldg., Baltimore, Md.

LOST—Gold bar pin with sapphire in centre, on subway between Trinity Place and Hudson Tubes. Return to Room 1906, H. K. McCann Company, 61 Broadway. Reward.

LOST—Wrist watch, marked Colonel D. W. C. Falls, Sept. —, 1918. Liberal reward, no questions, for return to D. W. C. Falls, Union Club, 1 East 51st St., Plaza Place 4000.

LOST—Will person who found wallet containing sum of money, valuable papers, at L. I. Jamaica station, Brooklyn, Saturday night, return to 2,412 7th Av., New York; or phone F. H. Epps, 2,120 Audubon. Reward.

LOST—18-kt. 11-link extension bracelet watch, first 2 links and front bezel set with diamonds in platinum; $100 reward; no questions asked. Return to Reed & Barton, Thos. F. Starr, Inc., 578 5th Av.

LOST—In vicinity Broadway or 69th St., gold mounted miniature picture set in diamonds; liberal reward to finder. Return to Simons & Co., 9 West 12th St., Chelsea 8788.

LOST—Tuesday morning, Straiton Park, or vicinity of 108th St., purse, containing Liberty Bonds and money; liberal reward for information or return of same. Phone Academy 5053.

LOST—Monday morning, in shopping district, between 42d and 34th Sts. and 5th Av., blue enamel watch and chain. Liberal reward if returned to E. M. Gattle, 630 5th Av.

LOST—A gold square wrist watch with broken crystal in envelope on Riverside Drive, 97th st. and 8th Av., June 28, 2 P. M.; suitable reward will be paid. S 516 Times.

LOST—Black handbag containing eyeglasses, keys, money, owner's card; Broadway car or vicinity 110th St.; liberal reward. Lucretia Peters. Phone Madison Square 4500.

LOST—Platinum watch, gold chain, pencil and knife, Sunday, June 27, about between Pennsylvania Station and Yale Club; reward. Phone Madison Square 7686.

LOST—Gold bracelet wrist watch, monogram E. M. S., Monday, 4 P. M., east side 5th Av. between 35th and 42d; liberal reward. Address 301 West 54th, Riverside 8754.

LOST—MONDAY, LADY'S DIAMOND RING, PLATINUM SETTING, VICINITY PALACE THEATRE; REWARD. J. G., ROOM 822, 120 BROADWAY.

LOST—Man's wallet containing about $150 in cash and valuable papers; finder may keep cash. Please return papers to E. Flemming, 3,004 Broadway.

LOST—Gold wrist watch on black ribbon, probably in East 40th St., Tuesday morning. Return 853 7th Av.; reward. Circle 1616.

LOST—Wallet containing identification cards and diamonds; liberal reward. O. T. Bloomhart, 1,826 Webster Av. Phone Tremont 8440.

$5 reward for return of cameo pin lost Tuesday between 178th St. and Westchester Av., on Southern Boulevard. Return to J. Lalio, 320 Tremont Av.

LOST—Lady's Elgin gold watch, initials A. C. M., at 9th Av. and 53d St., June 25; valued as keepsake; reward. Phone 5595 Chelsea, Maloney.

LOST—Diamond scarfpin, from 160th, Broadway to 623 West 170th; liberal reward. Apt. 1C. Wadsworth 4000.

LOST—Monday, key-ring, about 15 keys, among them a Fox police keys. Phone Spring 7300; $5 reward.

LOST—Goodrich tire with blue leather cover, between the Concourse and Pelham Road; reward. Phone Canal 888.

LOST—Near Post Office Building, Park Row, lady's small openface gold wrist watch; reward. Marsh, 727 Park Av.

LOST—Silk, silver mesh bag; mark K.; reward $10. Rueke, 561 West 175th St.

LOST—Pocketbook containing army discharge, bills; reward; no questions. Addr, Gramercy 306.

LOST—Octagonal platinum-gold cuff link; liberal reward. Phone Bowen, Wadsworth 4215.

LOST—Wallet containing papers, auto license, &c.; few bills; reward offered. Edwin Parr, 231 West 47th St.

LOST—Diamond bar pin, at Castle's, at Long Beach, Saturday evening. Liberal reward. Pat Rockaway 2017.

LOST—A book memorandum; reward. Return to Jacob Kassler & Son, 235 Wooster St. Spring 8727.

LOST—May 30, ms. of a novel; name Helen Parthe on leaf; reward. E 406 Times.

A REWARD OF $500 will be paid for the return of a woman's platinum single diamond 3-plus-carat ring, Tiffany setting, with a heart effect design, lost June 26th in New York City or Bayside or Long Beach, Long Island. Communicate with E. E. Hopwood, 36 John St., New York City. Telephone Beekman 8067.

$100 REWARD, no questions asked, for return of diamond cluster tie pin and lady's black sealskin coat, stolen early Sunday morning from 868 St. John's Place, Brooklyn. Dr. Jay Rosson. Phone Lafayette 657 or Prospect 9120.

$100 REWARD for return of Cabochon star sapphire ring, engraved May 28, 1910; lost June 25, between William and 19th Sts. or in subway or taxicab. Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

Wearing Apparel.

LOST—Left in Brown and White taxi three-skin mink scarf Sunday night, June 27; liberal reward. Phone Stenographer, Stuyvesant 8875.

LOST—A mink fur, between the Winter Garden Theatre and the Prince George Hotel, Monday evening. Return to Mary Lemon, care Prince George Hotel. Reward.

LOST—Sable scarf, two skins, in taxicab 176th Biltmore Hotel to Madison Av., 61st St.; liberal reward. Cashier, Biltmore.

LOST—Stickpin, scarf pin or shirt Rivoli Theatre, Monday, 4 P. M. Phone Cortlandt 8040, Ext. 109; reward.

LOST—Tuesday, 3 A. M., squirrel fur piece, between 110th-116th Sts.; reward. Cathedral 6360, Apt. 4.

LOST—Lady's black and white plaid skirt; reward. Superintendent, 330 East 57th St., block Manhattan Place, Plaza 7000.

LOST—Two-strand pearl necklace, between 116th and 116th, Monday evening; reward. Phone Vanderbilt 615.

LOST—Sunday night, 9-10 P. M., fur piece, two sable skins; liberal reward. Shrewsbrook, 991 West 180th. Wadsworth 2303.

$50 REWARD offered for brown fur neck piece, lined in gold, left in taxicab going north on West 97th St. and Riverside Drive, Friday afternoon at 6 o'clock. Apply Bacon, 7 West 96th St. Phone 1939 Plaza.

Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Boston bull terrier, black with white streaks down forehead and white muzzle; $500 reward; dog strayed from home by Huntington and Greenacres. Jos. H. Hastings A. Gould, 30 East 42d St.

LOST—Brown bull terrier, short tail, white chest, 8th Av., between Montgomery and Garfield Place. Reward. Prospect 4670.

LOST—Pomeranian, brown, Manchester Av., 2d St.; reward. Kaplan, 781 Westchester Av., Bronx. Phone 3668-M Melrose.

PERSONAL.

PARTICULARS REQUIRED ABOUT MR. Georges Marty Delbaget. Write Marty, Rue de Colon, 2 Madrid (Spain).

WM. E. S. Hampner of London and Vienna, formerly of Shenshead Bay, communicate with P. O. Box 135, Grand Central Station.

WILL SELL CONTRACT ON TELEPHONE, Plaza Exchange. S 580 Times.

DRY LEAGUE ASKS $1,000,000 A YEAR

W. H. Anderson in Annual Report Sets Forth Anti-Saloon Needs in This State.

GOT $343,000 LAST YEAR

Attack on League in Legislature Denounced—Trustees Make Political Recommendations.

The Anti-Saloon League needs $1,000,000 a year in this State, William H. Anderson, State Superintendent of the league, declared in his annual report, read at the annual meeting of the Board of Trustees yesterday afternoon. The league suffered a deficit for the year ended April 20 of $735.80.

"Financially this has been the best year we ever had, but, of course, we did not have enough money," Mr. Anderson said. "We need a million dollars a year in this State. My judgment is that before long we will be raising it—a considerable part of it to be turned over to the national and world-wide work. This may be considered a dream, but so was my prediction six years ago of $200,000 a year, which sum has been nearly doubled in the last year.

"We will only need to multiply the past year's revenues by something less than three to make a million dollars, whereas in the last six years we have multiplied the revenue for the year ended April 30, 1914, by something over ten. The receipts for that year were $33,500 in round figures, while the receipts for the last fiscal year were $343,000."

Speaking of the recent attack on the league by the Legislature Mr. Anderson said:

"There has probably never been in the history of the prohibition movement so carefully planned or so desperately pushed an attempt by a bi-partisan combine of wet allies to discredit the management of a State Anti-Saloon League and thereby destroy the influence in practical political affairs of the moral constituency behind it, which was, of course, the real objective. And just in proportion to the bitterness and unscrupulousness of the attack in which certain Tammany pawns were made mere catspaws of Republican leaders, especially the Speaker, was the heaviness of the recoil upon the heads of the conspirators when they were compelled ignominiously to crawl back out of their untenable position.

"These idiotic wet 'pretended' politicians—for unrighteousness is always stupid as well as wicked—and frequently more stupid than wicked, gave the Anti-Saloon League in this State publicity worth a million dollars. They did more to strengthen the league in the three months than its staff could have done in three years. They did more to arouse the moral element to a realization of the need of the indefinite existence of an agency of this sort to protect prohibition against the crooked and cowardly politicians than the league could have done by argument, persuasion and logic in twice three years.

"The beer bill was useful, in that it smoked out our enemies beyond the possibility of their ever getting safely back to cover. In particular it smoked out the Speaker of the Assembly, who for six sessions after finding in 1914 that it wasn't healthy to buck the Anti-Saloon League openly, has, with the personal backing of a few prohibition leaders, with more or less success carried water on both shoulders and held the liquor vote while fooling part of the prohibitionists.

"It is too early to know just what situation we will be confronted with nationally, but the indications are that the matter will settle down to the regular league basis of a non-partisan fight to nominate the right kind of men in both parties and then elect the best men to Congress and the Legislature."

Five recommendations were made by the Board of Trustees. The first was that the nullification beer act, "supported by certain wet Republicans and Tammany leaders," be made the immediate first issue. The second advocated the passage of a measure by the New York Legislature substantially identical with the Federal Enforcement act.

The third recommended that every supporter of prohibition refuse to vote for any candidate for either house of the New York Legislature, or for Governor, who will not unqualifiedly declare himself in favor of repeal or enactment.

Want Opposition to Wadsworth.

The fourth invited the candidacy of some regular Republican to contest in the Republican primaries against United States Senator James W. Wadsworth, Jr.

Fifth was a recommendation that private individuals in sympathy with the Anti-Saloon League's political plans circulate petitions for the nomination of a Republican as an independent candidate for the Senate "to provide a candidate for those prohibition supporters who are not willing to vote for a wet Democrat and who desire to register their protest against leadership of the wet bosses in their own party."

Mr. Anderson was asked yesterday to name the principal contributors to the fund upon which the league was maintained last year. He said there were more than 50,000 contributors and that a list of the principal supporters would be made. Many persons who had made contributions to the fund, it was said at the offices of the league, had stipulated that their names be not mentioned. The wishes of these persons would be respected, it was said.

Chinese Stronghold Reported Taken

HONOLULU, June 28—Troops of south China have captured Yuen Chow, a stronghold of the north China forces, after several days of severe fighting, according to a special Tokio cablegram today to Nippu Jiji.

Capital Stock Tax

All corporations must file a return with the Internal Revenue Office on or before July 31 to show the "Fair Average Value" of their Capital Stock.

In the determination of the "Fair Average Value" of your company's stock the service and advice of a Certified Public Accountant is highly desirable.

James Bar and Co.
Certified Public Accountants
Woolworth Bldg., New York.
Detroit Syracuse

SHAVINGS

If the edge of a plane were straight without a bevel it would dig in—result, no shavings and a rough surface. Same principle applies to shaving—The ordinary razor blade digs in: The Penn Double Bevel Blade glides over, giving a smooth as velvet shave.

Penn Adjustable Razor Sets may be purchased from dealers at $5.00, $7.50 and $10.00

A. C. PENN, Inc.
Singer Building New York

PENN RAZOR
ADJUSTABLE SAFETY
"Makes face feel fine"

FRANCE OR BELGIUM

I possess a thorough technical education, experience as Engineer and Sales Executive, and a complete knowledge of the export business. I want a permanent position in France or Belgium as representative of U. S. Firm, as Sales Engineer or Manager. Write B 179 Times

TRUCKING.

Wanted—Return truckload furniture or merchandise, to Boston, about July 20; bargain, $175. Wire Walker Auto Moving Co., Boston 15, Mass.

The McHUGH Shop

"I never knew what Cottage Furniture meant until I saw McHugh's"—

Such is the substance of visitors' remarks at

McHUGH'S
25% Discount Sale

FOR the rest of this week, all of the original McHugh Cottage Furniture, in suites and pieces, may be purchased at prices reduced one-fourth. Combining the simplicity and dignity of the Colonial Period, the comfort of the present day and the distinction of McHugh make, this unusual furniture adds to the substance and charm of the unusual Summer home—and the Fall apartment.

Beds.....$37.50 to $116.25 Three-part Tables....$97.50
Dressing Tables.$71.25 to $135.00 Little Tower Desk....$56.25
Chairs.....$21 to $45

Everything else in the six galleries of the new McHugh Building is subject to the discount.

McHUGH'S
3 EAST 48TH STREET
McHugh Willow Interiors Upholstery & Furniture

Cordon & Dilworth
REAL
ORANGE MARMALADE

INDISPENSABLE IN KEEPING INFORMED.
July CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE, now stands today, is necessary to any man or woman who wishes to keep informed. Its 200 pages are crammed with important news matter of world events relating to all the nations, the latest authentic occurrences in each; also 40 big features, including the new Czech Constitution, the Turkish Peace Treaty, the Polish, Greek, Italian and other big problems.—Advt.

Blue Suit Savings!

Hart Schaffner & Marx
BLUE SUITS
$49.50
Values up to $75

Here is a price to prompt quick action, with a three-day week-end at hand, vacation time just round the corner, and a whole glorious summer to come.

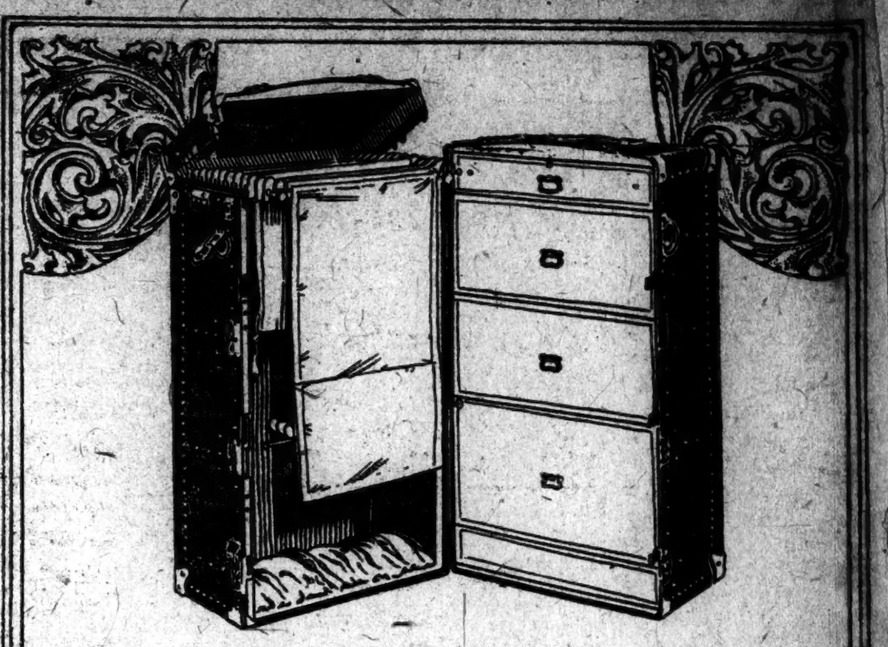
Blue Serges and Blue Unfinished Worsteds; smart Double and Single Breasters; beautifully tailored of fine true blue woolens.

White Flannel Trousers

A white flannel-less summer is like dancing without a girl. Unthinkable! A pair of white flannels makes practically two Suits of every suit you own.

Prices $12.75, $15, $18 and up

Wallach Bros.
Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th
3d Ave., cor. 122d



How a Belber Wardrobe Trunk adds to your vacation comfort

IN a short time you will be going away for the summer, to live in a hotel, or cottage, or perhaps to "rough it" in a camp. But one thing is sure—you won't have all the comforts and conveniences of home. There won't be large bureaus with plenty of drawers, or deep, roomy closets.

A Belber Wardrobe Trunk is just the thing you need to make you feel at home. It will add much to your comfort. Stand it in your room—it is handsome enough for display anywhere. There is no need to unpack it all summer.

Everything is convenient and get-at-able. Your clothes are completely protected from dirt and dust. In damp weather just shut the trunk and your clothes will retain their freshness and press.

FOR thirty years the Belber Company has been making fine luggage that stands hard service.

Back in the old days anything that could hold clothes was considered good enough to take on a journey. But today people take as much pride in their *luggage* as in their other personal belongings. They want Trunks and Bags that will look well and keep their shape even after years of hard use. And they find that Belber Traveling Goods meet their needs in every particular.

The Belber name on a Trunk or Bag is your security for metropolitan style, picked materials and workmanship second to none.

See the Belber dealer today. He can show you a variety of styles and sizes and give you *full value* at whatever price you wish to pay.

THE BELBER TRUNK AND BAG CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

Belber
TRAVELING GOODS

Canadian National Railways

Canadian National—Grand Trunk
New Service across Canada

GRAND TRUNK SYSTEM

Effective June 27th, 1920. The Canadian National and Grand Trunk Railways will inaugurate a new Transcontinental service on the following schedules:

New York—Toronto—Winnipeg—Edmonton—Vancouver Prince Rupert

Lv New York (L. V. R. R.)		6.17 PM	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
Lv Washington (B. & O. R. R.)		3.00 PM	Sa	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Su
Lv Baltimore (B. & O. R. R.)		3.51 PM	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
Lv Philadelphia (P. & R. R. R.)		6.30 PM	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
Ar Toronto (Via NIAGARA FALLS)		9.40 AM	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su
Lv Toronto	(Eas. Time)	11.00 PM	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su
Ar Cobalt	"	12.10 PM	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo
Ar Winnipeg	(Cent. Time)	6.00 PM	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu
Lv Winnipeg	"	10.25 PM	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu
Ar Saskatoon	(Mtn. Time)	12.30 PM	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We
Ar Edmonton	"	11.25 PM	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We
Lv Edmonton	"	12.10 AM	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th
Ar Jasper (Pacific Point)	(Pac. Time)	9.22 AM	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th
Ar Mt. Robson (Direct Westbound)	"	12.06 PM	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th
Ar Vancouver	"	9.00 AM	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr
Ar Victoria	"	3.00 PM	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr
Ar Prince Rupert	"	7.00 PM		Su		Tu		Th	

New York—Montreal—Ottawa—Winnipeg—Edmonton—Vancouver—Prince Rupert

Lv New York (Eas. R. R.)		7.45 PM	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
Ar Montreal		7.52 AM	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su
Lv Montreal	(Eas. Time)	6.10 PM	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su
Ar Ottawa	"	9.10 PM	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su
Ar North Bay	"	6.50 AM	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo
Ar Sudbury	"	11.30 AM	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo
Ar Port Arthur	"	7.15 AM	...	Th	...	Sa	...	Mo	...
Ar Fort William	(Cent. Time)	7.05 AM	...	Th	...	Sa	...	Mo	...
Ar Winnipeg	"	9.45 PM	...	Th	...	Sa	...	Mo	...
Lv Winnipeg	"	10.25 PM	...	Th	...	Sa	...	Mo	...
Ar Saskatoon	(Mtn. Time)	12.30 PM	...	Fr	...	Su	...	Tu	...
Ar Edmonton	"	11.25 PM	...	Fr	...	Su	...	Tu	...
Lv Edmonton	"	12.10 AM	...	Sa	...	Mo	...	We	...
Ar Jasper (Pacific Point)	(Pac. Time)	9.22 AM	...	Sa	...	Mo	...	We	...
Ar Mt. Robson (Direct Westbound)	"	12.06 PM	...	Sa	...	Mo	...	We	...
Ar Vancouver	"	9.00 AM	...	Sa	...	Tu	...	Th	...
Ar Victoria	"	3.00 PM	...	Su	...	Tu	...	Th	...
Ar Prince Rupert	"	7.00 PM	...	Su	...	Tu	...	Th	...

Unexcelled equipment, including Observation Cars, Sleeping Cars, Dining Cars, Tourist and Colonist Cars and most modern coaches. For all information, Fares and Sleeping Car reservations, apply to A. E. CHOWN, Gen. Agt. Passenger Dept., 1270 Broadway, N. Y. City.

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